1. 求函数
$$y = \frac{x^n}{1+x}$$
 的 n 阶导数.

解: 当n为奇数

$$a^{n} + b^{n} = (a+b)(a^{n-1} - a^{n-2}b + a^{n-3}b^{2} - \dots - ab^{n-2} + b^{n-1})$$

$$x^{n} + 1 = (x+1)(x^{n-1} - x^{n-2} + x^{n-3} - \dots - x + 1)$$

$$\frac{x^{n}}{1+x} = (x^{n-1} - x^{n-2} + x^{n-3} - \dots - x + 1) - \frac{1}{x+1}$$

$$y^{(n)} = \left(\frac{x^{n}}{1+x}\right)^{(n)} = -\frac{(-1)^{n} n!}{(x+1)^{n+1}} = \frac{n!}{(x+1)^{n+1}}$$

当n 为偶数

$$a^{n} - b^{n} = (a+b)(a^{n-1} - a^{n-2}b + a^{n-3}b^{2} - \dots + ab^{n-2} - b^{n-1})$$

$$x^{n} - 1 = (x+1)(x^{n-1} - x^{n-2} + x^{n-3} - \dots + x - 1)$$

$$\frac{x^{n}}{1+x} = (x^{n-1} - x^{n-2} + x^{n-3} - \dots - x + 1) + \frac{1}{x+1}$$

$$y^{(n)} = \left(\frac{x^{n}}{1+x}\right)^{(n)} = \frac{(-1)^{n} n!}{(x+1)^{n+1}} = \frac{n!}{(x+1)^{n+1}}$$

 $\frac{2}{x}$. 求函数 $y = \frac{\ln x}{x}$ 的 n 阶导数.

解:
$$y' = (x^{-1} \ln x)' = (-1)x^{-2} \ln x + x^{-2} = (-1)x^{-2} (\ln x - 1)$$

 $y'' = (-1)(-2)x^{-3} (\ln x - 1) + (-1)x^{-3}$
 $= (-1)(-2)x^{-3} (\ln x - 1 - \frac{1}{2})$
 $y''' = (-1)(-2)(-3)x^{-4} (\ln x - 1 - \frac{1}{2}) + (-1)(-2)x^{-4}$
 $= (-1)(-2)(-3)x^{-4} (\ln x - 1 - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3})$

$$y^{(n)} = (-1)^n n! x^{-(n+1)} (\ln x - 1 - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} - \dots - \frac{1}{n})$$
$$= \frac{(-1)^n n!}{x^{n+1}} \left(\ln x - \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k} \right)$$

3.
$$\lim_{x\to 0} \left(\frac{1}{\sin^2 x} - \frac{\cos^2 x}{x^2} \right)$$

解:
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \left(\frac{1}{\sin^2 x} - \frac{\cos^2 x}{x^2} \right) = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x^2 - \sin^2 x \cos^2 x}{x^2 \sin^2 x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{(x + \sin x \cos x)(x - \sin x \cos x)}{x^4}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x + \sin x \cos x}{x} \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x - \sin x \cos x}{x^3} = 2 \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x - \sin x \cos x}{x^3}$$

$$= 2 \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos x \cos x + \sin x \sin x}{3x^2} = 2 \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{2 \sin^2 x}{3x^2} = \frac{4}{3}$$

4.
$$x=2$$
 是函数 $f(x) = \arctan \frac{1}{2-x}$ 的()

- A. 跳跃间断点
- B. 无穷间断点

C. 连续点

D. 可去间断点

5.
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\tan x - \cos x + 1}{\ln(1+x) + x^2}$$

解:
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\tan x - \cos x + 1}{x} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\tan x}{x} + \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\ln(1+x) + x^2}{x} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\ln(1+x)}{x} + \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x^2}{x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\tan x - \cos x + 1}{\ln(1+x) + x^2} = 1$$