# Paths of analysis\*

## Synthia

October 10, 2022

## 1 Analysis parameters

Analysis type: Automatic Retrosynthesis

Rules: none selected

Filters: Exclude Diastereoselecitve reactions, Tunnels, FGI, FGI with protec-

tions

Max. paths returned: 50

Max. iterations: 2000

Commercial:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

2. Max. price - 1500 \$/g

#### Published:

- 1. Max. molecular weight 1000 g/mol
- 2. Popularity 5

#### My Stockroom:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

**Reaction scoring formula:** TUNNEL\_COEF\*FGI\_COEF\*STEP\*20+1000 000\*(CONFLICT+NON SELECTIVITY+FILTERS+PROTECT)

Chemical scoring formula: SMALLER^ 3,SMALLER^ 1.5

Min. search width: 400

Max. reactions per product: 60

<sup>\*</sup>The results stated herein were generated using the proprietary platform owned and maintained by Grzybowski Scientific Inventions, Inc., a subsidiary of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt Germany. The results are provided on an as is basis, and shall be used solely in connection with the rights afforded in the license agreement and for no other purpose.

Strategies: none selected

FGI Coeff: 0

Tunnels Coeff: 0

JSON Parameters: {}

#### 2 Paths

1 path found. Paths are sorted by score. Reactions are sorted in appearance order for each path.

#### 2.1 Path 1

Score: 364.43

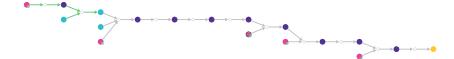
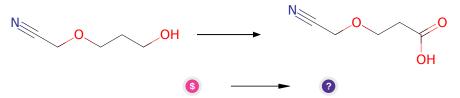


Figure 1: Outline of path 1

#### 2.1.1 Jones Oxidation



#### Substrates:

1. 2-(3-Hydroxypropoxy)acetonitrile - available at Sigma-Aldrich

#### **Products:**

1. N#CCOCCC(=O)O

 ${\bf Typical\ conditions:}\ {\bf cromate.sulfate. H2O. acetone}$ 

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1002/9780470638859.conrr349 and 10.1021/jm00270a004

Retrosynthesis ID: 11160

#### 2.1.2 Schmidt reaction

#### Substrates:

- 1. N#CCOCCC(=O)O
- 2. hydrazoic acid

#### **Products:**

1. C4H8N2O

Typical conditions: azide.H+.40C

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1039/B505080D Retrosynthesis ID: 11702

#### 2.1.3 Metal-free multicomponent synthesis of triazoles

#### Substrates:

- 1. 4-hydroxybut-2-ynophenone
- $2. \ \, {\rm Tosyl \ azide \ solution \ \textbf{-}} \quad \, \textit{available \ at \ Sigma-Aldrich}$
- 3. C4H8N2O

#### **Products:**

 $1.\ \, N\#CCOCCn1nncc1CO$ 

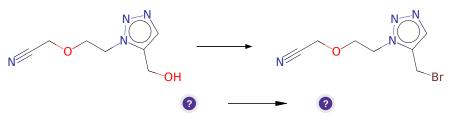
Typical conditions: 1. toluene.80C 2. LiOtBu.RT

 ${\bf Protections:}\ {\rm none}$ 

Reference: DOI: 10.1002/anie.201307499

Retrosynthesis ID: 6001

## 2.1.4 Appel Reaction



#### Substrates:

 $1.\ \, N\#CCOCCn1nncc1CO$ 

#### **Products:**

 $1. \ N\#CCOCCn1nncc1CBr$ 

Typical conditions: PPh3.CBr4

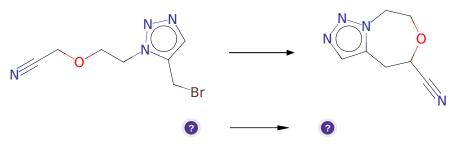
Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1021/ja800574m and 10.1016/j.tet.2012.05.010 and

10.1016/j.tet.2004.09.021 (experimental)

Retrosynthesis ID: 9990037

#### 2.1.5 Alkylation of Nitriles



## ${\bf Substrates:}$

 $1.\ \, N\#CCOCCn1nncc1CBr$ 

#### **Products:**

 $1.\ \, N\#CC1Cc2cnnn2CCO1$ 

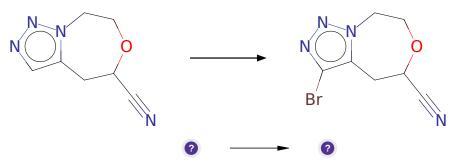
Typical conditions: base e.g. BuLi.THF

Protections: none

**Reference:** WO2016/71211A1 p. 47 and WO2017/25491A1 p. 36 and WO2014/150331A1 p. 57 and US2007/129379A1 p. 37 and 10.1021/ja058303m and 10.1021/acs.orglett.9b03078 and 10.1016/S0040-4020(01)80336-7

