# Paths of analysis\*

## Synthia

October 10, 2022

# 1 Analysis parameters

Analysis type: Automatic Retrosynthesis

Rules: none selected

Filters: Exclude Diastereoselecitve reactions, Tunnels, FGI, FGI with protec-

tions

Max. paths returned: 50

Max. iterations: 2000

Commercial:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

2. Max. price - 1500 \$/g

#### Published:

- 1. Max. molecular weight 1000 g/mol
- 2. Popularity 5

### My Stockroom:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

**Reaction scoring formula:** TUNNEL\_COEF\*FGI\_COEF\*STEP\*20+1000 000\*(CONFLICT+NON SELECTIVITY+FILTERS+PROTECT)

Chemical scoring formula: SMALLER^ 3,SMALLER^ 1.5

Min. search width: 400

Max. reactions per product: 60

<sup>\*</sup>The results stated herein were generated using the proprietary platform owned and maintained by Grzybowski Scientific Inventions, Inc., a subsidiary of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt Germany. The results are provided on an as is basis, and shall be used solely in connection with the rights afforded in the license agreement and for no other purpose.

 ${\bf Strategies:} \ {\bf none} \ {\bf selected}$ 

FGI Coeff: 0

Tunnels Coeff: 0

JSON Parameters: {}

## 2 Paths

2 paths found. Paths are sorted by score. Reactions are sorted in appearance order for each path.

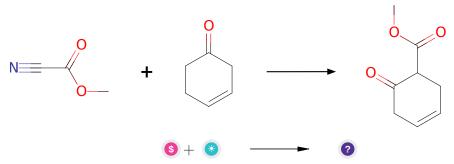
## 2.1 Path 1

Score: 16764486.08



Figure 1: Outline of path 1

## 2.1.1 Mander methoxycarbonylation of ketones



## Substrates:

- $1. \ \ Methyl\ cyanoformate \qquad \textit{available\ at\ Sigma-Aldrich}$
- 2. cyclohex-3-enone

## Products:

1. COC(=O)C1CC=CCC1=O

Typical conditions: 1) MeLi.Et2O or THF 2) Methyl cyanoacetate. Et2O or

THF

Protections: none

**Reference:** DOI: 10.1016/s0040-4039(00)87886-7

Retrosynthesis ID: 50436

## 2.1.2 Alkylation of ketones

### Substrates:

1. COC(=O)C1CC=CCC1=O

2. Potassium (bromomethyl)trifluoroborate - available at Sigma-Aldrich

### **Products:**

1. COC(=O)C1CC=CC(C[B-](F)(F)F)C1=O

Typical conditions: LDA or other base. THF.-78C

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1021/ja0123554

## 2.1.3 Krapcho decarboxylation

## Substrates:

 $1. \ \mathrm{COC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C1CC} = \mathrm{CC}(\mathrm{C[B-](F)(F)F})\mathrm{C1} = \mathrm{O}$ 

## Products:

1. O=C1CCC=CC1C[B-](F)(F)F

Typical conditions: LiCl.DMSO.150oC

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.3998/ark.5550190.0008.201 and

10.3184/174751911X12964930076403

Retrosynthesis ID: 5025

## 2.1.4 Iodination of aromatic compounds

Substrates:

#### **Products:**

 $1. \ \ OCc1c(I)nnn1-c1ccccc1Br$ 

Typical conditions: I2 or other iodinating agent e.g. NIS

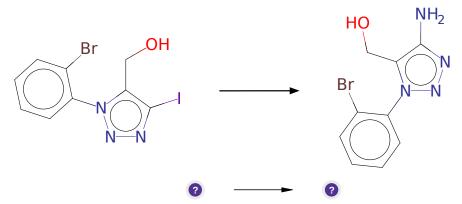
Protections: none

**Reference:** DOI: 10.1039/C5SC00964B and 10.1016/j.tetlet.2005.05.117 and

10.1007/s11178-005-0256-1

Retrosynthesis ID: 10697

## 2.1.5 Coupling of Ammonia with Aryl Halides



#### Substrates:

 $1. \ \ OCc1c(I)nnn1-c1ccccc1Br$ 

#### **Products:**

1. Nc1nnn(-c2cccc2Br)c1CO

Typical conditions: Pd[(P(p-tol)3]2.NaOtBu.dioxane.heat

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1021/ja903049z and 10.1021/jo9006738

