8

9

11

17

19

20

21

22

autocmd CursorMoved * exe printf('match VisualNOS /\V

exec "!g++ -Wall -Wshadow -std=gnu++0x % -o %< 2>

\<%s\>/', escape(expand('<cword>'), '/\'))

12 map <F5> :r ~/sample.cpp<CR>

13 map <F9> :call Compile()<CR>

Log.txt"

exe "cg log.txt"

15 map <F10> :call Run()<CR>

18 func! Compile()

cw 5

exec "w"

14 map! <F9> <ESC>:call Compile()<CR>

16 map! <F10> <ESC>:call Run()<CR>

10 autocmd CursorMovedi * exe printf('match VisualNOS /\V
 \<%s\>/', escape(expand('<cword>'), '/\'))

```
Contents
                                               23 endfunc
                                               24
                                               25
                                                  func! Run()
                                                     exec "!./%<" # "!%<" if windows
                                               26
 1 Setting
   27
                                                  endfunc
                                               28
 2 Basic
                                                  cd ~/Desktop # C:\Users\???\Desktop
   2.2 BinarySearch . . . . . . . . . . . . .
   2.3 int128 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
   Basic
   3 Data and Structure
   3.1 Disjoint Set
                                                  2.1 Builtin
   3.2 Segment Tree
   3.3 Treap . . . .
                                               31
                                                  — Built-in Function: int __builtin_ffs (T x)
   4.1 CounterLine . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
   33
                                                  Returns one plus the index of the least significant 1-
   4.3 LIS . .
                                               3
                                                     bit of x, or if x is zero, returns zero.
                                               3
4
   返回右起第一个'1'的位置。
                                               35
 5 Graph
   5.1 Articulation Point . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                  — Built-in Function: int __builtin_clz (T x)
   5.3 Bipartite . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                               48
                                                  Returns the number of leading 0-bits in x, starting at
   5.4 diikstra
                                                     the most significant bit position. If x is 0, the
   5
                                                     result is undefined.
   5.7 FloydWarshall . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                  返回左起第一个'1'之前0的个数。
                                               10
11
   5.9 Longest Common Ancestor . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                  — Built-in Function: int __builtin_ctz (T x)
   <del>1</del>2
   5.11SPFA
   5.12SumOfDistanceInTree . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                                  Returns the number of trailing \theta-bits in x, starting at
                                               8.3
   8
                                                      the least significant bit position. If \boldsymbol{x} is 0, the
                                                      result is undefined.
 6 Number
   返回右起第一个'1'之后的0的个数。
                                               25
   6.3 Extend Euclidean.cpp . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
                                               96
97
                                                  — Built-in Function: int __builtin_popcount (T x)
   6.4 GaussElimination . . . . . . . . . . . . .
   118
                                                  Returns the number of 1-bits in x.
   6.6 Phi . .
                                                  返回'1'的个数。
                                               149
   7 String
                                                  — Built-in Function: int __builtin_parity (T x)
                                                  Returns the parity of x, i.e. the number of 1-bits in x
                                               1@3
   modulo 2.
                                                  返回'1'的个数的奇偶性。
                                               24
                                               25
     Setting
                                               26 T is unsigned, unsigned long, unsigned long long
 1.1 /.vimrc
                                                  2.2 BinarySearch
1 syntax on
2 color torte
                                                1 lower_bound(a, a+n, k); //最左邊 ≥ k 的位置
3 set nu ts=4 sw=4 ai mouse=a bs=2 ci hls ru nocp
                                                2 upper_bound(a, a+n, k); //最左邊 > k 的位置
     showmatch ar fencs=utf-8
                                                3 upper_bound(a, a+n, k) - 1; //最右邊 ≤ k 的位置
4 set guifont=Consolas:h10
                                                4 lower_bound(a, a+n, k) - 1; //最右邊 < k 的位置
5 filetype plugin indent on
                                                  [lower_bound, upper_bound) //等於 k 的範圍
6 so $VIMRUNTIME/mswin.vim
                                                6 equal_range(a, a+n, k);
7 behave mswin
```

2.3 int128

```
1
   istream &operator >> (istream &is, __int128 &x) {
 2
        char buf[30];
 3
        is >> buf;
 4
        bool minus = false;
 5
        int len = strlen(buf);
 6
        x = 0:
        for (int i=0; i<len; i++) {
   if (i==0 && buf[i]=='-') minus = true;</pre>
 7
 8
             else x = x*10 + buf[i] - 48;
10
        if (minus) x*=-1;
11
12
        return is;
13 }
```

}

```
14 ostream & operator << (ostream &os, __int128 &x) {
                                                                  30
                                                                  31
15
       vector<int> v;
         _{int128} tmp = x;
                                                                  32 }
16
17
       bool minus = tmp < 0;</pre>
18
       if (minus) tmp *= -1;
19
20
       while(tmp > 0) {
21
            v.push_back(tmp%10);
22
            tmp/=10;
23
       if (minus) os << "-";</pre>
24
25
       for (int i=(int)v.size()-1; i>=0; i--) os << v[i];</pre>
26
27|}
```

3 Data and Structure

3.1 Disjoint Set

```
1 void init(){for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)p[i] = i;}
2 int find(int x){return x == p[x] ? x : p[x]=find(p[x])
    ;}
3 void Union(int a, int b){p[find(a)] = find(b);}</pre>
```

cout<<fixed<<setprecision(5)<<f(L)<<'\n';</pre>

2.4 Mergesort

```
1|long long sol(int L, int R) {
     if (R - L <= 1)return 0;</pre>
3
     int M = (R + L) / 2;
     long long ans = sol(L, M) + sol(M, R);
5
     int i = L, j = M, k = L;
     while (i < M || j < R) {</pre>
7
       if (i >= M)
8
         buf[k] = arr[j++];
9
       else if (j >= R)
         buf[k] = arr[i++];
10
11
       else {
12
          if (arr[i]<=arr[j])</pre>
13
            buf[k] = arr[i++];
14
          else {
            buf[k] = arr[j++];
15
            ans += M - i;
16
17
         }
18
19
       k++;
20
21
     for (int k = L; k < R; k++) arr[k] = buf[k];
22
     return ans;
23 }
```

