

ARM Cross-Compiler Toolchain

Hello, World!

```
.thumb_func
```

```
.global main
```

```
main: ← Required for our builds
```

```
BL  stdio_init_all    @ initialize uart or usb
```

```
LDR R0, =helloworld  @ load address of helloworld string
```

```
BL  printf            @ Call pico_printf ← Actually a C call
```

```
SVC 0                @ Service call to end program
```

```
helloworld:  .asciz    "Hello, World!\n"
```

Comment

@ Necessary because sdk uses BLX

@ Provide program starting address

@ initialize uart or usb

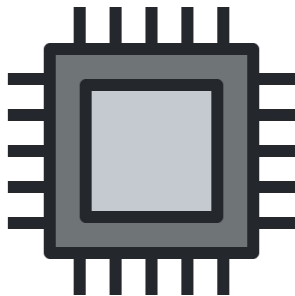
@ load address of helloworld string

@ Call pico_printf

@ Service call to end program

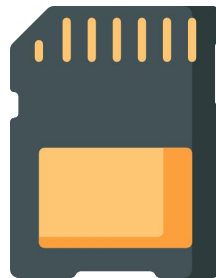
Actually a C call

Registers vs. Memory



REGISTERS

- On the processor
 - But *are not* the processor
- Called by `r[0-12]`
- Operate on data
- Limited to 32 bytes of instruction and/or storage



MEMORY

- Outside of processor
- Called by mnemonics like `0x123f`
- Cannot be operated *on*
 - Can only *store*

ARMv6 Assembly opcodes

```
mov    r0, #2      @ moves the value 2 into register 0
mov    r1, r0       @ copies the value 2 from register 0 to register 1
                        @ register 0 is still equal to 2
```

```
add    r0, r1, r2   @ Add r1 and r2 and store in r0
add    r1, r2        @ Add r1 and r2 and store in r1
```

```
mov    r0, #'A'     @ load the value of A into r0
ldr    r1, =outstr   @ load address of outstr into r1
strb   r0, [r1]      @ store the first byte in r0 into the address
                        @ starting at r1
strb   r0, r1        @ Does not work
```

ARMv6 Assembly opcodes

OPCODE R_M , R_N , R_D

ADD R5 , R3 , R2

$R5 = R3 + R2$

OPCODE R_M , I_{MM}

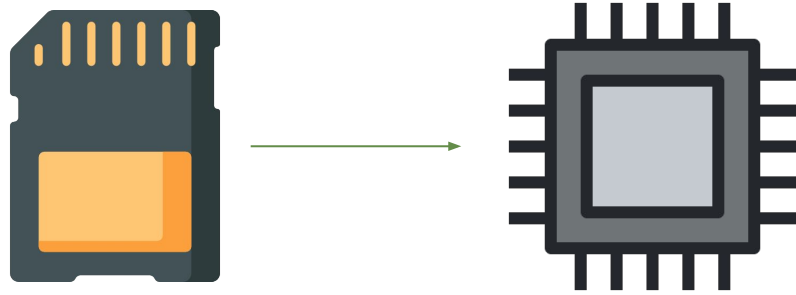
MOV R5 , #200

$R5 \leftarrow 200_{10}$

STRB vs LDR

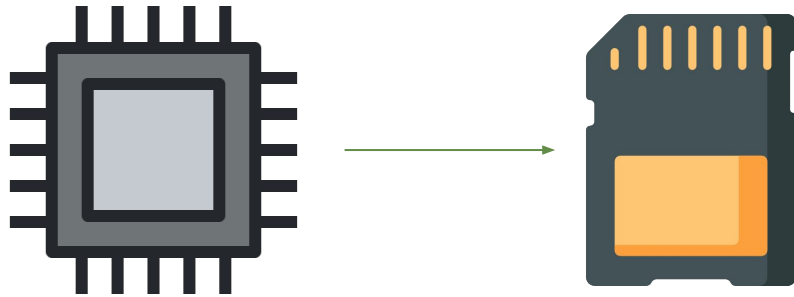
LDR

Load contents of
memory into register



STRB

Store contents of
register in memory

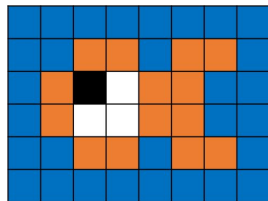


All your base

Actual bits
(binary)

