Math 426.2SY Calculus II

University of New Hampshire

June 27, 2016

Outline

• Chapter 8, Integration Techniques

$$\int (2x+1)\ln(x)\,dx$$

$$\int e^x \cos(2x) \, dx$$

Example

$$\int x \sin(1-x) \, dx$$

5 / 18

$$\int \sin^3(x)\cos^4(x)\,dx$$

Example

$$\int \sin^5(2x)\cos^9(2x)\,dx$$

7 / 18

$$\int \sec^6(4x) \, dx$$

$$\int \frac{xdx}{\sqrt{4+x^2}}$$

$$\int \frac{xdx}{x^2 - 3x + 2}$$

$$\int \frac{x+1}{x^2(x-1)} \, dx$$

$$\int \frac{3x^2 + 4x + 4}{x^3 + x} \, dx$$

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln(x)}{x} \, dx$$

$$\int_{1}^{2} \frac{x}{\sqrt{4 - x^2}} \, dx$$

Example

In the next exercises, use the Direct Comparison Test, or the Limit Comparison Test to test the integrals for convergence.

$$\int_2^\infty \frac{x^2}{x^3 - 3x + 1} \, dx$$

$$\int_{\pi}^{\infty} \frac{2 + \cos(x)}{x} \, dx$$

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{e^{x}}{x} \, dx$$