

ESM 237: Assignment 1

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Overview

This report analyzes climate trends in Los Angeles County from 1922-2022 using data from NOAA. The data set includes daily measurements from a weather station in downtown LA. The variables used include precipitation (inches), minimum temperature (Fahrenheit), and maximum temperature (Fahrenheit).

Los Angeles is a large city in Southern California. It is predominantly urban and is home to a dense population of 12.5 million people as of 2023. Los Angeles is classified as a semi-arid desert climate, characterized by hot and dry summers and mild winters with precipitation levels that vary by year.

The climate impacts in Los Angeles are significant due to the city's location in Southern California, where wildfires can be a major concern. The dry, hot weather in the summer can increase the risk of wildfires, devastatingly affecting the city and surrounding areas. In addition, the city has also experienced severe droughts in recent years, which can impact agriculture and water resources and harm human health. For these reasons, climate impacts are important for its residents and policymakers.

1. Analyzing temperature trends

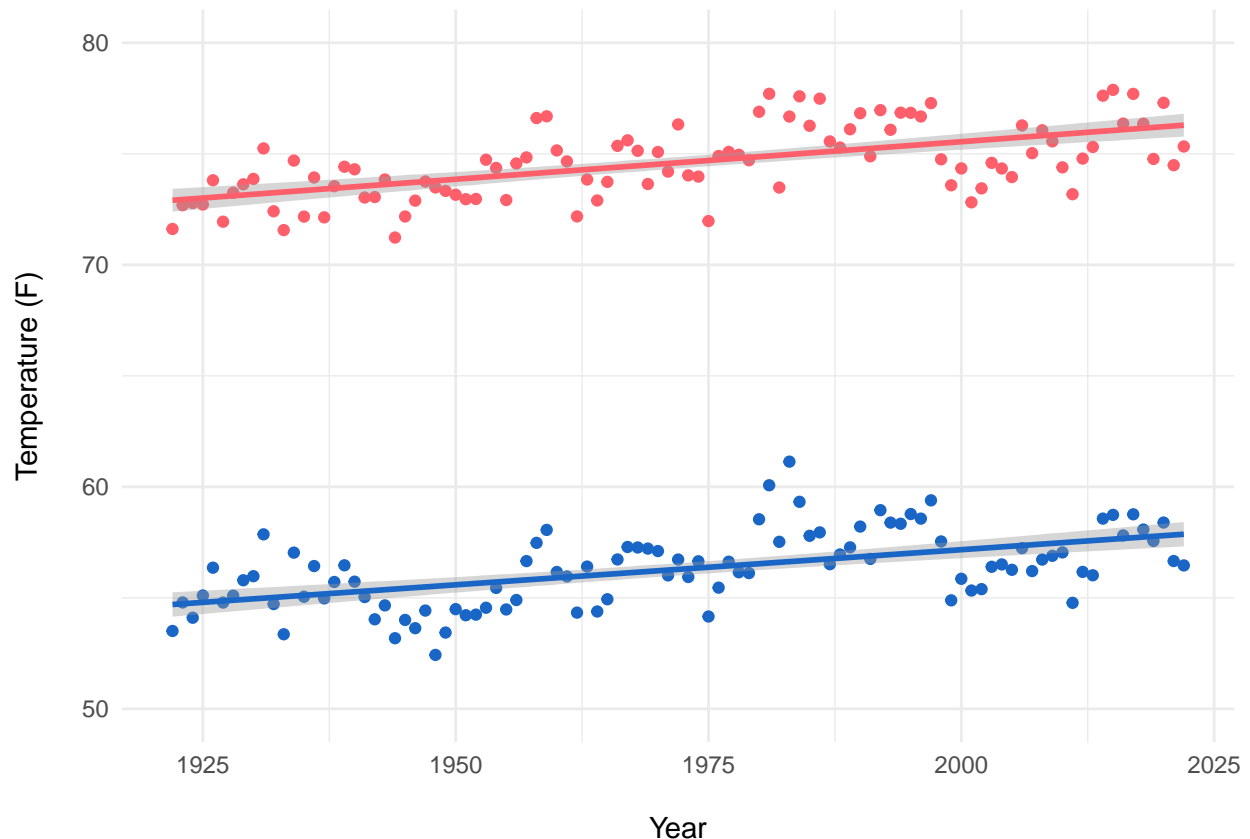


Figure 1.