Binary Interpretation:

00	White	01	Orange
10	Blue	11	Black



(a)

10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
10	10	01	01	10	01	01	10
10	01	11	00	01	01	10	10
10	01	00	00	01	01	10	10
10	10	01	01	10	01	01	10
10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10

(b)

10101010	10101010
10100101	10010110
10011100	01011010
10010000	01011010
10100101	10010110
10101010	10101010

(c)

0xa24d9100

0xa24d91a1

0xa24d9111

0xa24d91bb

0xa24d913f

0xa24d91c9

0xa24d914b

0xa24d91aa

0xa24d917a

0xa24d91e0

0xa24d9199

0xa24d91ef

File permissions
(octal)

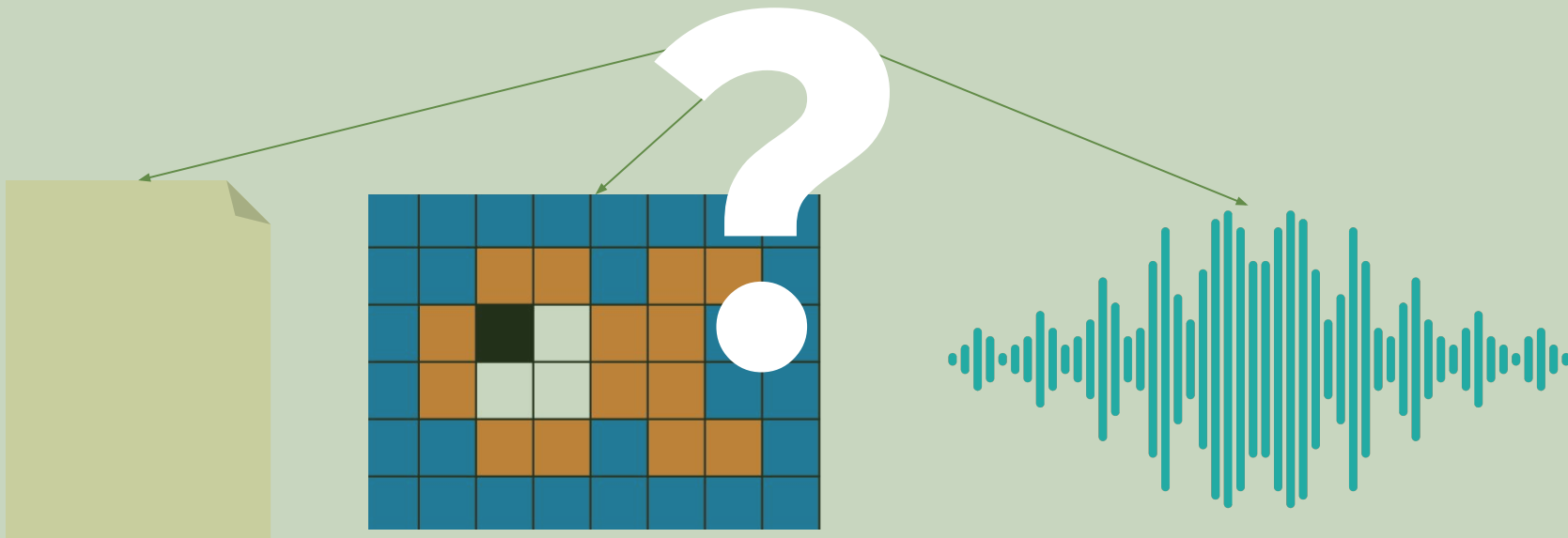
rwX r-- r--
7 5 5

Memory locations
(hexadecimal)

gone_fishin.png

Data representation

...000001100101110111101010110010010100100001001...



