



University  
of Guilan

# Computational Intelligence

## Subject9: Fuzzy Controllers



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Computational Intelligence - Ali Tourani - Fall 2020-2021

# Agenda

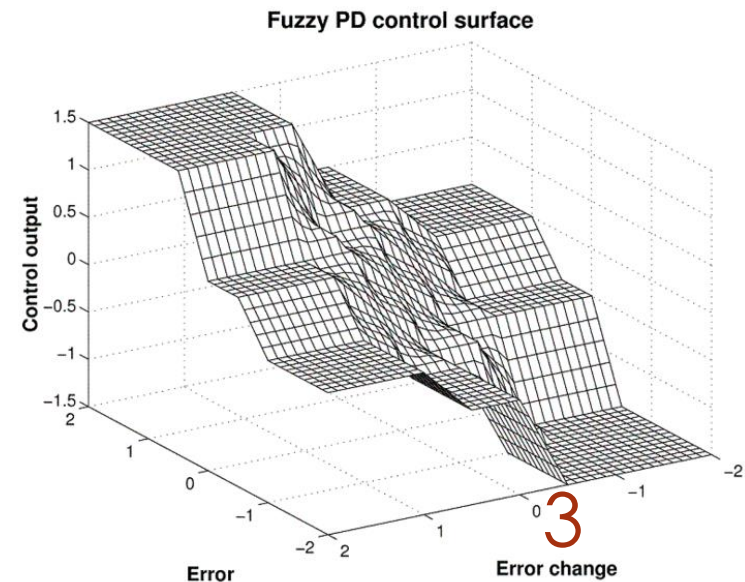
- ▶ Fuzzy controller
- ▶ Fuzzy controller components
- ▶ Fuzzy controller in practice



# Fuzzy Controller

## Fuzzy Control System:

- ▶ A control system based on Fuzzy logic
- ▶ The 1<sup>st</sup> consumer product using Fuzzy logic in 1987
  - ▶ Control of a model steam engine
- ▶ A control protocol by means of if-then rules
  - ▶ If **temperature** is **high** open the **valve slightly**
- ▶ Some of the most common controllers:
  - ▶ Mamdani controller
  - ▶ Takagi-Sugeno controller



# Fuzzy Controller

**Goal:** proving a proportional relation between the inputs and outputs of a system

## Air Conditioning Compressor for Cars

- ▶ **Main Goal:** adjusting the temperature inside the vehicle
- ▶ **Output variable:** temperature
- ▶ **Control variable:** thermostat
- ▶ **Obstacle variable:** high engine temperature, etc.

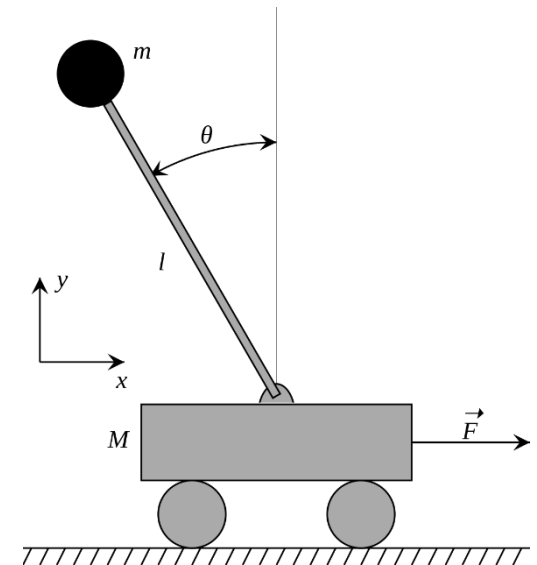


# Fuzzy Controller

**Goal:** proving a proportional relation between the inputs and outputs of a system

## Inverted Pendulum

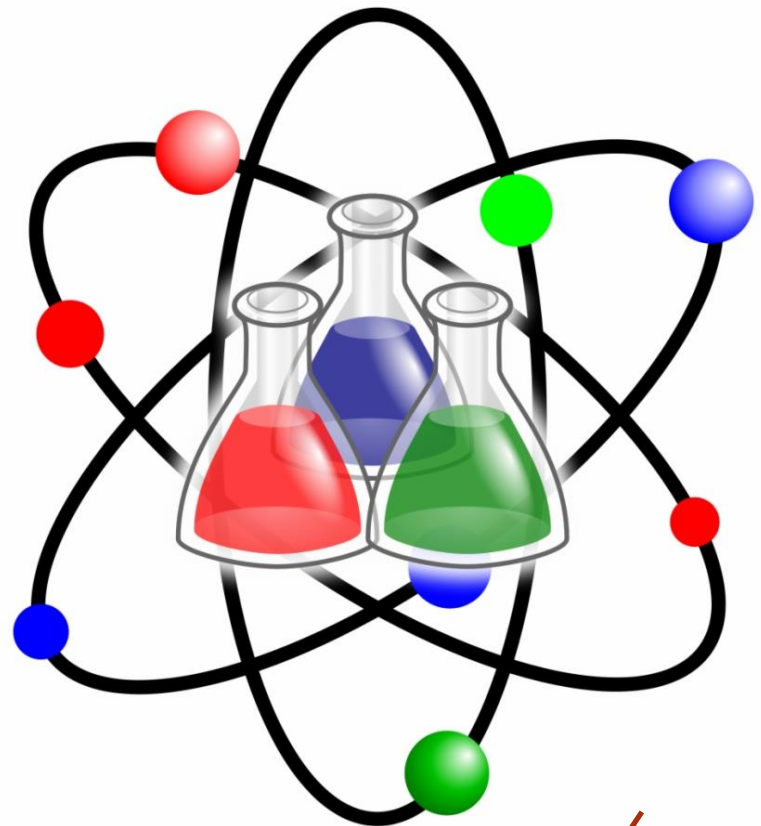
- ▶ **Main Goal:** the object should not fall over
- ▶ **Output variable:** angular displacement  $\theta$
- ▶ **Control variable:** reaction forces (Newton's law)
- ▶ **Obstacle variable:** high speed



