## Spring - Feb 23

#### Bean:

- scope: singleton(default)
  - prototype

@Scope("prototype") // change scope

#### Annotation:

In Spring Framework annotation based configuration instead of using XML for describing the bean wiring, it is done by using annotations on the relevant class, method or the field declaration.

#### @Component

When the spring container initializes, it searches the root and sub folders that are defined at base-package, instantiating the bean which has the @Component annotation.

#### @Autowired

The @Autowired annotation can be used with fields or methods for injecting a bean by type.

#### @Configuration

When spring boots scanning the classes and it will see this configuration annotation it will treat this class it will treat this class as a configuration part of the configuration is no longer part of the runtime run objects.

XML is too old.

Spring - Feb 23

#### AOP (**Aspect-Oriented Programming**) (proxy design pattern)

the code that automatically run we call it aspect

 as long as the code execution meeting particular criteria, then this aspect will be triggered. That aspect could be a security check.

e.g

```
I \rightarrow buy fast food \rightarrow MC
```

- 1. I  $\rightarrow$  call my mom  $\rightarrow$  approved
- 2.  $MC \rightarrow call \ my \ mom \rightarrow approved (AOP)$

#### Datasource:

Spring boot will automatically config datasource, when initiates.

if not, will have an error 'url' attribute is not specified

1. set source in application.properties

```
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost/antra_db
spring.datasource.username=dbuser
spring.datasource.password=dbpass
spring.datasource.driver-class-name=com.mysql.jdbc.Driver
```

2. set exclude

```
@SpringBootApplication(exclude = {DataSourceAutoConfiguration.class})
public class AssignmentApplication {}
```

#### **Spring Boot**

#### Material:

Spring - Feb 23 2

### Why do we choose Spring?

- **Versatile**: We can integrate any technologies with spring, such as hibernate, structs, etc.
- **Modularity:** We've options to use the entire Spring framework or just the modules necessary. Moreover, we can optionally include one or more Spring projects depending upon the need.
- End to End Development: Spring supports all aspects of application development, Web aspects, Business aspects, Persistence aspects, etc, so we can develop a complete application using spring.

# How do you provide configuration metadata to the Spring Container?

XML based configuration file <bean>

Annotation-based configuration: @Component, @Autowired

Java-based configuration: @Configuration and @Bean

Spring - Feb 23