# Paths of analysis\*

## Synthia

October 10, 2022

## 1 Analysis parameters

Analysis type: Automatic Retrosynthesis

Rules: none selected

Filters: Exclude Diastereoselecitve reactions, Tunnels, FGI, FGI with protec-

tions

Max. paths returned: 50

Max. iterations: 2000

Commercial:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

2. Max. price - 1500 \$/g

#### Published:

- 1. Max. molecular weight 1000 g/mol
- 2. Popularity 5

#### My Stockroom:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

**Reaction scoring formula:** TUNNEL\_COEF\*FGI\_COEF\*STEP\*20+1000 000\*(CONFLICT+NON SELECTIVITY+FILTERS+PROTECT)

Chemical scoring formula: SMALLER^ 3,SMALLER^ 1.5

Min. search width: 400

Max. reactions per product: 60

<sup>\*</sup>The results stated herein were generated using the proprietary platform owned and maintained by Grzybowski Scientific Inventions, Inc., a subsidiary of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt Germany. The results are provided on an as is basis, and shall be used solely in connection with the rights afforded in the license agreement and for no other purpose.

Strategies: none selected

FGI Coeff: 0

Tunnels Coeff: 0

JSON Parameters: {}

#### 2 Paths

1 path found. Paths are sorted by score. Reactions are sorted in appearance order for each path.

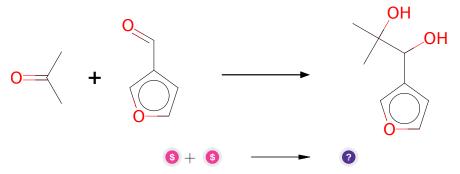
## 2.1 Path 1

Score: 388.52



Figure 1: Outline of path 1

#### 2.1.1 Pinacol Coupling Reaction



#### Substrates:

- $1. \ \, 3\text{-Furaldehyde} \, \text{-} \quad \, \textit{available at Sigma-Aldrich}$
- 2. Acetone available at Sigma-Aldrich

#### **Products:**

1. CC(C)(O)C(O)c1ccoc1

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ \, \text{Mg.NH4Cl.H2O or Mg.SmI2.TMSCl.THF.HMPA}$ 

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1021/jo982497p p. 3234, 3236 and 10.1021/ol0506258 p. 2366, SI

p. S12

Retrosynthesis ID: 10205

#### 2.1.2 NBS-promoted oxidation of furans to lactones

#### Substrates:

1. CC(C)(O)C(O)c1ccoc1

#### **Products:**

1. CC(C)(O)C(O)C1=CCOC1=O

 ${\bf Typical\ conditions:\ NBS.MW.MeOH}$ 

Protections: none

**Reference:** DOI: 10.1016/S0040-4039(01)01261-8

Retrosynthesis ID: 49766

#### 2.1.3 Michael addition



#### Substrates:

1. CC(C)(O)C(O)C1=CCOC1=O

2. hex-4t-en-2-one

#### **Products:**

1. C/C=C/C(C(C)=O)C1COC(=O)C1C(O)C(C)(C)O

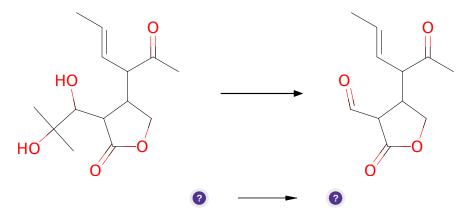
Typical conditions: EtONa or other base

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1016/j.tetlet.2011.02.073 AND 10.1016/j.molstruc.2010.12.005 AND 10.1016/S0040-4039(97)00695-3 AND 10.1021/ol016401g AND 10.1002/ejoc.200500330

Retrosynthesis ID: 15774

#### 2.1.4 Cleavage of 1,2-diols with NaIO4



#### Substrates:

 $1. \ C/C = C/C(C(C) = O)C1COC(=O)C1C(O)C(C)(C)O$ 

#### **Products:**

 $1. \ C/C = C/C(C(C) = O)C1COC(=O)C1C = O$ 

Typical conditions: NaIO4.solvent

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1039/C50B00238A and 10.1002/chem.201301371 and