# Fuzzy Controller

## Classic controller

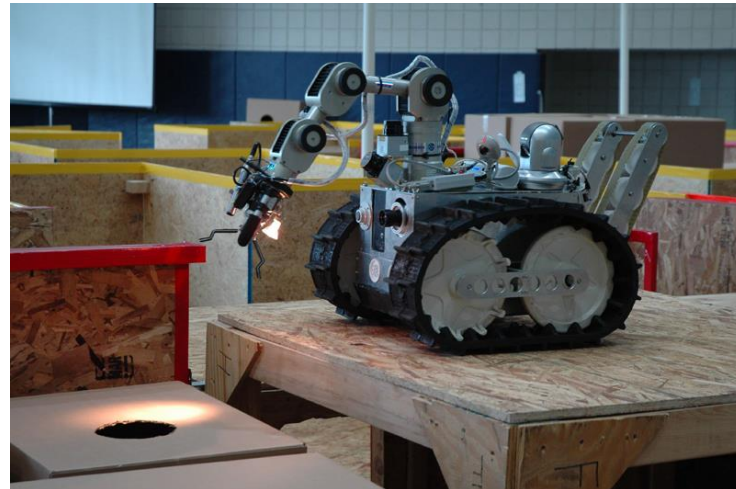
- ▶ Based on Scientific laws (Physics)
- ▶ Requires recognition techniques
- ▶ Applying Mathematical models
- ▶ Drawbacks:
  - ▶ Needs theoretical concepts for modeling
  - ▶ Complexity
  - ▶ Sensitive



# Fuzzy Controller

## Fuzzy controller

- ▶ Based on real-world circumstances
- ▶ Design and implementation according to human experience
- ▶ Simple and flexible design
- ▶ Reliable against noise data
- ▶ Samples:
  - ▶ Rescue robot
  - ▶ Room temperature controller



