Paths of analysis*

Synthia

October 10, 2022

1 Analysis parameters

Analysis type: Automatic Retrosynthesis

Rules: none selected

Filters: Exclude Diastereoselecitve reactions, Tunnels, FGI, FGI with protec-

tions

Max. paths returned: 50

Max. iterations: 2000

Commercial:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

2. Max. price - 1500 \$/g

Published:

- 1. Max. molecular weight 1000 g/mol
- 2. Popularity 5

My Stockroom:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

Reaction scoring formula: TUNNEL_COEF*FGI_COEF*STEP*20+1000 000*(CONFLICT+NON SELECTIVITY+FILTERS+PROTECT)

Chemical scoring formula: SMALLER^ 3,SMALLER^ 1.5

Min. search width: 400

Max. reactions per product: 60

^{*}The results stated herein were generated using the proprietary platform owned and maintained by Grzybowski Scientific Inventions, Inc., a subsidiary of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt Germany. The results are provided on an as is basis, and shall be used solely in connection with the rights afforded in the license agreement and for no other purpose.

Strategies: none selected

FGI Coeff: 0

Tunnels Coeff: 0

JSON Parameters: {}

2 Paths

5 paths found. Paths are sorted by score. Reactions are sorted in appearance order for each path.

2.1 Path 1

Score: 68.83

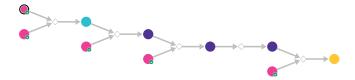
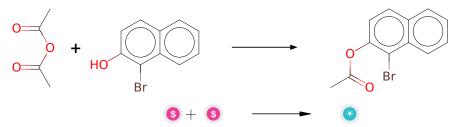


Figure 1: Outline of path 1

2.1.1 Cu(OTf)2 catalyzed acylation of phenols



Substrates:

- 1. Acetic anhydride available at Sigma-Aldrich
- $2. \ \ 1\text{-Bromo-2-naphthol} \quad \quad \textit{available at Sigma-Aldrich}$

Products:

1. acetic acid-(1-bromo-[2]naphthyl ester)

Typical conditions: Cu(II).triflate.DCM.RT

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1016/S0040-4020(01)01229-7

Retrosynthesis ID: 11601

2.1.2 Heck Reaction

Substrates:

1. acetic acid-(1-bromo-[2]naphthyl ester)

2. Allylacetic acid - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. C=C(CCC(=O)O)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2cccc12

Typical conditions: Pd (cat). Ligand e.g. TXPTS. Base. Temp

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1039/C3CC45911J or 10.1021/ar00049a001 or 10.1002/anie.201201806 or 10.1002/9780470716076

Retrosynthesis ID: 9266

2.1.3 Alkylation of carboxylic acids

Substrates:

1. 4-Bromo-1-butene - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. C=C(CCC(=O)O)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2cccc12

Products:

1. C=CCCC(CC(=C)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2ccccc12)C(=O)O

Typical conditions: nBuLi.THF.DIPEA

Protections: none

Retrosynthesis ID: 28537

2.1.4 Ring-Closing Metathesis

Substrates:

 $1. \ C = CCCC(CC(=C)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2ccccc12)C(=O)O$

Products:

 $1. \ CC(=O)Oc1ccc2cccc2c1C1=CCCC(C(=O)O)C1$

Typical conditions: catalyst e.g. Hoveyda-Grubbs . solvent e.g. CH2Cl2

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1021/ja067870m and 10.1021/jacs.7b04759 and 10.1021/jacs.7b13234(Supporting Info, page S22) and 10.1039/C3CC00316G and 10.1021/ol9024716

2.1.5 Steglich Esterification

Substrates:

- $1. \ CC(=O)Oc1ccc2cccc2c1C1=CCCC(C(=O)O)C1$
- 2. Pure available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

 $1. \ \ CCOC(=O)C1CCC=C(c2c(OC(C)=O)ccc3ccccc23)C1$

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ \, \text{alcohol.DCC.DMAP.DCM} \ \, \text{or thiol.DCC.DMAP.DCM}$

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1002/anie.197805221

Retrosynthesis ID: 10171

2.2 Path 2

Score: 76.25

2.2.1 Reaction of acyl chlorides with alcohols and phenols

Substrates:

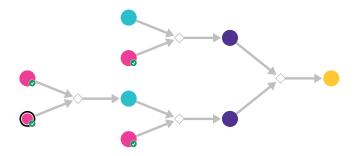


Figure 2: Outline of path 2

1. 1-Bromo-2-naphthol - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. Acetyl chloride - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. acetic acid-(1-bromo-[2]naphthyl ester)

