# Clutching a Grip on AUTOSAR using Haskell

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**BOB 2015** 

Tool-neutral

Platform-neutral

Vendor-neutral

Component architecture

Automotive domain

Industry standard

Development methodology

AUTOSAR

Real-time

Distribution

OS kernel

I/O abstraction

Concurrency

Standard library

Communication

Black box interoperability

Standardized interfaces

#### The AUTOSAR spec.



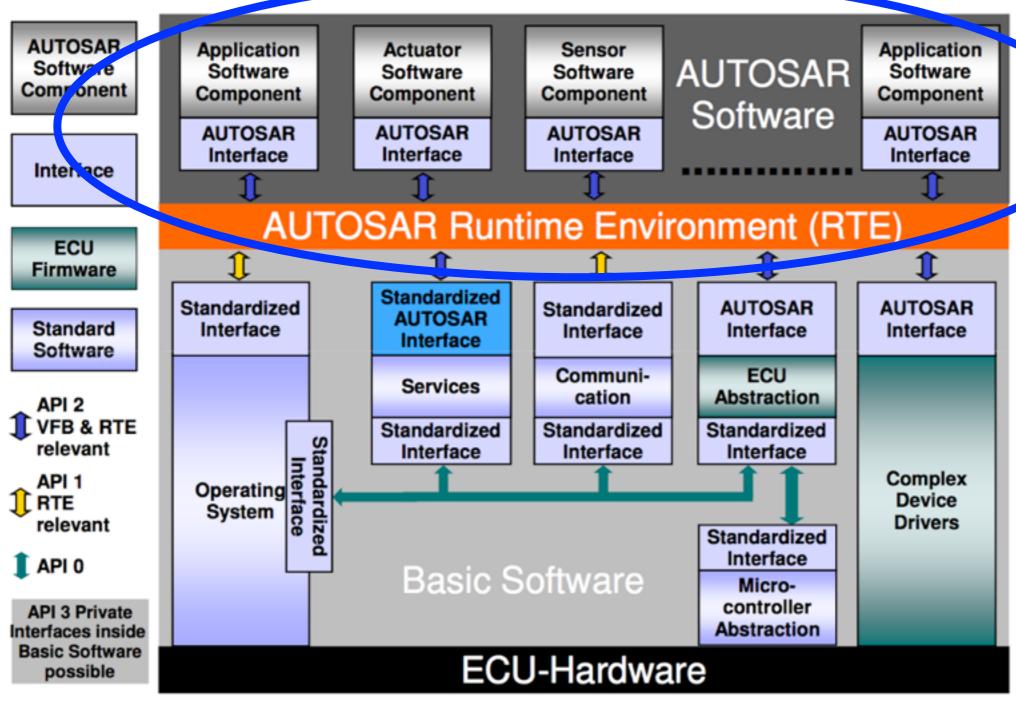
Informal text / UML diagrams / C headers

Mixed with (assumed) implementation details

>100 documents! >12 500 pages!

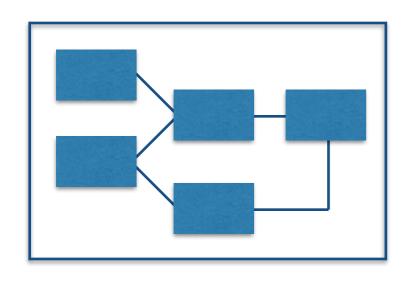
#### Software Components

>1 600 pages



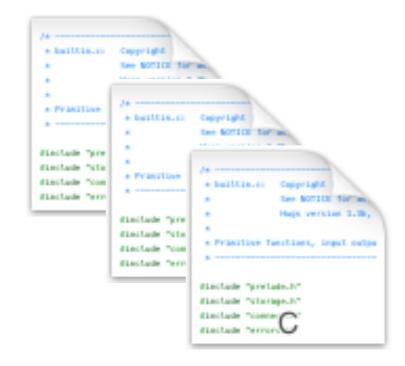
#### AUTOSAR development

#### **AUTOSAR Model**





#### Implementation



- Structure & constraints
- Platform independent
- Lacks code
- Not executable

- C files & config tables
- Platform dependent
- Only code
- Executable

#### Consequences

Can't test an AUTOSAR model

- until after all implementation steps
  - unless all subsystems are present
    - without committing to a particular tool/platform

Can't simulate a model "in the abstract"

Can't really talk about black box AUTOSAR behaviour

#### RAWFP @ Chalmers

Resource-aware functional programming
(Exploring Domain-Specific Languages in Haskell)

#### Theme:

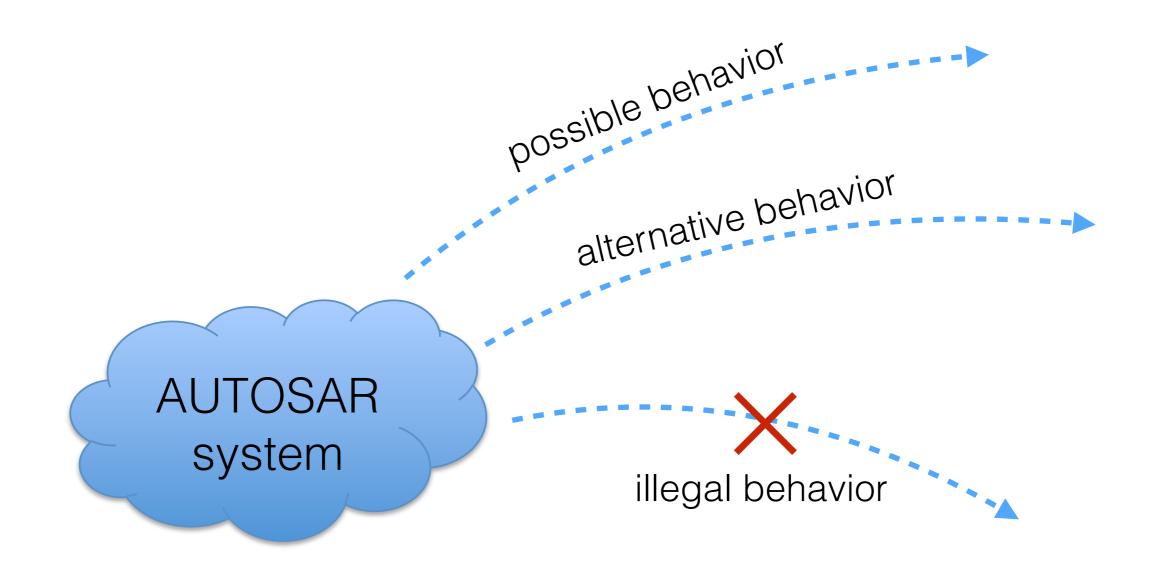
semantics-based analysis, testing & verification in Haskell; efficient execution after compilation to preferred target code

Validator track 1:

AUTOSAR Software Components as a Haskell DSL

(structure + constraints + code)

