| Memb  | pers: <u>Daniel Power</u>   | _ Group #: <u>30</u>                         |
|---|---|--|
|   | Libin Wen   | -  |
|   | rm the following tasks/answer all of the following quarks if your prelab is incomplete. | estions before coming into the lab. You will |
| 8-bit <i>1</i>  | Analog-to-Digital Converter   |  |
| 1.<br>ATme  | Read through the lab requirement document. Then ega32 microcontroller.                  | study the details of the ADC module of the   |
| 2.  | What are the ADC registers for ATmega32?  |  |
| ADC   | CH & ADCL (store the high and low byte of the re  | esult respectively); ADMUX (ADC multiplexer  |
| sele  | ction register); ADCSRA (ADC Control and Stat   | us Register A; set prescaling here)          |
| 3.  | What is the function of the prescaler in the ADC module of AVR?                         |  |
| The prescaler in the ADC module of the AVR allows us to change the clock frequency of |   |  |
| the A   | ADC.  |  |
| 4.  | What are the registers related to EEPROM operation                                      | ons for ATmega32?                            |
| EEA   | RH:EEARL (address registers for the high and  | ow byte respectively); EEDR(data             |
| regis   | ster); EECR (control register).   |  |
| 5.  | Sketch a diagram of the interface described in the l                                    | 1  |

- headers on the STK600 should be connected together, which headers should go to a breadboard, where the analog input signal should go and from where, etc. You must be ready to start building your circuit as soon as you come into the lab.
- Write both programs from section 3.4 in the lab requirement document. Be prepared to show the program code to a TA.