Paths of analysis*

Synthia

October 10, 2022

1 Analysis parameters

Analysis type: Automatic Retrosynthesis

Rules: none selected

Filters: Exclude Diastereoselecitve reactions, Tunnels, FGI, FGI with protec-

tions

Max. paths returned: 50

Max. iterations: 2000

Commercial:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

2. Max. price - 1500 \$/g

Published:

- 1. Max. molecular weight 1000 g/mol
- 2. Popularity 5

My Stockroom:

1. Max. molecular weight - 1000 g/mol

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Reaction scoring formula:} & TUNNEL_COEF*FGI_COEF*STEP*20+1000\\ 0000*(CONFLICT+NON_SELECTIVITY+FILTERS+PROTECT)\\ \end{tabular}$

Chemical scoring formula: SMALLER^ 3,SMALLER^ 1.5

Min. search width: 400

Max. reactions per product: 60

^{*}The results stated herein were generated using the proprietary platform owned and maintained by Grzybowski Scientific Inventions, Inc., a subsidiary of Merck KGaA, Darmstadt Germany. The results are provided on an as is basis, and shall be used solely in connection with the rights afforded in the license agreement and for no other purpose.

Strategies: none selected

FGI Coeff: 0

Tunnels Coeff: 0

JSON Parameters: {}

2 Paths

4 paths found. Paths are sorted by score. Reactions are sorted in appearance order for each path.

2.1 Path 1

Score: 112.89

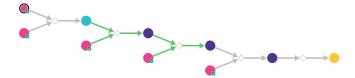
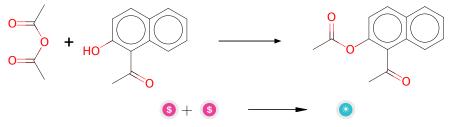


Figure 1: Outline of path 1

2.1.1 Cu(OTf)2 catalyzed acylation of phenols



Substrates:

1. Acetic anhydride - available at Sigma-Aldrich

 $2. \ 1\hbox{-}Acetyl\hbox{-}2\hbox{-}naphthol \hbox{-} \qquad \textit{available at Sigma-Aldrich}$

Products:

 $1. \ 1\hbox{-}(2\hbox{-acetoxy-}[1]naphthyl)\hbox{-ethanone}$

Typical conditions: Cu(II).triflate.DCM.RT

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1016/S0040-4020(01)01229-7

Retrosynthesis ID: 11601

${\bf 2.1.2}\quad {\bf HWE/Wittig\ Olefination}$

Substrates:

1. 1-(2-acetoxy-[1]naphthyl)-ethanone

2. Methyl 4-bromobutanoate - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. $COC(=O)CC/C=C(\setminus C)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2ccccc12$

Typical conditions: 1.PPh3 or trialkylphosphite.2.base.aldehyde

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1002/anie.200705005 and 10.1021/ol052106a and 10.1021/jo00075a064 and 10.1021/ol3027297 and 10.1080/00397910008087436

Retrosynthesis ID: 9554

2.1.3 Wohl-Ziegler Bromination

Substrates:

1. N-Bromosuccinimide - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. $COC(=O)CC/C=C(\setminus C)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2cccc12$

Products:

1. $COC(=O)CC/C=C(\CBr)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2ccccc12$

Typical conditions: NBS.AIBN or (BzO)2 or heat

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.steroids.2018.10.005 (Scheme 1) and 10.1016/j.bmc.2010.06.075 (Scheme 2) and 10.1021/acs.orglett.9b03865 (p. SI 6)

Retrosynthesis ID: 245554

2.1.4 Corey-Seebach

Substrates:

1. $COC(=O)CC/C=C(\CBr)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2ccccc12$

2. methyl 1,3-dithiane-2-carboxylate - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

Typical conditions: 1.BuLi.TMEDA.2.TCCA

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1039/P19860000183 AND 10.1016/S0040-4020(01)85646-5 AND

10.1039/c5ob00638d deprotection: 10.1016/j.tetlet.2006.06.131

2.1.5 Addition of enolate anion to 1,2-dicarbonyl compounds followed by dehydration

Substrates:

Products:

 $1. \ \ COC(=O)C1 = C(C(=O)OC)CC(c2c(OC(C)=O)ccc3ccccc23) = CC1$

Typical conditions: TiCl4.NEt3.

