# Paths of analysis\*

## Synthia

October 10, 2022

## 1 Analysis parameters

Analysis type: Automatic Retrosynthesis

Rules: none selected

Filters: Exclude Diastereoselecitve reactions, Tunnels, FGI, FGI with protec-

tions

Max. paths returned: 50

Max. iterations: 2000

Commercial:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

2. Max. price - 1500 \$/g

#### Published:

- 1. Max. molecular weight 1000 g/mol
- 2. Popularity 5

## My Stockroom:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

**Reaction scoring formula:** TUNNEL\_COEF\*FGI\_COEF\*STEP\*20+1000 000\*(CONFLICT+NON SELECTIVITY+FILTERS+PROTECT)

Chemical scoring formula: SMALLER^ 3,SMALLER^ 1.5

Min. search width: 400

Max. reactions per product: 60

<sup>\*</sup>The results stated herein were generated using the proprietary platform owned and maintained by Grzybowski Scientific Inventions, Inc., a subsidiary of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt Germany. The results are provided on an as is basis, and shall be used solely in connection with the rights afforded in the license agreement and for no other purpose.

Strategies: none selected

FGI Coeff: 0

Tunnels Coeff: 0

JSON Parameters: {}

## 2 Paths

3 paths found. Paths are sorted by score. Reactions are sorted in appearance order for each path.

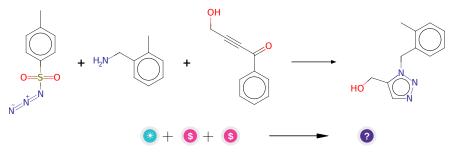
## 2.1 Path 1

Score: 346.85



Figure 1: Outline of path 1

## 2.1.1 Metal-free multicomponent synthesis of triazoles



## Substrates:

- 1. 4-hydroxybut-2-ynophenone
- 3. 2-Methylbenzylamine available at Sigma-Aldrich

## **Products:**

1. Cc1cccc1Cn1nncc1CO

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ 1. \ toluene. 80C \ 2. \ LiOtBu.RT$ 

Protections: none

**Reference:** DOI: 10.1002/anie.201307499

Retrosynthesis ID: 6001

## 2.1.2 Appel Reaction

## Substrates:

1. Cc1cccc1Cn1nncc1CO

## Products:

 $1. \ \ Cc1ccccc1Cn1nncc1CBr$ 

Typical conditions: PPh3.CBr4

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1021/ja800574m and 10.1016/j.tet.2012.05.010 and

10.1016/j.tet.2004.09.021 (experimental)

Retrosynthesis ID: 9990037

## 2.1.3 Bromination of aromatic compounds



#### Substrates:

 $1. \ \ Cc1ccccc1Cn1nncc1CBr$ 

#### **Products:**

1. Cc1cccc1Cn1nnc(Br)c1CBr

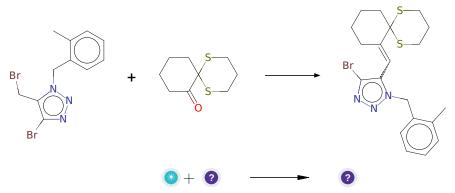
Typical conditions: Br2.Fe

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/acs.accounts.6b00120

Retrosynthesis ID: 7777000

## ${\bf 2.1.4}\quad {\bf HWE/Wittig\ Olefination}$



## Substrates:

 $1.\ 1, 5\text{-}dithia\text{-}spiro [5.5] unde can-7\text{-}one$ 

2. Cc1ccccc1Cn1nnc(Br)c1CBr

#### **Products:**

 $1. \ Cc1ccccc1Cn1nnc(Br)c1C = C1CCCCC12SCCCS2$ 

Typical conditions: 1.PPh3 or trialkylphosphite.2.base.aldehyde

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1002/anie.200705005 and 10.1021/ol052106a and