3.2 Segment Tree

```
1 int bulit(int L,int R,int x) {
 2
     if(L==R)return heap[x - 1]=arr[L];
     int M=(L+R)>>1;
 4
     return heap[x-1]=bulit(L, M, (x << 1))+bulit(M + 1, R</pre>
          (x << 1) + 1);
 5
   }
   void modify(int L,int R,int x,int a,int b,int mo) {
 6
       if(b<L||R<a)return;</pre>
 8
     if(L==R){heap[x-1]+=mo; return;}
 9
     int M=(L+R)>>1;
10
     modify(L,M,(x<<1),a,b,mo);</pre>
11
     modify(M+1,R,(x<<1)+1,a,b,mo);</pre>
12
     heap[x - 1] += mo;
13
     return;
14
15
   int quest(int L,int R,int x,int a,int b) {
16
       if(b<L||R<a)return 0;</pre>
17
     if(a<=L&&R<=b)return heap[x - 1];</pre>
18
     int M=(L+R)>>1;
19
     return quest(L,M,(x<<1),a,b)+quest(M+1,R,(x<<1)+1,a,b</pre>
20 }
```

2.5 ThreeSearch

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 2 using namespace std;
3 #define N 20
 4 int t,n,i,j;
5 struct happy{
6
     double a,b,c;
7 }h[N];
8 double f2(double x,double a,double b,double c){return a 7
        *(x-b)*(x-b)+c;}
9
  double f(double x){
10
     double ans=0;
11
     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
       ans=max(ans,f2(x,h[i].a,h[i].b,h[i].c));
12
13 //
         cout<<ans<<'\n';</pre>
14
    }
15
     return ans;
16|}
17
  int main(){
18
     cin.tie(NULL);
     for(cin>>t;i<t;i++){</pre>
19
20
       for(cin>>n,j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
21
         cin>>h[j].a>>h[j].b>>h[j].c;
22
       double L=0,R=300,M,MM;
23
       while(R-L>1e-9){
24
         M=L+(R-L)/3;
25
          MM=(M+R)/2;
            cout<<L<<' '<<M<<' '<<MM<<' '<<R<<'\n';</pre>
26 //
27
          if(f(M)>f(MM))L=M;
28
          else R=MM;
29
```

3.3 Treap

```
1 struct Treap{
     Treap *1, *r;
 3
     int val, key, pri;
 4
     Treap(int _val, int _key) :
 5
       val(_val), key(_key), l(NULL), r(NULL), pri(rand())
     Treap(){};
   };
 8
   Treap* merge(Treap* a, Treap* b){
     if (!a || !b)return a ? a : b;
10
     if (a->pri > b->pri){
11
       a->r = merge(a->r, b);
       return a;
12
13
     }else{
14
       b \rightarrow 1 = merge(a, b \rightarrow 1);
15
       return b;
16
17
   }
18
   void split(Treap* t, int k, Treap *&a, Treap *&b){
19
     if (!t)a = b = NULL:
20
     else if (t->key <= k){</pre>
21
       a = t;
22
       split(t->r, k, a->r, b);
23
     }else {
24
       b = t:
25
       split(t->1, k, a, b->1);
26
27
     return;
28
29 Treap* insert(Treap* t, int k){
```

```
30
    Treap *tl, *tr;
                                                               14
                                                                      cin>>b[i];
     split(t, k, tl, tr);
                                                               15
31
32
     return merge(tl, merge(new Treap(k, ti++), tr));
                                                               16
                                                                    dp[0].resize(m+1);
33
                                                               17
  }
                                                                    dp[1].resize(m+1);
  Treap* remove(Treap* t, int k){
34
                                                               18
                                                                    for(int i=1;i<=n;i++){</pre>
35
     Treap *tl, *tr;
                                                               19
                                                                      for(int j=1;j<=m;j++){</pre>
     split(t, k - 1, tl, t);
36
                                                               20
                                                                         if(a[i-1]==b[j-1])dp[i&1][j]=dp[(i&1)^1][j-1]+1;
37
     split(t, k, t, tr);
                                                               21
                                                                         else dp[i&1][j]=max(dp[i&1][j-1],dp[(i&1)^1][j]);
38
     return merge(tl, tr);
                                                               22
39 }
                                                               23
                                                               24
                                                                    cout<<dp[n&1][m]<<'\n';
                                                               25
                                                                  }
```

4 DP

4.1 CounterLine

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 2
  using namespace std;
 3 const int N=1<<15;
 4 int n,m,cur;
 5 long long int dp[2][N];
 6
 7
   void update(int a,int b){
8
        if(b&(1<<m)){
 9
            dp[cur][b^(1<<m)]+=dp[1-cur][a];</pre>
10
11
   }
12
13
   int main(){
        while(cin>>n>>m){
14
15
            if((n*m)&1){
16
                 cout<<"0 \ n";
17
                 continue;
18
19
            if(n==1||m==1){
                 cout << "1 \ n";
20
21
                 continue;
22
23
            if(n<m)swap(n,m);</pre>
24
            memset(dp,0,sizeof(dp));
25
            cur=0:
26
            dp[0][(1<< m)-1]=1;
            for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
27
                 for(int j=0;j<m;j++){</pre>
28
29
                      cur^=1:
30
                      memset(dp[cur],0,sizeof(dp[cur]));
31
                      for(int k=0;k<(1<<m);k++){</pre>
32
                           update(k,k<<1);
                           if(i\&\&!(k\&(1<< m-1)))update(k,(k<< 1)^{14}
33
                                ^(1<<m)^1);
                           if(j&&!(k&1))update(k,(k<<1)^3);</pre>
34
35
                 }
36
37
             cout<<dp[cur][(1<<m)-1]<<'\n';
38
39
40 }
```