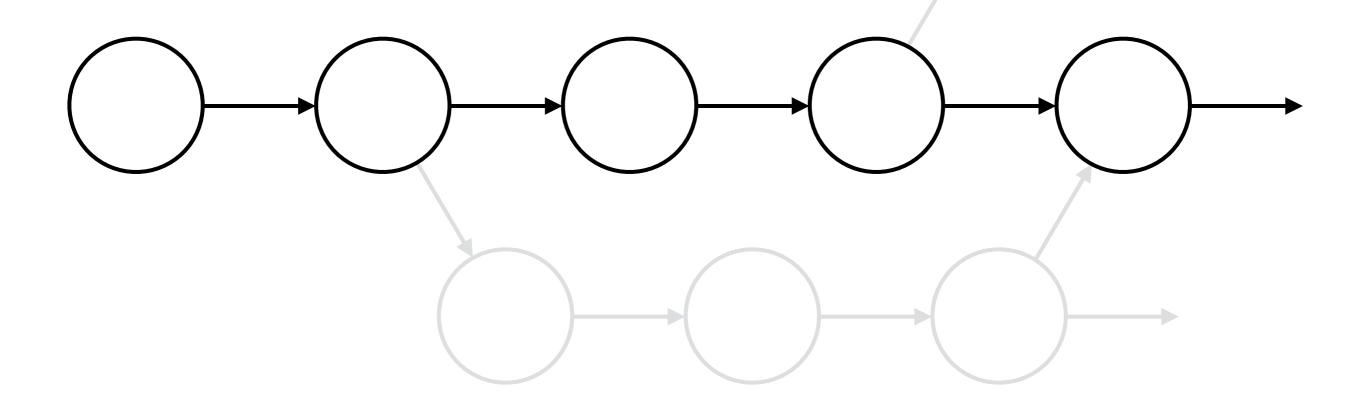
#### AUTOSAR semantics



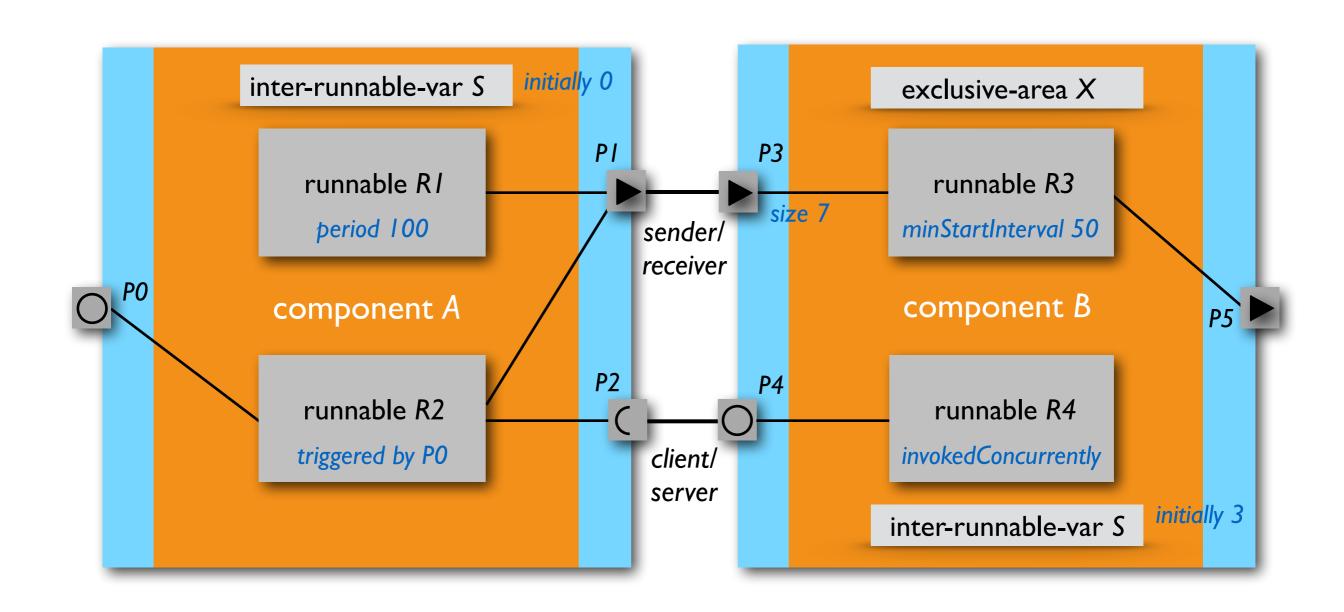
#### Behaviors

Behavior = trace = sequence of transitions between system states

Semantics = set of possible traces



#### An AUTOSAR system



+ constraints and annotations

#### facts

implementation( R3:A, Code for R3 )

implementation(R4:A, Code for R4)

#### An AUTOSAR system

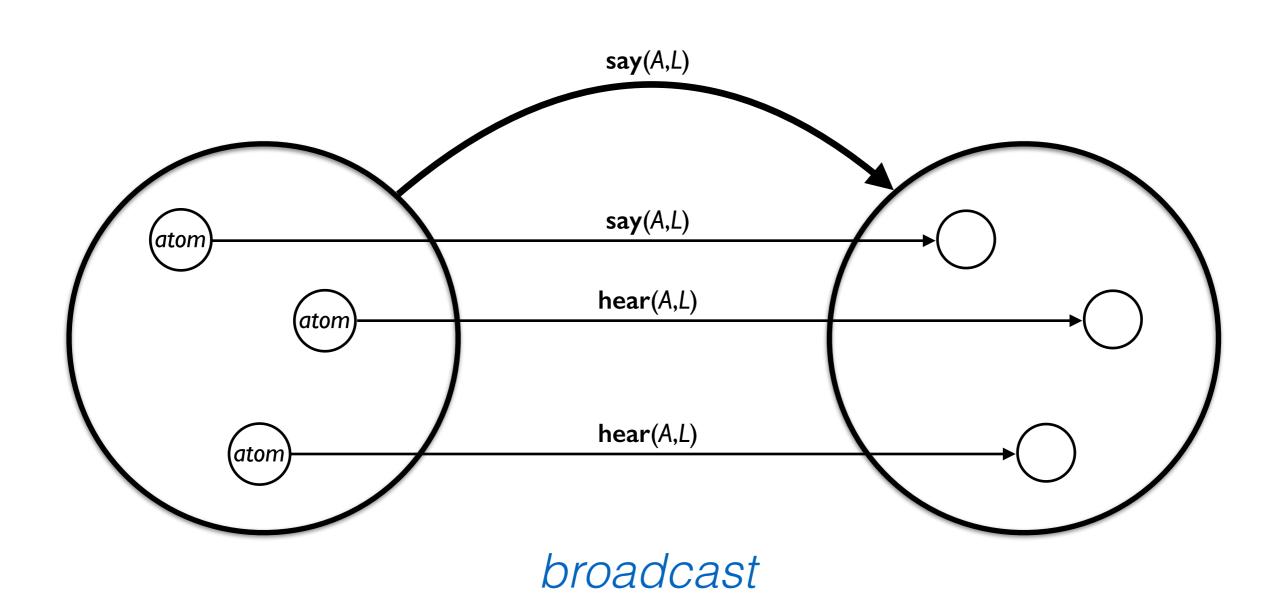
#### parallel composition

```
inter-runnable-var(S:A, ...)
                                                                      exclusive-area(X:B,...)
                                             qelem( P3:B, ... )
             runnable(R1:A,...)
                                                                         runnable(R3:B, ...)
                   rinst( R1:A, ... )
                                                                             rinst( R3:B, ... )
                       rinst( R1:A, ... )
                                             opres( P2:A, ... )
             runnable(R2:A, ...)
                                                                         runnable(R4:B, ...)
                                                                     inter-runnable-var(S:B, ...)
                                                                           initial( S:A, 0 )
implementation(R1:A, Code for R1)
                                                P1:A \Rightarrow P3:B
                                                                           period( R1:A, 100 )
implementation(R2:A, Code for R2)
                                                P2:A \Rightarrow P4:B
```