# Fuzzy Controller

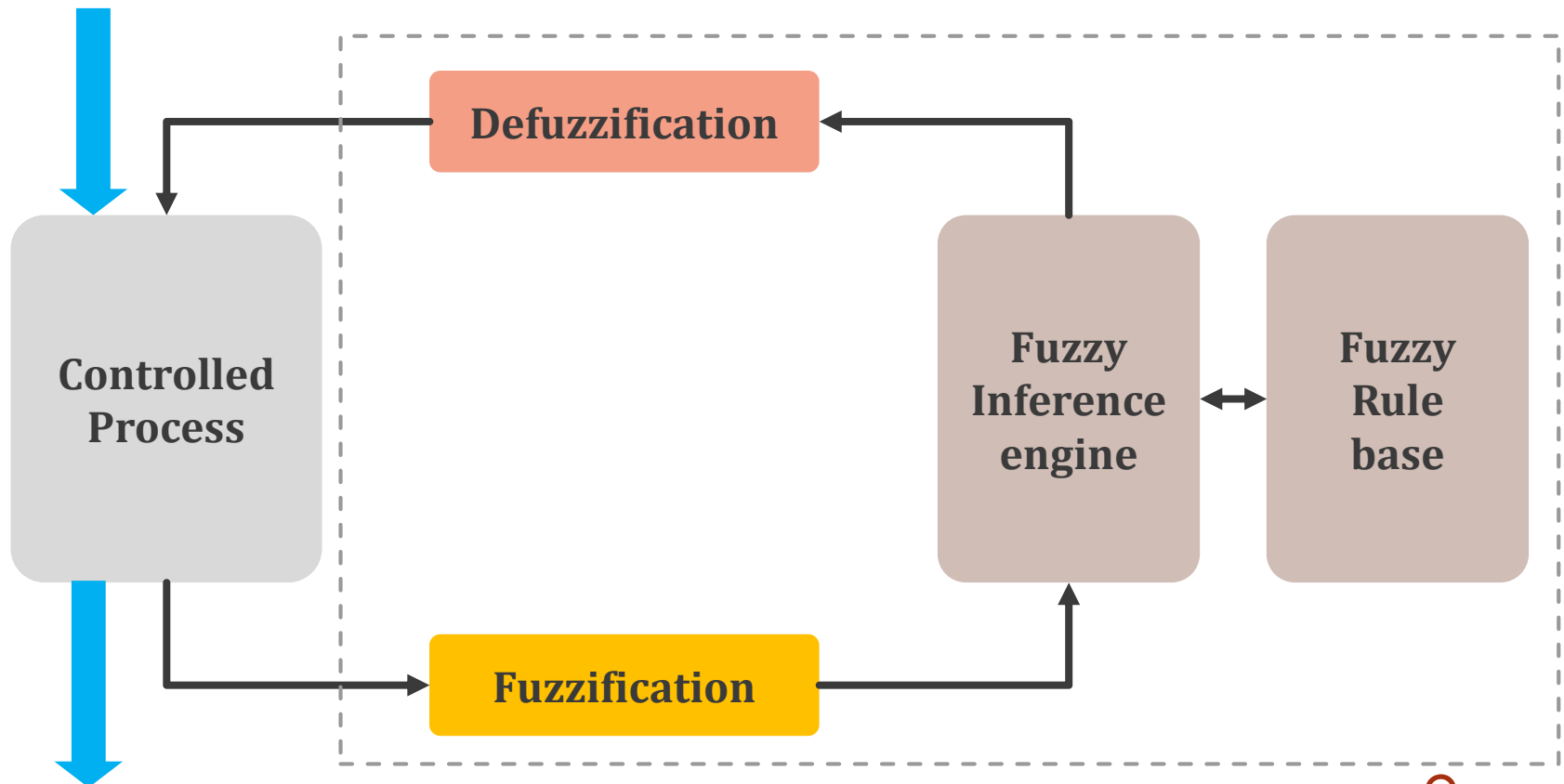
## Classic controller - Sample

- ▶ Room Temperature Controller
  - ▶ Temperature < threshold → turn on heater
  - ▶ Temperature > threshold → turn on cooler
  - ▶ Temperature and Intensity should be Fuzzy values
    - ▶ So, we need Fuzzy variables, rules, relations, etc.
- ▶ System application changes regarding circumstances





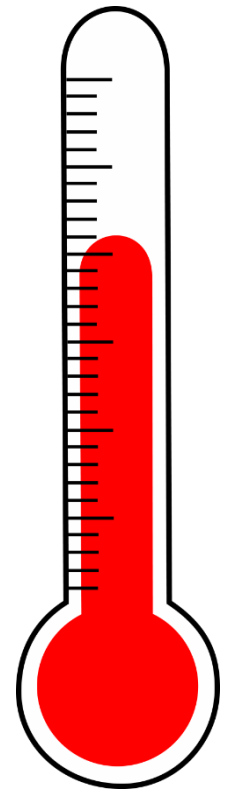
# Fuzzy Controller Components



# Fuzzy Controller in Practice

## Room Temperature Controller (Fuzzy)

- ▶ Step 1: What are the variables?
  - ▶ Choosing Fuzzy values
  - ▶ For input  $T$  (temperature):
    - ▶ Cold – Cool – Normal – Warm – Hot
  - ▶ For output  $F$  (fan speed):
    - ▶ Very slow – Slow – Mid – Fast – Very fast



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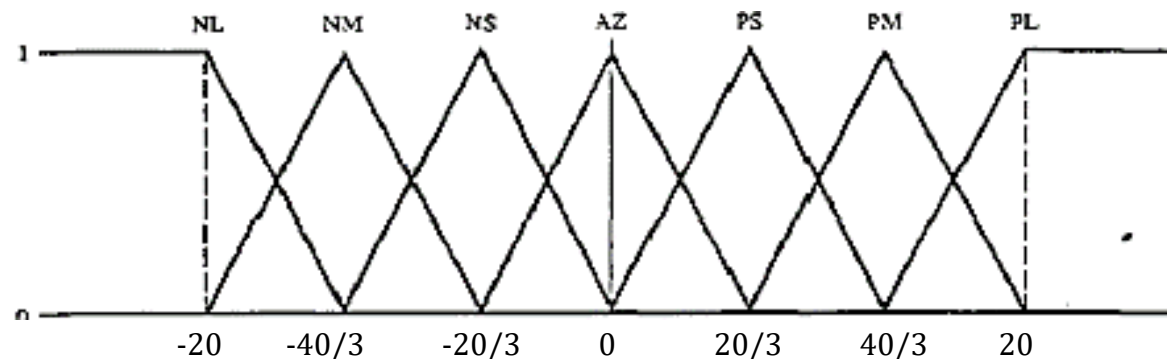
# Fuzzy Controller in Practice

## Room Temperature Controller (Fuzzy)

### ► Step 1: What are the variables?

- Choosing Fuzzy values
- Sometimes we can use Qualitative values
- **Sample:** for values  $\in [-20, 20]$

|    |                    |
|----|--------------------|
| NL | Negative Large     |
| NM | Negative Medium    |
| NS | Negative Small     |
| AZ | Approximately Zero |
| PS | Positive Small     |
| PM | Positive Medium    |
| PL | Positive Large     |



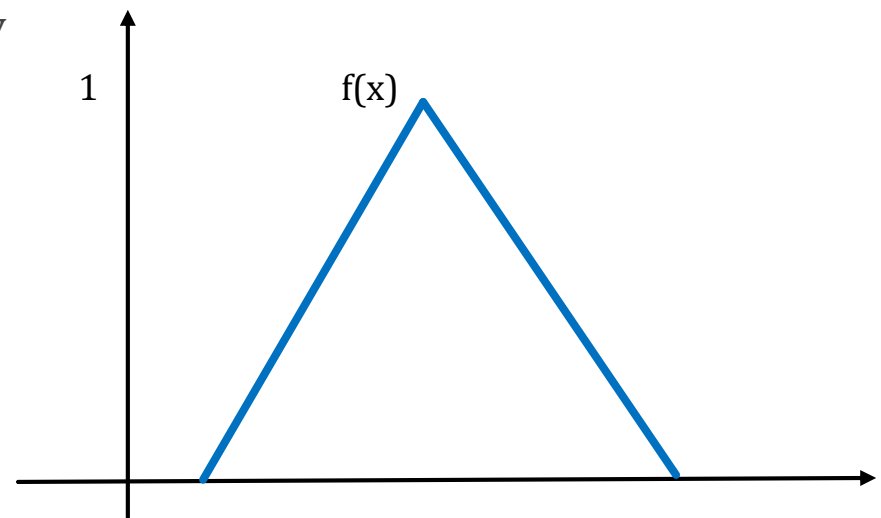
# Fuzzy Controller in Practice

## Room Temperature Controller (Fuzzy)

### ► Step 2: Fuzzification

- Now, convert input values to Fuzzy
- Triangles can be good MFs!

