

Streams

Static

Static vs.
DynamicallyCreated

Streams and Iterators

Yield function

Generator Application

Functions to Generate

Discrete Structures: CMPSC 102

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Streams: Static variables

Streams

Static

Static vs. Dynamically-Created Sequences Streams and Iterators

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Functions to Generate

What is "Static"?

- A static data structure is an organized container or collection of data in memory of a fixed size
- A "static" sequence may be mutable like a list but at any one time, it exists as a complete data structure.
- Static lists and Actively created lists

Create a static list

```
stringList = ['count_'+str(i+1) for i in range(4)]
```

Create an active list

```
a = 2
```

$$b = 3$$

```
myList_list = [a+b, b+a, len(["a","b"])]
```

The lists are still of a set size.



Dynamic vs. Static Data Structures

Streams Static

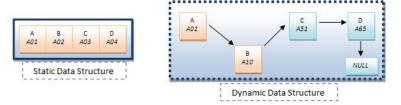
Static vs. Dynamically-Created Sequences

Streams and Iterators

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Functions to



The difference between the dynamic and static data structures

 Static data structures are ideal for storing a fixed number of data items, lack the dynamic data structures flexibility to consume additional memory if needed or to free up memory when possible for improved efficiency.



Other Ways to Make Static Lists

https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/Python_Programming/Lists

```
Streams
Static
```

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```
listOfWords = ["this","is","a","list","of","words"]
items = [ word[0] for word in listOfWords ]
print(items) # first chars of each word
# ['t', 'i', 'a', 'l', 'o', 'w']
```

```
print([x+y for x in 'tea' for y in 'pot'])
# ['tp', 'tt', 'ep', ..., 'at']

print([x+y for x in 'tea' for y in 'pot' if x != 't' and y != 'o' ])
# ['ep', 'et', 'ap', 'at']

print ([x+y for x in 'tea' for y in 'pot' if x != 't' or y != 'o' ])
# ['tp', 'tt', 'ep', ..., 'at']
```

```
zeros_list=[0]*5
print(zeros_list)
```

```
item_list=['item']*3
print(item_list)
#['item', 'item', 'item']
```



Dynamically-Generated Sequences

Streams Static

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Functions to Generate

- The size of the list was settled at the time of the creation of the list
- The list could be printed to the screen item-by-item or all-at-once
- Enter dynamically generated sequences: Items are created, printed, consumed as needed.

In Chapter 7.1, Stavely Says ...

An input stream, for example, appears to a program to be a sequence of values - lines, characters, numbers from sensors, whatever they may be - that are not present all at once, but appear dynamically over time. Some input streams don't even have an end: the data keeps coming indefinitely.







Dynamic vs. Static Data Structures

Let's see that graphic again!

Streams Static

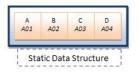
Static vs. Dynamically-Created

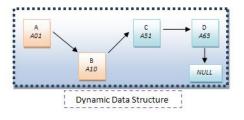
Streams and Iterators

Yield function

Generator Application

Functions to Generate





The difference between the dynamic and static data structures



Streams and Iterators

Static vs

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Created
Sequences

Streams ar Iterators

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Functions to Generate

- The term stream denotes any dynamically-generated sequence of values
- Two kinds of sequences:
 - Static sequences (similar to any other list that we have already seen)
 - Streams: generated data structures using iterators and range objects

Streams by Invoking an iterator with a for-statement

```
#for i in iterator:
# statements
l_list = ["Apples", "Oranges", "Apricots",
"Avocado", "Ananas (pineapple)", "Asparagus"]
print(" Starting with 'A' ")
for line in l_list:
   if line.startswith("A"): print(line)
```



Generators The overview

Streams Static

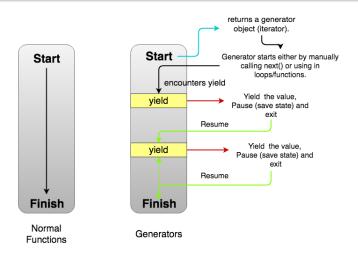
Static vs. Dynamically-Created Sequences

Streams and Iterators

Yield function

Generator Application

Functions to Generate



• The loop continues only when the yield code is run



Using Iterators as Defined By Others

Generator data type: names

Streams
Static
Static vs.
Dynamically-

Streams and Iterators

Yield function

Generator Application

Functions to

