

Time-Dependent Probability Distribution for the $A \leftrightarrow B$ Reaction

We will use $p(t) = e^{R \cdot t} p(0)$, to compute the time evolution of the copy numbers of A

```
In [1]: from scipy import *
        from scipy import linalg
```

```
In [2]: N=10 # The number of states
        t=0.48 # time elapsed in seconds
        kf=2.5 # forward rate in s^-1
        kb=2.5 # backward rate in s^-1
```

```
In [3]: R=zeros([N+1,N+1])
```

```
In [4]: for n in range(1:N):
        R[n,n]=-(kf*n+kb*(N-n))
        R[n,n+1]=kf*(n+1)
        R[n,n-1]=kb*(N-(n-1))
        R[0,0]=-kb*N
        R[10,10]=-kf*N
        R[0,1]=kf*1
        R[N-1,N]=kf*N
        R[N,N-1]=kb*1
        print R
        print sum(R,axis=0)
```

```
[[-25.    2.5    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0. ]
 [ 25.   -25.    5.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0. ]
 [  0.   22.5  -25.    7.5    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0. ]
 [  0.    0.   20.   -25.   10.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0. ]
 [  0.    0.    0.   17.5  -25.   12.5    0.    0.    0.    0.    0. ]
 [  0.    0.    0.    0.   15.  -25.   15.    0.    0.    0.    0. ]
 [  0.    0.    0.    0.    0.   12.5  -25.   17.5    0.    0.    0. ]
 [  0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.   10.  -25.   20.    0.    0. ]
 [  0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    7.5  -25.   22.5    0. ]
 [  0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    5.  -25.   25. ]
 [  0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    0.    2.5  -25. ]]
[ 0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.]
```

```
In [5]: ONES=ones(N+1)
        print ONES
```

```
[ 1.  1.  1.  1.  1.  1.  1.  1.  1.  1.  1.]
```

```
In [6]: dot(ONES,R)
```

```
Out[6]: array([ 0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.,  0.])
```

```
In [7]: T=linalg.expm2(R*t)
```

```
In [8]: dot(ONES,T)
```

```
Out[8]: array([ 1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.,  1.])
```

```
In [9]: p0=zeros(N+1)
p0[0]=1
print p0
```

```
[ 1.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0.]
```

```
In [10]: pt=dot(T,p0)
sum(pt)
```

```
Out[10]: 0.99999999999999711
```

```
In [11]: print pt
```

```
[ 0.00232715  0.01940041  0.07277957  0.16179473  0.23604161  0.23613261
 0.1640442    0.0781464   0.02443017  0.00452585  0.0003773 ]
```

Analytical answer from the file: A_reversible_B_explicit_solved.mw

```
In [14]: p_analyt=array([0.002327151517,0.1940040583e-1, 0.7277956968e-1, .16179472
print p_analyt
```

```
[ 0.00232715  0.01940041  0.07277957  0.16179473  0.23604161  0.23613261
 0.1640442    0.0781464   0.02443016  0.00452585  0.00037729]
```

```
In [13]: allclose(p_analyt,pt)
```

```
Out[13]: True
```

```
In [17]: for i in r_[0:N+1]: print "P[", i, "] = ", pt[N-i]
```

```
P[ 0 ] = 0.000377299479391
P[ 1 ] = 0.00452584890933
P[ 2 ] = 0.0244301655874
P[ 3 ] = 0.0781464022211
P[ 4 ] = 0.164044200964
P[ 5 ] = 0.236132613555
P[ 6 ] = 0.236041612807
P[ 7 ] = 0.161794729459
```

```
P[ 8 ] = 0.0727795696645  
P[ 9 ] = 0.0194004058362  
P[ 10 ] = 0.0023271515173
```