Paths of analysis*

Synthia

October 11, 2022

1 Analysis parameters

Analysis type: Automatic Retrosynthesis

Rules: none selected

Filters: Tunnels, FGI, FGI with protections

Max. paths returned: 50

Max. iterations: 2000

Commercial:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

2. Max. price - 1500 \$/g

Published:

- 1. Max. molecular weight 1000 g/mol
- 2. Popularity 5

My Stockroom:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

Reaction scoring formula: TUNNEL_COEF*FGI_COEF*STEP*20+1000 000*(CONFLICT+NON SELECTIVITY+FILTERS+PROTECT)

Chemical scoring formula: SMALLER^ 3,SMALLER^ 1.5

Min. search width: 400

Max. reactions per product: 60

Strategies: none selected

^{*}The results stated herein were generated using the proprietary platform owned and maintained by Grzybowski Scientific Inventions, Inc., a subsidiary of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt Germany. The results are provided on an as is basis, and shall be used solely in connection with the rights afforded in the license agreement and for no other purpose.

FGI Coeff: 0

Tunnels Coeff: 0

JSON Parameters: {}

2 Paths

5 paths found. Paths are sorted by score. Reactions are sorted in appearance order for each path.

2.1 Path 1

Score: 51.25

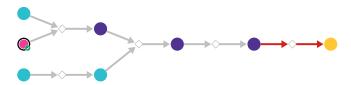
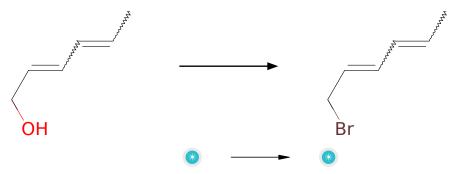


Figure 1: Outline of path 1

2.1.1 Appel Reaction



Substrates:

1. sorbic alcohol

Products:

1. 1-brom-hexa-2,4-dien

Typical conditions: PPh3.CBr4

 ${\bf Protections:}\ {\rm none}$

Reference: 10.1021/ja800574m and 10.1016/j.tet.2012.05.010 and

10.1016/j.tet.2004.09.021 (experimental)

Retrosynthesis ID: 9990037

2.1.2 Enol esters and ethers synthesis

Substrates:

1. 2-benzyl-acetoacetic acid

2. TMSCl - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. CC(O[Si](C)(C)C)=C(Cc1cccc1)C(=O)O

Typical conditions: 1. Et3N.Electrophile

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/S0040-4020(03)00977-3 AND 10.1021/ja00056a002

Retrosynthesis ID: 7799

2.1.3 Synthesis of esters from alkyl chlorides and carboxylic acids or thioacids



Substrates:

1. 1-brom-hexa-2,4-dien

2. CC(O[Si](C)(C)C)=C(Cc1cccc1)C(=O)O

Products:

1. CC=CC=CCOC(=O)C(Cc1cccc1)=C(C)O[Si](C)(C)C

Typical conditions: K2CO3.DMF

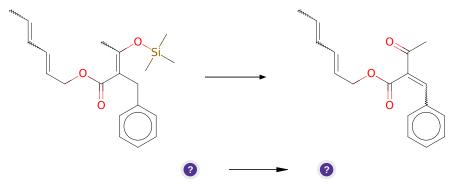
Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.bmcl.2005.08.026 AND 10.1021/ol034655r (SI) AND

10.1039/C3RA41967C AND 10.1016/j.bmcl.2012.03.093

Retrosynthesis ID: 14685

2.1.4 Dehydrogenation of silyl enol ethers



Substrates:

1. CC=CC=CCOC(=O)C(Cc1ccccc1)=C(C)O[Si](C)(C)C

Products:

1. CC=CC=CCOC(=O)C(=Cc1ccccc1)C(C)=O

Typical conditions: Pd(OAc)2.Cu(OAc)2.O2.MeCN

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1271/bbb.60.405 and 10.1039/C3CC46778C and US2015284405 p.40 and 10.1016/S0040-4039(01)81518-5 and US2010204477 p. 15-16 and 10.1016/0040-4039(95)00694-8 and 10.1021/jo00089a034 and 10.1016/S0040-4020(01)90587-3 and 10.1080/00397919008052802 and 10.1021/ja00218a060

Retrosynthesis ID: 9999877

2.1.5 Diels-Alder

Substrates:

 $1. \ \ CC=CC=CCOC(=O)C(=Cc1ccccc1)C(C)=O$

Products:

1. CC(=O)C12C(=O)OCC1C=CC(C)C2c1ccccc1

Typical conditions: Lewis acid or chiral Lewis acid. Solvent.