$$f: [-a, a] \rightarrow R$$



# Fuzzy Controller in Practice

## Room Temperature Controller (Fuzzy)

## Room Temperature

### ► Step 2: Fuzzification

$$N: \mu(T) = 0$$

$$Y: 0 < \mu(T) < 1$$

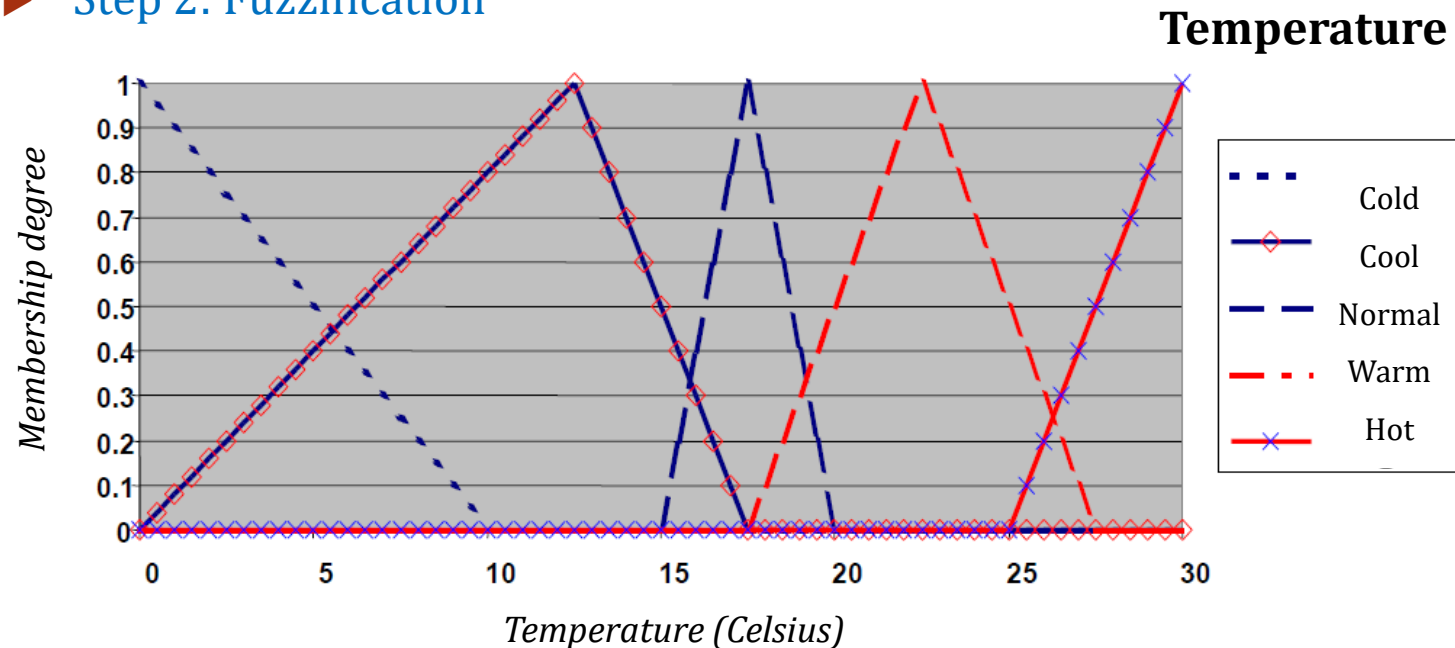
$$Y^*: \mu(T) = 1$$

| Temperature (Celsius) | Cold | Cool | Normal | Warm | Hot |
|-----------------------|------|------|--------|------|-----|
| 0                     | Y*   | N    | N      | N    | N   |
| 5                     | Y    | Y    | N      | N    | N   |
| 10                    | N    | Y    | N      | N    | N   |
| 12.5                  | N    | Y*   | N      | N    | N   |
| 15                    | N    | Y    | N      | N    | N   |
| 17.5                  | N    | N    | Y*     | N    | N   |
| 20                    | N    | N    | N      | Y    | N   |
| 22.5                  | N    | N    | N      | Y*   | N   |
| 25                    | N    | N    | N      | Y    | Y   |
| 27.5                  | N    | N    | N      | N    | Y   |
| 30                    | N    | N    | N      | N    | Y*  |

