

• Problem 1.

○ Exercise 7.2:

approximation pyramid:  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \\ 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 3.5 & 5.5 \\ 11.5 & 13.5 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow [8.5]$

prediction residual pyramid:

- level 0:  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \\ 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 3.5 & 3.5 & 5.5 & 5.5 \\ 3.5 & 3.5 & 5.5 & 5.5 \\ 11.5 & 11.5 & 13.5 & 13.5 \\ 11.5 & 11.5 & 13.5 & 13.5 \end{bmatrix} =$   
 $\begin{bmatrix} -2.5 & -1.5 & -2.5 & -1.5 \\ 1.5 & 2.5 & 1.5 & 2.5 \\ -2.5 & -1.5 & -2.5 & -1.5 \\ 1.5 & 2.5 & 1.5 & 2.5 \end{bmatrix}$
- level 1:  $\begin{bmatrix} 3.5 & 5.5 \\ 11.5 & 13.5 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 8.5 & 8.5 \\ 8.5 & 8.5 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -3 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$
- level 0 to level 2:  $\begin{bmatrix} -2.5 & -1.5 & -2.5 & -1.5 \\ 1.5 & 2.5 & 1.5 & 2.5 \\ -2.5 & -1.5 & -2.5 & -1.5 \\ 1.5 & 2.5 & 1.5 & 2.5 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -5 & -3 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow [8.5]$

○ Exercise 7.3:

All the levels are expansions except the 0<sup>th</sup> one, and the expansion ratio is bounded by 4/3.

J	Expansion ratio
0	1
1	$1 + 1/4^1 = 1.25$
2	$1 + 1/4^1 + 1/4^2 = 1.31$
J+1	$1 + 1/4^1 + 1/4^2 + \dots + 1/4^{J+1}$
$\infty$	$1 + 1/4^1 + 1/4^2 + \dots = 4/3 = 1.33$

○ Exercise 7.15:

While  $j_0=1$ ,

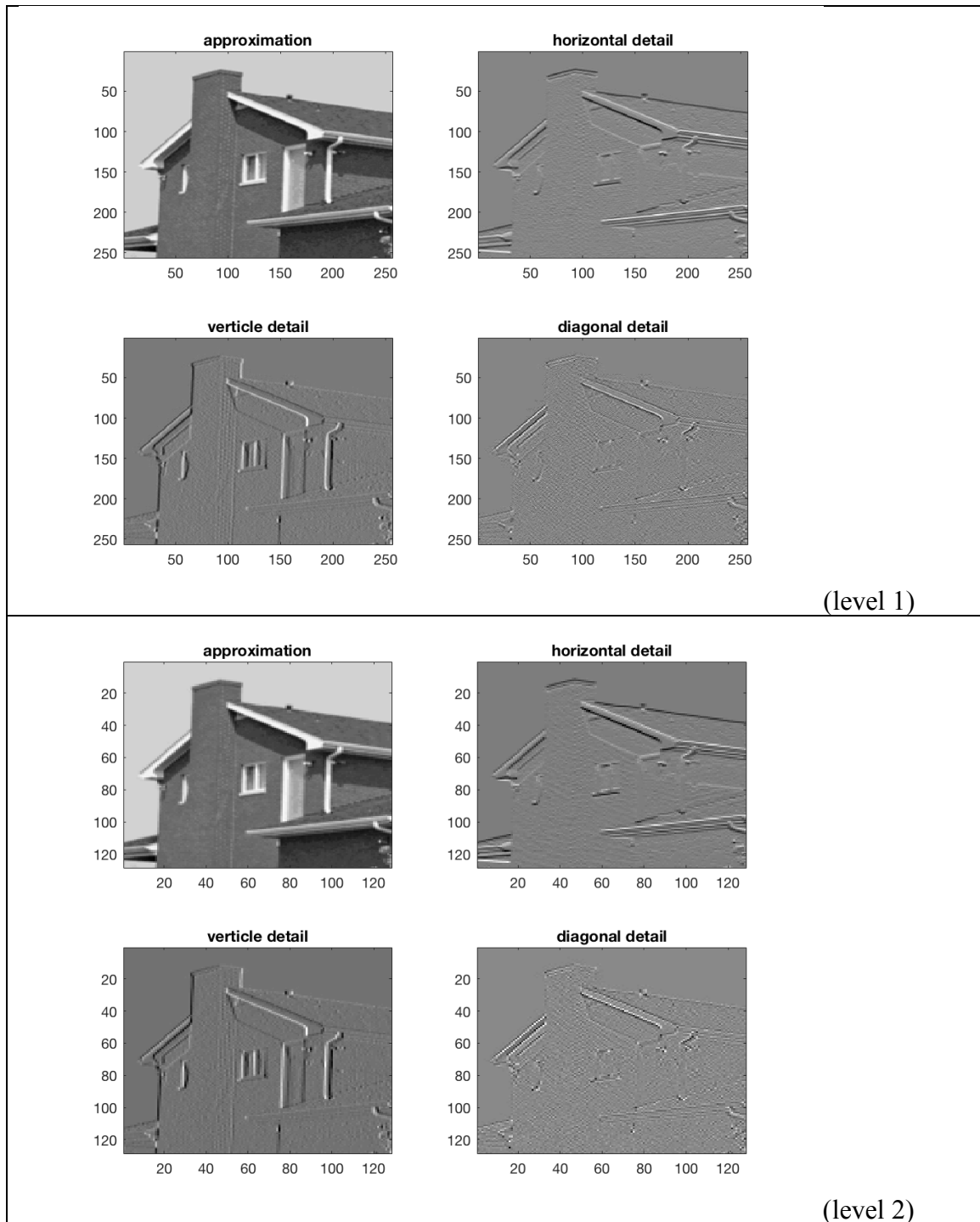
$$h_1(0) = \int_0^{0.5} x^2 \sqrt{2} dx = \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} x^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^{0.5} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{24}$$

