Universidad de Puerto Rico Recinto de Mayaguez Departamento de Ingenieria Electrica y Computadoras. ICOM5217 - Interconexión de Microprocesadores

Experimento #1 - Reporte

IDE, ASM/C Programming & IO

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Exercise:

Polling a Switch

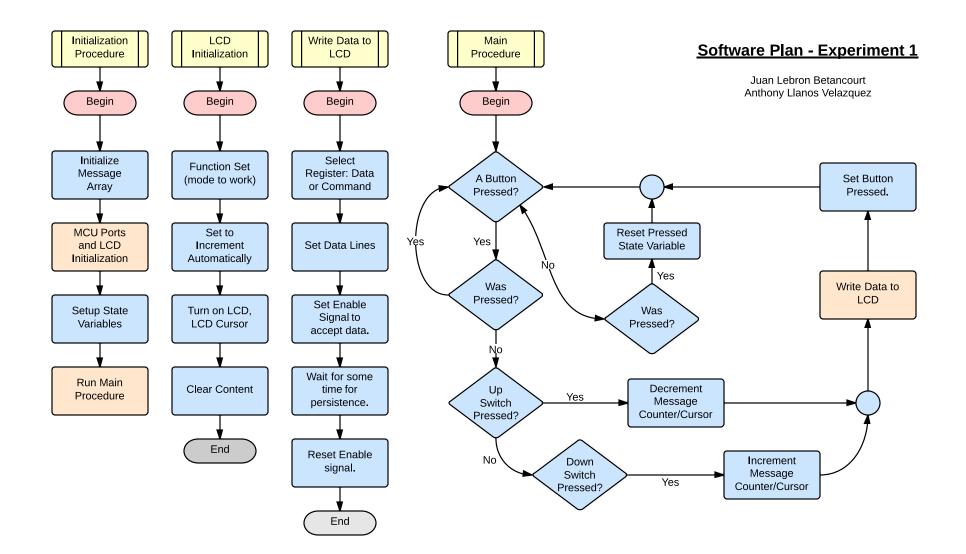
Code

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "inc/hw types.h"
#include "inc/hw memmap.h"
#include "driverlib/sysctl.h"
#include "driverlib/gpio.h"
#include <stdint.h>
#include "inc/tm4c123gh6pm.h"
int main(void) {
    volatile uint32 t ui32Loop;
    int ledStatus = 0;
    // Enable the GPIO port that is used for the on-board LED.
    SYSCTL RCGC2 R |= SYSCTL RCGC2 GPIOF;
    SYSCTL_RCGC2_R |= SYSCTL_RCGC2_GPIOD;
    // From <u>Tiva</u> Tutorial.
    // Do a dummy read to insert a few cycles after enabling the peripheral.
    ui32Loop = SYSCTL RCGC2 R;
    // Enable the GPIO pins for the LED (PF1, PF2, PF3, PD1).
    // Set the direction as output, and
    // enable the GPIO pin for digital function(PDO).
    GPIO PORTF DIR R = 0 \times 0 E;
    GPIO PORTF DEN R = 0 \times 0E;
    GPIO PORTO DIR R = 0 \times 02;
    GPIO PORTD DEN R = 0x03;
    // Loop forever.
    int wasPressed = 0;
    while(1){
      //Turn on LED when off.
      if(((GPIO PORTD DATA R & 0 \times 01) == 0 \times 01) && !ledStatus && !wasPressed)
            GPIO_PORTD_DATA_R = 0x0E; //Turn On onboard leds
ledStatus = 1.
      {
            ledStatus = 1;
            wasPressed = 1;
            SysCtlDelay (9000000);
      //Turn off LED when on.
      else if(((GPIO PORTD DATA R & 0x01) == 0x01)
                         && ledStatus && !wasPressed) {
            GPIO PORTF DATA R = 0x00;
                                                         //Turn OFF <u>onboard</u> <u>leds</u>
            GPIO PORTD DATA R &= 0xFD;
                                                         //Turn OFF external led
            ledStatus = 0;
            wasPressed = 1;
            SysCtlDelay (9000000);
      //To help eliminate debouncing.
      else if(!(GPIO PORTD DATA R & 0x01)){
            wasPressed = 0;
      }
    }
}
```

Homework:

LCD Scroll List

Software Plan, Code