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.tet.2014.12.099 AND 10.1021/ol403461b AND

10.1016/0040-4039(96)01843-6 AND 10.1016/S0968-0896(99)00312-0

Retrosynthesis ID: 14990

2.2 Path 2

Score: 166.11

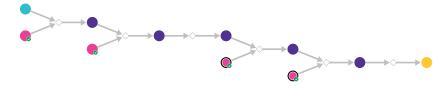


Figure 2: Outline of path 2

2.2.1 Corey-Seebach

Substrates:

- 1. 1,1,3-tribromo-propene
- 2. methyl 1,3-dithiane-2-carboxylate available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. COC(=O)C(=O)CC=C(Br)Br

Typical conditions: 1.BuLi.TMEDA.2.TCCA

Protections: none

 $\textbf{Reference:} \ \ 10.1039/P19860000183 \quad AND \ \ 10.1016/S0040\text{-}4020(01)85646\text{-}5 \ \ AND$

10.1039/c5ob00638d deprotection: 10.1016/j.tetlet.2006.06.131

Retrosynthesis ID: 15272

2.2.2 Suzuki coupling of arylboronic acids with 1,1-dibromoethenes

Substrates:

- 1. 1-(2-Methoxynaphthyl)boronic acid available at Sigma-Aldrich
- $2. \ \mathrm{COC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{CC}{=}\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{Br})\mathrm{Br}$

Products:

1. $COC(=O)C(=O)C/C=C(\Br)c1c(OC)ccc2cccc12$

Typical conditions: Pd catalyst.base.solvent

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1055/s-0035-1561404 (SI) and 10.1002/ejoc.201100849 and 10.1039/c4cc00345d and 10.1021/ol100844v and 10.1039/c2ob06852d and 10.1002/adsc.200505484

Retrosynthesis ID: 25114

2.2.3 Demethylation of Phenols

Substrates:

1. $COC(=O)C(=O)C/C=C(\Br)c1c(OC)ccc2cccc12$

Products:

1. $COC(=O)C(=O)C/C=C(\Br)c1c(O)ccc2cccc12$

Typical conditions: BBr3.CH2Cl2

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1021/ja00105a021 and 10.1021/jm00176a011 and 10.1021/jm970277i and 10.1021/ja0106164 and Patent: US2010/16298, 2010, A1, page 185

Retrosynthesis ID: 10011837

2.2.4 Cu(OTf)2 catalyzed acylation of phenols

Substrates:

1. Acetic anhydride - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. $COC(=O)C(=O)C/C=C(\Br)c1c(O)ccc2cccc12$

Products:

1. $COC(=O)C(=O)C/C=C(\Br)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2ccccc12$

Typical conditions: Cu(II).triflate.DCM.RT

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1016/S0040-4020(01)01229-7

Retrosynthesis ID: 11601

2.2.5 Suzuki alkyl-vinyl coupling

Substrates:

1. Methyl acrylate - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. $COC(=O)C(=O)C/C=C(\Br)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2ccccc12$

Products:

 $1. \ \ COC(=O)CC/C(=C \setminus CC(=O)C(=O)OC)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2cccc12$

Typical conditions: 1. 9BBN-H. or. PinB-Bpin. Cu. 2. [Pd]. Ligand. Base

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1002/1521-3773(20011217)40:24<4544::AID-ANIE4544>3.0.CO;2-

N and 10.1021/ol300575d

2.2.6 Addition of enolate anion to 1,2-dicarbonyl compounds followed by dehydration

Substrates:

 $1. \ \ COC(=O)CC/C(=C \setminus CC(=O)C(=O)OC)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2cccc12$

Products:

 $1. \ \ COC(=O)C1 = C(C(=O)OC)CC(c2c(OC(C)=O)ccc3ccccc23) = CC1$

Typical conditions: TiCl4.NEt3.