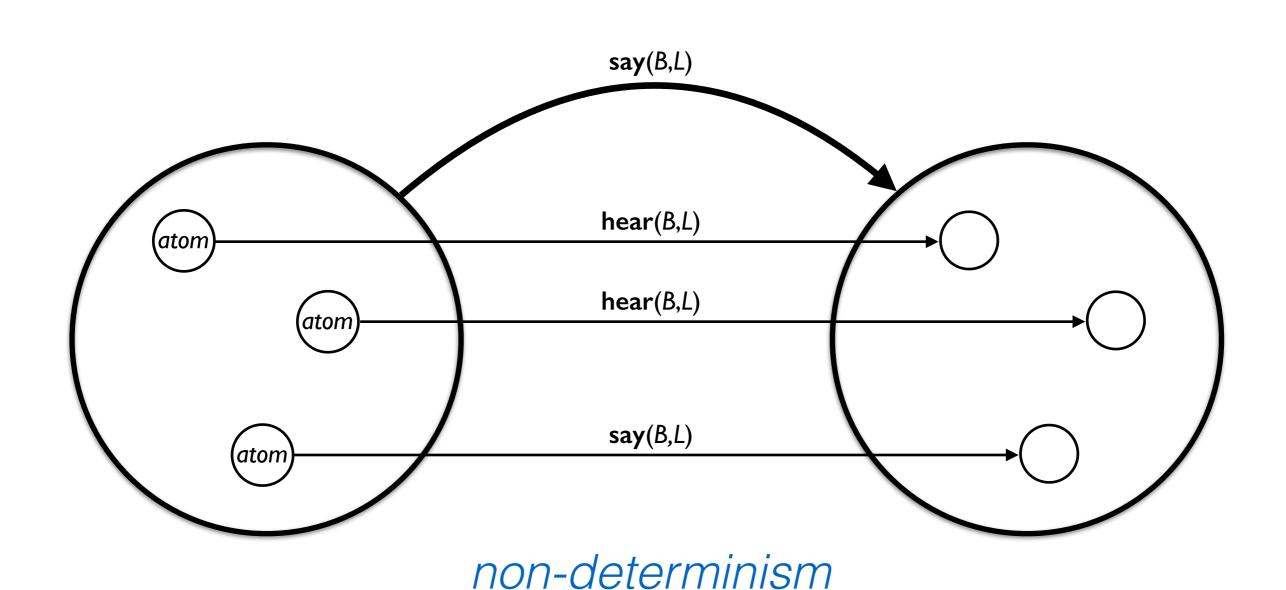
initial( S:B, 3 )

**size**( *P3:B*, 7 )

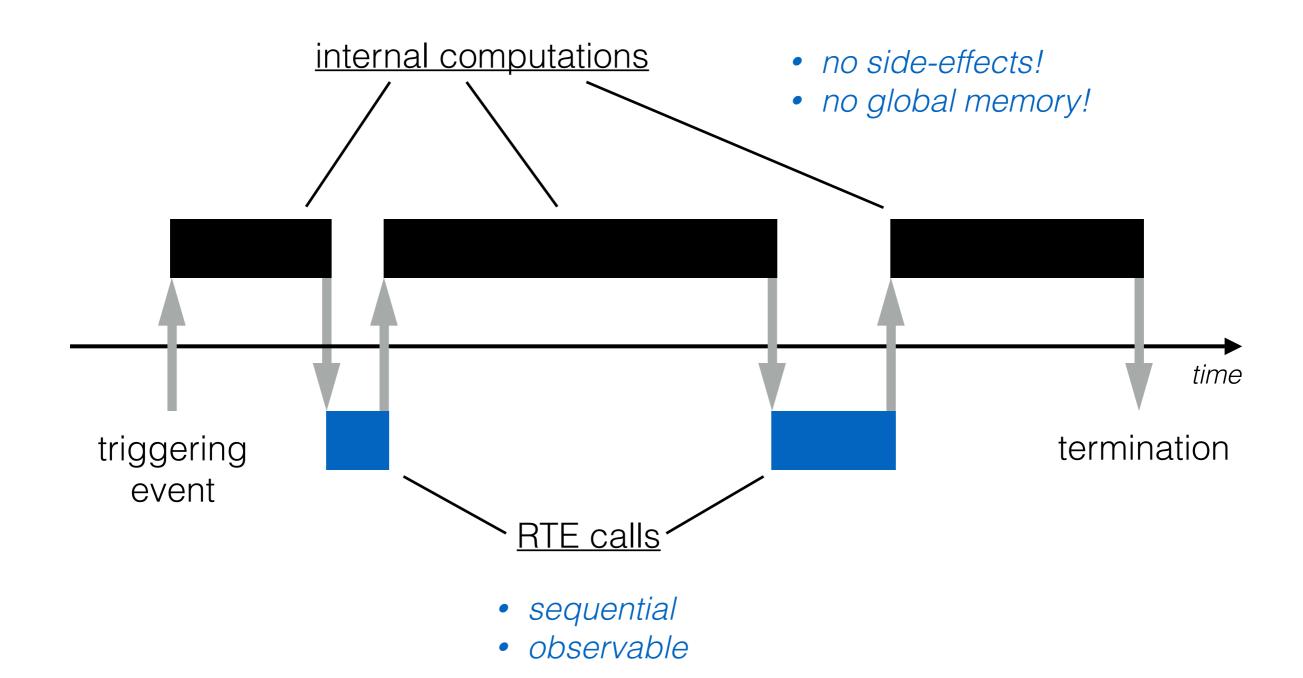
#### Labelled transitions



#### Labelled transitions



## The timeline of a runnable instance



#### The Run-Time Environment

```
rte_send( P, V )
rte_receive( P )
rte_call( P, V )
rte_irv_write( S, V )
rte_irv_read( S )
rte_enter( X )
rte_exit( X )
```

asynchronous send poll receiver port synchronous call write shared state read shared state acquire a lock release a lock

#### The Run-Time Environment

```
rte send( P, V, Cont )
                                 asynchronous send
rte receive(P, Cont)
                                 poll receiver port
rte call(P, V, Cont)
                                 synchronous call
rte irv write(S, V, Cont)
                                 write shared state
rte_irv_read( S, Cont )
                                 read shared state
rte enter( X, Cont )
                                 acquire a lock
rte exit( X, Cont )
                                 release a lock
return(V)
                                 terminate
```

Compute next RTE call:

Cont(V)

#### Some simple transitions

rinst( 
$$R:I, Xs, \text{rte\_enter}(X,Cont)$$
 )  $\xrightarrow{\text{say}(X:I, \text{enter})}$  rinst(  $R:I, X \# Xs, Cont(ok)$  )

rinst(  $R:I, X \# Xs, \text{rte\_exit}(X,Cont)$  )  $\xrightarrow{\text{say}(X:I, \text{exit})}$  rinst(  $R:I, Xs, Cont(ok)$  )

exclusive-area(  $X:I, \text{free}$  )  $\xrightarrow{\text{hear}(X:I, \text{enter})}$  exclusive-area(  $X:I, \text{taken}$  )  $\xrightarrow{\text{hear}(X:I, \text{exit})}$  exclusive-area(  $X:I, \text{free}$  )

#### Resulting behaviors

rinst( R1:I, Xs1, rte\_enter(X,Cont1))
exclusive-area( X:I, free )
rinst( R2:I, Xs2, rte\_enter(X,Cont2) )

```
rinst(R1:1, Xs1, rte enter(X, Cont1))
exclusive-area( X:1, taken )
rinst( R2:I, X+Xs2, Cont2(ok) )
rinst(RI:I, X + XsI, ContI(ok))
exclusive-area( X:1, taken )
rinst( R2:1, Xs2, rte_enter(X,Cont2) )
rinst(RI:I, X + XsI, Cont2(ok))
```

exclusive-area( X:1, taken )

rinst( R2:I, X+Xs2, Cont2(ok) )

#### Ambiguities

"The RTE is <u>not required</u> to support nested invocations of rte\_exit for the same exclusive area." [Is it allowed?]

"Requirement [SWS\_Rte\_01122] <u>permits</u> calls to rte\_enter and rte\_exit to be nested as long as different exclusive areas <u>are exited</u> in the reverse order they were entered."