10.1021/ol052106a

Retrosynthesis ID: 31017509

## 2.1.5 Aldol Condensation

#### Substrates:

 $1. \ \mathrm{C/C}{=}\mathrm{C/C}(\mathrm{C(C)}{=}\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C1}\mathrm{COC}({=}\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C1}\mathrm{C}{=}\mathrm{O}$ 

### **Products:**

 $1. \ \mathrm{C/C}{=}\mathrm{C/C1C}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C}{=}\mathrm{CC2C}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OCC21}$ 

Typical conditions: NaOEt.base

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1080/00397911.2016.1206938

Retrosynthesis ID: 10896

## 2.1.6 Alpha-iodination of alpha-beta-unsaturated carbonyl compounds

#### Substrates:

1. C/C=C/C1C(=O)C=CC2C(=O)OCC21

#### **Products:**

1. C/C=C/C1C(=O)C(I)=CC2C(=O)OCC21

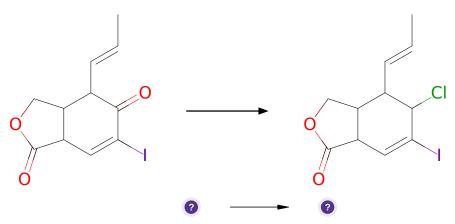
Typical conditions: DMAP.K2CO3.H2O.THF

Protections: none

**Reference:** DOI: 10.1055/s-2005-868495

Retrosynthesis ID: 786

## 2.1.7 Synthesis of alkyl chlorides from ketones



#### Substrates:

 $1. \ \mathrm{C/C=C/C1C}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{I})\mathrm{=CC2C}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OCC21}$ 

#### **Products:**

 $1. \ \mathrm{C/C}{=}\mathrm{C/C1C(Cl)C(I)}{=}\mathrm{CC2C(=O)OCC21}$ 

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ \operatorname{InO3.chloroform.SiMe2Cl}$ 

Protections: none

**Reference:** DOI: 10.1021/ja0283246

Retrosynthesis ID: 11620

#### 2.1.8 Alkylation of sulfonamides with alkyl chlorides

#### Substrates:

- 1. C/C=C/C1C(Cl)C(I)=CC2C(=O)OCC21

#### **Products:**

 $1. \ \ C/C = C/C1C2COC(=O)C2C = C(I)C1N(c1ccccc1B1OC(C)(C)C(C)(C)O1)S(=O)(=O)c1ccc(C)cc1$ 

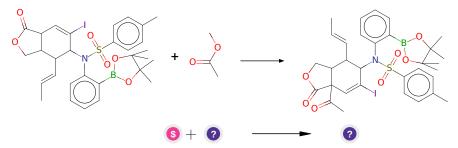
Typical conditions: LDA

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1002/1099-0690(200101)2001:2<323::AID-EJOC323>3.0.CO;2-A

Retrosynthesis ID: 7727

#### 2.1.9 Claisen Condensation



#### Substrates:

1. Methyl acetate - available at Sigma-Aldrich

 $2. \ C/C = C/C1C2COC(=O)C2C = C(I)C1N(c1ccccc1B1OC(C)(C)C(C)(C)O1)S(=O)(=O)c1ccc(C)cc1$ 

## **Products:**

 ${\bf Typical\ conditions:}\ {\bf Base. Solvent}$ 

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1021/cr020703u and 10.1021/cr60088a002

Retrosynthesis ID: 5015

## ${f 2.1.10}$ Suzuki coupling of arylboronic pinacol esters with vinyl iodides

#### Substrates:

#### **Products:**

 $1. \ \ C/C = C/C1C2C(=CC3(C(C) = O)C(=O)OCC13)c1ccccc1N2S(=O)(=O)c1ccc(C)cc1$ 

Typical conditions: Pd catalyst.base.solvent

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1021/cr00039a007 and 10.1007/3418\_2012\_32 and 10.1021/cr0505268 and 10.1016/j.jfluchem.2016.01.018 and 10.1039/C3CS60197H

Retrosynthesis ID: 10176