4.3 LIS

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
   using namespace std;
 3
 4
   int main(){
 5
       int n;
 6
       while(cin>>n){
            vector<int>v;
 8
            for(int i=0,x;i<n;i++){</pre>
 9
                cin>>x;
10
                if(!v.size()||x>v.back())v.push_back(x);
                else *lower_bound(v.begin(), v.end(),x)=x;
11
12
13
            cout<<v.size()<<'\n';</pre>
14
       }
15
   }
```

4.4 TSP

```
1
   void btb(int &x){
 2
     x=0;
 3
     for(int i=0,j=1;i<n;i++,j*=2)x+=b[i]*j;</pre>
 4
     return;
 5
   }
 6
   int main(){
 7
     memset(dp,0,sizeof(dp));
 8
        for(int i=1,st;i<=n;i++){//st:state</pre>
 9
             for(int jj=0;jj<n;jj++)b[n-jj-1]=(jj<i);</pre>
10
11
                 btb(st);
12
                 for(int x=0;x<n;x++){</pre>
13
                      if(!b[x])continue;
                      if(i==1)dp[x][st]=dis[x][0];
                      for(int y=0;y<n;y++){</pre>
16
                          if(x!=y\&\&b[y]\&\&(dp[x][st]==0||dp[x]
                               ][st]>dp[y][st-(1<<x)]+dis[y][x
                               dp[x][st]=dp[y][st-(1<< x)]+dis[
17
                                    y][x];
                          }
18
                      }
20
21
             }while(next_permutation(b,b+n));
22
        cout << dp[0][(1<<n)-1]<< ' \setminus n';
23
24
```

4.2 LCS

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 2
   using namespace std;
  int main() {
5
     int n, m;
 6
     vector<int>a, b, dp[2];
 7
     cin >> n >> m;
8
     a.resize(n):
9
     b.resize(m);
     for(int i=0;i<a.size();i++){</pre>
10
11
       cin>>a[i];
12
13
     for(int i=0;i<b.size();i++){</pre>
```

5 Graph

5.1 Articulation Point

```
5 stack<Edge>st;//clear
  int dfs(int s,int fa){
7
       int child=0;
8
       dep[s]=low[s]=time_cnt++;
9
       for(auto t:v[s]){
10
           Edge e=(Edge){s,t};
11
            if(dep[t]==-1){
12
                st.push(e);
13
                child++;
14
                dfs(t,s);
15
                low[s]=min(low[s],low[t]);
                if(dep[s]<=low[t]){</pre>
16
17
                    is_AP[s]=1;
18
                    bcc_cnt++;
19
                    bcc[bcc_cnt].clear();
20
                    while(1){
21
                         Edge x=st.top(); st.pop();
22
                         if(bccno[x.s]!=bcc_cnt){
23
                             bcc[bcc_cnt].push_back(x.s);
24
                             bccno[x.s]=bcc_cnt;
25
26
                         if(bccno[x.t]!=bcc_cnt){
27
                             bcc[bcc_cnt].push_back(x.t);
28
                             bccno[x.t]=bcc_cnt;
29
                         if(x.s==s&&x.t==t)break;
30
31
                    }
32
33
           }else if(low[s]>dep[t]){
34
                st.push(e);
35
                low[s]=dep[t];
36
           }
37
38
       if(fa<0&&child==1)is AP[s]=0;</pre>
39
       return low[s];
40 }
```

5.2 BellmanFord

```
1 struct Edge{
       int t, w;
2
3 \ };
4 int v, e;
5 int d[N], cnt[N];
6 bitset<N> inq;
 7 queue < int > Q;
8 vector < Edge > G[N];
10 void addEdge(int from, int to, int w){
11
       G[from].push_back({to,w});
12|}
13
14
   bool hasnegativeCycle(){
15
       while(!Q.empty())Q.pop();
16
       for(int i = 1; i <= v;i++){</pre>
17
            inq[i] = true;
            cnt[i] = d[i] = 0;
18
19
           Q.push(i);
20
21
       while(!Q.empty()){
22
           int s = Q.front(); Q.pop();
23
           inq[s] = false;
24
            for(Edge it: G[s]){
25
                if(d[it.t] > d[s] + it.w){
                    d[it.t] = d[s] + it.w;
26
27
                    if(inq[it.t])continue;
28
                    Q.push(it.t);
29
                    inq[it.t] = true;
                    if(++cnt[it.t] > v)return true;
30
31
                }
32
           }
33
34
       return false;
35|}
```

5.3 Bipartite

```
1 #include <iostream>
 2
   #include <vector>
 3
   #include <stack>
 4
   #include <cstring>
 6
   #define S 50050
 7
 8
   using namespace std;
10 | vector<int> map[S];
   int visit[S];
12
   bool valid;
13
   void check(int start) {
14
15
        stack<int> st;
16
        st.push(start);
17
        visit[start] = 1;
18
19
        while(valid && !st.empty()) {
20
            int cur = st.top();
21
            st.pop();
22
23
            for(int i = 0; i < map[cur].size(); i++) {</pre>
                int next = map[cur][i];
24
25
26
                if(visit[next] == -1) {
27
                     st.push(next);
28
29
                     if(visit[cur] == 1) visit[next] = 2;
30
                     else visit[next] = 1;
31
32
                else if(visit[cur] == visit[next]) valid =
                     false;
33
            }
34
        }
35
   }
36
37
   int main() {
38
       int n, m;
39
        cin >> n >> m;
40
41
        for(int i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
42
            int a, b;
43
            cin >> a >> b;
44
45
            map[a].push_back(b);
46
            map[b].push_back(a);
47
        }
48
49
        // -1 : not visit, 1 : tsudere, 2 : proud
50
        memset(visit, -1, sizeof(visit));
51
        valid = true;
52
53
        for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
54
            if(valid && visit[i] == -1) {
55
                check(i);
56
57
        }
58
59
        if(valid) cout << "yes" << endl;</pre>
60
        else cout << "no" << endl;</pre>
61
62
        return 0;
63 \ \
```