[What if they aren't?]

```
rinst( R:I, X + Xs, rte_exit(X,Cont) \xrightarrow{say(X:I, exit)} rinst( R:I, Xs, Cont(ok))

exclusive-area( X:I, taken ) \xrightarrow{hear(X:I, exit)} exclusive-area( X:I, free )
```

[Interestingly, deadlock isn't mentioned in the spec.]

#### Spawning instances

```
if A \Rightarrow P:I, events(R:I, dataReceived(P)):

runnable(R:I, T, \_, N)

hear(A, \operatorname{snd}(\_,\_))

runnable(R:I, T, \operatorname{pending}, N)

one bit of info

if N=0 | canBelnvokedConcurrently(R:I):

runnable(R:I, 0, \operatorname{pending}, N)

say(R:I, \operatorname{new})

runnable(R:I, T, \operatorname{idle}, N+1)

rinst(R:I, [], Code)

(if minimumStartInterval(R:I, T),

implementation(R:I, Code)
```

#### A semantic pitfall

```
runnable(R:1, 0, idle, 0) hear(A, snd(I,ok))
                                               runnable( R:1, 0, pending, 0 )
       qelem(P:I,N,[])
                                               qelem( P:I, N, [1] )
                                               runnable(R:1, 0, idle, 1)
                             say( l:R, new ) → rinst( R:I, [], Code )
                                               qelem( P:I, N, [1] )
                                               runnable( R:1, 0, pending, 1 )
                            hear(A, snd(2,ok))
                                               rinst(R:I, \Pi, Code)
                                               qelem( P:I, N, [1,2] )
                                               runnable(R:1, 0, idle, 2)
                                               rinst( R:I, [], Code )
                              say( I:R, new )
                                                                        2 elements,
                                               rinst( R:I, [], Code )
                                                                        2 instances
                                               qelem( P:I, N, [1,2] )
```

#### A semantic pitfall

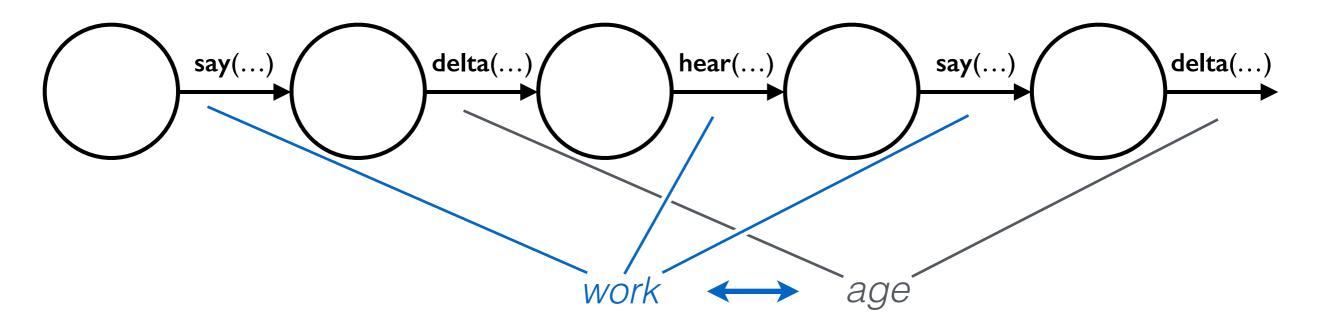
```
runnable(R:1, 0, idle, 0) hear(A, snd(1,ok))
                                                runnable( R:1, 0, pending, 0 )
                                                qelem( P:I, N, [1] )
       qelem(P:I,N,[])
                                                runnable( R:1, 0, pending, 0 )
                             hear( A, snd(2,ok) )
                                                rinst( R:I, \square, Code )
                                                qelem( P:I, N, [1,2] )
                                                runnable(R:1, 0, idle, 1)
                               say(R:I, new)
                                              rinst( R:I, \square, Code )
                                                qelem( P:I, N, [1,2] )
```

2 elements, only 1 instance!

#### Passing time

if  $V \leq T$ :

runnable(
$$R:I, T, Act, N$$
)  $\xrightarrow{\text{delta}(V)}$  runnable( $R:I, T-V, Act, N$ )



relationship not restricted (arbitrarily fast platform)

#### Prolog formulation

```
Code rinst(R:I, Xs, rte_receive(P,Cont)) ---say(P:I,rcv(V))---> rinst(R:I, Xs, Cont(V)) :- eval(ap(Cont,V),Code).
```

Negation and arithmetics... careful ordering of predicates!

Good for exhaustive searches of single (few) transitions

A good format for communicating semantic detail?

Not for simulating systems — for this we turn to...

#### AUTOSAR DSL in Haskell

Embedding Haskell computations inside AUTOSAR Embedding AUTOSAR simulations inside Haskell

**instance** Monad (RTE c) -- a monad of **RTE operations** 

enter :: ExclusiveArea c -> RTE c (StdRet ()) exit :: ExclusiveArea c -> RTE c (StdRet ())

irvWrite :: Data a => InterRunnableVariable a c -> a -> RTE c (StdRet ())

irvRead :: Data a => InterRunnableVariable a c -> RTE c (StdRet a)

send :: Data a => ProvidedQueueElement a c -> a -> RTE c (StdRet ())

receive :: Data a => RequiredDataElement a c -> RTE c (StdRet a)

write :: Data a => ProvidedDataElement a c -> a -> RTE c (StdRet ())

read :: Data a => RequiredDataElement a c -> RTE c (StdRet a)

isUpdated :: RequiredDataElement a c -> RTE c (StdRet Bool)

invalidate :: ProvidedDataElement a c -> RTE c (StdRet ())

call :: (Data a, Data b) =>

RequiredOperation a b c -> a -> RTE c (StdRet b)

#### AUTOSAR DSL in Haskell

instance Monad (AR c) -- a monad of structural building blocks

requiredDataElement :: AR c (RequiredDataElement a c) providedDataElement :: AR c (ProvidedDataElement a c)

requiredQueueElement :: Int -> AR c (RequiredQueueElement a c)

providedQueueElement :: AR c (ProvidedQueueElement a c)

requiredOperation :: AR c (RequiredOperation a b c) providedOperation :: AR c (ProvidedOperation a b c)

interRunnableVariable :: Data a => a -> AR c (InterRunnableVariable a c)

exclusiveArea :: AR c (ExclusiveArea c)

runnable :: Invocation -> [Trigger c] -> RTE c a -> AR c ()

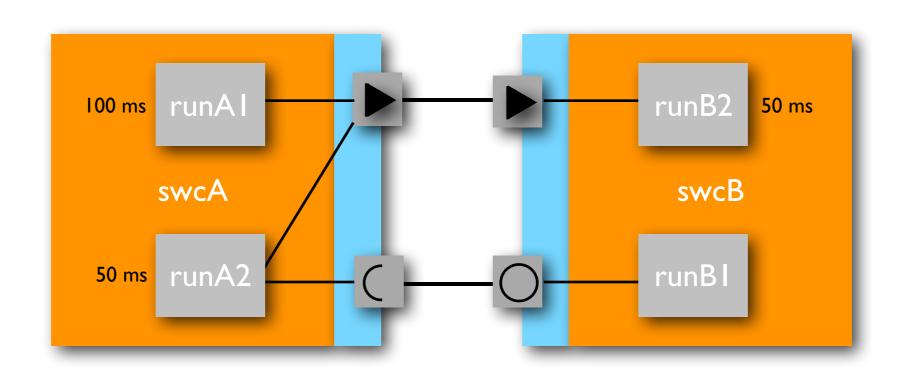
serverRunnable :: (Data a, Data b) =>

Invocation -> [ProvidedOperation a b c] -> (a -> RTE c b) -> AR c ()

component :: (forall c . AR c a) -> AR c' a

connect :: Connectable a b => a -> b -> AR c ()

