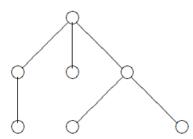
Lebanese University	Operating System II	Partial 2017-2018
Faculty of Sciences I	13303/INFO324- Solution	Duration: 1 hour

Problem 1: (20 minutes)

A. Write in one statement the code to create the following tree of processes



<u>P.S:</u> if and else are considered as one statement (nested if else is not permitted)

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<stdlib.h>

void main() {
  printf("I'm the main with pid=%d\n",getpid());
  if (fork())
   fork() && (fork() || fork());
  else
  fork() && fork();
  while(1);
}
```

**B.** We consider the following piece of code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<stdlib.h>

void main() {
  printf("I'm the main with pid=%d\n",getpid()
  if (fork())
    fork() && (fork() || fork());
  else
    fork()*fork();
  while(1);
}
```

- How many processes are created after the execution of the above program?
- 2. Draw the tree of processes generated.

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## Problem 2: (parts A and B are independent)

(40 minutes)

**A.** A parent process creates N parallel child processes that have a point of appointment (RDV). The two processes should execute two functions: **Pre\_RDV()** and **RDV()** consecutively. A process arriving at the RDV point (i.e., before executing the function **RDV()**) should waits if there is at least one other process that did not arrived. The last arriving process wakes up all the blocked processes. Write a solution that solves this problem.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
#include<signal.h>
void handler(int);
void main() {
int i=0, j, pid, p1[2], p2[2]; int N=5, cnt=0;
pipe(p1); pipe(p2); signal(SIGUSR1, handler);
write(p2[1],&cnt,sizeof(int));
while (i<N) {
pid=fork();
if(pid) {write(p1[1],&pid,sizeof(int));}
   if(i<N-1) pause(); // pre RDV()
   else {
     for (j=0; j<N-1; j++) {</pre>
          read(p1[0],&pid,sizeof(int));
          kill(pid,SIGUSR1); }
}
i++;
} // end main
void handler(int sig) {
printf("child process pid=%d, i received a signal %d\n",getpid(),sig);
// rdv();
exit(1);
```

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In this part, we suppose that we have a shared data segment that contains a shared variable between **N** <u>separated processes</u> (each process is an independent C program). These processes should access the shared variable and increment it by 1. The shared variable is created by the first process.

```
void main() {
A. Write the code of
                           int id, fd, key=5;
   the first process
                           char *add;
   that creates the
                           // create named pipe
   shared
              data
                           fd=open("MyPipe",O_CREAT | 0644);
   segment and the
   shared
           variable
                           if(fd==-1) printf("error opening pipe\n");
                           printf("fd=%d\n",fd);
   and initialize it to
      This
           process
                           if ((id=shmget(key, sizeof(int),
           maintain
   should
                             IPC CREAT | IPC EXCL | 0600) ==-1)
   the
         way
                of
                            exit(1);
   communicating
   the (ID) of the
                           // write id of shared memory into named pipe
                           write(fd,&id,sizeof(int));
              data
   shared
   segment
                           if((add=(char *) shmat(id, NULL, 0)) == (char *)-1)
   between
                the
                             exit(2);
   different
   processes.
                           int* val=(int *)add; //shared variable
                           *val=1; // set the value to 1
                           }
B. Write the code
                           void main() {
                           int id, fd;
   of
       the
              other
                           char *add;
   processes
                (all
                           fd=open("MyPipe",O WRONLY | 0644);
   have
             similar
                           if(fd==-1) printf("error opening pipe\n");
   behavior)
               that
                           read(fd,&id,sizeof(int));
                           if((add=(char *) shmat(id, NULL, 0)) == (char *) -1)
   should
            access
   the shared data
   segment via its
                           int* val=(int *)add; //shared variable
  ID
               and
                           *val++; // increment the value by 1
  increment
                the
   shared variable
   and print out on
   the screen the
   value
                the
           of
   shared variable
   along
          with its
   pid.
```