10.1021/jo00075a064 and 10.1021/ol3027297

## 2.1.5 Hydroxylation of benzylic position

## Substrates:

 $1. \ \, Cc1ccccc1Cn1nnc(Br)c1C = C1CCCCC12SCCCS2$ 

## **Products:**

 $1. \ \ OCc1ccccc1Cn1nnc(Br)c1C = C1CCCCC12SCCCS2$ 

Typical conditions: 1.Ce(OTf)4.MeCN.2.NaBH4

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1039/B008843I and WO2012137047 p.12

Retrosynthesis ID: 27139

## 2.1.6 Synthesis of teriary ethers

## Substrates:

 $1. \ \ OCc1ccccc1Cn1nnc(Br)c1C = C1CCCCC12SCCCS2$ 

#### **Products:**

 $1. \ Brc1nnn2c1CC1(CCCCC13SCCCS3)OCc1ccccc1C2 \\$ 

Typical conditions: H2SO4

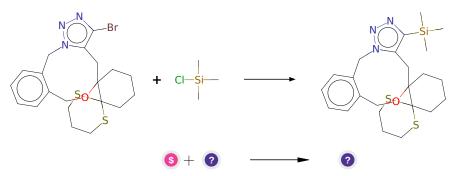
Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1016/j.tet.2009.10.055 and WO2009011551 (p.14 example 5) and 10.1002/chem.201304580 and 10.1021/jm9811209 and US2007/225280A1 p.58 and

WO2009/62285A1~p.50~and~CN106928032A~p.0040

Retrosynthesis ID: 10001897

## 2.1.7 Synthesis of arylsilanes



## Substrates:

1. TMSCl - available at Sigma-Aldrich

 $2. \ \, Brc1nnn2c1CC1(CCCCC13SCCCS3)OCc1ccccc1C2$ 

## **Products:**

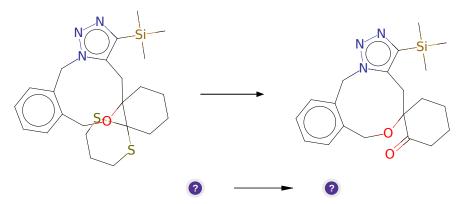
 $1. \ C[Si](C)(C)c1nnn2c1CC1(CCCCC13SCCCS3)OCc1ccccc1C2$ 

Typical conditions: 1.nBuLi.2.ClSnR3

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1071/CH9851147.

## 2.1.8 Synthesis of ketones from dithianes



## Substrates:

 $1. \ C[Si](C)(C)c1nnn2c1CC1(CCCCC13SCCCS3)OCc1ccccc1C2 \\$ 

## **Products:**

 $1. \ C[Si](C)(C)c1nnn2c1CC1(CCCCC1=O)OCc1ccccc1C2$ 

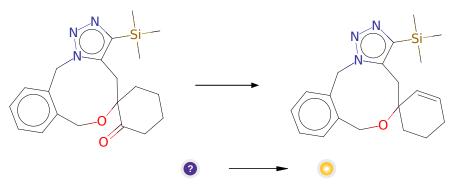
Typical conditions: MeI.CaCO3

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1016/j.tet.2013.09.075 and 10.1021/jo00007a015 and 10.1021/jo0610412 and 10.1021/ol901024t and 10.1021/ol500553x and 10.1021/jo0626459

Retrosynthesis ID: 31724

## 2.1.9 Shapiro reaction



## Substrates:

 $1. \ C[Si](C)(C)c1nnn2c1CC1(CCCCC1=O)OCc1ccccc1C2 \\$ 

## **Products:**

1. C[Si](C)(C)c1nnn2c1CC1(C=CCCC1)OCc1ccccc1C2

Typical conditions: 1.TsNH2NH2.2.N-BuLi

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1021/jm4008517 and 10.1016/j.bmc.2009.08.038 and