```
    Generators are convenient way of creating iterators.
```

• They are functions returning objects (iterators) for iteration of one value at a time.

Another Stream Invoking an iterator

```
l_list = ["Apples", "Oranges", "Apricots", "Avocado", "Ananas (pineapple)", "Asparagus"]
names = (line[:] for line in l_list) # create a generator
print(names) # generator function, no data added just yet
type(names) # <class 'generator'>
for i in names:print("\t First round :",i)
print("\t Let's try that again! ")
for i in names:print("\t Second round :",i) #...?
```

- The generator expression is evaluated, creating an iterator, and the *name* variable is bound to that iterator
- The for-statement invokes names for values one after the next
- The name generator is then destroyed

The Yield function File: createGen.py

Streams

Yield function

Code-Along

Generator Application

Functions to Generate

```
Create another generator
```

```
def createGenerator():
 mylist = range(3)
 for i in mylist:
  # find the square of the value as needed
    yield i*i
# end of createGenerator()
# Initiation: create a generator
myGenerator = createGenerator()
# Where is this generator in memory?
print(myGenerator)
for i in myGenerator:
 print("\t A: myGenerator: ",i)
for i in myGenerator:
 print("\t B: myGenerator: ",i)
```



YAY: Yet Another Yield

File: yay.py

Streams

Yield function

Code-Along

Generator Application

Functions to Generate



{ Let's Code! }

THINK



Summations of Large Lists

File: seq_nonGen.py

Streams

Yield function

Generator Application

Functions to Generate

- $\bullet \ \, \text{Suppose we want to find the sum of all numbers between 1 and} \\ n$
- We could build a list of these numbers in memory and then add each
- Note: the whole list must be supported by the memory of the machine

```
# Build and return a list
# ref: https://wiki.python.org/moin/Generators
def listBuilder(n):
    num, nums = 0, []
    while num < n:
        nums.append(num)
        num += 1
    return nums
#end of listBuilder()
sum_of_first_n = sum(listBuilder(1000000))
print("\t The sum of first n :",sum_of_first_n)</pre>
```



Summations of Large Lists

File: seq_gen.py

Streams
Yield function

Generator Application

Functions to Generate

- Suppose we still want to find the sum of all numbers between 1 and n but we do not want to use all our memory.
- Generator functions to build the list and get each value as requested

```
# Using the generator pattern (an iterable)
# ref: https://wiki.python.org/moin/Generators
class listBuilder(object):
    def init (self, n):
        self.n = n
        self.num, self.nums = 0, []
    def iter (self):
       return self
    # Python 3 compatibility
    def __next__(self):
        return self.next()
    def next(self):
        if self.num < self.n:
            cur, self.num = self.num, self.num+1
            return cur
        else:
            raise StopIteration()
sum_of_first_n = sum(listBuilder(1000000))
print("\t The sum of first n:", sum of first n)
```

Sequences of Fibonacci

Streams

Yield function

Generator Application

Functions to

Generate Call-Function

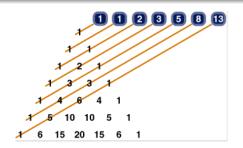
Tuple Maker

Fibonacci Sequence Generator with

Code-Along

Sequence

- \bullet $F_n = F_{n-1} + F_{n-2}$
- For $n = 1, 2, \dots, 8$
- The sequence follows as: 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21



Pascal's Triangle to find the sequence Interesting reference:

http://mathworld.wolfram.com/FibonacciNumber.html

Static Function

The n_{th} term of the Fibonacci sequence

Streams

Yield function

Generator Application

Application
Functions to

Generate Call-Function

Variety
Tuple Maker
List Generator
Fibonacci Sequence
Generator with

Code-Along

Binet's Formula

$$F_n = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left(\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n - \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)^n \right)$$

Static equation using Binet's formula

A static function for the Fibonacci sequence

