This site uses cookies from Google to deliver its services and to analyze traffic. Your IP address and user-agent are shared with Google along with performance and security metrics to ensure quality of service, generate usage statistics, and to detect and address abuse.

LEARN MORE OK

THE HILLINGCHEE LIIZHE

Sunday, December 1, 2013

Decision Modeling and Optimization in Game Design, Part 9: Modular Level Design

This article is the ninth in a continuing series on the use of decision modeling and optimization techniques for game design. The full list of articles includes:

- Part 1: Introduction (Blogspot) (Gamasutra)
- Part 2: Optimization Basics and Unrolling a Simulation (Blogspot) (Gamasutra)
- Part 3: Allocation and Facility Location Problems (Blogspot) (Gamasutra)
- Part 4: Competitive Balancing Problems (Blogspot) (Gamasutra)
- Part 5: Class Assignment Problems (Blogspot) (Gamasutra)
- Part 6: Parametric Design Techniques (Blogspot) (Gamasutra)
- Part 7: Production Queues (Blogspot) (Gamasutra)
- Part 8: Graph Search (Blogspot) (Gamasutra)
- Part 9: Modular Level Design (Blogspot) (Gamasutra)

The spreadsheet for this article can be downloaded here: link

We've had to put off this instalment of the series for the last few months, as we've been very busy starting up a brand new game studio in Austin.

We're looking forward to announcing more about that in 2014, but in the meantime, we took advantage of Thanksgiving break to finally write up the long-awaited Part 9 of this series. We apologize for the delay and hope to get Part 10 completed by January.

The Story of Pirate Planet

It was a warm day in Austin in April of 2007. As they waited for feedback, the level design team for Pirate Planet on *Metroid Prime 3*:

Corruption grew nervous. They had been working on building Pirate Planet, one of the game's major worlds, for over five months, but for one reason or another -- due to the inevitable delays and re-prioritizations that always occur in game development -- they had never had a chance to show it to Kensuke Tanabe, their supervisor from Nintendo's Software Planning and Development group.

Now they were only a scant few months from ship, with precious little time for changes, and Tanabe-san -- a man whose frequent and major design changes were almost as legendary as Miyamoto's -- did not seem pleased.

In fact, he seemed rather disappointed.

Instead of offering his usual feedback, he simply said, "Come back tomorrow. I'll have feedback for you then."

Tanabe-san took a build of the game into his office and shut the door.

When the next day came, the team was stunned. Tanabe's plan was more than an overhaul -- it was a dramatic redesign. *Every single room* was to be connected to a completely different room than before. The entire world of Pirate Planet was to be completely rearranged, and even many basics such as item pickups were to be moved.

The level design team went through the usual stages that Retro developers experienced when confronted with the often overwhelming feedback from their Nintendo bosses: first, horror at the enormity of the challenge of making so many changes; second, reluctant acquiescence to the fact that they did indeed have to make all the changes listed; and finally, acceptance when they saw the effect of the changes in-game, and realized that nearly all of them were for the better.

The Metroid Prime games benefited enormously from this kind of modular approach to level design, which allowed them to build expensive "rooms" and cheaper "hallways" and separate them with identical doors (which also cleverly masked the loading times as new rooms were streamed in). This gives designers a great deal of flexibility, then, as it allows them to quickly modify the configuration of an entire level. Many games use broadly similar approaches, with The Elder Scrolls: Skyrim being a notable and very successful example.

The configuration of the level, then, can be seen simply as a graph. Each node in the graph is one room, and its connections to other nodes indicate how its various entrances and exits connect to other rooms.

In theory, if we had a formula to tell us whether one graph configuration was "better" than another, we could use that to optimize an entire level, and find the "best" one.

Of course, that's theory. Naturally, if you're an experienced level designer / world-builder, you know that there are far too many factors that go into consideration when building a level to try to build *all* of these considerations into any kind of neat mathematical formula or an Excel spreadsheet. It's an ongoing, iterative process, with countless considerations based on all of the player's possible paths through the space.

But it's useful to take a look at how you would approach this problem in practice to see what can be done and how you can go about doing it, and what the capabilities and limitations of decision modeling techniques are when we apply them to this sort of problem.

And it's useful to know that there's a tool that can answer part of the problem for us, and suggest possibilities, even if we don't end up using decision modeling to figure out how the rooms are connected.

A Sample Problem

Suppose for a moment that our game is based on a reconfigurable room system, just like the *Metroid Prime* games. Assume that we have various types of rooms that all fit within a square grid. We have pre-built rooms that connect 2 neighboring rooms ("L"-shaped or straight line), rooms that connect 3 other rooms ("T"-shaped), and rooms that connect 4 neighbors ("+"-shaped).