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1002/1521-3773(20020517)41:10<1668::AID-

 $ANIE1668{>}3.0.CO; 2\text{-}Z\ AND 10.1021/ja062508t$

Retrosynthesis ID: 18116

2.2 Path 2

Score: 76.25

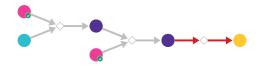


Figure 2: Outline of path 2

2.2.1 Synthesis of 1,3-dicarbonyl compounds from 1,3-dioxinones

Substrates:

1. Diketene acetone adduct - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. sorbic alcohol

Products:

 $1. \ \mathrm{CC}{=}\mathrm{CC}{=}\mathrm{CCOC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{CC}(\mathrm{C}){=}\mathrm{O}$

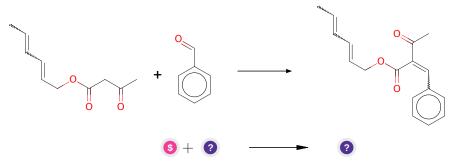
Typical conditions: alcohol

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1021/ja00154a049

Retrosynthesis ID: 12398

2.2.2 Knoevenagel Condensation



Substrates:

1. Benzaldehyde - available at Sigma-Aldrich

 $2. \ CC=CC=CCOC(=O)CC(C)=O$

Products:

 $1. \ \ CC=CC=CCOC(=O)C(=Cc1ccccc1)C(C)=O$

Typical conditions: base e.g.piperidine. solvent

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1002/0471264180.or015.02 and 10.13005/ojc/350154

Retrosynthesis ID: 252

2.2.3 Diels-Alder

Substrates:

 $1. \ \ CC=CC=CCOC(=O)C(=Cc1ccccc1)C(C)=O$

Products:

1. CC(=O)C12C(=O)OCC1C=CC(C)C2c1ccccc1

Typical conditions: Lewis acid or chiral Lewis acid. Solvent.

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1002/1521-3773(20020517)41:10<1668::AID-

ANIE1668 > 3.0.CO; 2-Z AND 10.1021/ja062508t

Retrosynthesis ID: 18116

2.3 Path 3

Score: 76.25

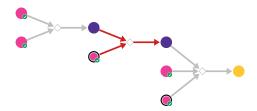
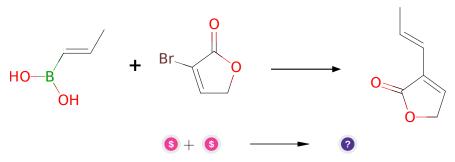


Figure 3: Outline of path 3

2.3.1 Suzuki coupling of vinyl bromides with alkenyl boronic acids



Substrates:

- 1. trans-Propenylboronic acid available at Sigma-Aldrich
- 2. 3-bromo-2,5-dihydrofuran-2-one available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

 $1. \ C/C = C/C1 = CCOC1 = O$

Typical conditions: Pd catalyst.base.solvent

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/cr00039a007 and 10.1007/3418_2012_32 and 10.1021/cr0505268 and 10.1016/j.jfluchem.2016.01.018 and 10.1039/C3CS60197H

Retrosynthesis ID: 24937

2.3.2 Diels-Alder

Substrates:

1. Calcium carbide - available at Sigma-Aldrich

 $2. \hspace{0.1cm} \text{C/C=C/C1=CCOC1=O}$

Products:

 $1. \ \mathrm{CC1C}{=}\mathrm{CC2COC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C2}{=}\mathrm{C1}$

Typical conditions: H2O.MeOH.EtOH.isooctane

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1002/1521-3773(20020517)41:10<1668::AID-ANIE1668>3.0.CO;2-

Z

Retrosynthesis ID: 10557

2.3.3 Conjugated addition of organocuprate-acylation of enones and enoate esters

Substrates:

1. Iodobenzene - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. CC1C=CC2COC(=O)C2=C1

3. Acetyl chloride - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. CC(=O)C12C(=O)OCC1C=CC(C)C2c1ccccc1

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:}\ 1. RCuLi. 2. AcCl. HMPA$

Protections: none

Reference: 10.3987/COM-99-S143 AND 10.1021/ja00148a023 AND

10.1016/S0040-4039(01)80891-1

Retrosynthesis ID: 12521

2.4 Path 4

Score: 76.25

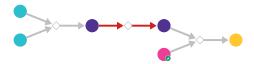
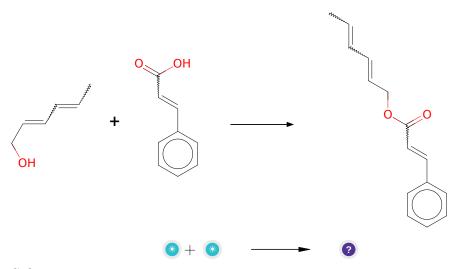