#### Simple example



### Simple example

```
swcA = component $ do
                                                                    runA1 pport1 = do
   pport1 <- providedDataElement
                                                                       rte_write pport1 val
   rport1 <- requiredOperation</pre>
   runnable (MinInterval 0) [Timed 0.1] (runA1 pport1)
   runnable (MinInterval 0) [Timed 0.05] (runA2 pport1 rport1)
   return (seal pport1, seal rport1)
                                                                    runA2 pport1 rport1 = do
                                                                       val2 <- rte_call rport1 val1
swcB = component $ do
   rport2 <- requiredDataElement
                                                                       rte_write pport1 val2
   pport2 <- providedOperation</pre>
   serverRunnable Concurrent [pport2] runB1
   runnable (MinInterval 0) [Timed 0.05] (runB2 rport2)
                                                                    runB1 arg = do
   return (seal pport2, seal rport2)
                                                                       ... arg ...
                                                                       return res
root = do
   (pdata,rop) <- swcA
   (pop,rdata) <- swcB
                                                                    runB2 rport2 = do
   connect pdata rdata
                                                                       val <- rte_read rport2
   connect rop pop
```

### Simple example (trad)

```
TASK(Task1) {
    Rte_RECount_Task1_divby2_0---;
    if (Rte_RECount_Task1_divby2_0 == 0) {
        runA1();
    }
    runB2();
    if (Rte_RECount_Task1_divby2_0 == 0)
        Rte_RECount_Task1_divby2_0 = 2;
    TerminateTask();
}
```

Int16 val;

FUNC(void, RTE APPL CODE) runA1(void) {

Rte\_Write\_pport1\_intValue1(val);

```
FUNC(void, RTE APPL CODE) runB2(void) {
    Int16 val;
    ...
    Rte_Read_rport2_intValue(&val);
    ...
}
```

```
runAI
swcA
swcB
runA2
runBI
```

## Simple example (trad)

```
<AR-PACKAGE>
  <SHORT-NAME>root</SHORT-NAME>
 <ELEMENTS>
   <ATOMIC-SOFTWARE-COMPONENT-TYPE>
     <SHORT-NAME>swcA</SHORT-NAME>
     <PORTS>
       <P-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
         <SHORT-NAME>pportA1</SHORT-NAME>
         <PROVIDED-INTERFACE-TREF DEST="SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE">
           /interfaces/SR Int16
         </PROVIDED-INTERFACE-TREF>
       </P-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
       <R-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
         <SHORT-NAME>rportA1</SHORT-NAME>
         <REQUIRED-INTERFACE-TREF DEST="CLIENT-SERVER-INTERFACE">
           /interfaces/CS string to int
         </REQUIRED-INTERFACE-TREF>
       </R-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
     </PORTS>
   </ATOMIC-SOFTWARE-COMPONENT-TYPE>
   <ATOMIC-SOFTWARE-COMPONENT-TYPE>
     <SHORT-NAME>swcB</SHORT-NAME>
     <PORTS>
       <P-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
         <SHORT-NAME>pportB1</SHORT-NAME>
         <PROVIDED-INTERFACE-TREF DEST="CLIENT-SERVER-INTERFACE">
           /interfaces/CS string to int
         </PROVIDED-INTERFACE-TREF>
       </P-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
       <R-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
         <SHORT-NAME>rportB1</SHORT-NAME>
         <REQUIRED-INTERFACE-TREF DEST="SENDER-RECEIVER-INTERFACE">
           /interfaces/SR Int16
         </REQUIRED-INTERFACE-TREF>
       </R-PORT-PROTOTYPE>
     </PORTS>
   </ATOMIC-SOFTWARE-COMPONENT-TYPE>
```

```
<COMPONENT-REF DEST="ATOMIC-SOFTWARE-COMPONENT-TYPE">/swc root/swc1</COMPONENT-REF>
     <SHORT-NAME>Time100ms</SHORT-NAME>

<SHORT-NAME> Time100ms/SHORT-NAME>
<START-ON-EVENT-REF DEST="RUNNABLE-ENTITY">
/swc root/intBehSwc1/run11
<START-ON-EVENT-REF>
<PERIOD>.01.4/PERIOD>
</TIMING-EVENT>

    <SHORT-NAME>Time50ms</SHORT-NAME>
<START-ON-EVENT-REF DEST="RUNNABLE-ENTITY">
     /swc root/intBehSwc1/run12
</START-ON-EVENT-REF>
     <PERIOD>0.05</PERIOD>
</t
  <RUNNABLE-ENTITY>
<SHORT-NAME>run11</SHORT-NAME>
     <CAN-BE-INVOKED-CONCURRENTI Y>false</CAN-BE-INVOKED-CONCURRENTI Y>
          <SHORT-NAME>dwa1</SHORT-NAME>
         <DATA-ELEMENT-IREF>
<P-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">
            //P-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
</DATA-ELEMENT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST='DATA-ELEMENT-PROTOTYPE'>
               /interfaces/SR Int16/intValue
          </DATA-ELEMENT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
</DATA-ELEMENT-IREF>
       <DATA-SEND-POINT>

<SHORT-NAME>dwa2</SHORT-NAME>
          <DATA-FI FMFNT-IRFF>
            <P-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">
            </P-PORT-PROTOTYPF-RFF>
            - OATA-ELEMENT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="DATA-ELEMENT-PROTOTYPE">
/interfaces/SR Int16/intValue2
            </DATA-FI FMFNT-PROTOTYPF-RFF>
       </DATA-ELEMENT-IREF>
</DATA-SEND-POINT>
    </DATA-SEND-POINTS>
<SYMBOL>run11</SYMBOL>
  </RUNNABLE-ENTITY>
   <BUNNABI F-FNTITY>
    NONWABLE-ENTITY

<SHORT-NAME>run12</SHORT-NAME>

<CAN-BE-INVOKED-CONCURRENTLY>false</CAN-BE-INVOKED-CONCURRENTLY>
          <SHORT-NAME>dwa2</SHORT-NAME>
          <ODATA-ELEMENT-IREF>
<P-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">
            //P-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
</DATA-ELEMENT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST='DATA-ELEMENT-PROTOTYPE'>
              /interfaces/SR Int16/intValue1
         </br></DATA-ELEMENT-PROTOTYPE-REF></DATA-ELEMENT-IREF>
       </DATA-SEND-POINT>
     </DATA-SEND-POINTS>
<SERVER-CALL-POINTS>
       <SYNCHRONOUS-SERVER-CALL-POINT>
         <SHORT-NAME>sscp/SHORT-NAME>
<OPERATION-IREFS>
            <OPERATION-IRFE:
               /R-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="R-PORT-PROTOTYPE">
/swc root/swc1/rport1
               </R-PORT-PROTOTYPF-RFF>
               <OPERATION-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="OPERATION-PROTOTYPE">
                 /interfaces/CS string to int/pa
               </OPERATION-PROTOTYPE-REF>
         </OPERATION-IREF>
       </SYNCHRONOUS-SERVER-CALL-POINT>
     <SYMBOL>run12</SYMBOL>
   </RUNNABLE-ENTITY>
<SUPPORTS-MULTIPLE-INSTANTIATION>false
```