We can visualize these as similar to the road tiles in the classic board game Carcassonne (playable on Kongregate here):

Blog Archive

- **▶** 2015 (5)
- **2014** (3)
- ▼ 2013 (9)

Decision Modeling and Optimization in Game Design,...

- ► September (2)
- ► August (2)
- ▶ July (4)

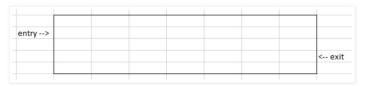
Contributors

- Paul Tozour
- Sensai Pose
- Unknown

This site uses cookies from Google to deliver its services and to analyze traffic. Your IP address and user-agent are shared with Google along with performance and security metrics to ensure quality of service, generate usage statistics, and to detect and address abuse.

LEARN MORE

Assume we have a fixed "level entry" and "level exit." and we need to figure out the best set of rooms that will connect them.



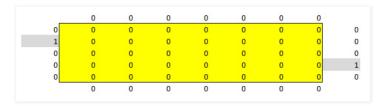
We can place any of our rooms anywhere inside the grid, and we can rotate them arbitrarily. Also, for the sake of simplicity, assume that rooms with 2 exits ("hallways") can be arbitrarily bent or un-bent like a garden hose, so that we can switch any such "hallway" piece between straight and

Your problem is as follows: given the entry and exit points marked above, and assuming you have 9 "2-way" rooms, 4 "3-way" rooms, and one "4way" room, what's a valid way to place all the rooms in the 5x7 grid above such that each room is used exactly once?

Optimizing Connectivity

We'll begin by using the cells in the 5x7 grid as our decision cells. Each cell will hold either a '0' or a '1' -- a '0' to indicate that there's no room in the cell, and a '1' to indicate the presence of a room.

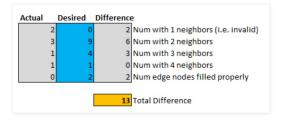
We also paste '0' and '1' values around the outside of the 5x7 grid to indicate which tiles have rooms. The grey tiles on the left and right side indicate the level entrance and exit, respectively.



Following the formatting standard we laid out in Part 2, the decision cells are colored yellow to make clear that they are decision variables.

Just below that, we add a second table which counts the number of neighbors of each cell, but only if the cell itself has a nonzero value. This will be our neighbor count. More on that in a moment -- we'll show you the completed table after we solve.

Just to the right of that, we add up all of the things we want to happen when we optimize this table.



Each row of this table indicates a constraint. The "Actual" column determines various things about the actual current characteristics of the decision table or the neighbor count table. The "Desired" column indicates the value we actually require in each case (i.e. the desired value) as stated in the problem statement above (i.e. the values stated in the previous section, "A Sample Problem"). The "Difference" column just subtracts the "Actual" column from the "Desired" column.

Finally, the "Total Difference" cell will be our objective cell. This simply adds up all the values in the "Difference" column. We're trying to minimize that value -- ideally, it should reach 0 to indicate that this problem is "solved."

The first four rows count how many cells of various types exist in the neighbor count table (1-neighbor, 2-neighbor, 3-neighbor, and 4-neighbor cells, respectively), using Excel's COUNTIF() macro. Finally, the last row counts whether there are tiles right next to the entrance and exit.

What else do we need?

Well, in theory, we also need a way to make sure there's a connection between the entrance and the exit.

The constraints above -- telling the solver that we want 0 1-neighbor tiles, 9 2-neighbor tiles, 4 3-neighbor tiles, and 1 4-neighbor tile -- should ensure that we end up with the right number of tiles and that everything is connected in a way that's valid.

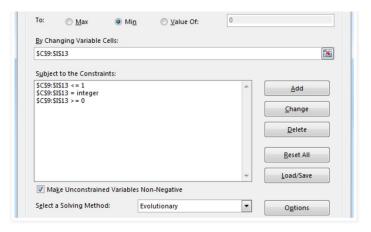
If you think about it, though, it should be clear the guarantee of connectivity does not guarantee that there will be an actual path between the entry and the exit. It's possible that individual clusters could form near the entry and exit points, or that there could be separate pieces floating off in the corner, not connected to anything else -- for example, you could get 4 "L-shaped" 2-way tiles in a small square, each connected to two others but none of them connected to the rest of the level.

However, we'll put off dealing with this problem -- proving reachability is overkill for this particular problem, when the fact is, it will probably be fine when we solve it, and if it isn't fully connected as we expect, we can just solve it again to get a new answer.

Finally, we run Excel Solver.