# Fuzzy Controller in Practice

## Room Temperature Controller (Fuzzy)

### ► Step 2: Fuzzification



# Fuzzy Controller in Practice

## Room Temperature Controller (Fuzzy)

### Fan Speed

#### ► Step 2: Fuzzification

$$N: \mu(T) = 0$$

$$Y: 0 < \mu(T) < 1$$

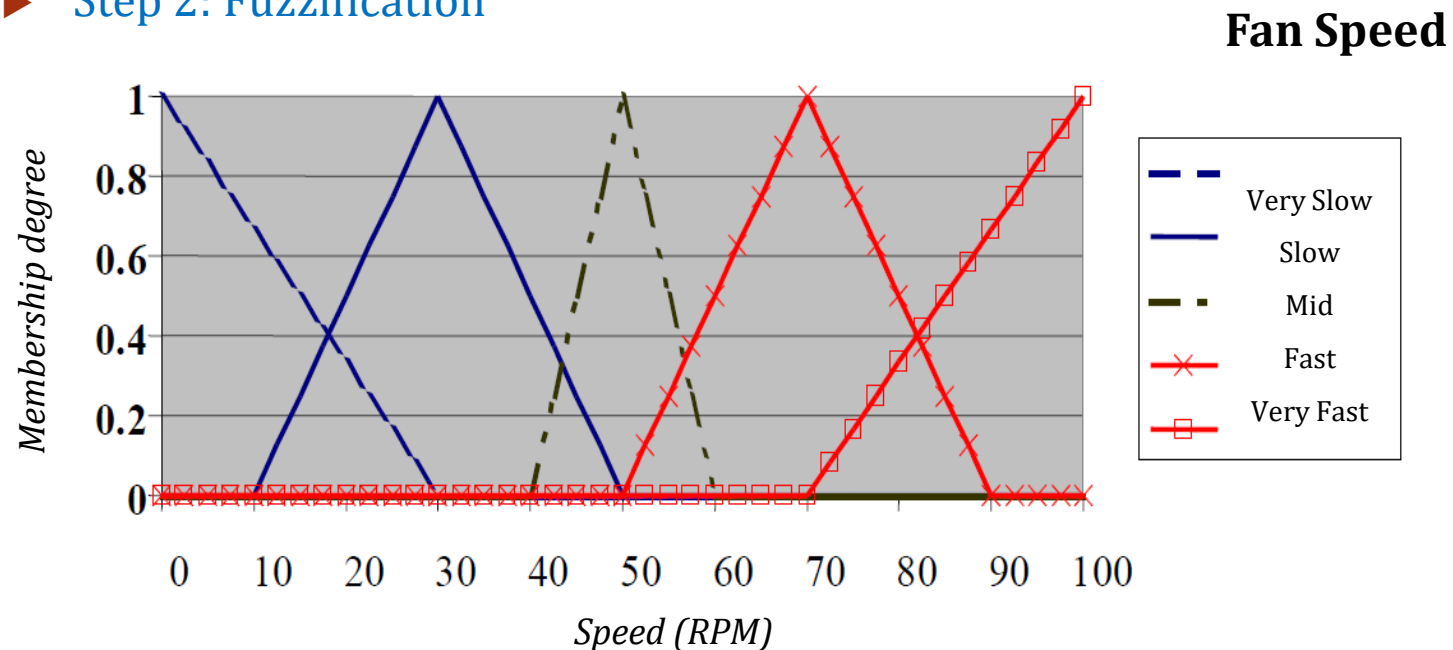
$$Y^*: \mu(T) = 1$$

| Speed (RPM) | Very Slow | Slow | Mid | Fast | Very Fast |
|-------------|-----------|------|-----|------|-----------|
| 0           | Y*        | N    | N   | N    | N         |
| 10          | Y         | N    | N   | N    | N         |
| 20          | Y         | Y    | N   | N    | N         |
| 30          | N         | Y*   | N   | N    | N         |
| 40          | N         | Y    | N   | N    | N         |
| 50          | N         | N    | Y*  | N    | N         |
| 60          | N         | N    | N   | Y    | N         |
| 70          | N         | N    | N   | Y*   | N         |
| 80          | N         | N    | N   | Y    | Y         |
| 90          | N         | N    | N   | N    | Y         |
| 100         | N         | N    | N   | N    | Y*        |

# Fuzzy Controller in Practice

## Room Temperature Controller (Fuzzy)

### ► Step 2: Fuzzification





# Fuzzy Controller in Practice

## Room Temperature Controller (Fuzzy)

### ► Step 3: Fuzzy inference

- Some rules based on our demands

| Temperature | Fan Speed |
|-------------|-----------|
| Cold        | Very Slow |
| Cool        | Slow      |
| Normal      | Mid       |
| Warm        | Fast      |
| Hot         | Very Fast |



# Fuzzy Controller in Practice

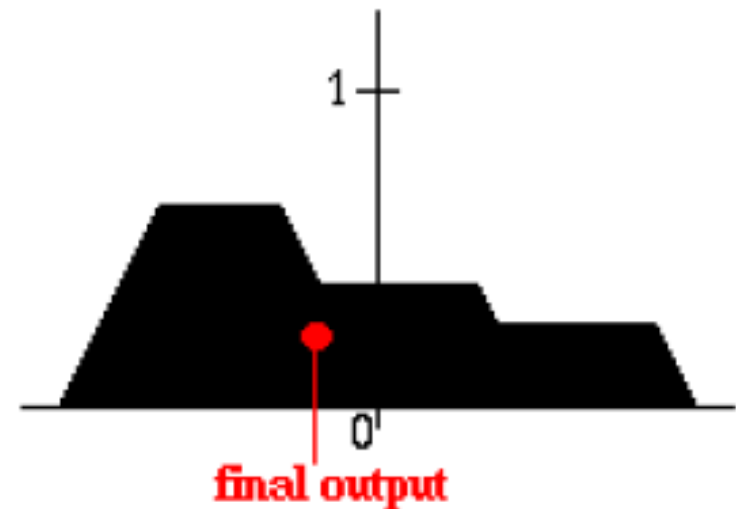
## Room Temperature Controller (Fuzzy)

### ► Step 4: Defuzzification

- A common method: **Center of Area (CA)**

$$\text{discrete} \quad D_{CA}(t) = \frac{\sum_{k=1}^n C(z_k)z_k}{\sum_{k=1}^n C(z_k)}$$

$$\text{continuous} \quad D_{CA}(t) = \frac{\int_{-c}^c C(z)zdz}{\int_{-c}^c C(z)dz}$$