```
import math
def fibsBinet(n):
    a = (1/math.sqrt(5))
    b = ((1 + math.sqrt(5))/2)**n
    c = ((1 - math.sqrt(5))/2)**n
    return a * (b - c)
#end of fibsBinet()
for i in range(8):
    print(fibsBinet(i)) # calculate each value as needed
```



Tuple-Maker Functions For Fibonacci Sequences

Not a Generator: Return elements of the sequence all at once in a structure

Streams

Yield function

Generator Application

Functions to Generate Call-Function

Tuple Maker

List Generator Fibonacci Sequence Generator with Code-Along

```
Make a tuple containing the results
```

```
def fibsTuple(n):
  result = ( )
  a=1
  h=1
  for i in range(n):
      result += (a,)
      a, b = b, a + b
   return result
print(" My type is: ",type(fibsTuple))
print(fibsTuple(5)) #(1, 1, 2, 3, 5)
```

- Every time around the loop, the function creates a new tuple, a copy of result with another value concatenated onto the end. Each tuple but the last is never used again.
- Result is returned in one structure



List-Maker Functions For Fibonacci Sequences

Not a Generator: Return elements of the sequence all at once in a structure

Streams

Yield function

Generator Application

Functions to Generate Call-Function

Tuple Maker

List Generator

Fibonacci Sequence Generator with Yield Code-Along

```
A list maker
```

```
def fibsList(n):
    result = []
    a=1
    b=1
    for i in range(n):
        result.append(a)
        a, b = b, a + b
    return result
```

```
print(" My type is: ",type(fibsList))
print(fibsList(4)) #[1, 1, 2, 3]
```

- More efficient function than fibsTuple(): as a result is modified in place rather than creating a whole new data structure during each iteration
- ullet When n is large the difference may be significant
- Result is returned in one data structure



Generator Functions For Fibonacci Sequences Creating sequences dynamically with *yield*

Streams

Yield function

Generator Application

Functions to Generate Call-Function Variety Tuple Maker

List Generator
Fibonacci Sequence:
Generator with
Yield

Code-Along

Functions having yield-statement are generator

This function works as a generator or otherwise

A generator function for the Fibonacci sequence

```
def fibs(n):
    a=1
    b=1
    for i in range(n):
        yield a
        a, b = b, a + b
print([x for x in fibs(6)])
print(" My type is:",type(fibs))
f = fibs(6)
for i in f: print(i)
print(" My type is: ",type(fibs(6)))
```



Call versus List Maker

Streams

Yield function

Generator Application

Functions to Generate Call-Function Tuple Maker

List Generator Fibonacci Sequence Generator with

Code-Along



- Non-Generator function: Wlth fibsTuple() or fibsList(), the code that calls the function "pushes" a value of n to the function and the function "pushes" a sequence object back (Click to see Tuples)
- Generator function: With fibs(), the caller pushes a value of n to the function and then "pulls" values from the function (or, more precisely, from the iterator returned by the function) as it needs them. (Click to see fibs)



Combinations (to make another generator function)

Streams

Yield function

Generator Application

Functions to

Generate Call-Function

Tuple Maker List Generator

Fibonacci Sequence Generator with

Code-Along

- How many ways are there to choose k things from a set of n?
 - Said: n choose k
 - $Choose(n,k) = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k!)}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \\ \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \\ \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$$



Finding Combinations using a Generator File: combinations_partial.py

Streams

Yield function

Generator Application

Functions to

Call-Function Variety

Tuple Maker

List Generator Fibonacci Sequence

Fibonacci Sequene Generator with Yield

Code-Along



{ Let's Code! }