This site uses cookies from Google to deliver its services and to analyze traffic. Your IP address and user-agent are shared with Google along with performance and security metrics to ensure quality of service, generate usage statistics, and to detect and address abuse.

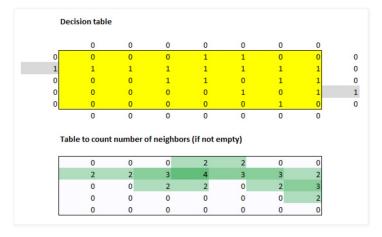
LEARN MORE OK



Note how simple this is. We simply set it to minimize the objective cell, then specify the yellow decision cells as the variable cells and add constraints that they must be integers between 0 and 1. We select the Evolutionary method and press Solve!

Solved!

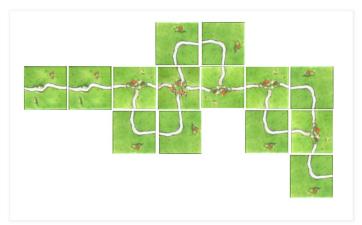
After running the Evolutionary solver for a while, you may get something that looks like this:



Note that we've enabled the "conditional formatting" feature in Excel to color the second table -- the one that counts the number of neighbors. As you can see, each cell properly counts how many neighbors it has (if you include the 'entry' and 'exit' cells just outside the table), and there are exactly 9 2-neighbor cells, 4 3-neighbor cells, and one 4-neighbor cells, which is exactly what we wanted.

Problem solved! With just a tiny amount of work, we've gotten Solver to figure out a whole new level configuration for us based on our specifications. We can even run Solver several times with different random seed values to see which level configurations it suggests, and from there, figure out which of those configurations seem to work best.

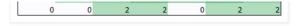
In terms of Carcassonne tiles, our level would look like this:



We can then use Solver to quickly spit out suggestions for alternate room configurations. For example, if we want to generate a layout with 10 2-neighbor tiles, 6 3-neighbor tiles, and 2 4-neighbor tiles, we could just plug those numbers into our constraint table and re-run Solver to get something like this:

This site uses cookies from Google to deliver its services and to analyze traffic. Your IP address and user-agent are shared with Google along with performance and security metrics to ensure quality of service, generate usage statistics, and to detect and address abuse.

LEARN MORE OK

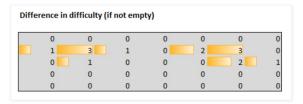


Extending the Example

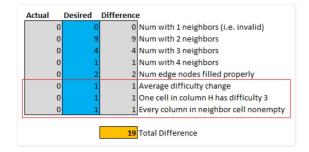
Now let's say we want to extend the example to include the difficulty level.

Assume that each room has an overall difficulty level that represents how much of a challenge the player will encounter in that room, where '1' represents an easy room, '2' represents a moderately challenging room, and '3' represents a challenge, with a room that contains a boss monster or something like that. So instead of simply using a '1' in our decision table for each cell with a room in it, we'll have a number between 1 and 3 indicating difficulty.

Our first criterion is that we want some variation in difficulty levels. So we'll add a new table where each cell measures the change in difficulty between that cell and any nonzero neighboring cells (or 0 if the corresponding cell in the decision table is 0).



Now we add a cell to our constraint table that measures the average difficulty change -- the first row inside the red box in the modified constraint table shown below. It does this using Excel's AVERAGEIF() function to count the difficulty change from the table above if the corresponding cell in the decision table is nonzero.

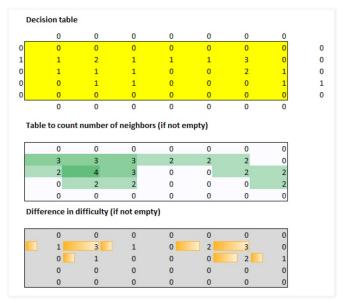


The second row in the constraint table tests whether there's one cell in the second-to-last column to the right (column H) with maximum difficulty. This will help us ensure that the maximum difficulty is close to the exit, since the exit is at the rightmost side.

We also add a third row to check if every column in the neighbor cell is nonzero. This will return a value of 1 only if each column of the neighbor count table is nonempty. Since we know that a valid solution *must* have nonempty columns, this constraint will make it more likely that the generated level is fully connected, and there is a path between the "entry" and "exit" cells. By itself, it's not enough to absolutely guarantee that the level it generates will be properly connected, but it gives us better odds than the previous spreadsheet did.

Finally, we make sure these three rows are added to the "Total Difference" objective cell, and solve. Note that the Solver dialog is exactly the same as before, except that we now constrain the decision table cells to have values between 0 and 3 instead of 0 and 1.