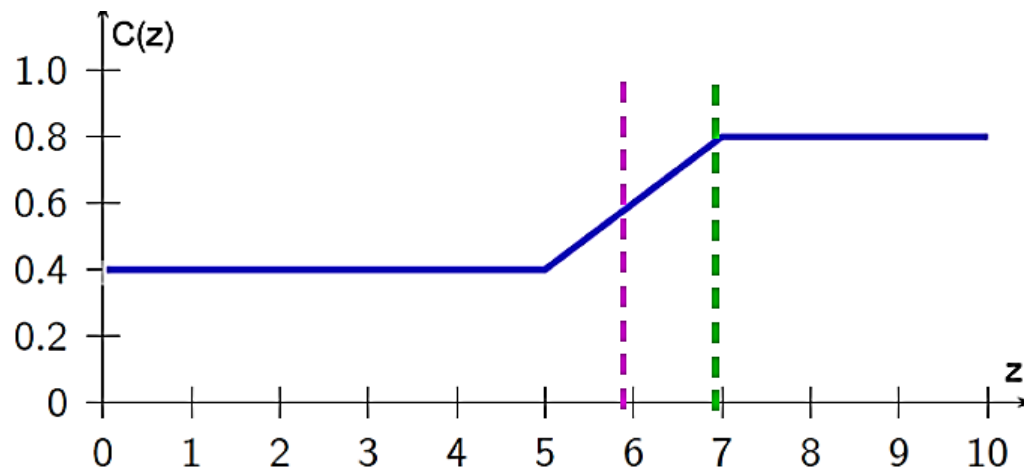
- Other methods: Maximum, Max. Average, etc.

# Fuzzy Controller in Practice

## Room Temperature Controller (Fuzzy)

### ► Step 4: Defuzzification

#### ► Center of Area (CA) – Sample:



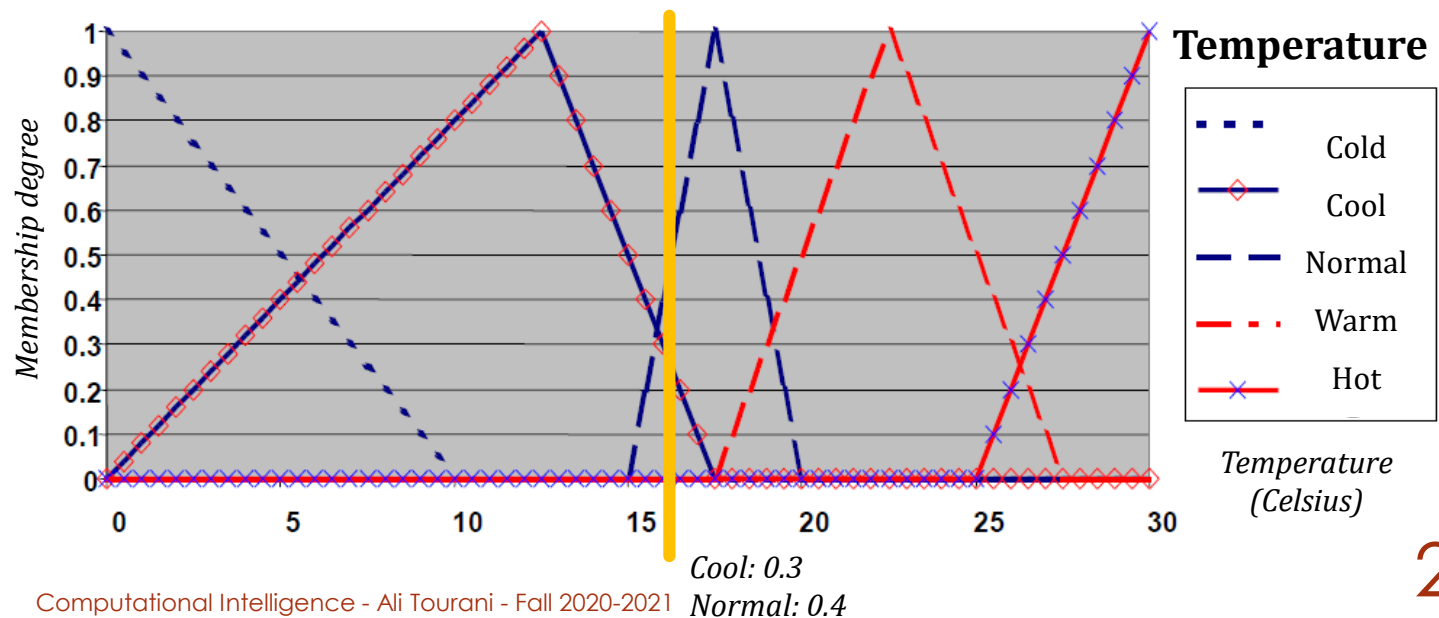
$$D_{CA}(t) = \frac{\sum_{k=1}^n C(z_k) z_k}{\sum_{k=1}^n C(z_k)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{0.4 (0 + 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5)}{(0.4 * 6) + (0.6 * 1) + (0.8 * 4)} \\
 &+ \frac{0.6 * 6}{(0.4 * 6) + (0.6 * 1) + (0.8 * 4)} \\
 &+ \frac{0.8 (7 + 8 + 9 + 10)}{(0.4 * 6) + (0.6 * 1) + (0.8 * 4)}
 \end{aligned}$$

# Fuzzy Controller in Practice

## Room Temperature Controller (Fuzzy)

Q: Assume the temperature is 16, what will be the fan's speed?



