# CMPSC 104 - Document Engineering

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#### Introduction to Git

- A distributed version control system.
- Tracks changes in source code during software development.
- Facilitates collaboration, maintains a history of changes, and supports branching and merging.
- Software development, documentation, any project requiring version control.
  - Over 70% of developers use Git!

## Why We Use Git

- Collaboration
- Version Control
- Branching and Merging
- Distributed Development

### Installing Git

- Installation process on Windows, Mac, and Linux.
  - Git installed by default on most Mac and Linux machines
- Checking if you already have Git installed
  - Mac users, open up "Terminal".
  - Windows machine, open the windows command prompt.
  - - git version
    - Version of Git or Git is an unknown command

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#### Installing Git on Windows

- <u>Git for Windows installer</u> and download the latest version.
- Open the windows command prompt (or Git Bash if you selected not to use the standard Git Windows Command Prompt during the Git installation).
- Type git version to verify Git was installed.

## Installing Git on Mac

Most versions of MacOS will already have Git installed, and you can activate it through the terminal with git version

- Download for macOS.
- Open the command prompt "terminal" and type git version to verify Git was installed.

## Installing Git on Linux

Git was originally developed to version the Linux operating system!

#### Debian/Ubuntu

- Git packages are available using apt.
- Run the following command to make sure everything is up-to-date: sudo apt-get update.
- To install Git, run the following command: sudo apt-get install git-all.
- Verify the installation by typing: git version.

#### Fedora

- Git packages are available using dnf.
- To install Git, navigate to your command prompt shell and run the following command: sudo dnf install git-all.
- Verify the installation by typing: git version.

Note: You can download the proper Git versions and read more about how to install on specific Linux systems, like installing Git on Ubuntu or Fedora, in <a href="mailto:git-scm's">git-scm's</a> <a href="mailto:documentation">documentation</a>.

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# Configure Git

- git config --global user.name "xxxxx"
- git config --global user.email "xxx@xxx.com"

# Creating Git Folder

- mkdir myproject
- cd myproject

# Git Init

- Command: git init
  - Initializes a new Git repository in your project directory (/Users/user/myproject/.git/).

You just created your first Git Repository!