Let it run for a few minutes, and voila!



Our decision table looks almost identical to the last one, except that each decision cell has a difficulty level associated with it, and the average difficulty change is 1.

This site uses cookies from Google to deliver its services and to analyze traffic. Your IP address and user-agent are shared with Google along with performance and security metrics to ensure quality of service, generate usage statistics, and to detect and address abuse.

LEARN MORE

However, with a little work, we could also adapt this to a different, non-orthogonal representation, such as the graph-based representation we used in Part 8. We could also limit ourselves to swapping compatible rooms within an arbitrary fixed configuration, and use that approach to find the best configuration of rooms within a game level without changing the overall layout.

In any event, the fact that it was so easy for us to build this example should tell us something. There are clearly a vast number of ways to apply this approach; if we can only find a useful fitness function for the right configuration of rooms, it becomes almost trivial to apply that to many types of level recombination problems.

Stay tuned for Part 10, due sometime in the next few months, when we'll wrap up our discussion of decision modeling and discuss some very important big-picture issues.

-Paul Tozour

This article was edited by Professor Christopher Thomas Ryan, Assistant Professor of Operations Management at the University of Chicago Booth

Posted by Paul Tozour at 2:05 PM

21 comments:



Unknown December 4, 2013 at 5:27 AM

Great article! I like seeing optimization used this way. I'm curious whether this approach extends not only to just connecting "rooms" or path tiles, but to randomizing an entire map based on some constraints (min % water, min % mountains, etc...). Those constraints normally include some types of nesting, of course -- deep water must be bordered by shallow water, etc... If you're writing additional articles, I'd love to see that case of map randomization / increased optimization complexity addressed.

Reply

Renlies



December 4, 2013 at 5:38 AM

Absolutely, Clay! Great idea. You could definitely do a random map generator for a strategy game in this way.

I'm not sure how much time I have left for future articles; my startup is keeping me busy so I'll likely have to put the series on ice after

But it's a very good suggestion, for sure :)

Reply



Unknown September 17, 2014 at 10:49 PM

great and awesome

i really expect a next post

when is the next article?

Reply

Replies



Paul Tozour September 18, 2014 at 11:15 AM

Thanks; glad you enjoyed it! Next post won't be for a while -- I've been crazy busy starting up a new studio and building a study on the side

Reply



Lanedavis January 24, 2020 at 5:53 AM

Methods For Social Classified Ad Marketing With Facebook Marketplace

While running ads for business, Instead of focusing your efforts on just ads, or hoping for people to find your page, tap into the Facebook Marketplace for best and quick results. Since Faceboook marketplace platform gives you the opportunity to market everything from cars to services there is a huge amount of opportunity. Get in touch with specialists & know right methods to capitalize on this powerful platform for your business. https://www.customercare-email.net/facebook-marketplace/

Reply



Lanedavis January 24, 2020 at 5:57 AM

Get The Safety Tips For Gmail By Using Gmail Help And Support

If you want to get the safety tips to add up extra security for your Gmail account, you should make use of the Gmail Help and support service. Here, you will be able to get united with the best in class technicians who will surely help you to fetch the right and effective safety tips in a couple of seconds. https://www.technicalsupportphonenumber.com/gmail-help/

Reply



printersupportnumber January 24, 2020 at 11:23 PM

When you are attempting to install HP printer driver, you fail to install it in the middle of installing procedure. You are receiving HP Printer Driver Is Unavailable installed failure issue continuously, so you should get connected with live technicians to get quick support for resolving this error. We are a reliable third party support company and providing simple troubleshooting instructions for installing HP printer driver in the right ways. Our printer experts have the potential for helping HP printer users anytime. Whenever you face any kind of technical hurdles, our trained technicians are available 24/7 to assist you appropriately.

http://www.hpprintersupportpro.com/blog/resolve-windows-10-printer-driver-is-unavailable-issue/

This site uses cookies from Google to deliver its services and to analyze traffic. Your IP address and user-agent are shared with Google along with performance and security metrics to ensure quality of service, generate usage statistics, and to detect and address abuse.

LEARN MORE



AppSquadz Technologies January 30, 2020 at 1:42 AM

Thank you for bestowing this information which will enlighten many of us. It's really helpful who wants to know more about mobile app development

Reply



Lanedavis February 1, 2020 at 5:09 AM

Interrupted While On Gmail? Obtain Gmail Customer Service

Are you getting the interruption during the course of working on the Gmail service? If yes, you don't need to worry. Gmail Customer Service comes up with the most reliable technical tools and one stop backing so that the needy users can easily avail the maximum help and also get the benefits.