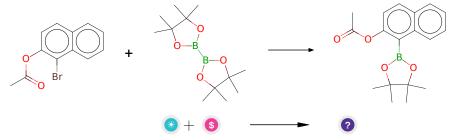
Typical conditions: base.DCM

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.bmcl.2012.03.021 AND 10.1021/ja026266i (SI, hydroperoxides) AND 10.1016/j.tetasy.2004.07.044 AND 10.1021/jm1006929 (SI) AND 10.1016/j.tet.2011.05.017 AND 10.1016/j.tetasy.2012.09.002 AND 10.1021/ol016268s (SI) AND 10.1021/jo801116n AND 10.1021/jo00279a041 AND WO2013/64518 A1, 2013 (page 102)

Retrosynthesis ID: 28549

2.2.2 Miyaura Borylation



Substrates:

- 1. acetic acid-(1-bromo-[2]naphthyl ester)
- 2. Bis(pinacolato)diboron available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. CC(=O)Oc1ccc2cccc2c1B1OC(C)(C)C(C)(C)O1

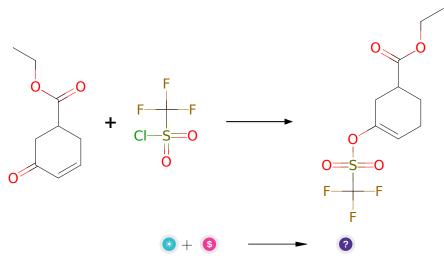
Typical conditions: PdCl2(dppf)2.KOAc.Dioxane or DMSO.80oC

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1021/ja509198w and 10.1021/jm800832q and 10.1021/jm401499g and 10.1039/C1CC12020D (SI, page S4) and 10.1055/s-0035-1561355 (SI, page 12) and 10.1021/ol2000556 and 10.1021/jo102070e and WO2010/75270 A1, 2010 (page 37)

Retrosynthesis ID: 1209

2.2.3 Luche reduction of enones followed by enolate sulfonylation



Substrates:

1. C9H12O3

2. Triflyl chloride - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. CCOC(=O)C1CCC=C(OS(=O)(=O)C(F)(F)F)C1

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ L\text{-selectridereg.} THF$

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1055/s-1985-31204 and 10.1021/ja00073a057 and 10.1021/ja057640s and 10.1021/ol049780x and 10.1021/ol1023954 and 10.1021/jo062423a

Retrosynthesis ID: 25238

2.2.4 Suzuki coupling of arylboronic pinacol esters with vinyl triflates

Substrates:

- $1. \ CC(=O)Oc1ccc2cccc2c1B1OC(C)(C)C(C)(C)O1 \\$
- $2. \ \mathrm{CCOC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C1CCC} = \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{OS}(=\mathrm{O})(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{F})(\mathrm{F})\mathrm{F})\mathrm{C1}$

Products:

1. CCOC(=O)C1CCC=C(c2c(OC(C)=O)ccc3ccccc23)C1

Typical conditions: Pd catalyst.base.solvent

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/cr00039a007 and $10.1007/3418_2012_32$ and 10.1021/cr0505268 and 10.1016/j.jfluchem.2016.01.018 and 10.1039/C3CS60197H

Retrosynthesis ID: 10841

2.3 Path 3

Score: 76.25

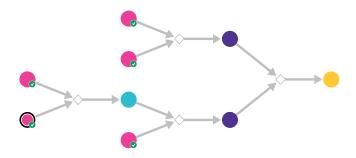


Figure 3: Outline of path 3

2.3.1 Reaction of acyl chlorides with alcohols and phenols

Substrates:

1. 1-Bromo-2-naphthol - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. Acetyl chloride - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. acetic acid-(1-bromo-[2]naphthyl ester)

Typical conditions: base.DCM

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.bmcl.2012.03.021 AND 10.1021/ja026266i (SI, hydroperoxides) AND 10.1016/j.tetasy.2004.07.044 AND 10.1021/jm1006929 (SI) AND 10.1016/j.tet.2011.05.017 AND 10.1016/j.tetasy.2012.09.002 AND 10.1021/ol016268s (SI) AND 10.1021/jo801116n AND 10.1021/jo00279a041 AND WO2013/64518 A1, 2013 (page 102)

2.3.2 Miyaura Borylation

Substrates:

- 1. acetic acid-(1-bromo-[2]naphthyl ester)
- 2. Bis(pinacolato)diboron available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

