

Digital Image Processing-Assignment 05

1st Zih Jie Lin

Computer Science Information Engineering.

Fu Jen Catholico University

New Taipei City, Taiwan

406261597@gapp.fju.edu.tw

I. 實驗說明

Implement Kapur's Entropy Thresholding on Lena.
Compare the segmentation result to Otsu's one.

II. 程式碼

Otsu's 來源: <https://www.mathworks.com/matlabcentral/fileexchange/51297-image-segmentation-using-otsu-method>

```
1 %% ISP Lab 9 Otsu Thresholding
2 % AliArshad Kothawala
3 % 7/04/15
4 close all;clear all;clc
5
6 I=imread('lena.tif'); % Read the Image
7 figure(1),imshow(I); % display the
   Original Image
8 figure(2),imhist(I); % display the
   Histogram
9
10 n=imhist(I); % Compute the histogram
11 N=sum(n); % sum the values of all the
   histogram values
12 max=0; %initialize maximum to zero
13
14 for i=1:256
15     P(i)=n(i)/N; %Computing the
       probability of each intensity
       level
16 end
17
18 for T=2:255 % step through all
   thresholds from 2 to 255
19     w0=sum(P(1:T)); % Probability of
       class 1 (separated by threshold)
20     w1=sum(P(T+1:256)); %probability of
       class2 (separated by threshold)
21     u0=dot([0:T-1],P(1:T))/w0; % class
       mean u0
22     u1=dot([T:255],P(T+1:256))/w1; %
       class mean u1
23     sigma=w0*w1*((u1-u0)^2); % compute
       sigma i.e variance(between class)
24     if sigma>max % compare sigma with
       maximum
```

```
25     max=sigma; % update the value of
       max i.e max=sigma
26     threshold=T-1; % desired
       threshold corresponds to
       maximum variance of between
       class
27 end
28 end
29
30 threshold
31 bw=im2bw(I,threshold/255); % Convert to
   Binary Image
32 figure(3),imshow(bw); % Display the
   Binary Image
33 imwrite(bw, 'otsu.jpg');
34
35 Kapur's 來源: https://www.mathworks.com/matlabcentral/fileexchange/74468-image-thresholding-otsu-method-and-kapur-method
36
37 function imagBW = kapur(imag)
38
39     imag = imag(:, :, 1); % gray image
40     counts = imhist(imag); % counts are the
       histogram
41     GradeI = 256; % the resolution of the
       intensity. i.e. 256 for uint8.
42     % MIN = 1e-7;
43
44     prob = counts ./ sum(counts); %
       Probability distribution
45
46     psai = zeros(GradeI, 1);
47     prob_t = 0;
48     entropy_t = 0;
49
50     ind = find(prob);
51     entropy_L = sum( prob(ind) .* log(prob(
       ind)) ) * (-1);
52
53     for i = 0 : GradeI-1
54         prob_t = prob_t + prob(i+1);
55
56         if prob(i+1) > 0 && prob_t < 1
57             entropy_t = entropy_t - prob(i+1)
               * log(prob(i+1));
```

```

22     psai(i+1) = log(prob_t * (1-
        prob_t)) + entropy_t / prob_t
        + ...
23     (entropy_L-entropy_t) / (1-
        prob_t);
24     elseif (prob(i+1) == 0 && i > 0)
25         psai(i+1) = psai(i);
26     end
27 end
28
29 [maxPsai, ind] = max(psai);
30 th = (ind - 1) / (GradeI -1);
31 imagBW = im2bw(imag, th);

```

III. 成果



Fig. 1. lena



Fig. 2. lena after Otsu' s Entropy Thresholding



Fig. 3. lena after Kapur' s Entropy Thresholding

IV. 比較

Otsu's Entropy Thresholding 得出的 threshold 比 Kapur's 低，因此 Otsu's 圖片呈現較明亮。