10.1021/jo00350a003

Retrosynthesis ID: 9990398

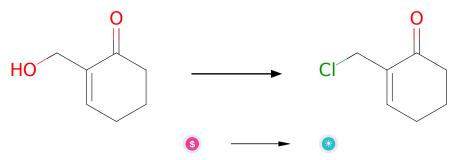
## 2.2 Path 2

Score: 359.64



Figure 2: Outline of path 2

## 2.2.1 Synthesis of alkyl chlorides from alcohols



## Substrates:

1. 2-(hydroxymethyl)cyclohex-2-en-1-one - available at Sigma-Aldrich

## **Products:**

1. 2-chloromethyl-2-cyclohexen-1-one

Typical conditions: cyanuric chloride.DMF.DCM.RT

Protections: none

**Reference:** DOI: 10.1021/ol017168p

Retrosynthesis ID: 11617

## 2.2.2 Luche Reduction

## Substrates:

1. 2-chloromethyl-2-cyclohexen-1-one

## **Products:**

1. OC1CCCC=C1CCl

Typical conditions: CeCl3.NaBH4.MeOH

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1002/9780470638859.conrr400

Retrosynthesis ID: 10180

## 2.2.3 Alkylation of terminal Alkynes

## Substrates:

1. 1-Phenylpropynone - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. OC1CCCC=C1CCl

## Products:

 $1. \ O{=}C(C\#CCC1{=}CCCCC1O)c1ccccc1$ 

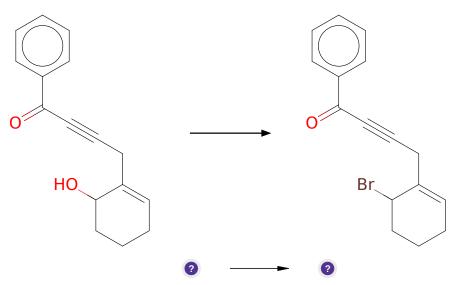
Typical conditions: K2CO3.CuI.TBAB.solvent

Protections: none

**Reference:** DOI: 10.1021/ja064223m (SI, page S-3) AND 10.1016/j.tet.2008.01.139 AND 10.1021/ol049474j AND Patent: US5231232 A1 , page 4

Retrosynthesis ID: 10617

## 2.2.4 Appel Reaction



#### Substrates:

 $1. \ O{=}C(C\#CCC1{=}CCCCC1O)c1ccccc1$ 

## **Products:**

 $1. \ O{=}C(C\#CCC1{=}CCCCC1Br)c1ccccc1$ 

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ PPh 3. CBr 4$ 

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1016/j.jfluchem.2015.03.009 and 10.1016/j.tet.2005.12.006 and

10.1021/jm00161a029 and 10.1055/s-1995-5215

Retrosynthesis ID: 9990042

## ${\bf 2.2.5} \quad {\bf Metal\text{-}free\ multicomponent\ synthesis\ of\ triazoles}$

## Substrates:

1. Tosyl azide solution - available at Sigma-Aldrich

 $2. \ \ [2\text{-}(aminomethyl)phenyl] methanol - \\ \qquad \textit{available at Sigma-Aldrich}$ 

3. O=C(C#CCC1=CCCCC1Br)c1ccccc1

## Products:

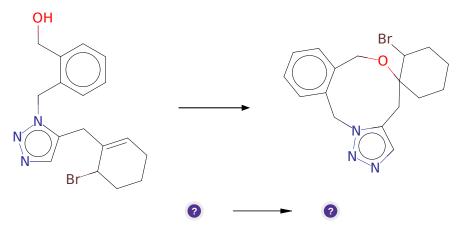
 $1. \ \ OCc1ccccc1Cn1nncc1CC1 = CCCCC1Br$ 

Typical conditions: 1. toluene.80C 2. LiOtBu.RT

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1002/anie.201307499

## 2.2.6 Synthesis of teriary ethers



## Substrates:

 $1. \ \ OCc1ccccc1Cn1nncc1CC1 = CCCCC1Br$ 

## **Products:**

 $1. \ BrC1CCCC12Cc1cnnn1Cc1ccccc1CO2$ 

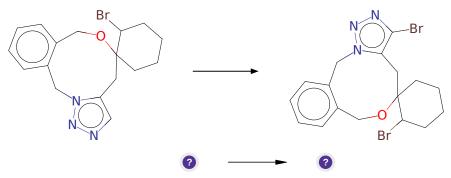
Typical conditions: H2SO4

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1016/j.tet.2009.10.055 and WO2009011551 (p.14 example 5) and 10.1002/chem.201304580 and 10.1021/jm9811209 and US2007/225280A1 p.58 and WO2009/62285A1 p.50 and CN106928032A p.0040

