Runner 类型 执行分析

下面为 spring boot 主程序,启动过程有 callRunner,在标注有 @Component 并且类实现了上面的 2 个 接口,则执行他们的 run 方法。。。。

有 2 种类型的 runner: ApplicationRunner, CommandLineRunner 他们可以用于在应用 app 启动后执行

分析 SpringApplication run 执行方法:

```
public ConfigurableApplicationContext run(String... args) {
             StopWatch stopWatch = new StopWatch();
              stopWatch.start();
              ConfigurableApplicationContext context = null;
             Collection<SpringBootExceptionReporter> exceptionReporters = new ArrayList();
              this.configureHeadlessProperty();
              SpringApplicationRunListeners listeners = this.getRunListeners(args);
              listeners.starting();
             Collection exceptionReporters;
              try {
                            ApplicationArguments applicationArguments = new DefaultApplicationArguments(args);
                            ConfigurableEnvironment environment = this.prepareEnvironment(listeners, applicationArguments);
                            this.configureIgnoreBeanInfo(environment);
                            Banner printedBanner = this.printBanner(environment);
                            context = this.createApplicationContext();
                            exception Reporters = this. \ getSpringFactories Instances (SpringBootExceptionReporter. \ class, \ new and \ new \ new and \ new \ new and \ ne
             {\tt Class[]{Configurable Application Context.class}, \ context);}\\
                            this.prepareContext(context, environment, listeners, applicationArguments, printedBanner);
                            this.refreshContext(context);
                            this.afterRefresh(context, applicationArguments);
                            stopWatch.stop();
                            if (this.logStartupInfo) {
                            (new\ StartupInfoLogger(this.mainApplicationClass)).logStarted(this.getApplicationLog(),\ stopWatch);\\
                            listeners.started(context);
                            this.callRunners(context, applicationArguments);
              } catch (Throwable var10) {
```

```
this.\,handle Run Failure\,(context,\ var 10,\ exception Reporters,\ listeners)\,;
           throw new IllegalStateException(var10);
     try {
           listeners.running(context);
           return context;
     } catch (Throwable var9) {
           this.handleRunFailure(context, var9, exceptionReporters, (SpringApplicationRunListeners)null);
           throw new IllegalStateException(var9);
在上面中,会执行 callRunners, 具体实现见下面源码:
private void callRunners(ApplicationContext context, ApplicationArguments args) {
     List<Object> runners = new ArrayList();
     runners.addAll(context.getBeansOfType(ApplicationRunner.class).values());
     runners.addAll(context.getBeansOfType(CommandLineRunner.class).values());
     AnnotationAwareOrderComparator.sort(runners);
     Iterator var4 = (new LinkedHashSet(runners)).iterator();
     while(var4.hasNext()) {
           Object runner = var4.next();
            \  \  if \  \, (runner \ instance of \  \, Application Runner) \  \, \{ \\
           this.callRunner((ApplicationRunner)runner, args);
           if (runner instanceof CommandLineRunner) {
           this.callRunner((CommandLineRunner)runner, args);
```

从下面的代码看出 先执行 ApplicationRunner 再 CommandLineRunner