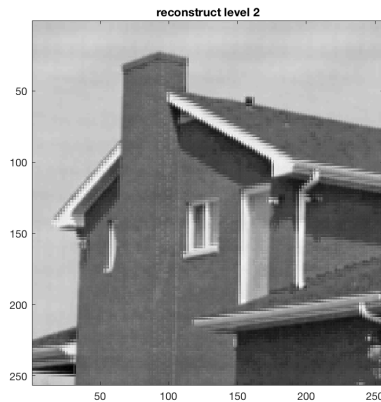
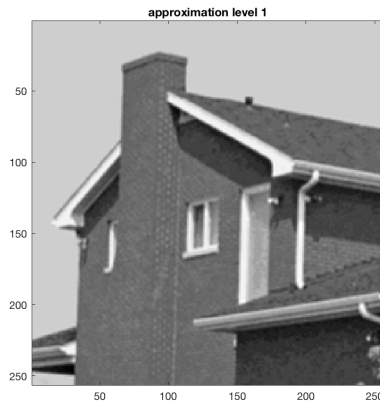
$$h_1(1) = \int_{0.5}^1 x^2 \sqrt{2} dx = \left( \frac{\sqrt{2} x^3}{3} \right) \Big|_{0.5}^1 = \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{24}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_1 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{24} \phi_{1,0}(x) + \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{24} \phi_{1,1}(x)$$

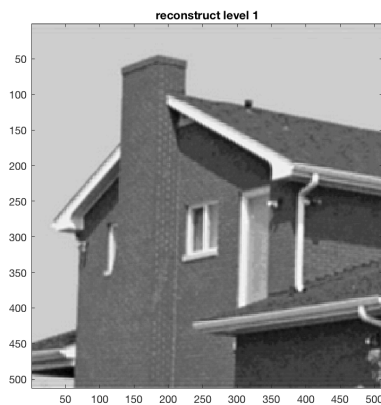
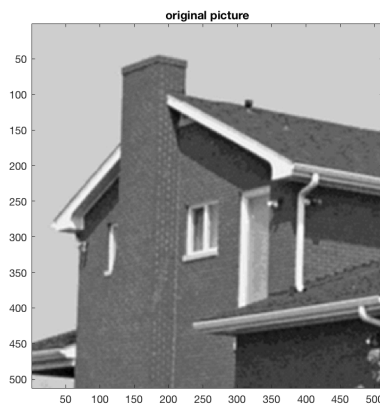
$$expansion = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{24} \phi_{1,0}(x) + \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{24} \phi_{1,1}(x) + \left[ \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{32} \psi_{1,0}(x) - \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{32} \psi_{1,1}(x) \right] + \dots$$

- Problem 2.





Reconstruction by level 2 with error rate 212.8



Reconstruction by level 2 with error rate 61.4

\*note: I used DFT to transform the approximation and detail of the wavelet transformation, and then extract the peaks in those DFTs for removing the high frequency components. As a result, the error rate is reduced because the high frequency noise had been dropped out from the wavelets while reconstruction.

- Problem 3.
  - (a) Choose the threshold with the most complete edges and the least details in the inner part of the image.

LoG: threshold 0.003000



Canny: threshold[0.030000, 0.150000]



LoG: threshold 0.004000



Canny: threshold[0.040000, 0.200000]



LoG: threshold 0.005000



Canny: threshold[0.050000, 0.250000]



LoG: threshold 0.006000



Canny: threshold[0.060000, 0.300000]



LoG: threshold 0.007000



Canny: threshold[0.070000, 0.350000]



LoG: threshold 0.002500



Canny: threshold[0.025000, 0.125000]



LoG: threshold 0.003500



Canny: threshold[0.035000, 0.175000]



LoG: threshold 0.004500



Canny: threshold[0.045000, 0.225000]



LoG: threshold 0.005500



Canny: threshold[0.055000, 0.275000]



LoG: threshold 0.006500



Canny: threshold[0.065000, 0.325000]



- Problem 4.
  - `>>getCorner(house.tif, ncorners=50);`