5.4 dijkstra

```
1 struct Edge{
2    int from,to,w;
3 };
4 vector<Edge>E;
5 vector<int>v[N];
6 bitset<N> vis;
```

```
5.6 Dinic
7 void init(){
8
       E.clear():
9
       for(int i=0;i<N;i++){</pre>
                                                              1 struct dinic{
10
           v[i].clear();
                                                              2
                                                                  static const int M = 10000;
11
                                                              3
                                                                  static const int INF = 1e9;
12|}
                                                              4
                                                                  struct Edge{
13
                                                              5
                                                                    int v:
14 void addEdge(int from,int to,int w){
                                                                    int f; //residual flow
15
       v[from].push_back(E.size());
                                                              7
                                                                    int re;
16
       E.push_back(Edge{from,to,w});
                                                              8
17|}
                                                              9
                                                                  int n, s, t, level[M], now[M];
18
                                                                  vector<Edge> e[M];
                                                             10
19 void dijkstra(int s,int d[],int p[]){// set d[] INF &&
                                                                  void init(int _n, int _s, int _t){
                                                             11
       set p[] -1
                                                             12
                                                                    n = _n; s = _s; t = _t;
20
       d[s]=0;
                                                                    for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++)e[i].clear();</pre>
                                                             13
       priority_queue<PII,vector<PII>,greater<PII>>pq;
21
                                                             14
22
       vis.reset();
                                                             15
                                                                  void add_edge(int u, int v, int f){
23
       pq.push(MP(d[s],s));
                                                             16
                                                                    e[u].push_back({ v, f, (int)e[v].size() });
24
       while(!pq.empty()){
                                                             17
                                                                    e[v].push_back({ u, f, (int)e[u].size() - 1 });
25
           PII k=pq.top(); pq.pop();
                                                             18
26
           if(vis[k.second])continue;
                                                             19
                                                                  bool bfs(){
27
           vis[k.second]=true;
                                                             20
                                                                    fill(level, level + n + 1, -1);
28
           for(auto it:v[k.second]){
                                                                    queue<int> q;
                                                             21
                Edge e=E[it];
29
                                                             22
                                                                    q.push(s); level[s] = 0;
30
                if(d[e.to]>d[e.from]+e.w){
                                                             23
                                                                    while (!q.empty()){
                    d[e.to]=d[e.from]+e.w;
31
                                                             24
                                                                      int u = q.front(); q.pop();
32
                    p[e.to]=e.from;
                                                             25
                                                                       for (auto it : e[u]){
33
                    pq.push(MP(d[e.to],e.to));
                                                             26
                                                                         if (it.f > 0 && level[it.v] == -1){
34
               }
                                                             27
                                                                           level[it.v] = level[u] + 1;
35
           }
                                                             28
                                                                           q.push(it.v);
36
       }
                                                             29
                                                                         }
37 }
                                                             30
                                                                      }
                                                             31
                                                                    }
                                                             32
                                                                    return level[t] != -1;
                                                             33
                                                             34
                                                                  int dfs(int u, int nf){
   5.5 Convex Hull
                                                             35
                                                                    if (u == t)return nf;
                                                             36
                                                                    int res = 0;
                                                             37
                                                                    while (now[u] < e[u].size()){</pre>
1 struct loc {
                                                             38
                                                                      Edge &it = e[u][now[u]];
     int x, y;
2
                                                             39
                                                                       if (it.f>0 && level[it.v] == level[u] + 1){
3
     loc() {};
                                                             40
                                                                         int tf = dfs(it.v, min(nf, it.f));
 4
     loc(int x, int y): x(x), y(y) {}
                                                             41
                                                                         res += tf; nf -= tf; it.f -= tf;
     bool operator <(const loc& b)const {return x != b.x ?42</pre>
 5
                                                                         e[it.v][it.re].f += tf;
          x < b.x : y < b.y;
                                                                         if (nf == 0)return res;
 6
     bool operator ==(const loc& b)const {return x == b.x 44
         && y == b.y;
                                                                       else now[u]++;
 7
     loc operator -(const loc& b)const {return loc(x - b.x46
                                                                    if (!res)level[u] = -1;
          y - b.y);}
 8
     int cross(const loc& b)const {return x * b.y - y * b.48
                                                                    return res;
                                                             49
q
     int dis(loc a, loc b) {return (x - b.x) * (x - b.x) +50
                                                                  int flow(int res = 0){
          (y - b.y) * (y - b.y);
                                                             51
                                                                    while (bfs()){
10|};
                                                             52
                                                                      int temp;
11 vector<loc>p, p1;
                                                             53
                                                                      memset(now, 0, sizeof(now));
12 int n;
                                                             54
                                                                       while (temp = (dfs(s, INF))){
13 void convexhull() {
                                                             55
                                                                         res += temp;
14
     sort(p.begin(), p.end());
                                                             56
                                                                      }
15
     p.erase(unique(p.begin(), p.end()), p.end());
                                                             57
16
     p1.clear();
                                                             58
                                                                    return res;
17
     p1.resize(p.size());
                                                             59
18
     int m = 0;
                                                             60|}d;
19
     for (int i = 0; i < p.size(); i++) {</pre>
20
       while (m > 1 \& (p1[m - 1] - p1[m - 2]).cross(p[i])
            - p1[m - 2]) <= 0)m--;
                                                                5.7 FloydWarshall
21
       p1[m++] = p[i];
22
23
     int k = m;
                                                                #include <iostream>
24
     for (int i = p.size() - 2; i >= 0; i--) {
25
       while (m > k && (p1[m - 1] - p1[m - 2]).cross(p[i]
                                                              3
                                                                #define INF 1e9
            - p1[m - 2]) <= 0)m--;
                                                              4
                                                                #define LL long long
26
       p1[m++] = p[i];
                                                              5
27
                                                              6
                                                                using namespace std;
28
     if (n > 1)m--;
29
     p1.resize(m);
                                                              8
                                                                int main() {
30|}
                                                              9
                                                                    int n;
```