## ${\bf 2.1.6}\quad {\bf Suzuki\ Coupling\ of\ arylbromides\ and\ alkyltrifluor oborates}$

## Substrates:

- 1. Nc1nnn(-c2cccc2Br)c1CO
- $2. \ O{=}C1CCC{=}CC1C[B{-}](F)(F)F$

### **Products:**

 $1. \ \, \text{Nc1nnn}(\text{-c2cccc2CC2C=CCC2=O}) \text{c1CO}$ 

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ \mathrm{Pd}(\mathrm{OAc}) \\ 2. \\ \mathrm{SPhos.} \\ \mathrm{K3PO4.H2O.reflux}$ 

 ${\bf Protections:}\ {\bf none}$ 

**Reference:** 10.1021/jo0343331 and EP1867650 p.36

Retrosynthesis ID: 10033481

## 2.1.7 Sandmeyer Reaction

# Substrates:

1. Nc1nnn(-c2cccc2CC2C=CCCC2=O)c1CO

#### **Products:**

1. O=C1CCC=CC1Cc1ccccc1-n1nnc(Br)c1CO

Typical conditions: IsoAmONO or t-BuONO.CuBr2.MeCN or

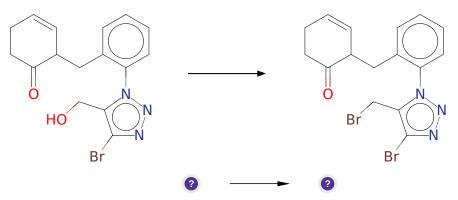
 ${\rm HBr.CuBr2.NaNO2}$ 

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1002/chem.201600278 and 10.1016/j.bmcl.2011.12.131 and 10.1016/j.ejmech.2013.01.046 and 10.1021/jm0002782 and 10.1002/ejoc.201300443 and 10.1021/j0052589w(SI,page S3) and 10.1021/jm800527x and 10.1016/j.bmcl.2015.04.098 and 10.1021/ja034563x

Retrosynthesis ID: 29904

## 2.1.8 Appel Reaction



#### Substrates:

 $1. \ O{=}C1CCC{=}CC1Cc1ccccc1{-}n1nnc(Br)c1CO$ 

#### **Products:**

1. O=C1CCC=CC1Cc1cccc1-n1nnc(Br)c1CBr

Typical conditions: PPh3.CBr4

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1021/ja800574m and 10.1016/j.tet.2012.05.010 and

10.1016/j.tet.2004.09.021 (experimental)

## 2.1.9 Nitration of aliphatic olefins

## Substrates:

- 1. HNO2
- $2. \ O{=}C1CCC{=}CC1Cc1ccccc1{-}n1nnc(Br)c1CBr$

## Products:

 $1. \ \ O{=}C1CCC{=}C([N{+}]({=}O)[O{-}])C1Cc1ccccc1{-}n1nnc(Br)c1CBr$ 

Typical conditions: Fe(NO2)3x9H2O.TEMPO.DCE.4A MS.80C

Protections: none

**Reference:** DOI: 10.1021/jo400598p

Retrosynthesis ID: 1623

## 2.1.10 HWE/Wittig Olefination

#### Substrates:

 $1. \ O{=}C1CCC{=}C([N{+}]({=}O)[O{-}])C1Cc1ccccc1{-}n1nnc(Br)c1CBr$ 

## **Products:**

 $1. \hspace{0.1cm} O=[N+]([O-])C1=CCCC2=Cc3c(Br)nnn3-c3ccccc3CC21$ 

Typical conditions: 1.PPh3 or trialkylphosphite.2.base.aldehyde

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1002/anie.200705005 and 10.1021/ol052106a and