Retrosynthesis ID: 10001897

## 2.2.7 Bromination of aromatic compounds



Substrates:

1. BrC1CCCC12Cc1cnnn1Cc1ccccc1CO2

## **Products:**

1. Brc1nnn2c1CC1(CCCCC1Br)OCc1ccccc1C2

Typical conditions: Br2.Fe

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/acs.accounts.6b00120

Retrosynthesis ID: 7777000

## 2.2.8 Elimination of bromide

#### Substrates:

1. Brc1nnn2c1CC1(CCCCC1Br)OCc1ccccc1C2

## **Products:**

1. Brc1nnn2c1CC1(C=CCCC1)OCc1ccccc1C2

Typical conditions: K2CO3.DMF

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.jfluchem.2011.08.011 and 10.1039/P19920002971 and

10.1002/cber.19841170909 and 10.1021/ja01570a042

## 2.2.9 Synthesis of arylsilanes

## Substrates:

- 1. TMSCl available at Sigma-Aldrich
- $2. \ \, Brc1nnn2c1CC1(C=CCCC1)OCc1ccccc1C2$

## **Products:**

 $1. \ C[Si](C)(C)c1nnn2c1CC1(C=CCCC1)OCc1ccccc1C2$ 

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:}\ 1.nBuLi.2.ClSnR3$ 

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1071/CH9851147.

Retrosynthesis ID: 5370

## 2.3 Path 3

Score: 389.45



Figure 3: Outline of path 3

## ${\bf 2.3.1} \quad {\bf 1,3\text{-}Dipolar} \quad {\bf cycloaddition} \quad {\bf of} \quad {\bf azides} \quad {\bf with} \quad {\bf electron\text{-}deficient} \\ \quad {\bf alkynes} \quad$

#### Substrates:

1. Methyl propiolate - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. Azido-o-xylene solution - available at Sigma-Aldrich

#### **Products:**

1. COC(=O)c1cnnn1Cc1ccccc1C

Typical conditions: H2O.rt

Protections: none

**Reference:** DOI: 10.1016/j.tetlet.2004.02.089

Retrosynthesis ID: 295219

## 2.3.2 Esters reduction with LAH

## Substrates:

 $1. \ \, COC(=O)c1cnnn1Cc1cccc1C$ 

## ${\bf Products:}$

## 1. Cc1ccccc1Cn1nncc1CO

Typical conditions: LiAlH4.THF.0-20  $\mathrm C$ 

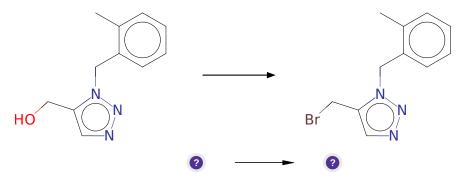
Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1016/j.ejmech.2019.112011 p. 5, 10 and

10.1016/j.ejmech.2020.112910 p. 3, 7

Retrosynthesis ID: 9910006

## 2.3.3 Appel Reaction



## Substrates:

1. Cc1cccc1Cn1nncc1CO

## **Products:**

1. Cc1cccc1Cn1nncc1CBr

Typical conditions: PPh3.CBr4

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1021/ja800574m and 10.1016/j.tet.2012.05.010 and

10.1016/j.tet.2004.09.021 (experimental)

Retrosynthesis ID: 9990037

## 2.3.4 HWE/Wittig Olefination



#### Substrates:

 $1. \ \ Cc1ccccc1Cn1nncc1CBr$ 

2. Cyclohexanone - available at Sigma-Aldrich

#### **Products:**

1. Cc1cccc1Cn1nncc1C=C1CCCCC1

Typical conditions: 1.PPh3 or trialkylphosphite.2.base.aldehyde

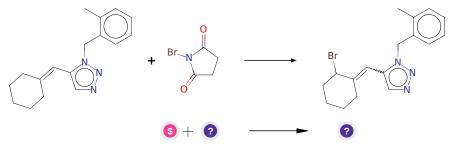
Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1002/anie.200705005 and 10.1021/ol052106a and