10

```
11
       while(cin >> n) {
                                                               43
                                                                         if (match(i))break;
12
                                                               44
           LL dis[n][n];
                                                                         update();
13
           LL ans = INF;
                                                               45
                                                               46
14
                                                                    }
                                                               47 }
15
            for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
                for(int j = 0; j < n; j++) {</pre>
16
                    cin >> dis[i][j];
17
18
                    if(dis[i][j] == 0) dis[i][j] = INF;
                                                                         Longest Common Ancestor
19
20
21
           for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
                                                                1
                                                                  void preprocess() {
22
                for(int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
                                                                2
                                                                    for (int i = 1; i <= 25; i++) {
23
                    if(i == j) continue;
                                                                       for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) {</pre>
                    ans = min(ans, dis[i][j] + dis[j][i]);
24
                                                                         if (par[j][i - 1] == -1 || par[par[j][i - 1]][i -
25
                    for(int k = 0; k < n; k++) {
                                                                              1] == -1)continue;
                         dis[i][j] = min(dis[i][j], dis[i][k
26
                                                                         par[j][i] = par[par[j][i - 1]][i - 1];
                             ] + dis[k][j]);
27
                                                                    }
28
                         ans = min(ans, dis[i][j] + dis[k][i
                             ] + dis[j][k]);
29
                    }
30
                }
                                                                  5.10 MST
31
32
33
           if(ans == INF) cout << -1 << endl;</pre>
                                                                1 #include <iostream>
34
           else cout << ans << endl;</pre>
                                                                  #include <vector>
35
                                                                  #include <stack>
                                                                3
36
                                                                  #include <cstring>
37
       return 0;
                                                                4
                                                                  #include <algorithm>
38|}
                                                                7
                                                                  #define LL long long
                                                                8
                                                                  #define MAX 1e11
   5.8
          KM
                                                                  #define S 50050
                                                               10 using namespace std;
1 int n;
                                                               11
  int Left[N];
                                                               12
                                                                  int n, m;
 3
  double w[N][N], Lx[N], Ly[N];
                                                               13
                                                                  int sum;
 4 bitset<N> vx, vy;
                                                               14
                                                                  typedef struct {
 6 bool match(int i) {
                                                               16
                                                                      int a, b, 1;
7
                                                               17
                                                                  } edge;
     vx[i] = true;
8
     for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) {</pre>
                                                               18
                                                                  bool cmp(edge 1, edge r) { return 1.1 < r.1; }</pre>
9
       if ((fabs(Lx[i] + Ly[j] - w[i][j]) < 1e-9) && !vy[j19]
                                                               20
                                                                  vector<edge> v;
            ]) {
10
         vy[j] = 1;
                                                               21
         if (!Left[j] || match(Left[j])) {
11
                                                               22
                                                                  typedef struct {
12
           Left[j] = i;
                                                               23
                                                                       int d;
13
           return true;
                                                               24
                                                                       LL 1;
14
                                                               25
                                                                  } node;
15
       }
                                                               26
16
                                                               27
                                                                  vector<node> map[S];
17
     return false;
                                                               28
18 }
                                                               29
                                                                  int disjoint[S];
19
                                                               30
20
  void update() {
                                                               31
                                                                  int root(int x) {
     double a = 1e30;
21
                                                               32
                                                                       if(disjoint[x] < 0) return x;</pre>
     for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
22
                                                               33
                                                                       else {
23
       if (vx[i])for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) {</pre>
                                                                           disjoint[x] = root(disjoint[x]);
24
            if (!vy[j])a = min(a, Lx[i] + Ly[j] - w[i][j]);35
                                                                           return disjoint[x];
25
                                                               36
                                                                       }
26
                                                               37
27
     for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {</pre>
                                                               38
28
       if (vx[i])Lx[i] -= a;
                                                                  bool same(int a, int b) {
29
       if (vy[i])Ly[i] += a;
                                                               40
                                                                      return root(a) == root(b);
30
                                                               41
31 }
                                                               42
                                                                  void connect(int a, int b) {
32
                                                               43
                                                                      // cout << "CONNECT " << a << " " << b << endl;
33
   void KM() {
                                                               44
34
     for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
                                                               45
                                                                       int ra = root(a);
35
       Left[i] = Lx[i] = Ly[i] = 0;
                                                               46
                                                                       int rb = root(b);
       for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) {</pre>
36
                                                               47
         Lx[i] = max(Lx[i], w[i][j]);
37
                                                               48
                                                                       disjoint[ra] += disjoint[rb];
38
                                                               49
                                                                       disjoint[rb] = ra;
39
                                                               50
                                                                  }
40
     for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
                                                               51
41
       while (1) {
                                                               52
                                                                  void kruskal() {
42
         vx.reset(); vy.reset();
                                                               53
                                                                       int remain = n - 1;
```

```
5.11 SPFA
 54
        for(auto i : v) {
 55
             if(remain == 0) break;
 56
                                                                  1 #include <iostream>
 57
             if(!same(i.a, i.b)) {
                                                                    #include <vector>
                                                                 2
 58
                 connect(i.a, i.b);
                                                                  3 #include <stack>
 59
 60
                 map[i.a].push_back((node){i.b, i.l});
                                                                  4 #include <queue>
                                                                 5
                                                                    #include <cstring>
 61
                 map[i.b].push_back((node){i.a, i.l});
 62
                                                                 7
                                                                    #define S 50050
 63
                 sum += i.1;
                                                                  8
                                                                    #define MAX 1e11
