Paths of analysis*

Synthia

October 11, 2022

1 Analysis parameters

Analysis type: Automatic Retrosynthesis

Rules: none selected

Filters: Tunnels, FGI, FGI with protections

Max. paths returned: 50

Max. iterations: 2000

Commercial:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

2. Max. price - 1500 \$/g

Published:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

2. Popularity - 5

My Stockroom:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

Reaction scoring formula: TUNNEL_COEF*FGI_COEF*STEP*20+1000 000*(CONFLICT+NON SELECTIVITY+FILTERS+PROTECT)

Chemical scoring formula: SMALLER^ 3,SMALLER^ 1.5

Min. search width: 400

Max. reactions per product: 60

Strategies: none selected

^{*}The results stated herein were generated using the proprietary platform owned and maintained by Grzybowski Scientific Inventions, Inc., a subsidiary of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt Germany. The results are provided on an as is basis, and shall be used solely in connection with the rights afforded in the license agreement and for no other purpose.

FGI Coeff: 0

Tunnels Coeff: 0

JSON Parameters: {}

2 Paths

2 paths found. Paths are sorted by score. Reactions are sorted in appearance order for each path.

2.1 Path 1

Score: 388.50

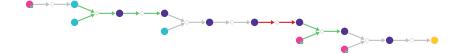
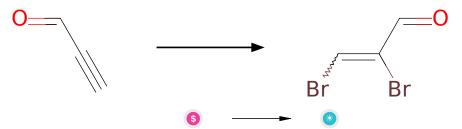


Figure 1: Outline of path 1

2.1.1 Bromination of Alkynes



Substrates:

1. propynal - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. 2,3-dibromo-propenal

Typical conditions: NBS. THF. 80C

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.06.047 or DOI: 10.1055/s-2006-941558 or

DOI: 10.1021/jo011016q

2.1.2 Aldol Condensation

Substrates:

- 1. 3,3,3-trimethoxybutan-2-one
- 2. 2,3-dibromo-propenal

Products:

1. COC(OC)(OC)C(=CC(Br)=CBr)C(C)=O

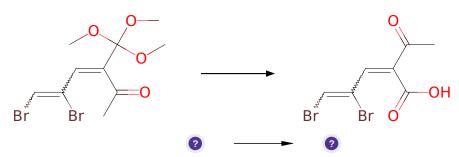
 ${\bf Typical\ conditions:}\ {\bf NaOEt.base}$

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1080/00397911.2016.1206938

Retrosynthesis ID: 10049

2.1.3 Synthesis of carboxylic acids from acetals



Substrates:

 $1. \ \operatorname{COC}(\operatorname{OC})(\operatorname{OC})\operatorname{C}(=\operatorname{CC}(\operatorname{Br})=\operatorname{CBr})\operatorname{C}(\operatorname{C})=\operatorname{O}$

Products:

1. CC(=O)C(=CC(Br)=CBr)C(=O)O

Typical conditions: HCl.H2O

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.tetasy.2010.12.014

Retrosynthesis ID: 25207

2.1.4 Opening of epoxides with carboxylic acids

Substrates:

1. ethynyl-oxirane

2. CC(=O)C(=CC(Br)=CBr)C(=O)O

Products:

1. C#CC(O)COC(=O)C(=CC(Br)=CBr)C(C)=O

Typical conditions: RCOOH.catalyst

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/ol051051+ AND 10.1016/j.tet.2005.05.050 and US2011/86912 A1 (P.13) and 10.1055/s-2003-42416 and 10.5012/bkcs.2013.34.8.2286

Retrosynthesis ID: 15151

${\bf 2.1.5}\quad {\bf Meyer\text{-}Schuster}\ {\bf Rearrangement}$

Substrates:

 $1. \ \mathrm{C\#CC(O)COC(=O)C(=CC(Br)=CBr)C(C)=O}$

Products:

1. CC(=O)C(=CC(Br)=CBr)C(=O)OCC=CC=O

Typical conditions: H+

Protections: none

 $\textbf{Reference:}\ 10.1021/cr60273a001$

Retrosynthesis ID: 10143

2.1.6 Diels-Alder

Substrates:

1.
$$CC(=O)C(=CC(Br)=CBr)C(=O)OCC=CC=O$$

Products:

 $1. \ \mathrm{CC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C}12\mathrm{C} = \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{Br})\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{Br})\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C}1\mathrm{C}\mathrm{O}\mathrm{C}2 = \mathrm{O}$

Typical conditions: Lewis acid or chiral Lewis acid. Solvent.