10.1021/jo00075a064 and 10.1021/ol3027297

Retrosynthesis ID: 24425

## 2.3.5 Wohl-Ziegler Bromination



## Substrates:

1. N-Bromosuccinimide - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. Cc1ccccc1Cn1nncc1C=C1CCCCC1

## **Products:**

1. Cc1ccccc1Cn1nncc1C=C1CCCCC1Br

Typical conditions: NBS.AIBN or (BzO)2 or heat

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1002/bscb.19830920407 and 10.1002/prac.19813230417 and

10.1002/cbic.201402000

## 2.3.6 Hydroxylation of benzylic position

#### Substrates:

1. Cc1ccccc1Cn1nncc1C=C1CCCCC1Br

## **Products:**

1. OCc1ccccc1Cn1nncc1C=C1CCCCC1Br

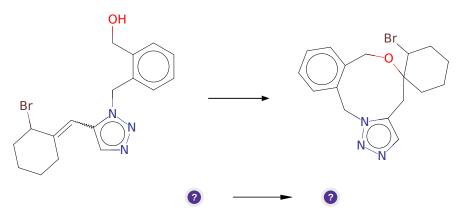
Typical conditions: 1.Ce(OTf)4.MeCN.2.NaBH4

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1039/B008843I and WO2012137047 p.12

Retrosynthesis ID: 27139

## 2.3.7 Synthesis of teriary ethers



## Substrates:

 $1. \ \ OCc1ccccc1Cn1nncc1C = C1CCCCC1Br$ 

## **Products:**

1. BrC1CCCCC12Cc1cnnn1Cc1ccccc1CO2

Typical conditions: H2SO4

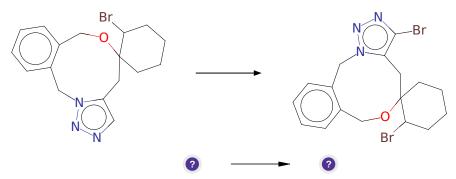
Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1016/j.tet.2009.10.055 and WO2009011551 (p.14 example 5) and 10.1002/chem.201304580 and 10.1021/jm9811209 and US2007/225280A1 p.58 and

WO2009/62285A1~p.50~and~CN106928032A~p.0040

Retrosynthesis ID: 10001897

## 2.3.8 Bromination of aromatic compounds



#### Substrates:

1. BrC1CCCC12Cc1cnnn1Cc1ccccc1CO2

#### **Products:**

1. Brc1nnn2c1CC1(CCCCC1Br)OCc1cccc1C2

Typical conditions: Br2.Fe

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/acs.accounts.6b00120

## 2.3.9 Elimination of bromide

#### Substrates:

 $1. \ Brc1nnn2c1CC1(CCCCC1Br)OCc1ccccc1C2$ 

## **Products:**

 $1. \ Brc1nnn2c1CC1(C=CCCC1)OCc1ccccc1C2$ 

Typical conditions: K2CO3.DMF

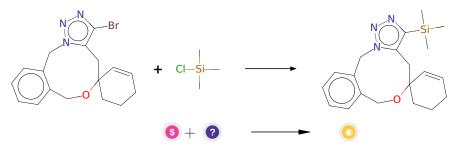
Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.jfluchem.2011.08.011 and 10.1039/P19920002971 and

10.1002/cber.19841170909 and 10.1021/ja01570a042

Retrosynthesis ID: 23585

## 2.3.10 Synthesis of arylsilanes



#### Substrates:

- 1. TMSCl available at Sigma-Aldrich
- $2. \ \, Brc1nnn2c1CC1(C=CCCC1)OCc1ccccc1C2$

## **Products:**

 $1. \ C[Si](C)(C)c1nnn2c1CC1(C=CCCC1)OCc1ccccc1C2$ 

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:}\ 1.nBuLi.2.ClSnR3$ 

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1071/CH9851147.