All your base

Base									
Decimal	0	1	2	3	4	8	10	16	31
Binary	0	01	10	11	100	1000	1010	10000	11111
Octal	0	1	2	3	4	10	12	20	37
Hexadecimal	0	1	2	3	4	8	A	10	1F

All your base

Base			
Decimal	64	159	318
Binary			
Octal			
Hexadecimal			

All your base

Base			
Decimal	64	159	318
Binary	1000000		
Octal	100		
Hexadecimal	40		

All your base

Base			
Decimal	64	159	318
Binary	1000000	10011111	
Octal	100	237	
Hexadecimal	40	9F	

All your base

Base			
Decimal	64	159	318
Binary	1000000	10011111	100111110
Octal	100	237	400
Hexadecimal	40	9F	13E

DEC2BIN

200	Even	0
-----	------	---

200₁₀ 

?₂

DEC2BIN

200	Even	0
$200 \div 2$	Even	0

200₁₀



?₂

DEC2BIN

200	Even	0
$200 \div 2$	Even	0
$100 \div 2$	Even	0

200₁₀



?₂

DEC2BIN

200₁₀



?₂

200	Even	0
200 ÷ 2	Even	0
100 ÷ 2	Even	0
50 ÷ 2	Odd	1

DEC2BIN

200₁₀



?₂

200	Even	0
200 ÷ 2	Even	0
100 ÷ 2	Even	0
50 ÷ 2	Odd	1
25 ÷ 2	Even	0

DEC2BIN

200₁₀



?₂

200	Even	0
200 ÷ 2	Even	0
100 ÷ 2	Even	0
50 ÷ 2	Odd	1
25 ÷ 2	Even	0
12 ÷ 2	Even	0

DEC2BIN

200₁₀



?₂

200	Even	0
200 ÷ 2	Even	0
100 ÷ 2	Even	0
50 ÷ 2	Odd	1
25 ÷ 2	Even	0
12 ÷ 2	Even	0
6 ÷ 2	Odd	1

DEC2BIN

200₁₀



?₂

200	Even	0
200 ÷ 2	Even	0
100 ÷ 2	Even	0
50 ÷ 2	Odd	1
25 ÷ 2	Even	0
12 ÷ 2	Even	0
6 ÷ 2	Odd	1
3 ÷ 2	Odd	1

DEC2BIN

200₁₀



?₂

200	Even	0
200 ÷ 2	Even	0
100 ÷ 2	Even	0
50 ÷ 2	Odd	1
25 ÷ 2	Even	0
12 ÷ 2	Even	0
6 ÷ 2	Odd	1
3 ÷ 2	Odd	1
1 ÷ 2	No carry	0

DEC2BIN

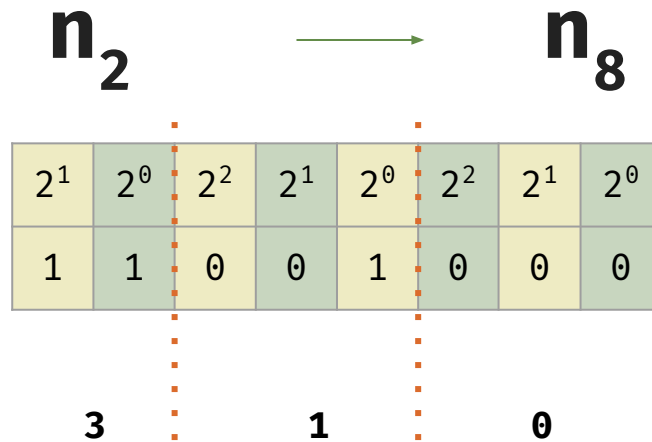
2^0	200	Even	0
2^1	$200 \div 2$	Even	0
2^2	$100 \div 2$	Even	0
2^3	$50 \div 2$	Odd	1
2^4	$25 \div 2$	Even	0
2^5	$12 \div 2$	Even	0
2^6	$6 \div 2$	Odd	1
2^7	$3 \div 2$	Odd	1
2^8	$1 \div 2$	No carry	0

200_{10} \longrightarrow **$?_2$**

2^7	2^6	2^5	2^4	2^3	2^2	2^1	2^0
1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0

11001000 is an **8 bit** number.