```
#include <stdint.h>
#include "inc/tm4c123gh6pm.h"
typedef int bool ;
void writeLetter(char letter);
void writeString(char* string);
void LcdCommandWrite(int command);
void LcdDataWrite(char letter);
void wait(uint32 t amount);
void writeDataToPort(int data);
void init();
void nextString(int i);
void menuUp(int i);
void menuDown(int i);
void delay(uint32 t amount);
bool isPressedUp();
bool isPressedDown();
const int MESSAGE SET_SIZE = 17;
char* c[] = { "Experiment 1 .", "LCD Interface .", "with Tiva MCU .",
             "Use the buttons .", "to scroll up and.", "down through the.",
             "Hello World! .", "Hello Anthony! .", "Hello Juan!
             "AeroBal Micro 2 .", "Hakuna Matata .", "If this doesn't .",
"work it was .", "Anthony's fault .", ", if it work ."
             "Juan did it! :) ." };
int main(void) {
      volatile uint32 t ui32Loop;
      // There is a control register that enables interfacing with the
registers
      // Enable the GPIO ports that are used for the on-board LED.
      SYSCTL RCGC2 R |= SYSCTL RCGC2 GPIOA;
      SYSCTL_RCGC2_R |= SYSCTL_RCGC2_GPIOC;
SYSCTL_RCGC2_R |= SYSCTL_RCGC2_GPIOE;
      SYSCTL_RCGC2_R |= SYSCTL_RCGC2_GPIOD;
      // Using <u>Tiva</u> example:
      // Do a dummy read to insert a few cycles after
      // enabling the peripheral.
      ui32Loop = SYSCTL RCGC2 R;
      //DIR - Direction.
      //Set Direction for each register port.
      GPIO PORTA DIR R = 0 \times 0 C;
      GPIO_PORTE_DIR_R = 0x00;
      GPIO PORTC DIR R = 0 \times F0;
      GPIO_PORTD_DIR_R = 0x0F;
      //DEN - Digital Enable.
      //Enable digital interface with
```

```
//these particular register ports.
      GPIO PORTA DEN R = 0 \times 0 C;
      GPIO PORTE DEN R = 0 \times 06;
      GPIO PORTC DEN R = 0 \times F0;
      GPIO PORTD DEN R = 0 \times 0 F;
      //Write Commands to Initialize LCD.
      LcdCommandWrite(0x38); // Mode to work (5x7 display)
      LcdCommandWrite(0x06); // Set to Increment automatically.
      LcdCommandWrite(0x0E); // Turn on LCD and cursor.
      LcdCommandWrite(0x01); // Clear content.
      init();
void init() {
      int cursor = 0;
      nextString(cursor);
      int wasPressed = 0;
      //<u>Init</u> Infinite Loop.
      while(1){
             //Scroll Up.
            if(isPressedUp() && !wasPressed) {
                   //Move up in circular array.
                   cursor--;
                   cursor = (cursor < 0) ? MESSAGE SET SIZE-1 : cursor;</pre>
                   menuUp(cursor);
                   //Delay and set software debouncing variable.
                   SysCtlDelay(300000);
                   wasPressed = 1;
            else if(isPressedDown() && !wasPressed) {
                   //Move Down in circular array.
                   cursor = (cursor+1)%MESSAGE SET SIZE;
                  menuDown(cursor);
                   //Delay and set software debouncing variable.
                   SysCtlDelay(300000);
                   wasPressed = 1;
            else if(!isPressedDown() && !isPressedUp() && wasPressed) {
                   //If none is pressed.
                   wasPressed = 0;
            }
      }
void nextString(int i) {
      writeString(c[(i%MESSAGE SET SIZE)]);
      SysCtlDelay(200000);
      LcdCommandWrite(0xA8);
      writeString(c[(i+1)%MESSAGE SET SIZE]);
```

```
SysCtlDelay(200000);
      LcdCommandWrite(0x80);
}
//Stub for modularization.
void menuUp(int i) {
     nextString(i);
//Stub for modularization.
void menuDown(int i) {
     nextString(i);
}
void writeLetter(char letter) {
     LcdDataWrite(letter);
}
void writeString(char* string) {
      int i;
      for(i = 0; string[i] != '.';i++){
            LcdDataWrite(string[i]);
      }
}
void LcdCommandWrite(int command) {
      //SET RS to low
      //SET E to low
      //PA2 = RS
      //PA3 = E
      GPIO PORTA DATA R &= 0xF3;
      writeDataToPort(command);
      //set E line high to begin write cycle.
      GPIO PORTA DATA R \mid = 0x08;
      //Pause to allow LCD to accept data.
      // Delay for a bit
      SysCtlDelay(20000);
      //Turn low to finish write cycle.
      GPIO_PORTA_DATA_R &= 0xF7;
}
void LcdDataWrite(char letter) {
      //SET RS to High
      //SET E to low
      //PA2 = RS
      //PA3 = E
```

```
GPIO PORTA DATA R \mid = 0x04;
      GPIO PORTA DATA R &= 0xF7;
      //Write.
      writeDataToPort(letter);
      //set E line high to begin write cycle.
      GPIO PORTA DATA R \mid = 0x08;
      //Pause to allow LCD to accept data.
      // Delay for a bit
      //
      SysCtlDelay(20000);
      //Turn low to finish write cycle.
      GPIO PORTA DATA R &= 0xF7;
}
void writeDataToPort(int data) {
      GPIO PORTC DATA R &= 0x0F;
      GPIO_PORTD_DATA_R &= 0xF0;
      GPIO PORTC DATA R \mid= (data & 0xF0) ; //C
      GPIO PORTD DATA R \mid = (data \& 0x0F) ; //D
}
//Helper Functions
bool isPressedUp() {
      return (GPIO_PORTE_DATA R & 0x04) ;
}
bool isPressedDown() {
      return (GPIO_PORTE_DATA_R & 0x02);
// Not Yet Implemented.
void delay(uint32_t amount){
      SysCtlDelay(amount);
}
```