Figure 4: Outline of path 4

2.4.1 Steglich Esterification



Substrates:

1. cinnamic acid

2. sorbic alcohol

Products:

 $1. \ \ CC=CC=CCOC(=O)C=Cc1ccccc1$

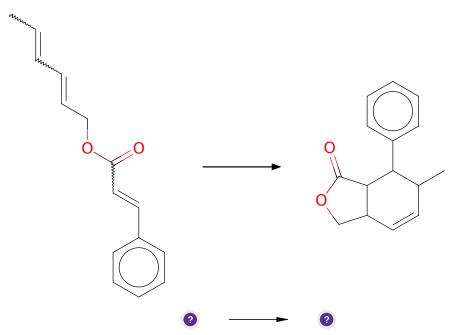
Typical conditions: alcohol.DCC.DMAP.DCM or thiol.DCC.DMAP.DCM

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1002/anie.197805221

Retrosynthesis ID: 10171

2.4.2 Diels-Alder



Substrates:

 $1. \ \ CC=CC=CCOC(=O)C=Cc1ccccc1$

Products:

1. CC1C=CC2COC(=O)C2C1c1ccccc1

Typical conditions: Lewis acid or chiral Lewis acid. Solvent.

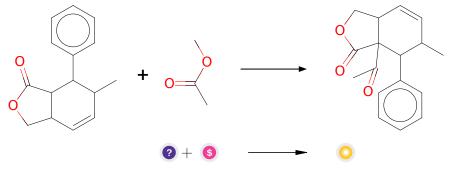
Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1002/1521-3773(20020517)41:10<1668::AID-

ANIE1668>3.0.CO;2-Z AND10.1021/ja062508t

Retrosynthesis ID: 18116

2.4.3 Claisen Condensation



Substrates:

1. CC1C=CC2COC(=O)C2C1c1ccccc1

2. Methyl acetate - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. CC(=O)C12C(=O)OCC1C=CC(C)C2c1ccccc1

Typical conditions: Base.Solvent

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/cr020703u and 10.1021/cr60088a002

Retrosynthesis ID: 5015

2.5 Path 5

Score: 76.25

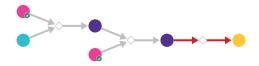


Figure 5: Outline of path 5

2.5.1 Steglich Esterification

Substrates:

1. Lithium acetoacetate - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. sorbic alcohol

Products:

1. CC=CC=CCOC(=O)CC(C)=O

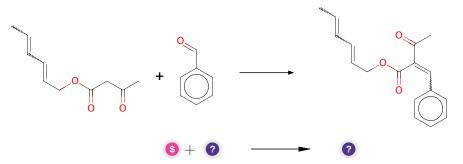
Typical conditions: alcohol.DCC.DMAP.DCM or thiol.DCC.DMAP.DCM

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1002/anie.197805221

Retrosynthesis ID: 10171

2.5.2 Knoevenagel Condensation



Substrates:

1. Benzaldehyde - available at Sigma-Aldrich

$$2. \ \mathrm{CC}{=}\mathrm{CC}{=}\mathrm{CCOC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{CC}(\mathrm{C}){=}\mathrm{O}$$

Products:

 $1. \ CC{=}CC{=}CCOC({=}O)C({=}Cc1cccc1)C(C){=}O$

Typical conditions: base e.g.piperidine. solvent

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1002/0471264180.or015.02 and 10.13005/ojc/350154

Retrosynthesis ID: 252

2.5.3 Diels-Alder

Substrates:

 $1. \ \ CC=CC=CCOC(=O)C(=Cc1ccccc1)C(C)=O$

Products:

 $1. \ \mathrm{CC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C}12\mathrm{C}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{O}\mathrm{C}\mathrm{C}1\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{CC}(\mathrm{C})\mathrm{C}2\mathrm{c}1\mathrm{c}\mathrm{c}\mathrm{c}\mathrm{c}\mathrm{c}1$

Typical conditions: Lewis acid or chiral Lewis acid. Solvent.

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1002/1521-3773(20020517)41:10<1668::AID-

ANIE1668>3.0.CO;2-Z AND10.1021/ja062508t

Retrosynthesis ID: 18116