 64
                 remain--;
                                                                 9
                                                                    #define LL long long
 65
             }
                                                                10
 66
 67
                                                                11
                                                                    using namespace std;
   }
 68
                                                                12
                                                                    typedef struct {
                                                                13
 69 bool book[S];
 70
                                                                14
                                                                        int d;
                                                                15
                                                                        LL 1;
 71
    void dfs(int start) {
 72
                                                                16
                                                                    } XXX;
        stack<int> st;
                                                                    vector<XXX> map[S];
                                                                17
 73
        st.push(start);
 74
                                                                18
                                                                19
 75
                                                                20 LL lon[S];
 76
        memset(book, false, sizeof(book));
 77
                                                                21 int cnt[S];
                                                                 22
                                                                   int n, m;
 78
        while(!st.empty()) {
                                                                23 bool cycle;
 79
             int cur = st.top();
                                                                 24
                                                                    bool inqueue[S];
 80
             // cout << cur << endl;</pre>
                                                                25
 81
             st.pop();
 82
                                                                26
                                                                    void dfs(int start) {
                                                                27
                                                                        stack<int> st;
 83
             book[cur] = true;
                                                                28
                                                                        st.push(start);
 84
                                                                 29
 85
             for(int i = 0; i < map[cur].size(); i++) {</pre>
                                                                 30
                                                                        bool book[S];
 86
                 int next = map[cur][i].d;
                                                                31
                                                                        memset(book, false, sizeof(book));
 87
                 if(!book[next]) {
                                                                 32
 88
                     st.push(next);
                                                                33
 89
                                                                        while(!st.empty()) {
                                                                 34
                                                                             int cur = st.top();
 90
             }
                                                                35
                                                                             // cout << cur << endl;</pre>
 91
                                                                36
                                                                             st.pop();
 92
   }
                                                                 37
                                                                             lon[cur] = -MAX;
 93
                                                                38
                                                                             book[cur] = true;
    void init() {
                                                                39
 95
        memset(disjoint, -1, sizeof(disjoint));
 96
                                                                40
                                                                             for(int i = 0; i < map[cur].size(); i++) {</pre>
        sum = 0:
                                                                41
                                                                                 int next = map[cur][i].d;
 97 }
                                                                42
                                                                                 if(!book[next]) st.push(next);
 98
    bool check() {
                                                                43
                                                                             }
 99
                                                                44
                                                                        }
100
        for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)</pre>
                                                                45
101
             if(!book[i]) return false;
                                                                46
102
                                                                47
                                                                    void spfa(int start) {
103
        return true;
                                                                        memset(inqueue, false, sizeof(inqueue));
                                                                48
104 }
                                                                49
                                                                        for(int i = 0; i < S; i++) lon[i] = MAX;</pre>
105
                                                                50
                                                                        cycle = false;
106
   int main() {
                                                                51
107
        init();
                                                                52
                                                                        queue<int> q;
108
                                                                53
                                                                        q.push(start);
109
        cin >> n >> m;
                                                                54
                                                                        lon[start] = 0;
110
                                                                55
        for(int i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
                                                                        inqueue[start] = true;
111
                                                                 56
112
             edge tmp;
             cin >> tmp.a >> tmp.b >> tmp.l;
                                                                57
                                                                        while(!q.empty()) {
113
                                                                58
                                                                             int cur = q.front();
114
                                                                59
                                                                             q.pop();
115
             v.push_back(tmp);
                                                                60
                                                                             inqueue[cur] = false;
116
        }
                                                                61
                                                                             // cout << "AT: " << cur << " " << cnt[cur] <<
117
                                                                                 endl;
118
        sort(v.begin(), v.end(), cmp);
                                                                62
                                                                             cnt[cur]++;
119
        kruskal();
                                                                63
                                                                             if(cnt[cur] > n) {
120
                                                                64
                                                                                 dfs(cur);
121
        dfs(1);
                                                                                 return ;
122
                                                                             }
                                                                66
123
        if(!check()) cout << -1 << endl;
                                                                67
124
        else cout << sum << endl;</pre>
                                                                68
                                                                             for(int i = 0; i < map[cur].size(); i++) {</pre>
125
                                                                69
                                                                                 int next = map[cur][i].d;
126
        return 0;
                                                                70
127 }
                                                                71
                                                                                 if(lon[next] > lon[cur] + map[cur][i].1) {
                                                                                      lon[next] = lon[cur] + map[cur][i].1;
                                                                 72
                                                                73
                                                                                      if(!inqueue[next] && cnt[cur] <= n) {</pre>
                                                                 74
                                                                                          q.push(next);
```

```
75
                           inqueue[next] = true;
76
                      }
77
                  }
 78
             }
 79
80
81
82
83
    int main() {
84
        cin >> n >> m;
85
86
        for(int i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
87
             int a, b;
88
             LL c;
89
             cin >> a >> b >> c;
90
 91
             map[a].push_back((XXX) {b, c});
92
93
94
        spfa(1);
95
 96
        if(lon[n] >= MAX || lon[n] <= -MAX) cout << "QAQ"</pre>
             << endl;
97
        else cout << lon[n] << endl;</pre>
98
99
        return 0:
100 }
```