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.tet.2014.12.099 AND 10.1021/ol403461b AND

 $10.1016/0040\text{-}4039(96)01843\text{-}6 \ \text{AND} \ 10.1016/S0968\text{-}0896(99)00312\text{-}0$

Retrosynthesis ID: 14990

2.3 Path 3

Score: 167.97

2.3.1 Cu(OTf)2 catalyzed acylation of phenols

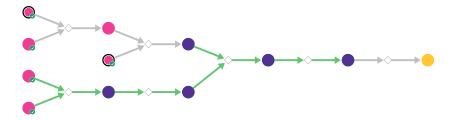


Figure 3: Outline of path 3

\$ + \$ **---** \$

Substrates:

1. Acetic anhydride - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. 2-Hydroxy-1-naphthaldehyde - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. 1-formyl-2-naphthyl acetate - ChemBridgeCorporation

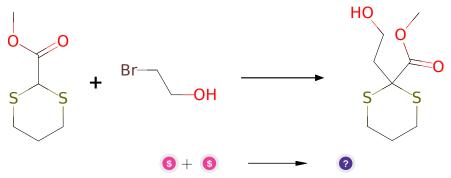
Typical conditions: Cu(II).triflate.DCM.RT

Protections: none

Reference: DOI: 10.1016/S0040-4020(01)01229-7

Retrosynthesis ID: 11601

2.3.2 Alkylation of thioacetals



Substrates:

1. 2-Bromoethanol - available at Sigma-Aldrich

2. methyl 1,3-dithiane-2-carboxylate - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. COC(=O)C1(CCO)SCCCS1

Typical conditions: BuLi.TMEDA

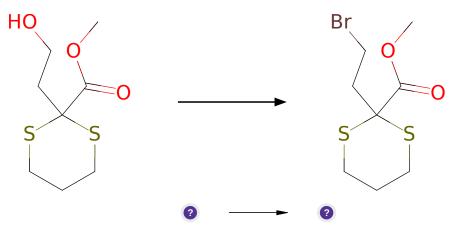
Protections: none

Reference: 10.1039/P19860000183 AND 10.1016/S0040-4020(01)85646-5 AND

10.1039/c5ob00638d AND 10.1016/S0040-4020(99)00302-6

Retrosynthesis ID: 15270

2.3.3 Appel Reaction



Substrates:

1. COC(=O)C1(CCO)SCCCS1

Products:

1. COC(=O)C1(CCBr)SCCCS1

Typical conditions: PPh3.CBr4

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/ja800574m and 10.1016/j.tet.2012.05.010 and

10.1016/j.tet.2004.09.021 (experimental)

2.3.4 Stetter reaction

Substrates:

 $1. \ 1-formyl-2-naphthyl\ acetate- \\ {\it ChemBridge Corporation}$

2. Methyl acrylate - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

 $1. \ COC(=O)CCC(=O)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2cccc12$

 ${\bf Typical\ conditions:}\ {\bf NaCN.DMF\ or\ thiazolium\text{-}NHC.catalyst}$

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1002/0471264180.or040.04 and 10.1021/ja058337u and 10.1021/ja805680z and 10.1002/anie.200301702

Retrosynthesis ID: 23591

2.3.5 HWE/Wittig Olefination

Substrates:

- 1. COC(=O)CCC(=O)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2cccc12
- 2. COC(=O)C1(CCBr)SCCCS1

Products:

$1. \ \ COC(=O)CC/C(=C \setminus CC1(C(=O)OC)SCCCS1)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2ccccc12$

Typical conditions: 1.PPh3 or trialkylphosphite.2.base.aldehyde

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1002/anie.200705005 and 10.1021/ol052106a and 10.1021/jo00075a064 and 10.1021/ol3027297 and 10.1080/00397910008087436