10.1021/jo00075a064 and 10.1021/ol3027297

Retrosynthesis ID: 24425

# 2.1.11 Synthesis of silanes, stannanes and germanes from Grignard reagents

### Substrates:

- 1. TIPSCl available at Sigma-Aldrich
- $2. \hspace{0.1in} O=[N+]([O-])C1=CCCC2=Cc3c(Br)nnn3-c3ccccc3CC21$

#### **Products:**

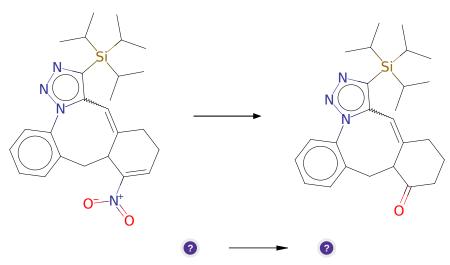
1. CC(C)[Si](c1nnn2c1C=C1CCC=C([N+](=O)[O-])C1Cc1ccccc1-2)(C(C)C)C(C)C

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:}\ 1. nBuLi. or. Mg. THF. -78C. 2. Si-Cl. to. rt$ 

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1021/jo802433t AND 10.1021/ja01108a009

## 2.1.12 Synthesis of ketones from nitroalkenes



### Substrates:

1. CC(C)[Si](c1nnn2c1C=C1CCC=C([N+](=O)[O-])C1Cc1ccccc1-2)(C(C)C)C(C)C

### **Products:**

1. CC(C)[Si](c1nnn2c1C=C1CCCC(=O)C1Cc1ccccc1-2)(C(C)C)C(C)C

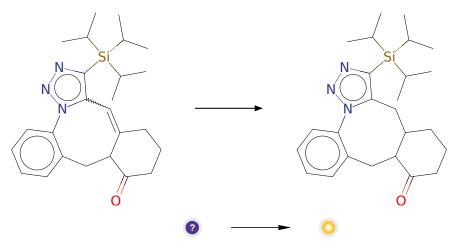
Typical conditions: RaNi.hypophosphite.EtOH.acetate.buffer or

 ${\rm Fe.HCl.MeOH}$ 

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1081/SCC-200051681 and 10.1055/s-1993-25981

## 2.1.13 Homogenous Reduction of C=C Double Bond



### Substrates:

 $1. \ CC(C)[Si](c1nnn2c1C=C1CCCC(=O)C1Cc1ccccc1-2)(C(C)C)C(C)C$ 

### **Products:**

 $1. \ CC(C)[Si](c1nnn2c1CC1CCCC(=O)C1Cc1ccccc1-2)(C(C)C)C(C)C$ 

Typical conditions: H2.Pd/C or Pd(OH)2/C

Protections: none

**Reference:** DOI: 10.1021/jo980467g and 10.1021/ja00175a039 and 10.1021/ja0296733 and 10.1021/ja049043w (page S-4) and 10.1021/jo980128n and 10.1021/ja4029928 and Patent: WO2014/207205 A1, 2014 page 16

Retrosynthesis ID: 9995780

### 2.2 Path 2

Score: 16764486.08



Figure 2: Outline of path 2

## 2.2.1 Carboethoxylation of enolates - Claisen condensation

## Substrates:

1. dimethyl ester - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. cyclohex-3-enone

### **Products:**

1. COC(=O)C1CC=CCC1=O

Typical conditions: NaH.THF

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1016/j.bmc.2011.06.055 AND 10.1021/ja01036a055 AND WO2010/48014 (amides,p.32) AND 10.1016/S0040-4020(02)00350-2 AND 10.1021/ol201243u (Supporting information)

Retrosynthesis ID: 8167

## 2.2.2 Alkylation of ketones

Substrates:

 $1. \ \, COC(=O)C1CC=CCC1=O$ 

2. Potassium (bromomethyl)trifluoroborate - available at Sigma-Aldrich

#### **Products:**

1. COC(=O)C1CC=CC(C[B-](F)(F)F)C1=O

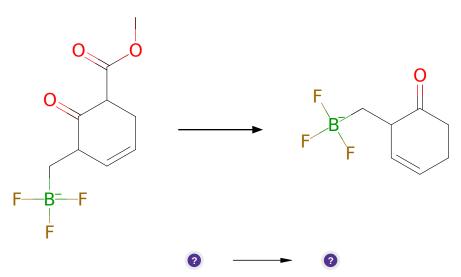
Typical conditions: LDA or other base.THF.-78C

