

IE 5300 Data Mining and Analytics

Homework 1

Data Exploration and Classification Using KNN and Decision Tree

1. Download the "Iris.data" data set from <http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/>, and convert the raw dataset into Matlab data format (.mat). The dataset has 4 feature attributes; the last column is the class label. Replace the names of the three classes by numerical numbers 1, 2 and 3. Give a brief description of the dataset in the first part of your report.

2. Explore the Iris dataset , and report the following:

- 1) 2D scatter plots of the four attributes use Matlab function 'plotmatrix' or 'gplotmatrix'.
- 2) 3D scatter plot of three attributes (sepal length, sepal width, petal width) using the Matlab function 'scatter3'.
- 3) Visualization of the feature matrix (column 1-4), use Matlab function 'imagesc'.
- 4) Histogram of the four attributes for the three classes, use Matlab function 'hist'.
- 5) Boxplots of the four attributes for the three classes, use Matlab function 'boxplot'.
- 6) Calculate the correlation matrix of the four attributes and visualize the correlation matrix.
- 7) Parallel coordinates plot of the four attributes

3. Practice Data Distance Measures

- 1) Make a Matlab function for Minkowski Distance. (Three function inputs: sample A, sample B, and distance order r)
- 2) Make a Matlab function for T-statistics Distance. (Two function inputs: time series A, time series B)
- 3) Make a Matlab function for Mahalanobis Distance. (Three function inputs: sample A, sample B, and covariance matrix M.)

Assume a new iris sample S has a feature vector of [5.0000, 3.5000, 1.4600, 0.2540]. Calculate the distances of the new sample to the 150 samples in the iris dataset

- 4) using Minkowski distance with $r = 1, 2, 100$, respectively. Plot the obtained distances.
- 5) using Mahalanobis distance. Plot the obtained distances.

Generate two time series data by the code: `X = mvnrnd([0;0],[1 .3;.3 1],100);`

- 6) Plot the generated two time series in one plot
- 7) Calculate the T-statistics distance between the two time series.
- 8) Calculate the correlation of the two time series
- 9) Normalize the feature matrix of the IRIS dataset such that after normalization each feature has a mean of 0 and a standard deviation of 1.