Retrosynthesis ID: 9554

2.3.6 Synthesis of ketones from dithianes

Substrates:

 $1. \ \ COC(=O)CC/C(=C \setminus CC1(C(=O)OC)SCCCS1)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2ccccc12$

Products:

 $1. \ COC(=O)CC/C(=C \setminus CC(=O)C(=O)OC)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2ccccc12$

 ${\bf Typical\ conditions:\ MeI. CaCO3}$

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.tet.2013.09.075 and 10.1021/jo00007a015 and 10.1021/jo0610412 and 10.1021/ol901024t and 10.1021/ol500553x and 10.1021/jo0626459

2.3.7 Addition of enolate anion to 1,2-dicarbonyl compounds followed by dehydration

Substrates:

 $1. \ \ COC(=O)CC/C(=C \setminus CC(=O)C(=O)OC)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2cccc12$

Products:

 $1. \ \ COC(=O)C1 = C(C(=O)OC)CC(c2c(OC(C)=O)ccc3ccccc23) = CC1$

Typical conditions: TiCl4.NEt3.

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.tet.2014.12.099 AND 10.1021/ol403461b AND

 $10.1016/0040\text{-}4039(96)01843\text{-}6 \ \text{AND} \ 10.1016/S0968\text{-}0896(99)00312\text{-}0$

Retrosynthesis ID: 14990

2.4 Path 4

Score: 195.43

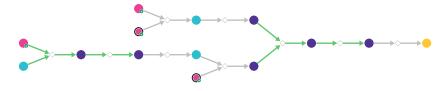


Figure 4: Outline of path 4

2.4.1 Hydroacylation of alkenes

Substrates:

 $1. \ \, \hbox{$2$-Hydroxy-1-naphthaldehyde -} \quad \textit{available at Sigma-Aldrich}$

2. allyl-dimethyl-phenyl-silane

Products:

 $1. \ C[Si](C)(CCCC(=O)c1c(O)ccc2ccccc12)c1ccccc1 \\$

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ [Rh]. complex. ligand. K3PO4. DCE. heat$

 ${\bf Protections:}\ {\bf none}$

Reference: 10.1021/ja305593y

2.4.2 Oxidation of silanes to alcohols

Substrates:

 $1. \ C[Si](C)(CCCC(=O)c1c(O)ccc2ccccc12)c1ccccc1$

Products:

1. O=C(CCCO)c1c(O)ccc2cccc12

 $\textbf{Typical conditions:} \ \text{KBr.AcONa.AcOH.AcOOH}$

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.tetlet.2010.10.089 and 10.1016/j.tetasy.2011.10.013 and 10.1021/ol0270881 and 10.1021/ol4033623 and 10.1002/anie.200460936 and 10.1021/ol201795w and 10.1002/anie.200700841

Retrosynthesis ID: 10012630

2.4.3 Tandem oxidation-esterification

Substrates:

1. O=C(CCCO)c1c(O)ccc2cccc12

Products:

1. C15H14O4

Typical conditions: Oxidant (eg. I2.K2CO3 or Ca(OCl)2).MeOH

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/S0040-4039(00)73550-7 and 10.1016/j.tet.2005.03.097 and

10.1021/ol062940f

Retrosynthesis ID: 25234

2.4.4 Reaction of acyl chlorides with alcohols and phenols

Substrates:

1. C15H14O4

2. Acetyl chloride - available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. COC(=O)CCC(=O)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2cccc12

Typical conditions: base.DCM

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.bmcl.2012.03.021 AND 10.1021/ja026266i (SI, hydroperoxides) AND 10.1016/j.tetasy.2004.07.044 AND 10.1021/jm1006929 (SI) AND 10.1016/j.tet.2011.05.017 AND 10.1016/j.tetasy.2012.09.002 AND 10.1021/ol016268s (SI) AND 10.1021/jo801116n AND 10.1021/jo00279a041 AND WO2013/64518 A1, 2013 (page 102)