# Fuzzy Controller in Practice

## Room Temperature Controller (Fuzzy)

Q: Assume the temperature is 16, what will be the fan's speed?

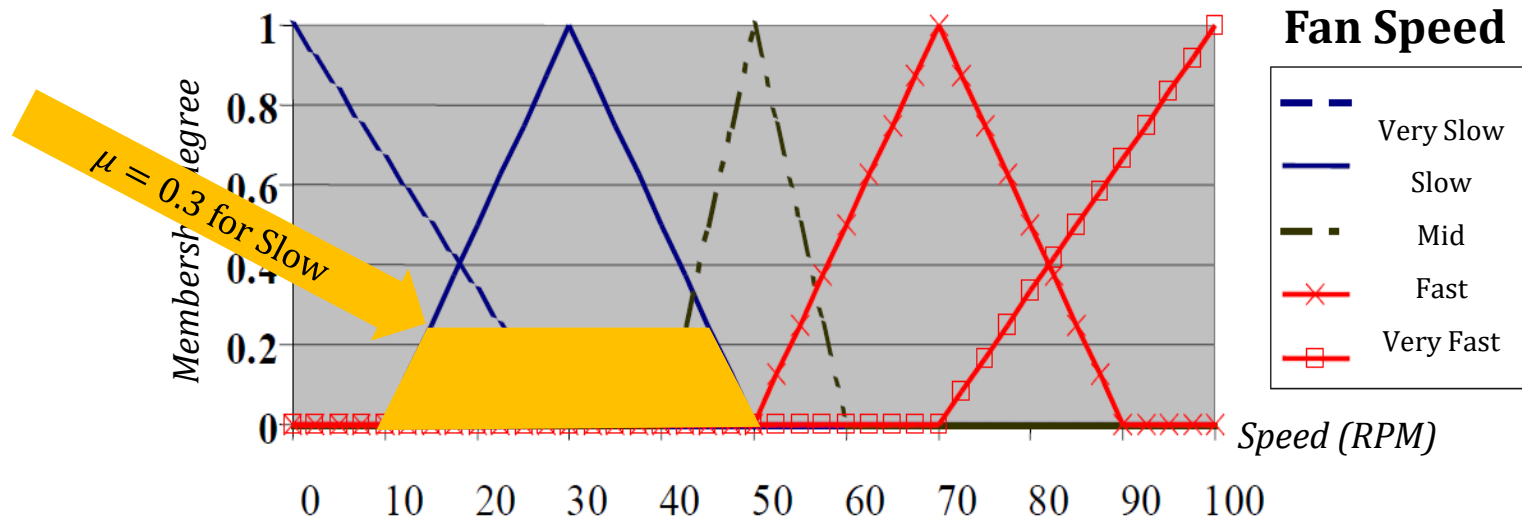
► So, it is 0.3 Cool and 0.4 Normal

|               | Temperature | Fan Speed |
|---------------|-------------|-----------|
|               | Cold        | Very Slow |
| $\mu = 0.3$ → | Cool        | Slow      |
| $\mu = 0.4$ → | Normal      | Mid       |
|               | Warm        | Fast      |
|               | Hot         | Very Fast |

# Fuzzy Controller in Practice

## Room Temperature Controller (Fuzzy)

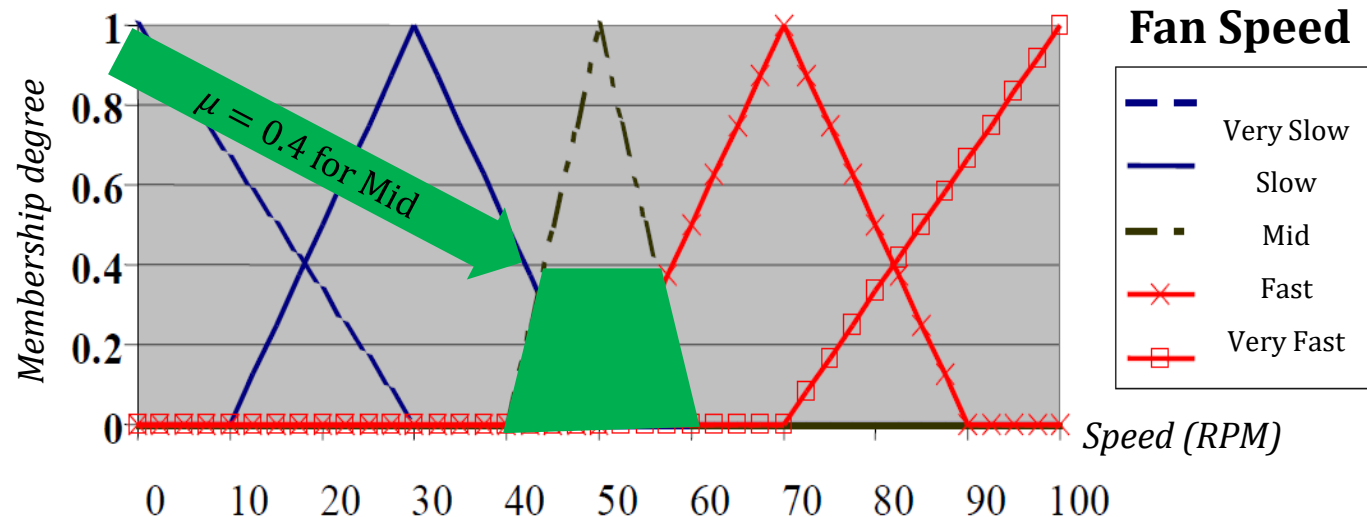
Q: Assume the temperature is 16, what will be the fan's speed?