Reply



Lanedavis February 1, 2020 at 5:13 AM

Join Gmail Customer Service For The Result Oriented Assistance

If the situation you are running into while on Gmail is getting out of hand, it would be wise to acquire the most authentic Gmail Customer Service. Just get the optimum support under the proper supervision of the professionals so that you could easily get the whole host of problems sorted out.

Reply



John Smith February 11, 2020 at 3:10 AM

Just Question Answer is the portal which has great assignment helpers and tutors who provide high-quality service regarding homework writing service at a cheap price. Our portal provides accurate content of each and every professional course in an appropriate format



William Smith February 12, 2020 at 3:26 AM

Thank you for this wonderful information share and excellent information providing by your article. Are you looking for assignment help services in Singapore? Do you require to finish your assignment? Singapore Assignment Help is a well-liked assignment Acquire immediate Assignment Help before completion of time at a fair cost. Kindly visit the LiveWebTutors website... $\label{eq:liveWebTutors}$

Reply



Bed Bugs Professionals February 18, 2020 at 10:54 PM

We are the top-rated and reliable Bed Bugs Control service company in India, providing the bed bug & pest control services to kill the bed bugs and eggs



HP Printer Troubleshooting March 13, 2020 at 12:07 AM

There are millions of users of HP devices all over the world who is completing their task with the help of HP devices. HP Support Assistant is a free utility software that is designed mainly for Windows operating system users.

Reply



Smith April 3, 2020 at 1:15 AM

I have found your article useful in my search area thank you for help. Kindly keep updating us on new articles. Are you looking for the best air purifier with a washable filter? Would you like to find an air purifier with a permanent filter that never needs a replacement? If so, Visit Best Air Purifier with Washable Filter for more.

Reply



ankitsahav April 19, 2020 at 9:41 PM

It is not easy to get the trust and best online shop for buying something like Pre Engineered Buildings

These are things that always should buy from the trusted sources because they should be robust, durable, weather-proof, corrosion-resistant and highquality. I am searching for the best online shop to buy such buildings but not able to find the one. This is why I am here to ask for your help. If anyone of you knows about any company that offers excellent quality pre-engineered buildings in various shapes and sizes, then please let me know. Apart from this, I have heard so much about a company name is Hrsinfrastructure and also see its customers' reviews. I find each and everything good about it but before making any decision, it wants to confirm from you guys about this company.



Assignment Help CA April 22, 2020 at 2:31 AM

Place an order for Assignment Help in Singapore to access effective academic writing services for your assignment. It is good to connect with experienced writers when things come to obtain high marks.

Online Assignment Help Assignment Help Online

Reply

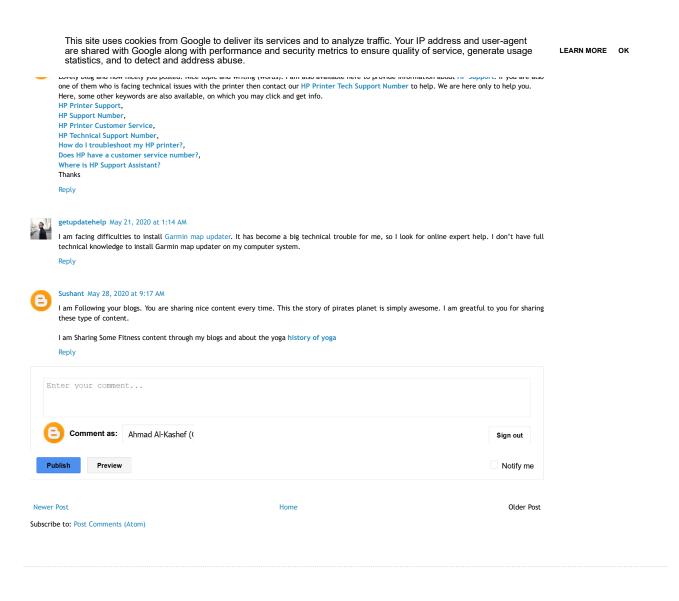


Tom Marcus April 24, 2020 at 11:15 AM

Best article on this topic. I love your way of writing, so please post some more articles on this topic or related to this topic. I am also here to give you information about Outlook, so if you want to know about Outlook then visit our Outlook customer service website, and for support contact our experts to dial Outlook support phone number to help. Our experts will understand your problems and provide the best solution as they can. For information related to this topic, click on given links. We provide an independent solution.

Microsoft tech support, Microsoft support. Microsoft customer service, Outlook tech support, Microsoft Outlook support number, How do I contact Microsoft Outlook support?

Thank You!!!



Simple theme. Powered by Blogger.