5.12 **SumOfDistanceInTree**

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 2 | #pragma comment(linker, "/STACK:10240000,10240000")//递17
        归太深,导致爆栈,所以使用扩栈语句
 3 using namespace std;
 5 const int N = 100009;
 6 int dp[N] = {}, num[N];
  vector<int> p[N];
 8 | bool f[N] = {};
10 void dfs(int s, int depth)
11 | {
12
       int len = p[s].size();
13
       f[s] = 1;
14
       num[s] = 1;
15
       dp[1] += depth;
16
       for(int i=0; i<len; i++)</pre>
17
18
           if(!f[p[s][i]])
19
20
                dfs(p[s][i], depth+1);
21
                num[s] += num[p[s][i]];
22
           }
23
24|}
25
26 void solve(int s, int n)
27
   {
28
       int len = p[s].size();
29
       f[s] = 1;
30
       for(int i=0; i<len; i++)</pre>
31
32
            if(!f[p[s][i]])
33
            {
                dp[p[s][i]] = dp[s]+n-num[p[s][i]]*2;
34
35
                solve(p[s][i], n);
           }
36
37
       }
38 }
39
40 int main()
41 {
42
       int n;
       scanf("%d", &n);
43
44
       for(int i=1; i<n; i++)</pre>
```

```
45
        {
46
            int a, b;
47
             scanf("%d%d", &a, &b);
48
             p[a].push_back(b);
49
            p[b].push_back(a);
50
        dfs(1, 0);
51
52
        memset(f, 0, sizeof(f));
53
        solve(1, n);
54
        for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)</pre>
            printf("%d \setminus n", dp[i]);
55
56
        return 0;
57 }
```

5.13 TopologicalSort

1 #include <iostream> #include <stack>

```
#include <vector>
 4
   #include <cstring>
 5
   #define S 50050
 6
 7
 8
   using namespace std;
 9
10
   vector<int> map[S];
   stack<int> ans;
11
   int state[S];
13
  bool head[S];
14
   bool valid;
15
   int n, m;
16
   void dfs(int cur) {
18
       state[cur] = 1;
19
20
        for(auto next : map[cur])
21
            if(!state[next]) dfs(next);
22
            else if(state[next] == 1) {
23
                valid = false;
24
                return ;
25
26
27
       state[cur] = 2;
28
29
       ans.push(cur);
30
31
32
   void topology_sort() {
33
       for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++)</pre>
34
            if(valid && head[i]) dfs(i);
35
36
       if(!valid) {
37
            cout << -1 << endl;
38
            return ;
39
40
41
       while(!ans.empty()) {
42
            cout << ans.top() << endl;</pre>
43
            ans.pop();
44
45
   }
46
47
   int main() {
48
       cin >> n >> m;
49
       memset(head, true, sizeof(head));
50
51
       for(int i = 0; i < m; i++) {</pre>
52
53
            int a, b:
54
            cin >> a >> b;
55
56
            head[b] = false;
57
58
            map[a].push_back(b);
59
       }
```

60

```
61     memset(state, 0, sizeof(state));
62     valid = true;
63
64     topology_sort();
65
66     return 0;
67 }
```

6 Number

6.1 Catalan

```
C_0 = 1 and C_{n+1} = \frac{2(2n+1)}{n+2}C_n,
```

6.2 Combination

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
 2 using namespace std;
 3 typedef long long LL;
 4 const int M=1000005;
5 int n,k;
 6 LL m,phi;
  vector <int> facs;
8 LL dp[M],dp2[M][32];
10 LL pw(LL x,LL y) \{
       // cout<<x<<' '<<y<<'\n';
11
12
       LL ret=1,tmp=x%m;
13
       while(y){
14
            if(y&1)ret=ret*tmp%m;
15
            tmp=tmp*tmp%m;
16
           y>>=1;
17
18
       return ret;
19|}
20
  void init(){
21
22
       facs.clear();
23
       LL x=m, sq=(LL)sqrt(m);
24
       phi=1;
25
       for(LL i=2;i<=sq;i++){</pre>
26
            if(x%i)continue;
27
            phi*=i-1; x/=i;
28
            facs.push_back(i);
29
            while (x\%i==0) {
30
                phi*=i;
31
                x/=i;
32
            }
33
       if(x>1){
34
35
            phi*=x-1;
36
            facs.push_back((int)x);
37
       k=facs.size();
38
39
       dp[0]=1;
40
       memset(dp2,0,sizeof(dp2));
41
       for(int i=1;i<M;i++){</pre>
           LL tmp=i;
42
43
            for(int j=0;j<k;j++){</pre>
44
                dp2[i][j]=dp2[i-1][j];
                while(tmp%facs[j]==0){
45
46
                     tmp/=facs[j];
                     dp2[i][j]++;
47
48
49
50
            dp[i]=dp[i-1]*tmp%m;
51
52
       return;
53 }
54
55
  int main(){
       while(cin>>n>>m){
56
57
            init();
```

```
58
            while(n--){
59
                 LL ans=1;
60
                 int x,y;
61
                 cin>>x>>y;
                 for(int i=0;i<k;i++){</pre>
62
                     ans = ans*pw(facs[i],dp2[x][i]-dp2[x-y][i]
63
        ]-dp2[y][i])%m;
64
                }
65
                 ans=ans*dp[x]%m;
                 ans=ans*pw(dp[y],phi-1)%m;
66
67
                 ans=ans*pw(dp[x-y],phi-1)%m;
68
                 cout<<ans<<'\n';</pre>
69
            }
70
       }
71
```