# Fuzzy Controller in Practice

## Room Temperature Controller (Fuzzy)

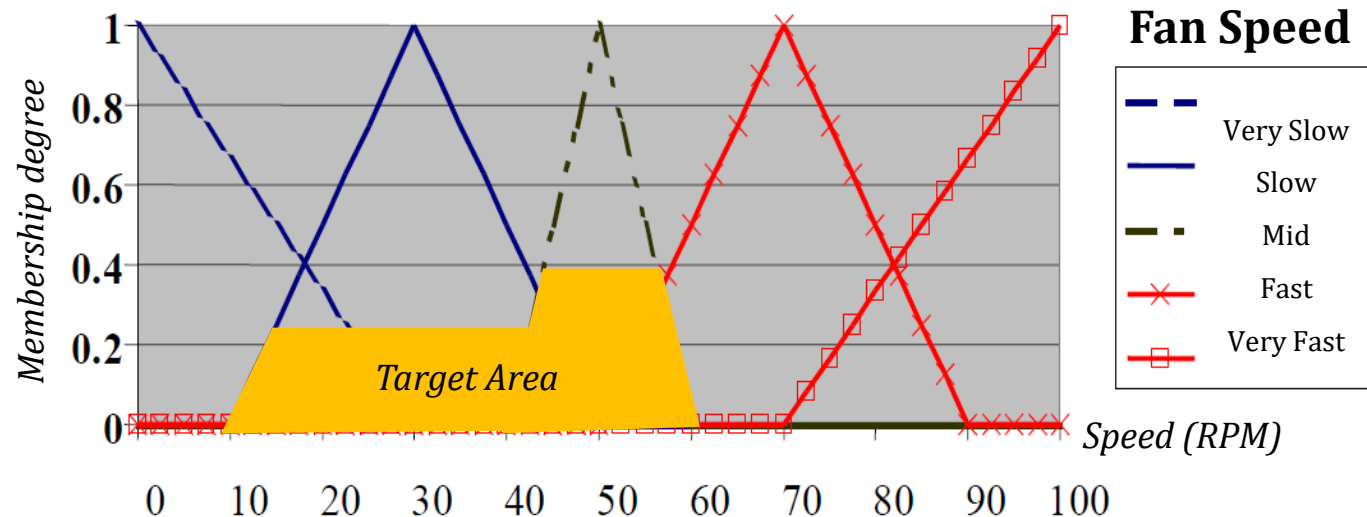
Q: Assume the temperature is 16, what will be the fan's speed?



# Fuzzy Controller in Practice

## Room Temperature Controller (Fuzzy)

Q: Assume the temperature is 16, what will be the fan's speed?



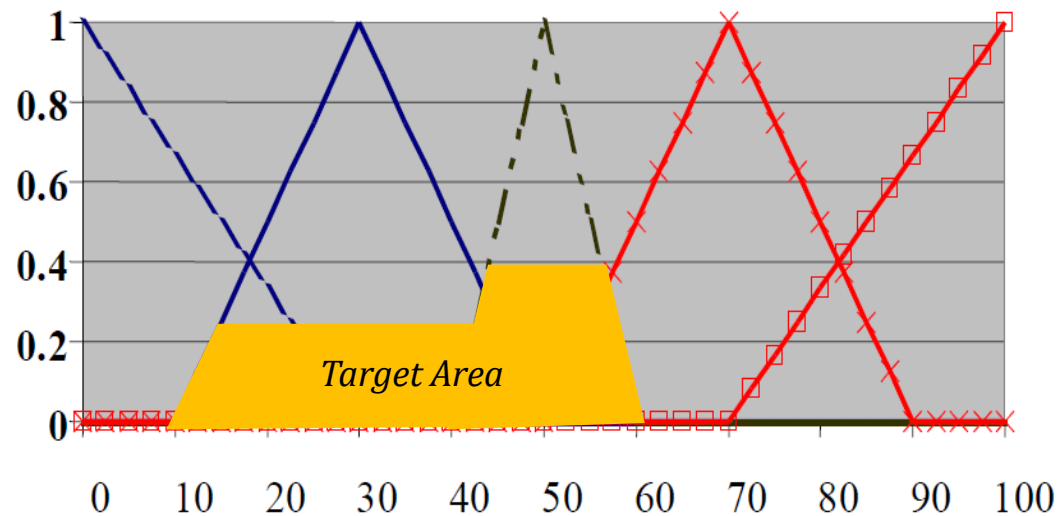


# Fuzzy Controller in Practice

## Room Temperature Controller (Fuzzy)

Q: Assume the temperature is 16, what will be the fan's speed?

$$\begin{aligned}
 D_{CA}(t) &= \frac{\sum_{k=1}^n C(z_k)z_k}{\sum_{k=1}^n C(z_k)} \\
 &= \frac{0.125(12.5) + 0.25(15)}{0.125 + 0.25 + 0.3 + \dots + 0.25} \\
 &+ \frac{0.3(17.5 + 20 + \dots + 42.5)}{0.125 + 0.25 + 0.3 + \dots + 0.25} \\
 &+ \frac{0.4(45 + \dots + 55) \dots + 0.25(57.5)}{0.125 + 0.25 + 0.3 + \dots + 0.25} \\
 &= 45.5 \text{ rpm}
 \end{aligned}$$



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# What's Next?

## ► Evolutionary Computation



# Questions?

