

SPRING FRAMEWORK



Exception Handling in Spring MVC

HTTP Status Codes

- HTTP 5XX Server Error
 - HTTP 500 Internal Sever Error
 - Generally, any unhandled exception
 - Other 500 errors are generally not used with Spring MVC

HTTP Status Codes

- HTTP 4XX Client Errors Generally Checked Exceptions
 - 400 Bad Request Cannot process due to client error
 - 401 Unauthorized Authentication required
 - 404 Not Found Resource Not Found
 - 405 Method Not Allowed HTTP method not allowed

HTTP Status Codes

- HTTP 4XX Client Errors
 - 409 Conflict Possible with simultaneous updates
 - 417 Expectation Failed Sometimes used with RESTful interfaces
 - 418 I'm a Teapot April Fools Joke from IETF (Internet Engineering Task Force) in 1998.

@ResponseStatus

- Allows you to annotate custom exception classes to indicate to the framework the HTTP status you want returned when that exception is thrown.
- Global to the application

@ExceptionHandler

- @ExceptionHandler works at the controller level
- Allows you to define custom exception handling
 - Can be used with @ResponseStatus for just returning a http status
 - Can be used to return a specific view
 - Also can take total control and work with the Model and View
 - 'Model' cannot be a parameter of an ExceptionHandler method

HandlerExceptionResolver

- HandlerExceptionResolver is an interface you can implement for custom exception handling
- Used Internally by Spring MVC
- Note Model is not passed

Internal Spring MVC Exception Handlers

- Spring MVC has 3 implementations of HandlerExceptionResolver
- ExceptionHandlerExceptionResolver Matches uncaught exceptions to @ExceptionHandler
- ResponseStatusExceptionResolver Looks for uncaught exceptions matching @ResponseStatus
- DefaultHandlerExceptionResolver Converts standard Spring Exceptions to HTTP status codes (Internal to Spring MVC)

Custom Handler Exception Resolver

- You can provide your own implementations of HandlerExceptionResolver
- Typically implemented with Spring's Ordered interface to define order the handlers will run in
- Custom implementations are uncommon due to Spring robust exception handling

SimpleMappingExceptionResolver

- A Spring Bean you can define to map exceptions to specific views
- You only define the exception class name (no package) and the view name
- You can optionally define a default error page

Which to Use When?

- Depends on your specific needs
 - If just setting the HTTP status use @ReponseStatus
 - If redirection to a view, Use
 SimpleMappingExceptionResolver
 - If both, consider @ExceptionHandler on the controller



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