Protections: none

**Reference:** DOI: 10.1021/ja0123554

Retrosynthesis ID: 1868

## 2.2.3 Krapcho decarboxylation



#### Substrates:

1. COC(=O)C1CC=CC(C[B-](F)(F)F)C1=O

## Products:

1. O=C1CCC=CC1C[B-](F)(F)F

Typical conditions: LiCl.DMSO.150oC

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.3998/ark.5550190.0008.201 and

10.3184/174751911X12964930076403

## 2.2.4 Iodination of aromatic compounds

#### Substrates:

#### **Products:**

1. OCc1c(I)nnn1-c1ccccc1Cl

Typical conditions: I2 or other iodinating agent e.g. NIS

Protections: none

**Reference:** DOI: 10.1039/C5SC00964B and 10.1016/j.tetlet.2005.05.117 and 10.1007/s11178-005-0256-1

10.1007/311170 000 0200 1

Retrosynthesis ID: 10697

## 2.2.5 Coupling of Ammonia with Aryl Halides

### Substrates:

 $1. \ \ OCc1c(I)nnn1-c1ccccc1Cl$ 

## **Products:**

## 1. Nc1nnn(-c2cccc2Cl)c1CO

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ Pd[(P(p\text{-tol})3]2.NaOtBu.dioxane.heat$ 

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1021/ja903049z and 10.1021/jo9006738

Retrosynthesis ID: 31016464

## 2.2.6 Suzuki Coupling of arylchlorides and alkyltrifluoroborates

#### Substrates:

1. O=C1CCC=CC1C[B-](F)(F)F

2. Nc1nnn(-c2cccc2Cl)c1CO

#### **Products:**

1. Nc1nnn(-c2cccc2CC2C=CCCC2=O)c1CO

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ Pd(OAc)2. RuPhos. CsCO3. toluene/H2O. 90C$ 

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1016/j.tet.2015.07.072 and 10.1021/jo900152n

## 2.2.7 Sandmeyer Reaction

## Substrates:

1. Nc1nnn(-c2cccc2CC2C=CCCC2=O)c1CO

#### **Products:**

1. O=C1CCC=CC1Cc1ccccc1-n1nnc(Br)c1CO

**Typical conditions:** IsoAmONO or t-BuONO.CuBr2.MeCN or HBr.CuBr2.NaNO2

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1002/chem.201600278 and 10.1016/j.bmcl.2011.12.131 and 10.1016/j.ejmech.2013.01.046 and 10.1021/jm0002782 and 10.1002/ejoc.201300443 and 10.1021/jo052589w(SI,page S3) and 10.1021/jm800527x and 10.1016/j.bmcl.2015.04.098 and 10.1021/ja034563x

Retrosynthesis ID: 29904

## 2.2.8 Appel Reaction



#### Substrates:

1. O=C1CCC=CC1Cc1ccccc1-n1nnc(Br)c1CO

#### **Products:**

 $1. \ O{=}C1CCC{=}CC1Cc1ccccc1{-}n1nnc(Br)c1CBr$ 

Typical conditions: PPh3.CBr4

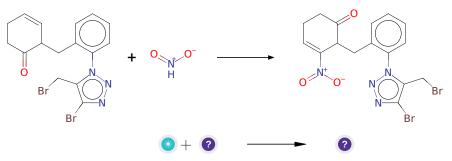
Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1021/ja800574m and 10.1016/j.tet.2012.05.010 and

10.1016/j.tet.2004.09.021 (experimental)