 $1. \ CC(=O)Oc1ccc2cccc2c1B1OC(C)(C)C(C)(C)O1 \\$

Typical conditions: PdCl2(dppf)2.KOAc.Dioxane or DMSO.80oC

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1021/ja509198w and 10.1021/jm800832q and 10.1021/jm401499g and 10.1039/C1CC12020D (SI, page S4) and 10.1055/s-0035-1561355 (SI, page 12) and 10.1021/ol2000556 and 10.1021/jo102070e and WO2010/75270 A1, 2010 (page 37)

Retrosynthesis ID: 1209

2.3.3 Synthesis of enol sulfonates



Substrates:

1. Triflyl chloride - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. Ethyl 3-oxocyclohexane-1-carboxylate - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. CCOC(=O)C1CCC=C(OS(=O)(=O)C(F)(F)F)C1

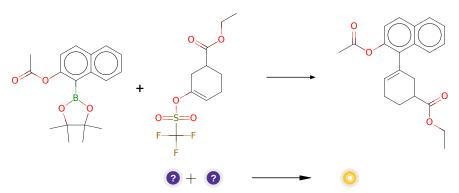
Typical conditions: base.electrophile.THF

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/jm960394y and 10.1021/ja068826+ and 10.1002/anie.201500112 and 10.1021/jacs.6b08608

Retrosynthesis ID: 10004758

${f 2.3.4}$ Suzuki coupling of arylboronic pinacol esters with vinyl triflates



Substrates:

1. CC(=O)Oc1ccc2cccc2c1B1OC(C)(C)C(C)(C)O1

2. CCOC(=O)C1CCC=C(OS(=O)(=O)C(F)(F)F)C1

Products:

 $1. \ \ CCOC(=O)C1CCC=C(c2c(OC(C)=O)ccc3ccccc23)C1$

Typical conditions: Pd catalyst.base.solvent

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/cr00039a007 and $10.1007/3418_2012_32$ and 10.1021/cr0505268 and 10.1016/j.jfluchem.2016.01.018 and 10.1039/C3CS60197H

Retrosynthesis ID: 10841

2.4 Path 4

Score: 76.25

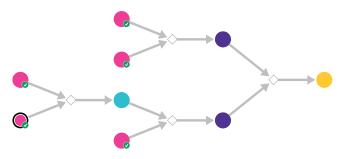
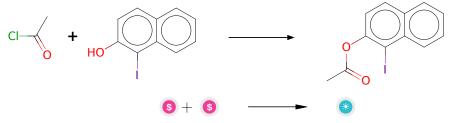


Figure 4: Outline of path 4

2.4.1 Reaction of acyl chlorides with alcohols and phenols



Substrates:

 $1. \ 1\text{-Iodo-}2\text{-naphthol} - \quad \textit{available at Sigma-Aldrich}$

2. Acetyl chloride - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. acetic acid-(1-iodo-[2]naphthyl ester)

Typical conditions: base.DCM

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.bmcl.2012.03.021 AND 10.1021/ja026266i (SI, hydroperoxides) AND 10.1016/j.tetasy.2004.07.044 AND 10.1021/jm1006929

(SI) AND 10.1016/j.tet.2011.05.017 AND 10.1016/j.tetasy.2012.09.002 AND 10.1021/ol016268s (SI) AND 10.1021/jo801116n AND 10.1021/jo00279a041 AND WO2013/64518 A1, 2013 (page 102)

Retrosynthesis ID: 28549

2.4.2 Miyaura Borylation

Substrates:

1. acetic acid-(1-iodo-[2]naphthyl ester)

2. Bis(pinacolato)diboron - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. CC(=O)Oc1ccc2cccc2c1B1OC(C)(C)C(C)(C)O1

Typical conditions: PdCl2(dppf)2.KOAc.Dioxane or DMSO.80oC

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1021/ja503296c and 10.3762/bjoc.10.297 and 10.1021/jm0605482 and 10.1002/chem.201204055 (SI, page 16) and 10.1021/acs.orglett.6b02477 (SI, page S4) and 10.1016/j.bmcl.2014.12.067

2.4.3 Synthesis of enol sulfonates

Substrates:

1. Triflyl chloride - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. Ethyl 3-oxocyclohexane-1-carboxylate - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

 $1. \ \mathrm{CCOC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C1CCC} = \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{OS}(=\mathrm{O})(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{F})(\mathrm{F})\mathrm{F})\mathrm{C1}$

