

# AO6401A

# 30V P-Channel MOSFET

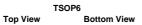
## **General Description**

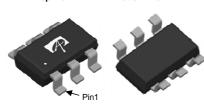
The AO6401A uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{\text{DS(ON)}},$  low gate charge and operation with gate voltages as low as 2.5V. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications.

## **Product Summary**

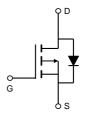
 $\begin{array}{lll} V_{DS} & -30V \\ I_{D} \; (at \, V_{GS} \!\!=\! \!\! -10V) & -5A \\ R_{DS(ON)} \; (at \, V_{GS} \!\!=\! \!\! -10V) & < 47 m \Omega \\ R_{DS(ON)} \; (at \, V_{GS} \!\!=\! \!\! -4.5V) & < 64 m \Omega \\ R_{DS(ON)} \; (at \, V_{GS} \!\!=\! \!\!\! -2.5V) & < 85 m \Omega \end{array}$ 











Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>A</sub>=25℃ unless otherwise noted

Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Units	
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	-30	V	
Gate-Source Voltage		V <sub>GS</sub>	±12	V	
Continuous Drain	T <sub>A</sub> =25℃		-5		
Current	T <sub>A</sub> =70℃	'D	-4	A	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>c</sup>		I <sub>DM</sub>	-28		
	T <sub>A</sub> =25℃		2	W	
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =70℃	P <sub>D</sub>	1.3	VV	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 150	C	

Thermal Characteristics									
Parameter		Symbol	Тур	Max	Units				
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	D	47.5	62.5	℃/W				
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient AD	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JA}$	74	110	℃/W				
Maximum Junction-to-Lead Steady-State		$R_{\theta JL}$	37	50	℃/W				



#### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25℃ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Parameter Conditions		Тур	Max	Units				
STATIC PARAMETERS										
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = -250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$	-30			V				
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =-30V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			-1	μΑ				
		T <sub>J</sub> =55℃			-5					
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> =±12V			±100	nA				
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS} I_{D}=-250\mu A$	-0.5	-0.9	-1.3	V				
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}$ =-10V, $V_{DS}$ =-5V	-28			Α				
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V, I <sub>D</sub> =-5A		39	47	mΩ				
		T <sub>J</sub> =125℃		60	74	11122				
		V <sub>GS</sub> =-4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =-4A		45	64	mΩ				
		V <sub>GS</sub> =-2.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =-1A		59	85	mΩ				
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =-5V, $I_{D}$ =-5A		18		S				
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =-1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		-0.7	-1	V				
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-2.5	Α				
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS									
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance			645	780	pF				
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =-15V, f=1MHz		80		pF				
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	1		55	80	pF				
$R_g$	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz	4	7.8	12	Ω				
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS									
Q <sub>g</sub> (10V)	Total Gate Charge			14	17	nC				
Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-15V, I <sub>D</sub> =-5A		7	8.5	nC				
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-13V, I <sub>D</sub> =-3A		1.5		nC				
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge	7		2.5		nC				
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime			6.5		ns				
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =-10V, $V_{DS}$ =-15V, $R_L$ =3 $\Omega$ ,		3.5		ns				
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		41		ns				
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time	1		9		ns				
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =-5A, dl/dt=100A/μs		11	13.5	ns				
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge I <sub>F</sub> =-5A, dl/dt=100A/μs			3.5		nC				

A. The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on  $1in^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25°C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

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B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150°C, using  $\leq$  10s junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(MAX)}=150$ °C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial  $T_J=25$ °C.

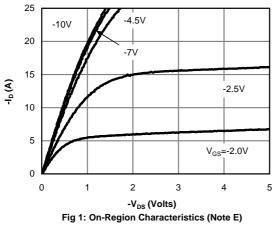
D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead  $R_{\theta JL}$  and lead to ambient.

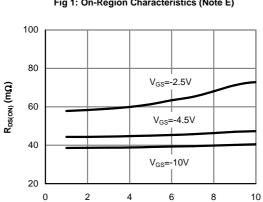
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 $\mu$ s pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-ambient thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted on  $1\text{in}^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(MAX)}=150$ °C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse ratin g.



#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS





-I<sub>D</sub> (A)
Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and
Gate Voltage (Note E)

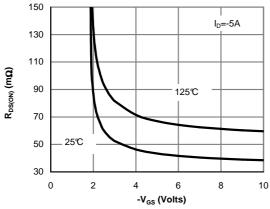


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

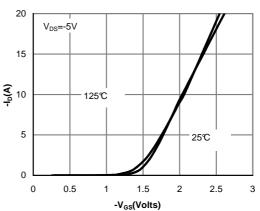


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

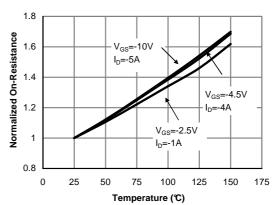


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

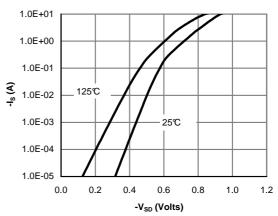
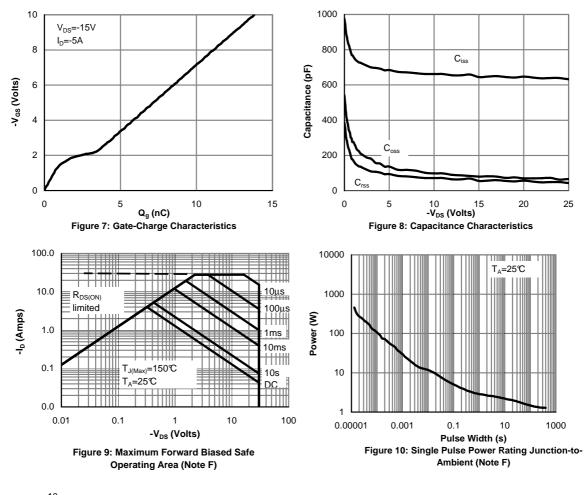


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)



#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



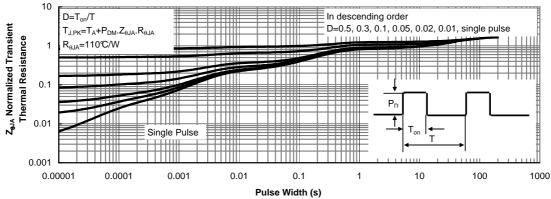
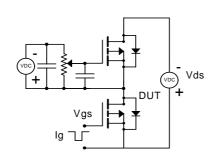
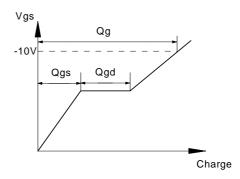


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

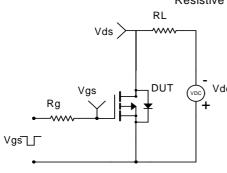


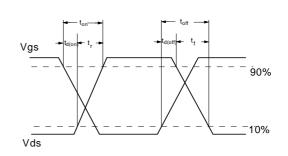
## Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



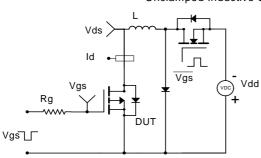


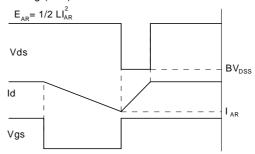
## Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms





## Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms





## Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