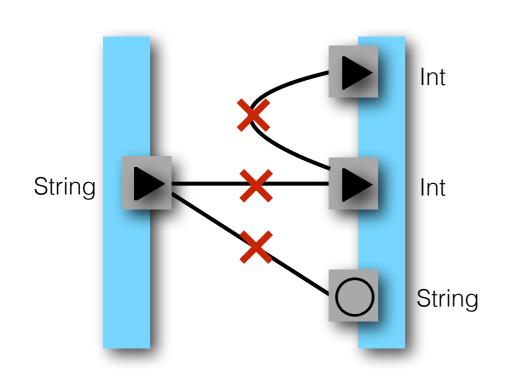
```
<SHORT-NAME>intRehSwc2</SHORT-NAME>
     <COMPONENT-REF DEST="ATOMIC-SOFTWARE-COMPONENT-TYPE">/swc root/swc2</COMPONENT-REF:
        <TIMING-EVENTS
           <SHORT-NAME>Time50ms</SHORT-NAME>
<START-ON-EVENT-REF DEST="RUNNABLE-ENTITY">
             <PERIOD>0.05</PERIOD>
        </TIMING-EVENT>
<OPERATION-INVOKED-EVENT>
             <SHORT-NAME>operationInvoke</SHORT-NAME>
             <START-ON-EVENT-REF DEST="RUNNABLE-ENTITY">
             /swc root/intBehSwc2/run21
</START-ON-EVENT-REF>
            <OPERATION-IREF>
  <P-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="P-PORT-PROTOTYPE">
                 <
                    /interfaces/CS string to int/parse

</OPERATION-PROTOTYPE-REF>

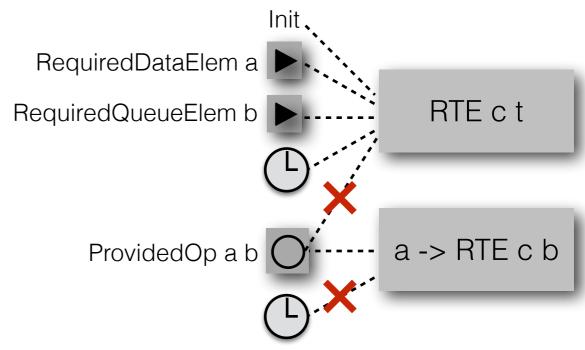
        </EVENTS>
<RUNNABLES>
        RUNNARI F-FNTITYS
           <SHORT-NAME>run21<CAN-BE-INVOKED-CONCURRENTLY>true/CAN-BE-INVOKED-CONCURRENTLY>
            <SYMBOL>run21</SYMBOL>
        </RUNNABLE-ENTITY>
             <SHORT-NAME>run22</SHORT-NAME>
              CAN-BE-INVOKED-CONCURRENTLY>false
             <DATA-RECEIVE-POINTS>
                 <DATA-RECEIVE-POINT>
                    <SHORT-NAME>dra1/SHORT-NAME>
<DATA-ELEMENT-IREF>
                        - CR-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="R-PORT-PROTOTYPE">
/swc root/swc2/rport1
                          </R-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                        CDATA-ELEMENT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST='DATA-ELEMENT-PROTOTYPE'>
/interfaces/SR Int16/intValue1
</DATA-ELEMENT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                 </DATA-ELEMENT-IREF>
</DATA-RECEIVE-POINT>
                 <DATA-RECEIVE-POINT>
                     SAIA-ILCELIVE - ONITY - ONI
                         /swc root/swc2/rport1
</R-PORT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
                         CDATA-FLEMENT-PROTOTYPE-REF DEST="DATA-FLEMENT-PROTOTYPE">
                         /interfaces/SR Int16/intValue2
</DATA-ELEMENT-PROTOTYPE-REF>
            </DATA-RECEIVE-POINT>
</DATA-RECEIVE-POINTS>
             <SYMBOL >run22</SYMBOL>
         </RUNNABLE-ENTITY>
    <SLIPPORTS-MULTIPLE-INSTANTIATION>false</SUPPORTS-MULTIPLE-INSTANTIATION>
<IMPLEMENTATION>
    <SHORT-NAME>implSwc1</SHORT-NAME>
    <BEHAVIOR-REF DEST="INTERNAL-BEHAVIOR">/swc root/intBehSwc1</BEHAVIOR-REF>
    <CODE-DESCRIPTOR>
        <SHORT-NAME>src</SHORT-NAME>
    </CODE-DESCRIPTORS
    <PROGRAMMING-LANGUAGE>C</PROGRAMMING-LANGUAGE>
<IMPLEMENTATION>
   <SHORT-NAME>implSwc2</SHORT-NAME>
<BEHAVIOR-REF DEST="INTERNAL-BEHAVIOR">/swc root/intBehSwc2</BEHAVIOR-REF>
   <CODE-DESCRIPTOR>
       <SHORT-NAME>src</SHORT-NAME>
<TYPE>SRC</TYPE>
    </CODE-DESCRIPTORS
    <PROGRAMMING-LANGUAGE>C</PROGRAMMING-LANGUAGE>
</invision/
```

</ELEMENTS>

#### Captured by types







```
escaped <- component $ do v <- interRunnableVariable
```

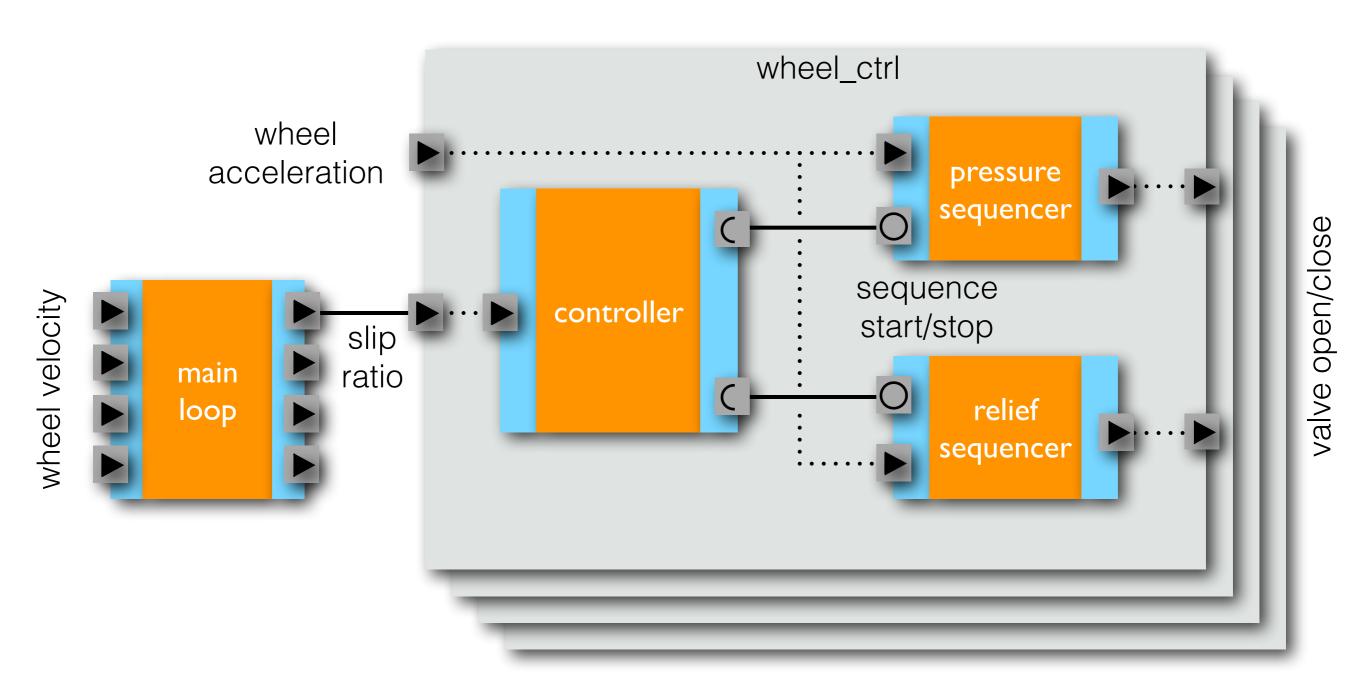
roturn V

(the "runST" trick)

method = **do** x <- irvRead escaped

. .