Retrosynthesis ID: 9990037

## 2.2.9 Nitration of aliphatic olefins



### Substrates:

1. HNO2

 $2. \ O{=}C1CCC{=}CC1Cc1ccccc1{-}n1nnc(Br)c1CBr$ 

## **Products:**

 $1. \ O{=}C1CCC{=}C([N{+}]({=}O)[O{-}])C1Cc1ccccc1{-}n1nnc(Br)c1CBr$ 

Typical conditions: Fe(NO2)3x9H2O.TEMPO.DCE.4A MS.80C

Protections: none

**Reference:** DOI: 10.1021/jo400598p

## ${\bf 2.2.10 \quad HWE/Wittig\ Olefination}$

### Substrates:

 $1. \ O{=}C1CCC{=}C([N{+}]({=}O)[O{-}])C1Cc1ccccc1{-}n1nnc(Br)c1CBr$ 

## **Products:**

 $1. \ O=[N+]([O-])C1=CCCC2=Cc3c(Br)nnn3-c3ccccc3CC21$ 

Typical conditions: 1.PPh3 or trialkylphosphite.2.base.aldehyde

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1002/anie.200705005 and 10.1021/ol052106a and

10.1021/jo00075a064 and 10.1021/ol3027297

Retrosynthesis ID: 24425

# 2.2.11 Synthesis of silanes, stannanes and germanes from Grignard reagents

Substrates:

1. TIPSCl - available at Sigma-Aldrich

 $2. \hspace{0.1in} O=[N+]([O-])C1=CCCC2=Cc3c(Br)nnn3-c3ccccc3CC21$ 

#### **Products:**

1. CC(C)[Si](c1nnn2c1C=C1CCC=C([N+](=O)[O-])C1Cc1ccccc1-2)(C(C)C)C(C)C

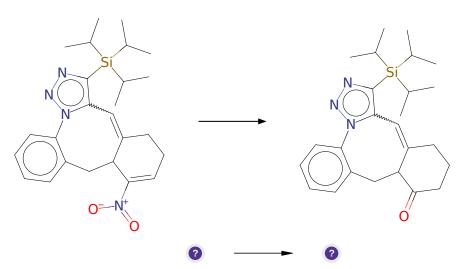
Typical conditions: 1.nBuLi.or.Mg.THF.-78C.2.Si-Cl.to.rt

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1021/jo802433t AND 10.1021/ja01108a009

Retrosynthesis ID: 5402

#### 2.2.12 Synthesis of ketones from nitroalkenes



### Substrates:

1. CC(C)[Si](c1nnn2c1C=C1CCC=C([N+](=O)[O-])C1Cc1ccccc1-2)(C(C)C)C(C)C

## Products:

 $1. \ CC(C)[Si](c1nnn2c1C=C1CCCC(=O)C1Cc1ccccc1-2)(C(C)C)C(C)C$ 

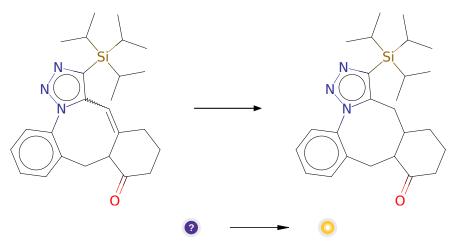
Typical conditions: RaNi.hypophosphite.EtOH.acetate.buffer or

Fe.HCl.MeOH

Protections: none

**Reference:** 10.1081/SCC-200051681 and 10.1055/s-1993-25981

## 2.2.13 Homogenous Reduction of C=C Double Bond



### Substrates:

 $1. \ CC(C)[Si](c1nnn2c1C=C1CCCC(=O)C1Cc1ccccc1-2)(C(C)C)C(C)C$ 

### **Products:**

 $1. \ CC(C)[Si](c1nnn2c1CC1CCCC(=O)C1Cc1ccccc1-2)(C(C)C)C(C)C$ 

Typical conditions: H2.Pd/C or Pd(OH)2/C

Protections: none

**Reference:** DOI: 10.1021/jo980467g and 10.1021/ja00175a039 and 10.1021/ja0296733 and 10.1021/ja049043w (page S-4) and 10.1021/jo980128n and 10.1021/ja4029928 and Patent: WO2014/207205 A1, 2014 page 16