# Assignment11

April 8, 2025

## 1 5.21(e)

计算下列信号的离散傅立叶变换

$$x[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{|n|} \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}(n-1)\right)$$

#### 1.1 Answer

 $\diamondsuit \ x[n] = x_1[n] \cdot x_2[n-1], \quad x_1[n] = \left(\tfrac{1}{2}\right)^{|n|}, \quad x_2[n-1] = \cos\left(\tfrac{\pi}{8}(n-1)\right)$  (I) ,

$$\begin{split} X_1(e^{j\omega}) &= \sum_{n=-\infty}^\infty x[n] e^{-j\omega n} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^\infty \left(\frac{1}{2} e^{-j\omega}\right)^n + \sum_{m=1}^\infty \left(\frac{1}{2} e^{j\omega}\right)^m \\ &= \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2} e^{-j\omega}} + \frac{\frac{1}{2} e^{j\omega}}{1 - \frac{1}{2} e^{j\omega}} \\ &= \frac{3}{5 - 4\cos\omega} \end{split}$$

我们有

$$x_2[n] = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}n\right) = \frac{1}{2}\left(e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}n} + e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}n}\right).$$

因此(利用 DTFT 中冲激函数对),

$$X_2(e^{j\omega}) = \pi \Big[ \delta \Big( \omega - \frac{\pi}{8} \Big) + \delta \Big( \omega + \frac{\pi}{8} \Big) \Big] \,.$$

利用时移性质:

$$\mathcal{DTFT}\{x_2[n-1]\} = e^{-j\omega \cdot 1} \, X_2(e^{j\omega}) = e^{-j\omega} \, \pi \Big[\delta \Big(\omega - \frac{\pi}{8}\Big) + \delta \Big(\omega + \frac{\pi}{8}\Big)\Big] \, .$$

因为

$$x[n] = x_1[n] \cdot x_2[n-1],$$

所以它的 DTFT 为

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \Big[ X_1(e^{j\omega}) * \Big\{ e^{-j\omega} \, \pi \Big[ \delta(\omega - \frac{\pi}{8}) + \delta(\omega + \frac{\pi}{8}) \Big] \Big\} \Big] \, .$$

也就是说,

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X_1(e^{j\theta}) \, e^{-j(\omega-\theta)} \left[ \delta((\omega-\theta) - \frac{\pi}{8}) + \delta((\omega-\theta) + \frac{\pi}{8}) \right] d\theta.$$

利用冲激函数的抽样性质, 积分将 "采样" 到两点: - 当  $\omega-\theta=\frac{\pi}{8}$  时, 即  $\theta=\omega-\frac{\pi}{8}$ ; - 当  $\omega-\theta=-\frac{\pi}{8}$  时, 即  $\theta=\omega+\frac{\pi}{8}$ 。

于是

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{2} \Bigg\{ e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}} \, X_1 \Big( e^{j(\omega - \frac{\pi}{8})} \Big) + e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}} \, X_1 \Big( e^{j(\omega + \frac{\pi}{8})} \Big) \Bigg\} \, .$$

将  $X_1(e^{j\theta}) = \frac{3}{5-4\cos\theta}$  代人,得

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{2} \left[ e^{-j\frac{\pi}{8}} \frac{3}{5 - 4\cos\left(\omega - \frac{\pi}{8}\right)} + e^{j\frac{\pi}{8}} \frac{3}{5 - 4\cos\left(\omega + \frac{\pi}{8}\right)} \right].$$

### 2 5.22(a)

求相应于下列傅立叶变换的信号

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \begin{cases} 1, & \frac{\pi}{4} \le |\omega \le \frac{3\pi}{4} \\ 0, & \frac{3\pi}{4} \le |\omega| \le \pi, 0 \le |\omega| < \frac{\pi}{4} \end{cases}$$

#### 2.1 Answer

观察给定的  $X(e^{j\omega})$  可看作两个方波函数的差: - 令

$$X_1(e^{j\omega}) = \begin{cases} 1, & |\omega| \le \frac{3\pi}{4}, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$$

- 令

$$X_2(e^{j\omega}) = \begin{cases} 1, & |\omega| \le \frac{\pi}{4}, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

则显然有

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = X_1(e^{j\omega}) - X_2(e^{j\omega}).$$

利用标准结论:对于

$$\tilde{x}[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{W}^{W} e^{j\omega n} d\omega,$$

计算可得

$$\tilde{x}[n] = \frac{\sin(Wn)}{\pi n}, \quad n \neq 0, \quad \tilde{x}[0] = \frac{W}{\pi}.$$

因此: - 对于  $X_1(e^{j\omega})$  (这里  $W=\frac{3\pi}{4}$ ) 有

$$x_1[n] = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{3\pi n}{4}\right)}{\pi n}, \quad n \neq 0, \quad x_1[0] = \frac{3\pi/4}{\pi} = \frac{3}{4}.$$

- 对于  $X_2(e^{j\omega})$  (这里  $W=\frac{\pi}{4}$ ) 有

$$x_2[n] = \frac{\sin\!\left(\frac{\pi n}{4}\right)}{\pi n}, \quad n \neq 0, \quad x_2[0] = \frac{\pi/4}{\pi} = \frac{1}{4}\,.$$

由频域的线性叠加(差分)关系,其对应的时域信号为

$$x[n] = x_1[n] - x_2[n].$$

即,对于 $n \neq 0$ 有

$$x[n] = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{3\pi n}{4}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\pi n}{4}\right)}{\pi n},$$

而 n=0时,

$$x[0] = x_1[0] - x_2[0] = \frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \,.$$

综上,

$$x[n] = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}, & n = 0, \\ \frac{1}{\pi n} \left[ \sin\left(\frac{3\pi n}{4}\right) - \sin\left(\frac{\pi n}{4}\right) \right], & n \neq 0. \end{cases}$$