## Demo: An ABS system



#### ABS top level

```
loop velostreams slipstreams = do
    velos <- mapM (\re -> do Ok v <- rteRead re; return v) velostreams
    let v0 = maximum velos
    mapM (\(v,pe) -> rteSend pe (slip v0 v)) (velos `zip` slipstreams)
main_loop = component $ do
    velostreams <- mapM (const requiredDataElement) [1..4]
    slipstreams <- mapM (const providedQueueElement) [1..4]
    runnable (MinInterval 0) [Timed 0.01] (loop velostreams slipstreams)
    return (map seal velostreams, map seal slipstreams)
                     :: [RequiredDataElement Double c]
           :: [RequiredDataElem Double]
                                                                         Structure
abs_system = component $ do
    (velos_in, slips_out) <- main_loop
    wheelctrls <- mapM wheel_ctrl ([1..4] `zip` slips_out)
    return (velos_in, wheelctrls)
```

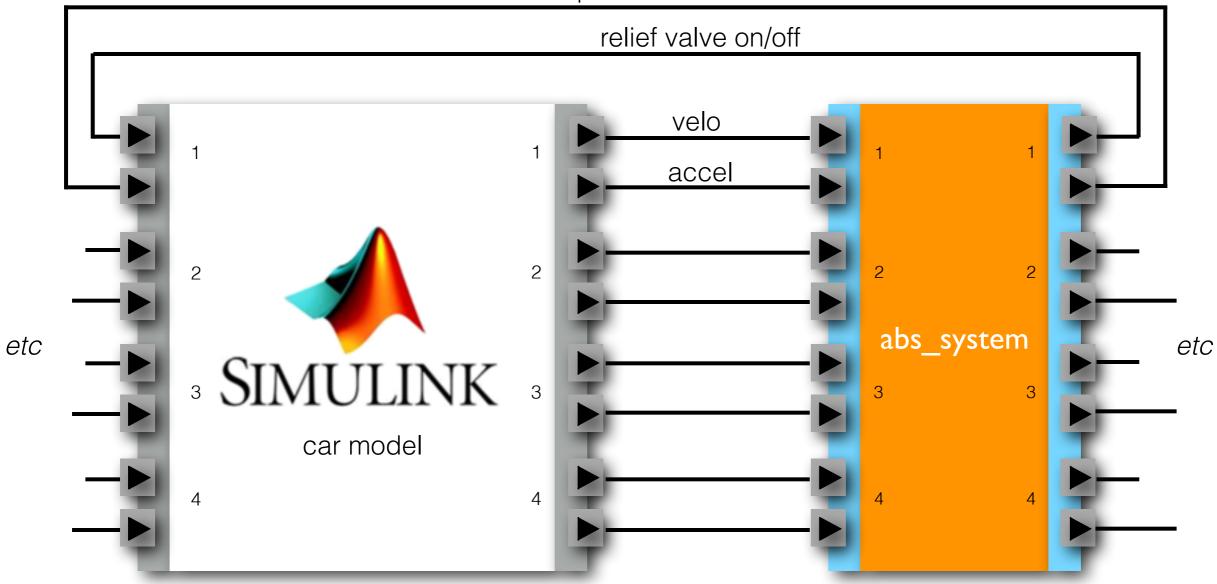
#### ABS wheel controller

return (accel\_r, accel\_p, valve\_r, valve\_p)