6.3 Extend Euclidean.cpp

```
1 int extgcd(int a,int b,int &x,int &y){
2    int d=a;
3    if(b){d=extgcd(b,a%b,y,x),y-=(a/b)*x;}
4    else x=1,y=0;
5    return d;
6 }//ax+by=1 ax同餘 1 mod b
```

6.4 GaussElimination

```
1 \mid const int MAXN = 300;
   const double EPS = 1e-8;
   int n;
 3
 4
   double A[MAXN][MAXN];
   void Gauss() {
     for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {</pre>
 7
        bool ok = 0;
 8
        for(int j = i; j < n; j++) {</pre>
 9
          if(fabs(A[j][i]) > EPS) {
10
            swap(A[j], A[i]);
11
            ok = 1;
12
            break;
13
         }
14
15
        if(!ok) continue;
16
        double fs = A[i][i];
        for(int j = i+1; j < n; j++) {</pre>
17
          double r = A[j][i] / fs;
18
19
          for(int k = i; k < n; k++) {</pre>
            A[j][k] -= A[i][k] * r;
20
21
22
       }
23
24 }
```

6.5 Matrix

```
1 template<typename T,int N=2>
   struct Mat {//Matrix
     unsigned long long v[N][N];
 4
     Mat operator*(Mat b)const {
 5
       Mat val;
 6
       for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {</pre>
 7
         for (int j = 0; j < N; j++) {
           val.v[i][j] = 0;
 9
           for (int k = 0; k < N; k++) {
10
              val.v[i][j] += v[i][k] * b.v[k][j];
11
12
         }
13
14
       return val;
15
16
   };
```

6.6 Phi

32

33

34

35

36 }

```
1 LL phi(LL m){
2
       facs.clear();
3
       LL x=m, sq=(LL)sqrt(m);
4
       phi=1;
       for(LL i=2;i<=sq;i++){</pre>
6
            if(x%i)continue;
7
            phi*=i-1; x/=i;
8
            facs.push_back(i);
9
            while(x%i==0){
10
                phi*=i;
11
                x/=i;
12
            }
13
       if(x>1)phi*=x-1;
14
15
       return phi;
16|}
```

6.7 Prime table

```
1 void PrimeTable(){
2
       is_notp.reset();
3
     is_notp[0] = is_notp[1] = 1;
     for (int i = 2; i < N; i++){</pre>
5
       if (is_notp[i])continue;
6
       p.push_back(i);
7
       for (int j=0;i*p[j]<N&&j<p.size();j++){</pre>
         is_notp[i*p[j]] = 1;
8
9
          if(i%p[j]==0)break;
10
11
     }
12|}
```

7 String

7.1 KMP

```
1 void bulid_fail_funtion(string B, int *fail){
                                                               3
     int len = B.length(), current_pos;
3
     current_pos = fail[0] = -1;
4
     for (int i = 1; i<len; i++){</pre>
5
       while (current_pos != -1 && B[current_pos + 1] != B
            [i]){
                                                                8
6
         current_pos = fail[current_pos];
                                                                9
7
                                                              10
       if (B[current_pos + 1] == B[i])current_pos++;
8
                                                              11
9
       fail[i] = current_pos;
10
                                                              12
11|}
                                                              13
12
   void match(string A, string B, int *fail){
                                                              14
13
     int lenA = A.length(), lenB = B.length();
                                                              15
14
     int current_pos = -1;
                                                              16
15
     for (int i = 0; i<lenA; i++){</pre>
       while (current_pos != -1 && B[current_pos + 1] != A<sup>17</sup>|}
16
           [i]){
         current_pos = fail[current_pos];
17
18
19
       if (B[current_pos + 1] == A[i])current_pos++;
20
       if (current_pos == lenB - 1){//match! A[i-lenB+1,i
            1=B
21
         current_pos = fail[current_pos];
22
       }
23
     }
24 }
25 int main(){
     int t, i;
26
27
     string s;
28
     for (i = 0, cin >> t; i<t; i++){
29
       cin >> s;
       int fail[N];
30
31
       bulid_fail_funtion(s, fail);
```

7.2 Trie

int p = s.length() - 1;

else printf("% $d \mid n$ ", p + 1);

if (fail[p] != -1 && (p + 1) % (p - fail[p]) == 0)

printf("% $d \setminus n$ ", p - fail[p]);

```
1 //init sz=1 trie[0]=0
   void insert(string s){
 3
       int u=0,v;
 4
       for(int i=0;i<r.size();i++){</pre>
 5
            v=r[i]-'a';
 6
            if(!trie[u][v]){
 7
                memset(trie[sz],0,sizeof(trie[sz]));
 8
                val[sz]=0;
9
                trie[u][v]=sz++;
10
11
            u=trie[u][v];
12
13
       val[u]=1;
14
       return;
15
16
   void search(string s,int i){
17
       int u=0,v;
18
       dp[i]=0;
       for(int j=i;j<s.size();j++){</pre>
19
20
            v=s[j]-'a';
21
            if(!trie[u][v])return;
22
            u=trie[u][v];
23
            if(val[u])dp[i]=(dp[i]+dp[j+1])%MOD;
24
       }
25
       return;
26 }
```

7.3 Zvalue

```
1|void z_value(){
    int lens = s.size(), l = 0, r = 0;
    z[0] = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i < lens; i++){</pre>
      if (i>r)z[i] = 0;
      else{
        int ip = i - 1;
        if (ip + z[ip] < z[1])z[i] = z[ip];</pre>
        else z[i] = r - l + 1;
      while (i + z[i] < lens\&s[i + z[i]] == s[z[i]])z[i
          ]++;
      if (i + z[i] - 1 > r){
        l = i;
        r = 1 + z[i] - 1;
      }
    }
```