

# Intro to MongoDB

CMPSC 305 – Database Systems



ALLEGHENY COLLEGE

# Database Language Guide

## SQL systems versus NoSQL

RDBMS		MongoDB
Database	➡	Database
Table, View	➡	Collection
Row	➡	Document (BSON)
Column	➡	Field
Index	➡	Index
Join	➡	Embedded Document
Foreign Key	➡	Reference
Partition	➡	Shard

- The terms are different, but their meanings are similar
- Schema-less, collections (like tables) are populated by any data
- Documents are similar to the tuples of Sqlite3 programming

# Let's code

## Schools Data

### Populate the MongoDB database

```
db.schools.insertMany([
    { 'school': "Washington", name: 'Ryan', gender: 'M', 'Job':'Teacher' },
    { 'school': "Edison", name: 'Joanna', gender: 'F', 'Job':'Professor'},
    { 'school': "Eaton", name: 'Roger', gender: 'M', 'Job':'Instructor'},
    { 'school': "Lewis", name: 'Presilla', gender: 'F', 'Job':'Instructor'}
]);
```

```
db.schools.find({ SEARCH-SPACE }, {CONSTRAINTS} )
```

- **EARCH-SPACE** → Scan this search space
- **CONSTRAINTS** → Find constraint(s) within the search space

- **Querying “Jobs” == “Instructor”, show name, gender and school**

```
db.schools.find({'Job':'Instructor'}, {'name': 1, 'gender': 1, 'school':1}).pretty()
```

# Let's code

## output

Back to mycompiler.io ...



MongoDB ▾



```
1 db.school.insertMany([
2   { 'school': "Washington", name: 'Ryan', gender: 'M', 'Job':'Teacher' },
3   { 'school': "Edison", name: 'Joanna', gender: 'F', 'Job':'Professor'},
4   { 'school': "Eaton", name: 'Roger', gender: 'M', 'Job':'Instructor'},
5   { 'school': "Lewis", name: 'Presilla', gender: 'F', 'Job':'Instructor'}
6 ]);
7
8
9 db.school.find({'Job':'Instructor'},{'name': 1, 'gender': 1, 'school':1 }).pretty()
```

<https://www.mycompiler.io/new/mongodb>

# Let's code

## output

```
mycompiler_mongodb> [
  {
    _id: ObjectId('690cc4935c08043b526b128e'),
    school: 'Eaton',
    name: 'Roger',
    gender: 'M'
  },
  {
    _id: ObjectId('690cc4935c08043b526b128f'),
    school: 'Lewis',
    name: 'Presilla',
    gender: 'F'
  }
]
mycompiler_mongodb>
```

Find all lamps: db.Furniture.find({}, {lamp:1})

# Query Challenge

## What do these commands do?

- db.school.find({'school':'Washington'},{})
- db.school.find({'school':'Eaton'}, {\_id:0, 'name':1})
- db.school.find({'school':'Washington'},{'Job':1, \_id:0})
- db.school.find({}, {'name':1, 'Job':1, \_id:0})

## Query Challenge



THINK

- What Job does Presilla have?
- What Job does Presilla have AND where does she work?
- Who works at Eaton?
- List the schools for all Instructor positions.

# Restaurant data

## Populate the MongoDB database

```
db.restaurants.drop()  
  
db.restaurants.insertMany( [  
  { "_id" : 1, "name": "Central Perk Cafe", "Borough": "Manhattan", "avgCost": 100},  
  { "_id" : 2, "name": "Rock A Feller Bar and Grill", "Borough": "Queens", "violations": 2, "avgCost": 250},  
  { "_id" : 3, "name": "Empire State Pub", "Borough": "Brooklyn", "violations": 0, "avgCost": 300},  
  { "_id" : 4, "name": "The Captain's Cafe", "Borough": "London", "avgCost": 80 },  
  { "_id" : 5, "name": "The Resto in a Cave", "Borough": "Paris", "violations": 0, "avgCost": 1 },  
  { "_id" : 6, "name": "The Crow Bar", "Borough": "Paris", "violations": 98, "note": "gross", "avgCost": 40}]);
```

- Note: we are able to override the `_id` settings from Mongo and implement our own values

# Inserting New Data Using \$set{}

## Check document

```
db.restaurants.find({"name":"Empire State Pub"},{})
```

## Add to document

```
db.restaurants.updateOne(  
    {"name":"Empire State Pub"},  
    { $set: {  
        rating: "Thumbs-Up",  
        status: "Loved it!" },  
        $currentDate: { lastModified: true }  
    });
```

# Inserting New Data Using \$set{}

Check document, again to see updates!

```
db.restaurants.find({"name":"Empire State Pub"},{})
```

```
{
  _id: 3,
  name: 'Empire State Pub',
  Borough: 'Brooklyn',
  violations: 0,
  avgCost: 300,
  lastModified: ISODate('2025-11-09T02:51:55.023Z'),
  rating: 'Thumbs-Up',
  status: 'Loved it!'
}
```

# Inserting New Data Using \$set{}

## Check document

```
db.restaurants.find({"name":"Empire State Pub"},{})
```

## Add to document

```
db.restaurants.updateOne(  
    {"name":"Empire State Pub"},  
    { $set: {  
        chef: "The Swedish Chef",  
        status: "Dum-Di-Dum!" },  
        $currentDate: { lastModified: true }  
    });
```

Check document, again to see updates!

```
db.restaurants.find({"name":"Empire State Pub"},{})
```

# Inserting New Data Using \$set{}

Check document

```
db.restaurants.find({"name":"Central Perk Cafe"},{})
```

```
db.restaurants.updateOne(  
    {"name":"Central Perk Cafe"},  
    { $set: {  
        rating: "Good",  
        status: "Loved it!",  
        kitchenQuality: "ok" },  
        $currentDate: { lastModified: true }  
    });
```