2.4.5 Synthesis of lactones from epoxides

Substrates:

- 1. Ethyl 1,3-dithiane-2-carboxylate available at Sigma-Aldrich
- 2. Oxirane available at Sigma-Aldrich

Products:

1. 2-oxa-6,10-dithia-spiro[4.5]decan-1-one

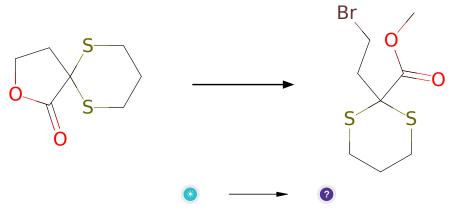
Typical conditions: EtONa.EtOH.rt

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/ja9049959 and 10.1016/j.tetlet.2014.12.024 and 10.1021/jo00077a012 and 10.1016/0040-4039(96)00494-7 and 10.1002/chem.201403294

Retrosynthesis ID: 21267

2.4.6 Opening of lactones via bromination



Substrates:

1. 2-oxa-6,10-dithia-spiro[4.5]decan-1-one

Products:

1. COC(=O)C1(CCBr)SCCCS1

Typical conditions: TMSBr.EtOH.DCM

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1021/jo0709605 Retrosynthesis ID: 24147

2.4.7 HWE/Wittig Olefination

Substrates:

- 1. COC(=O)CCC(=O)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2cccc12
- $2. \ \mathrm{COC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C1}(\mathrm{CCBr})\mathrm{SCCCS1}$

Products:

 $1. \ COC(=O)CC/C(=C \setminus CC1(C(=O)OC)SCCCS1)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2cccc12$

Typical conditions: 1.PPh3 or trialkylphosphite.2.base.aldehyde

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1002/anie.200705005 and 10.1021/ol052106a and 10.1021/jo00075a064 and 10.1021/ol3027297 and 10.1080/00397910008087436

2.4.8 Synthesis of ketones from dithianes

Substrates:

 $1. \ \ COC(=O)CC/C(=C \setminus CC1(C(=O)OC)SCCCS1)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2ccccc12$

Products:

 $1. \ COC(=O)CC/C(=C \setminus CC(=O)C(=O)OC)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2cccc12$

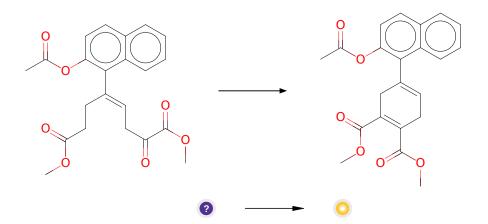
 ${\bf Typical\ conditions:\ MeI. CaCO3}$

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.tet.2013.09.075 and 10.1021/j000007a015 and 10.1021/j00610412 and 10.1021/ol901024t and 10.1021/ol500553x and 10.1021/j00626459

Retrosynthesis ID: 31724

2.4.9 Addition of enolate anion to 1,2-dicarbonyl compounds followed by dehydration



Substrates:

 $1. \ \ COC(=O)CC/C(=C \setminus CC(=O)C(=O)OC)c1c(OC(C)=O)ccc2ccccc12$

Products:

 $1. \ \, \mathrm{COC}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{C1} = \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{C}(=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{OC})\mathrm{CC}(\mathrm{c2c}(\mathrm{OC}(\mathrm{C})=\mathrm{O})\mathrm{ccc3ccccc23}) = \mathrm{CC1}$

 ${\bf Typical\ conditions:}\ {\bf TiCl 4. NEt 3.}$

Protections: none

Reference: 10.1016/j.tet.2014.12.099 AND 10.1021/ol403461b AND

 $10.1016/0040\text{-}4039(96)01843\text{-}6 \ \text{AND} \ 10.1016/S0968\text{-}0896(99)00312\text{-}0$