 ${\bf Typical\ conditions:}\ {\bf base.electrophile.THF}$

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/jm960394y and 10.1021/ja068826+ and 10.1002/anie.201500112 and 10.1021/jacs.6b08608

Retrosynthesis ID: 10004758

2.4.4 Suzuki coupling of arylboronic pinacol esters with vinyl triflates



Substrates:

1. CC(=O)Oc1ccc2cccc2c1B1OC(C)(C)C(C)(C)O1

 $2. \ CCOC(=O)C1CCC=C(OS(=O)(=O)C(F)(F)F)C1$

Products:

 $1. \ \ CCOC(=O)C1CCC=C(c2c(OC(C)=O)ccc3ccccc23)C1$

 ${\bf Typical\ conditions:}\ {\bf Pd\ catalyst.base.solvent}$

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/cr00039a007 and $10.1007/3418_2012_32$ and 10.1021/cr0505268 and 10.1016/j.jfluchem.2016.01.018 and 10.1039/C3CS60197H

Retrosynthesis ID: 10841

2.5 Path 5

Score: 76.25

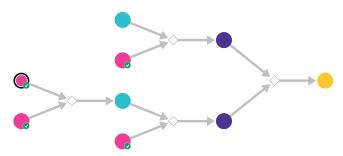


Figure 5: Outline of path 5

2.5.1 Cu(OTf)2 catalyzed acylation of phenols



Substrates:

1. Acetic anhydride - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. 1-Iodo-2-naphthol - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. acetic acid-(1-iodo-[2]naphthyl ester)

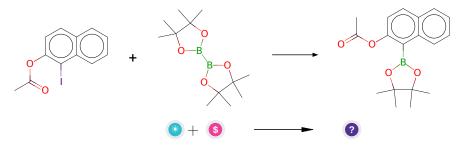
Typical conditions: Cu(II).triflate.DCM.RT

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1016/S0040-4020(01)01229-7

Retrosynthesis ID: 11601

2.5.2 Miyaura Borylation



Substrates:

1. acetic acid-(1-iodo-[2]naphthyl ester)

2. Bis(pinacolato)diboron - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

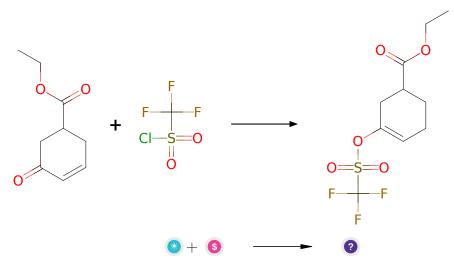
 $1. \ \mathrm{CC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{Oc1ccc2cccc2c1B1OC}(\mathrm{C})(\mathrm{C})\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{C})\mathrm{C})\\$

Typical conditions: PdCl2(dppf)2.KOAc.Dioxane or DMSO.80oC

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1021/ja503296c and 10.3762/bjoc.10.297 and 10.1021/jm0605482 and 10.1002/chem.201204055 (SI, page 16) and 10.1021/acs.orglett.6b02477 (SI, page S4) and 10.1016/j.bmcl.2014.12.067

2.5.3 Luche reduction of enones followed by enolate sulfonylation



Substrates:

- 1. C9H12O3
- 2. Triflyl chloride available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. CCOC(=O)C1CCC=C(OS(=O)(=O)C(F)(F)F)C1

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ L\text{-selectridereg.} THF$

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1055/s-1985-31204 and 10.1021/ja00073a057 and 10.1021/ja057640s and 10.1021/ol049780x and 10.1021/ol1023954 and 10.1021/jo062423a

2.5.4 Suzuki coupling of arylboronic pinacol esters with vinyl triflates

Substrates:

- $1. \ \mathrm{CC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{Oc1ccc2ccccc2c1B1OC}(\mathrm{C})(\mathrm{C})\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{C})(\mathrm{C})\mathrm{O1}$
- $2. \ \mathrm{CCOC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C1CCC} = \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{OS}(=\mathrm{O})(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{F})(\mathrm{F})\mathrm{F})\mathrm{C1}$

Products:

 $1. \ \ CCOC(=O)C1CCC=C(c2c(OC(C)=O)ccc3ccccc23)C1$

 ${\bf Typical\ conditions:}\ {\bf Pd\ catalyst.base.solvent}$

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/cr00039a007 and $10.1007/3418_2012_32$ and 10.1021/cr0505268 and 10.1016/j.jfluchem.2016.01.018 and 10.1039/C3CS60197H