Check document, again to see updates!

```
db.restaurants.find({"name":"Central Perk Cafe"},{})
```

# Inserting New Data Using \$set{}

Check document

```
db.restaurants.find({"name":"The Resto in a Cave"},{})
```

```
db.restaurants.updateOne(  
  {"name":"The Resto in a Cave"},  
  {  
    $set: {  
      rating: "Musty",  
      status: "Dirty and full of rocks!!!!",  
      kitchenQuality: "A fire in the floor",  
      Note: "The waiter was a bear who chased me."},  
    $currentDate: { lastModified: true }  
  });
```

Check document, again to see updates!

```
db.restaurants.find({"name":"The Resto in a Cave"},{})
```

# How Do I Compare Values?

Operation	MongoDB	RDBMS
Equality	db.employees.find({"salary": "5000"})	where 'salary' = '5000'
Less Than	db.employees.find({"age": {\$lt: 30}})	where age < 30
Less Than Equals	db.employees.find({"age": {\$lte: 30}})	where age <= 30
Greater Than	db.employees.find({"age": {\$gt: 30}})	where age > 30
Greater Than Equals	db.employees.find({"age": {\$gte: 30}})	where age >= 30
Not Equals	db.employees.find({"age": {\$ne: 30}})	where age != 30

# How Do I Compare Values?

RestaurantsDB: Details where avgCost is less than 200

```
db.restaurants.find(  
  {"avgCost":{$lt:200}},  
  {"_id": 0, "name":1, "avgCost":1}  
)
```

```
test> db.restaurants.find(  
...   {"avgCost":{$lt:200}},  
...   {"_id": 0, "name":1, "avgCost":1}  
... )  
...  
[  
  { name: 'Central Perk Cafe', avgCost: 100 },  
  { name: "The Captain's Cafe", avgCost: 80 },  
  { name: 'The Resto in a Cave', avgCost: 1 },  
  { name: 'The Crow Bar', avgCost: 40 }  
]
```

# How Do I Compare Values?

RestaurantsDB: Details where avgCost is greater than 20 and less than 80 and

```
db.restaurants.find(  
  {"avgCost":{$gt:20}, "avgCost":{$lt:80}},  
  {}  
)
```

```
db.restaurants.find(  
  { "avgCost": { $gt: 20, $lt: 80 } }  
)
```

# How Do I Compare Values?

```
test> db.restaurants.find(  
...     { "avgCost": { $gt: 20, $lt: 80 } }  
... )  
[...  
[  
  {  
    _id: 6,  
    name: 'The Crow Bar',  
    Borough: 'Paris',  
    violations: 98,  
    note: 'gross',  
    avgCost: 40  
  }  
]
```

# Advanced Data and Queries

File: sandbox/syntheticData small.json

Let's horse around with different data ...

Synthetic data available from:  
<https://json-generator.com/>

# More Comparing Values. Yey!!

Commands for the employee database

```
age == 27
```

```
db.employee.find({"age":27}, {"age":1, "name.first":1})
```

```
age > 28
```

```
db.employee.find({"age":{$gt:28}, }, {"age":1, "name.first":1})
```

```
age < 28
```

```
db.employee.find({"age":{$lt:28}, }, {"age":1, "name.first":1})
```

```
26 < age < 40
```

```
db.employee.find({"age":{$gt:26}, "age":{$lt:32}}, {"age":1, "name":1, "_id":0})
```

# Query Challenge

Commands for the employee database

A large orange button with a white center and rounded corners. The word "THINK" is written in bold, dark blue capital letters.

What do the following queries do?

```
db.employee.find({}, {"name.last":1, "name.first":1})  
db.employee.find({}, {"company":1})  
db.employee.find({}, {"name.last":1, address:1})  
db.employee.find({}, {"company":1, registered:1, _id:0})  
db.employee.find({}, {"company":1, "friends.name":1, _id:0})  
db.employee.find({company:"RADIANTIX"},  
                 {"friends.name":1, _id:0})
```

# Query Challenge

Commands for the employee database



THINK

Gimme the following queries

- List the lat and long for all company entries
- List all firstname entries assoc with each company entry
- List the friends of each first name entry
- Give the company for which Nadia Soto is one of the friends

# New Data: Cats and Dogs

File: sandbox/catsdogs.json

Syntax: OR

```
db.catsdogs.find({$or:[{expr},{expr}]}))
```

Syntax: AND

```
db.catsdogs.find({$and:[{expr},{expr}]}))
```

What do the following queries do?

```
db.catsdogs.find({$or:[{'age':4}, {age:5}]}))
```

```
db.catsdogs.find({$and:[{'owner.name':'Charlie'}, {'type':'Cat'}]}))
```

```
db.catsdogs.find({$and:[{'owner.name':'Charlie'}, {'type':'dog'}]}))
```

# Query Challenge

File: sandbox/catsdogs.json



THINK

Gimme the following queries?

- Give a list breed information for only dogs
- Give a list characteristics information for only cats
- Give the addresses of all owners of dogs
- Give all dogs who are at least age 2
- Give all cats who are at least a year old

# Query Challenge

File: sandbox/catsdogs.json

A large orange button with a white rectangular center. Inside the center, the word "THINK" is written in bold, dark blue capital letters.

THINK

Gimme the following queries?

- What kind of dog does Charlie have?
- What are the characteristics of Labrador Retrievers?
- What cats have colors of Seal Point and Black and Tan?

# Consider This ...



THINK

Gimme the following queries?

- Can you create and populate a completely new MongoDB database?
- Can you edit your data in your database?
- Can you write sophisticated queries in your database to isolate meaningful information from the data?