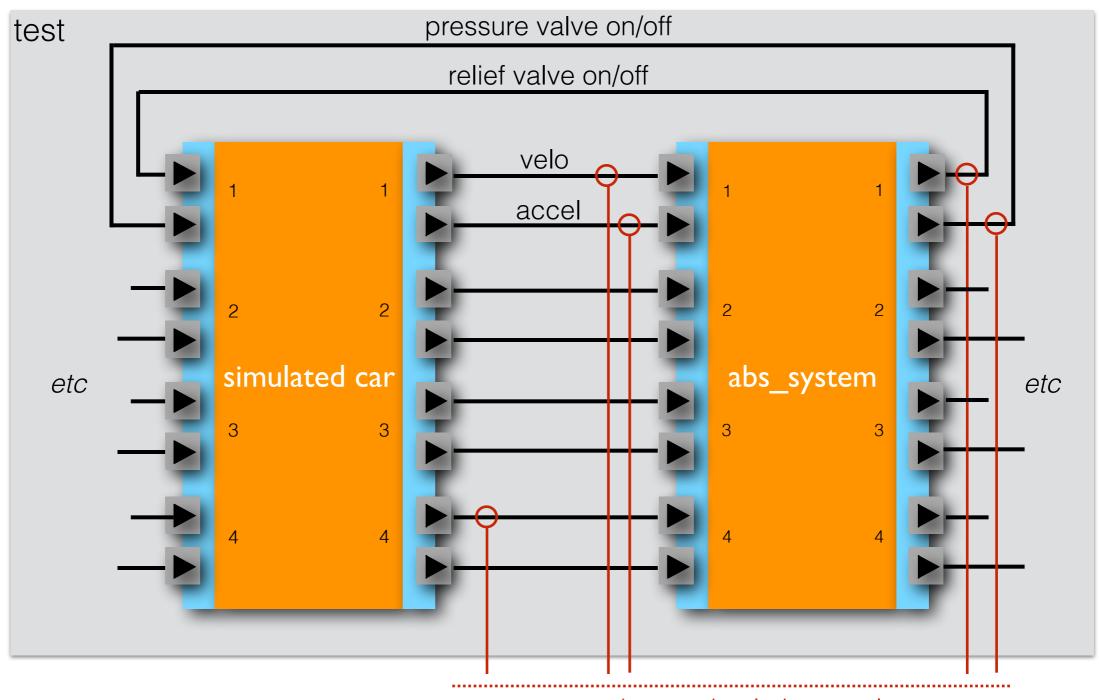
Trivial delegation connectors

#### Simulation setup

pressure valve on/off



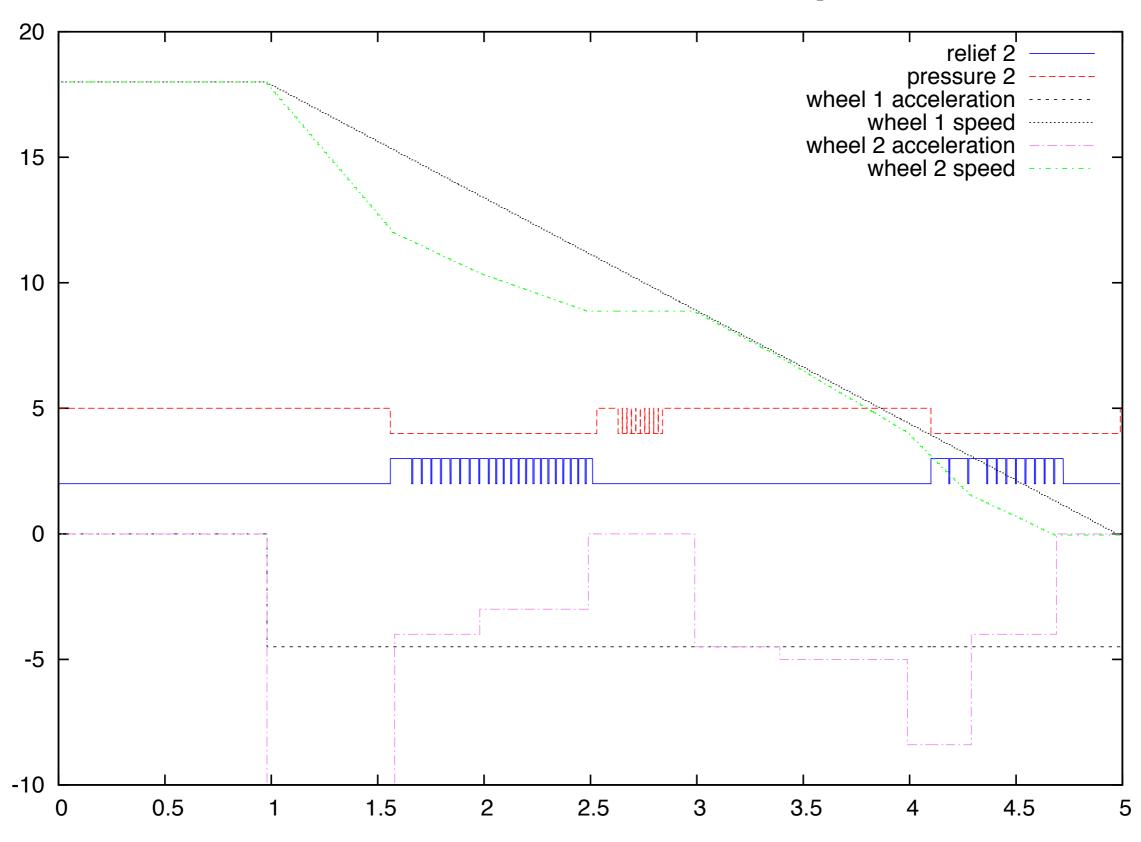
#### Simulation setup



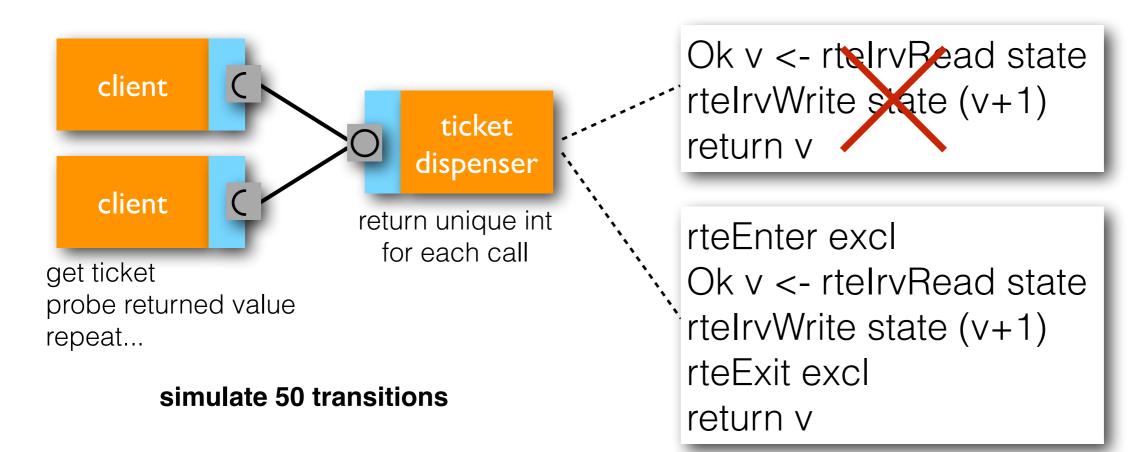
main = printLogs trace >> makePlot trace probes = simulation result

where trace = limitTime 5.0 \$ execSim (RandomSched (mkStdGen 111)) test

## Simulation output



#### Detecting a race condition



With round-robin scheduling:

> ./TicketDispenser
[0,1,2,3,4,5]
> ./TicketDispenser
[0,1,2,3,4,5]
> ./TicketDispenser
[0,1,2,3,4,5]

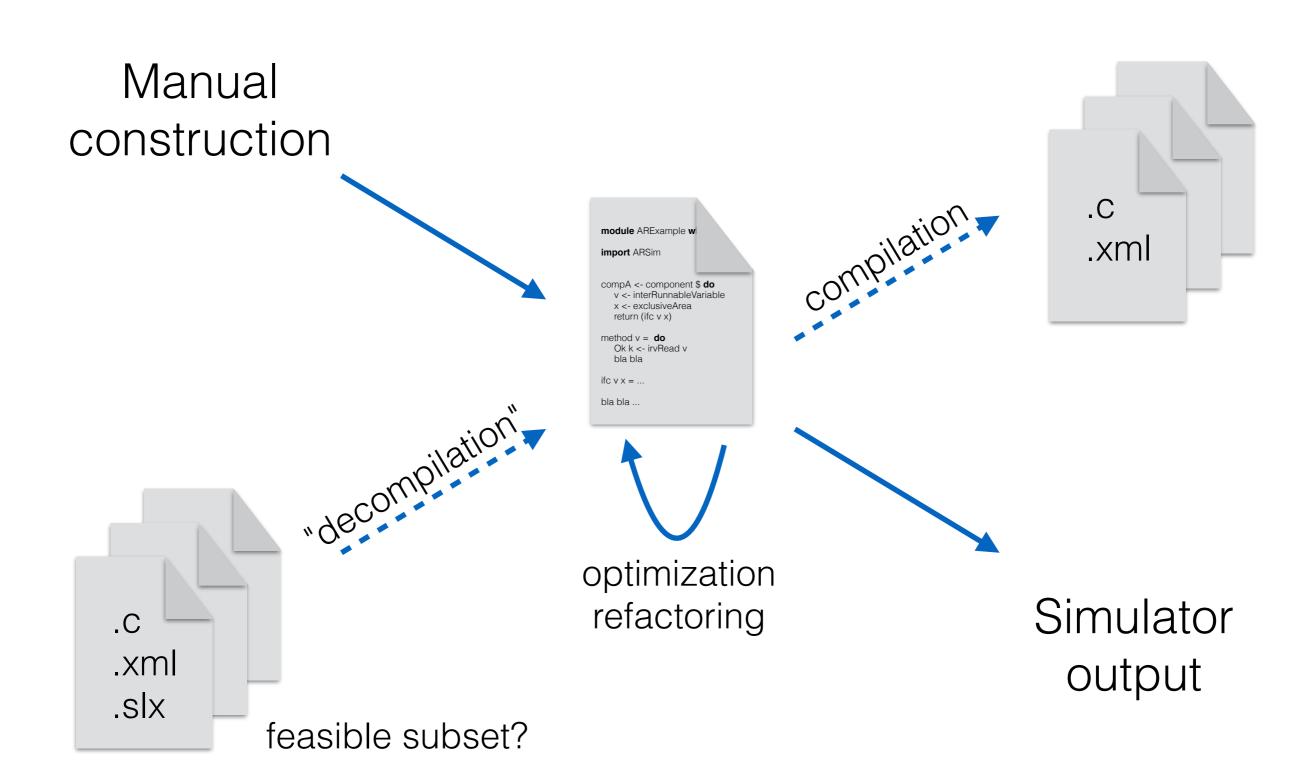
With random scheduling:

> ./TicketDispenser
[1,0,2,3,4]
> ./TicketDispenser
[0,1,2,3,4,3]
> ./TicketDispenser
[0,1,2,3,4,5]
>

Corrected:

> ./TicketDispenser
[0,1,2,3,4]
> ./TicketDispenser
[0,1,2,3]
> ./TicketDispenser
[1,0,2,3]

#### DSL use cases



#### Outlook

Task assignment?

Datatype mappings?

RTE generation?

Many missing port & component types, RTE ops Application & Composition SWCs

Sender/Receiver & Client/Server ports

Exclusive areas & inter-runnable variables

Real-time behavior

Mode switches
ECU mapping
COM semantics
Implicit data access
CPU speed limits
Cat. 2 runnables

trivial.

interesting!

#### Take away bullets

- Platform-independent standard →
   platform-independent testing & simulation!
- Concurrent semantics → random scheduling!
- Haskell embedded automotive programming! (via a DSL and simulation)
- AUTOSAR runnables → strictly controlled side-effects → a Haskell monad!