BIN2OCT



DEC2BIN

Try your hand at converting a few numbers into their 8-bit equivalents.

66

123

253

491

DEC2BIN

Try your hand at converting a few numbers into their 8-bit equivalents.

66	01000010
123	
253	
491	

DEC2BIN

Try your hand at converting a few numbers into their 8-bit equivalents.

66	01000010
123	01111011
253	
491	

DEC2BIN

Try your hand at converting a few numbers into their 8-bit equivalents.

66	01000010
123	01111011
253	11111101
491	

DEC2BIN

Try your hand at converting a few numbers into their 8-bit equivalents.

66	01000010
123	01111011
253	11111101
491	NOPE, NOT IN 8 BITS

Binary Arithmetic

	11
5	101
+3	+011
<hr/>	<hr/>
8	111

Binary Arithmetic

		1	1		
5		1	0	1	
+5		+1	0	1	
<hr/>					
10		1	0	1	0

Binary Arithmetic

$$\begin{array}{r} 011 \\ + 101 \\ \hline 1000 \\ 2 \end{array}$$

Diagram illustrating binary addition of 011 (3) and 101 (5) to get 1000 (8). The result 1000 is shown as 2 in decimal.

101

5

-3

2

2's Complement

+ (-3)

100

+001

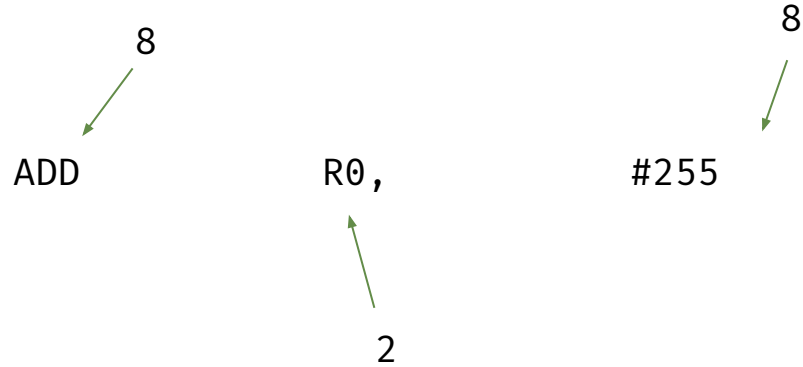
101

Binary Arithmetic

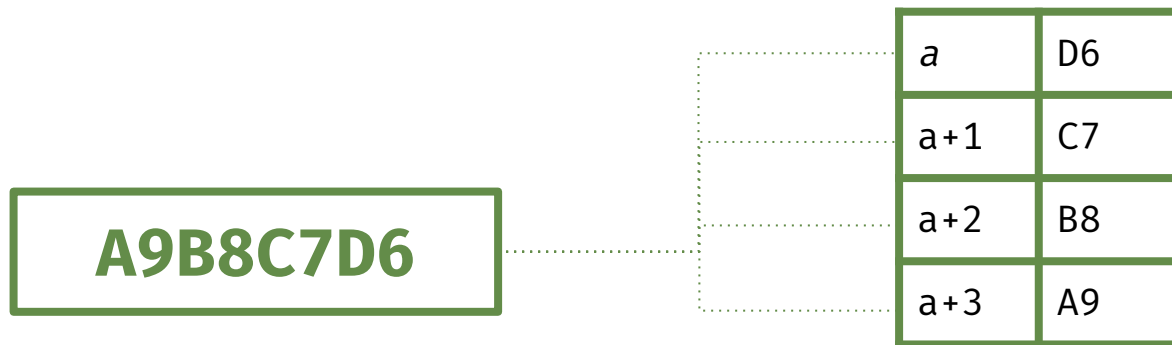
	1 1
5	101
+ -3	+101
<hr/>	<hr/>
2	1 010

2!

ARMv6 Assembly opcodes



Endian-ness



Raspberry Pi Pico Memory Scheme
“Little Endian”