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1002/1521-3773(20020517)41:10<1668::AID-

ANIE1668>3.0.CO;2-Z AND10.1021/ja062508t

2.1.7 Takai olefination

Substrates:

1. 1,1-Diiodoethane - available at Sigma-Aldrich

 $2. \ \, CC(=O)C12C=C(Br)C(Br)C(C=O)C1COC2=O$

Products:

 $1. \ C/C = C/C1C(Br)C(Br) = CC2(C(C) = O)C(=O)OCC12$

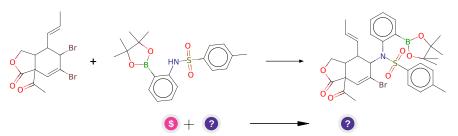
Typical conditions: CrCl2.THF.DMF

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/ja00283a046 and 10.1021/ja00237a081

Retrosynthesis ID: 10942

2.1.8 Alkylation of amines with alkyl bromides



Substrates:

- $\begin{array}{ll} 1. \ \ 2\text{-}(\text{p-Toluenesulfonylamino}) \text{phenylboronic acid pinacol ester} & \textit{available} \\ \textit{at Sigma-Aldrich} \end{array}$
- $2. \ C/C = C/C1C(Br)C(Br) = CC2(C(C) = O)C(=O)OCC12$

Products:

Typical conditions: K2CO3 or other base

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.tetlet.2007.09.110

Retrosynthesis ID: 7668

2.1.9 Suzuki coupling of arylboronic pinacol esters with vinyl Bromides

Substrates:

Products:

 $1. \ C/C = C/C1C2C(=CC3(C(C)=O)C(=O)OCC13)c1ccccc1N2S(=O)(=O)c1ccc(C)cc1$

Typical conditions: Pd catalyst.base.solvent

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/cr00039a007 and $10.1007/3418_2012_32$ and 10.1021/cr0505268 and 10.1016/j.jfluchem.2016.01.018 and 10.1039/C3CS60197H

Retrosynthesis ID: 10695

2.2 Path 2

Score: 399.23



Figure 2: Outline of path 2

2.2.1 Bromination of Alkynes

Substrates:

1. Methyl pent-4-ynoate - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. COC(=O)CCC(Br)=CBr

Typical conditions: NBS. THF. 80C

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.06.047 or DOI: 10.1055/s-2006-941558 or

DOI: 10.1021/jo011016q

Retrosynthesis ID: 8354

2.2.2 Enol esters and ethers synthesis

Substrates:

1. COC(=O)CCC(Br)=CBr

2. TMSCl - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. COC(=CCC(Br)=CBr)O[Si](C)(C)C

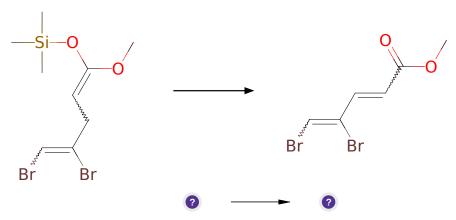
Typical conditions: 1.LDA.2.Electrophile

Protections: none

Reference: US2467095A AND WO2014169833a1 AND 10.1016/j.steroids.2011.03.014 AND 10.1021/ol200875m (SI) AND 10.1021/ja00531a034

Retrosynthesis ID: 7797

2.2.3 Dehydrogenation of silyl enol ethers



Substrates:

1. COC(=CCC(Br)=CBr)O[Si](C)(C)C

Products:

1. COC(=O)C=CC(Br)=CBr

Typical conditions: Pd(OAc)2.Cu(OAc)2.O2.MeCN

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1271/bbb.60.405 and 10.1039/C3CC46778C and US2015284405 p.40 and 10.1016/S0040-4039(01)81518-5 and US2010204477 p. 15-16 and 10.1016/0040-4039(95)00694-8 and 10.1021/jo00089a034 and 10.1016/S0040-4020(01)90587-3 and 10.1080/00397919008052802 and 10.1021/ja00218a060

2.2.4 Alkylation of vinyl esters

Substrates:

1. Iodoethane - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. COC(=O)C=CC(Br)=CBr

Products:

1. CCC(=CC(Br)=CBr)C(=O)OC

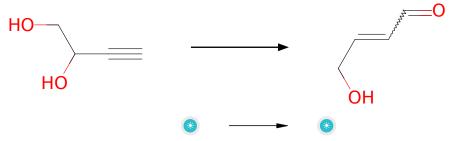
 ${\bf Typical\ conditions:\ LDA.THF}$

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1039/C39870001410

Retrosynthesis ID: 886

2.2.5 Meyer-Schuster Rearrangement



Substrates:

1. but-3-in-1,2-diol

Products:

1. 4-hydroxy-but-2-enal

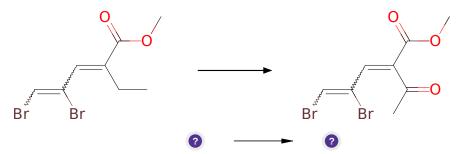
Typical conditions: H+

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/cr60273a001

Retrosynthesis ID: 10143

2.2.6 Allylic Oxidation of Alkenes



Substrates:

1. CCC(=CC(Br)=CBr)C(=O)OC

Products:

1. COC(=O)C(=CC(Br)=CBr)C(C)=O

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ tBuOOH.Pd(OH)2/C \ or \ PhI(OAc)2 \ or \ SeO2$

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/ja0340735 and 10.1021/ol100603q and

10.1016/j.tetlet.2016.05.063 (Scheme 2)

Retrosynthesis ID: 2583

2.2.7 Acid catalyzed transesterification

Substrates:

 $1. \ \, 4\text{-hydroxy-but-2-enal}$

2.
$$COC(=O)C(=CC(Br)=CBr)C(C)=O$$

Products:

1. CC(=O)C(=CC(Br)=CBr)C(=O)OCC=CC=O

Typical conditions: H+

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/cr00020a004

Retrosynthesis ID: 50438

2.2.8 Diels-Alder

Substrates:

1.
$$CC(=O)C(=CC(Br)=CBr)C(=O)OCC=CC=O$$

Products:

 $1. \ \mathrm{CC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C}12\mathrm{C} = \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{Br})\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{Br})\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C}1\mathrm{C}\mathrm{O}\mathrm{C}2 = \mathrm{O}$

Typical conditions: Lewis acid or chiral Lewis acid. Solvent.

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1002/1521-3773(20020517)41:10<1668::AID-

ANIE1668>3.0.CO;2-Z AND10.1021/ja062508t

2.2.9 Takai olefination

Substrates:

1. 1,1-Diiodoethane - available at Sigma-Aldrich

 $2. \ \, CC(=O)C12C=C(Br)C(Br)C(C=O)C1COC2=O$

Products:

1. C/C=C/C1C(Br)C(Br)=CC2(C(C)=O)C(=O)OCC12

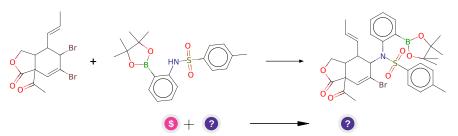
 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ \mathrm{CrCl2.THF.DMF}$

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/ja00283a046 and 10.1021/ja00237a081

Retrosynthesis ID: 10942

2.2.10 Alkylation of amines with alkyl bromides



Substrates:

- 1. 2-(p-Toluenesulfonylamino)phenylboronic acid pinacol ester available at Sigma-Aldrich
- $2. \ C/C = C/C1C(Br)C(Br) = CC2(C(C) = O)C(=O)OCC12$

Products:

Typical conditions: K2CO3 or other base

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.tetlet.2007.09.110

Retrosynthesis ID: 7668

2.2.11 Suzuki coupling of arylboronic pinacol esters with vinyl Bromides

Substrates:

Products:

 $1. \ C/C = C/C1C2C(=CC3(C(C)=O)C(=O)OCC13)c1ccccc1N2S(=O)(=O)c1ccc(C)cc1$

Typical conditions: Pd catalyst.base.solvent

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/cr00039a007 and 10.1007/3418_2012_32 and 10.1021/cr0505268 and 10.1016/j.jfluchem.2016.01.018 and 10.1039/C3CS60197H