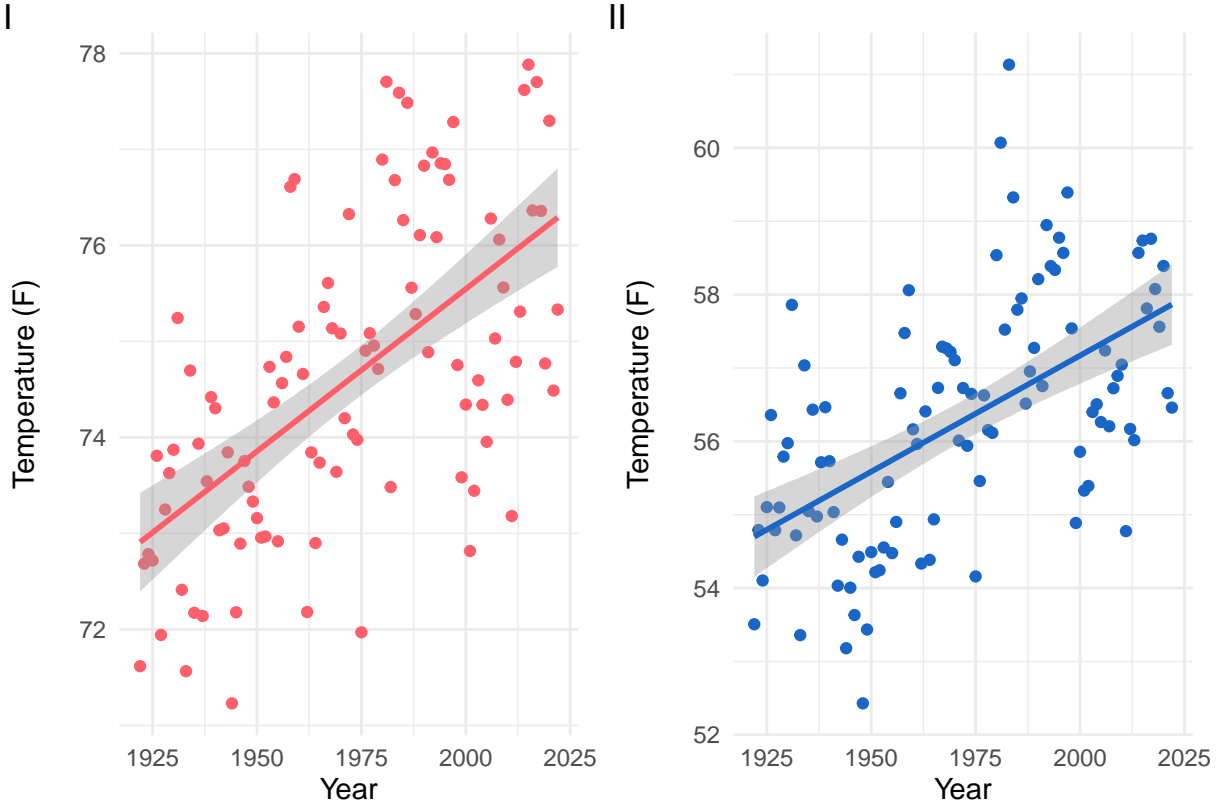


Figure 2.

Table 1: Statistical analysis of the warming trends seen for the average maximum and minimum annual temperatures

	Linear Regression		Mann-Kendall	
	Annual Temperature Increase (F)	p-value	Tau	p-value
Tmax	0.034	<2e-11	0.428	<2e-16
Tmin	0.032	<1e-09	0.385	<2e-16

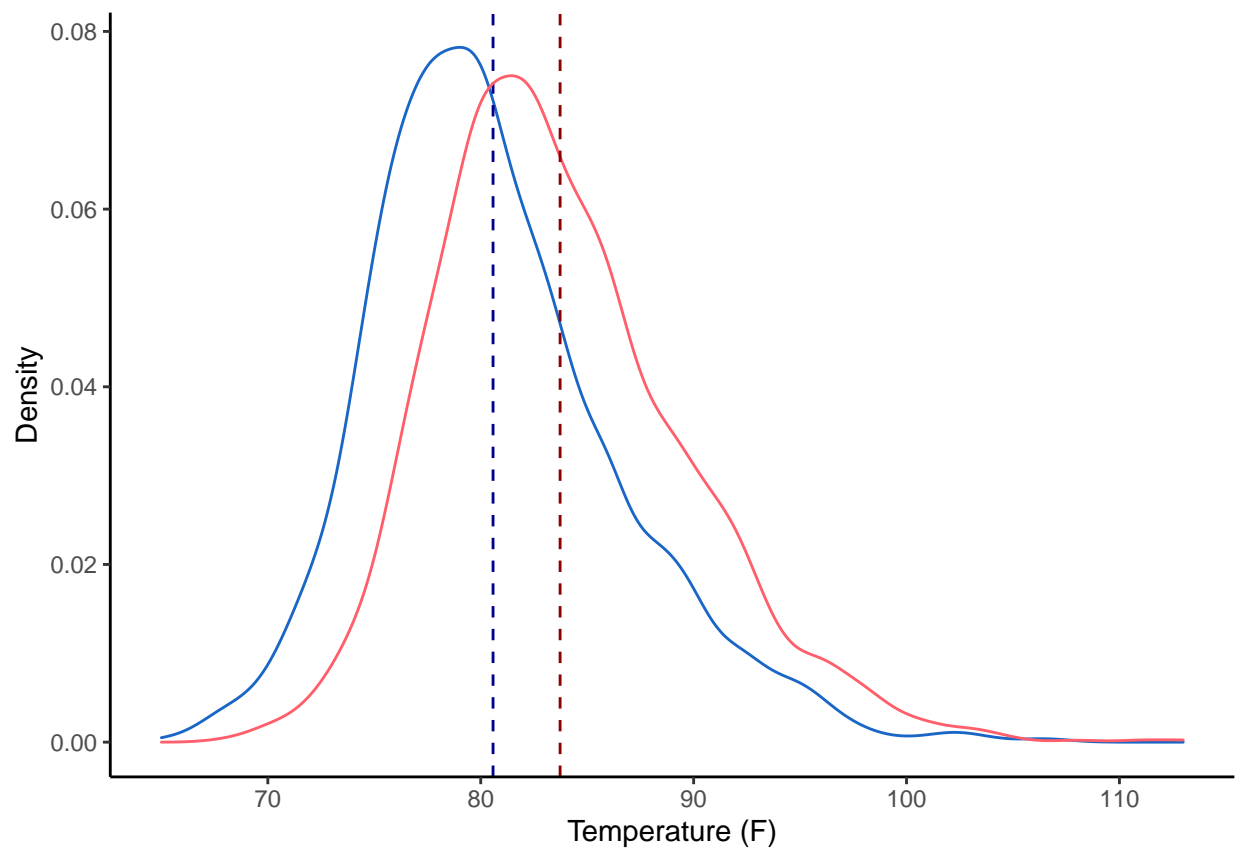


Figure 3.