Retrosynthesis ID: 31017112

#### 2.1.6 Bromination of aromatic compounds



#### Substrates:

 $1.\ \, N\#CC1Cc2cnnn2CCO1$ 

#### **Products:**

 $1. \ \mathrm{N\#CC1Cc2c(Br)nnn2CCO1}$ 

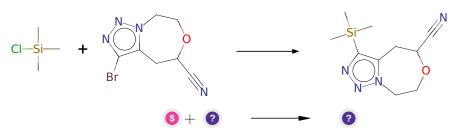
Typical conditions: Br2.Fe

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/acs.accounts.6b00120

Retrosynthesis ID: 7777000

## 2.1.7 Synthesis of silanes, stannanes and germanes from Grignard reagents



Substrates:

1. TMSCl - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. N#CC1Cc2c(Br)nnn2CCO1

#### **Products:**

1. C[Si](C)(C)c1nnn2c1CC(C#N)OCC2

Typical conditions: 1.nBuLi.or.Mg.THF.-78C.2.Si-Cl.to.rt

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1021/jo802433t AND 10.1021/ja01108a009

Retrosynthesis ID: 5402

#### 2.1.8 Alkylation of Nitriles

#### Substrates:

1. Allyl bromide - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. C[Si](C)(C)c1nnn2c1CC(C#N)OCC2

#### **Products:**

1. C=CCC1(C#N)Cc2c([Si](C)(C)C)nnn2CCO1

Typical conditions: base e.g. BuLi.THF

Protections: none

**Reference:** WO2016/71211A1 p. 47 and WO2017/25491A1 p. 36 and WO2014/150331A1 p. 57 and US2007/129379A1 p. 37 and 10.1021/ja058303m and 10.1021/acs.orglett.9b03078 and 10.1016/S0040-4020(01)80336-7

Retrosynthesis ID: 31017112

## 2.1.9 Reduction of nitriles to aldehydes

#### Substrates:

 $1. \ C{=}CCC1(C{\#}N)Cc2c([Si](C)(C)C)nnn2CCO1$ 

#### **Products:**

 $1. \ C{=}CCC1(C{=}O)Cc2c([Si](C)(C)C)nnn2CCO1 \\$ 

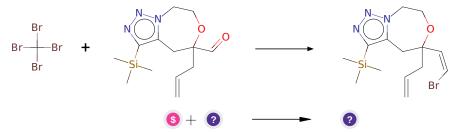
 ${\bf Typical\ conditions:\ DIBALH.DCM}$ 

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1016/j.bmc.2006.01.061 and 10.1016/j.tet.2012.07.022 and 10.1016/j.bmcl.2009.01.075 and 10.1016/j.bmcl.2007.09.081 and 10.1021/jo000502v

Retrosynthesis ID: 31406

#### 2.1.10 Synthesis of Z-bromoalkenes



#### Substrates:

- 1. Tetrabromomethane available at Sigma-Aldrich
- $2. \ C{=}CCC1(C{=}O)Cc2c([Si](C)(C)C)nnn2CCO1 \\$

#### **Products:**

1.  $C=CCC1(/C=C\backslash Br)Cc2c([Si](C)(C)C)nnn2CCO1$ 

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} \textbf{Typical} & \textbf{conditions:} & 1. CBr 4. Ph 3P. TEA. THF. cooling & to & rt. 2. \\ nBu 3Sn H. Pd (PPh 3) 4. toluene. rt & toluene. rt & toluene. rt & toluene. respectively. The support of the property of the property$ 

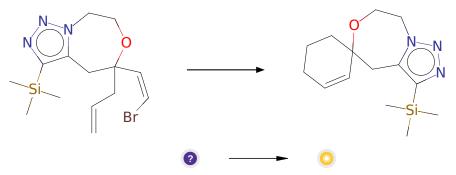
Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1002/chem.201101630 (SI p.13) and 10.1021/jo0498157 and

10.1016/j.tetlet.2004.01.151 and 10.1021/ol035127i

Retrosynthesis ID: 10001762

#### 2.1.11 Suzuki alkyl-vinyl coupling



#### Substrates:

1.  $C=CCC1(/C=C\backslash Br)Cc2c([Si](C)(C)C)nnn2CCO1$ 

#### **Products:**

1. C[Si](C)(C)c1nnn2c1CC1(C=CCCC1)OCC2

Typical conditions: 1. 9BBN-H. or. PinB-Bpin. Cu. 2. [Pd]. Ligand. Base

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1002/1521-3773(20011217)40:24<4544::AID-ANIE4544>3.0.CO;2-

N and 10.1021/ol300575d

Retrosynthesis ID: 10034491