# NFS (Network File System)

## Network File System

NFS was developed by Sun Microsystems in 1980.

NFS is basically developed for sharing of files and directory between Linux/Unix systems

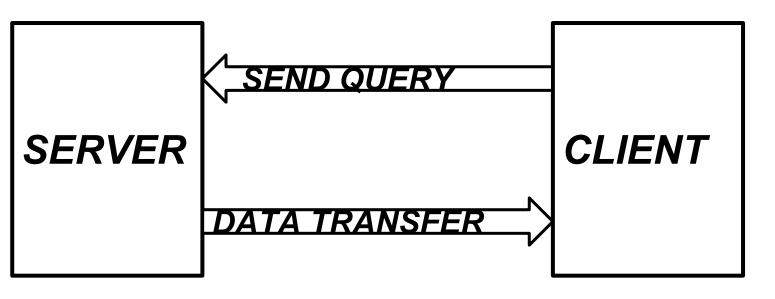
The NFS protocol is one of several distributed file system standards for **network-attached storage** (NAS).

#### Network File System

NFS allows the user to mount all or a portion of a file system on a server.

The portion of the file system that is mounted can be accessed by clients with whatever privileges are assigned to each file (read-only or read-write).

## Network File System



## NFS Requirement

Package :- nfs\* (Server) and nfs-utils\* (Client)

Service :- nfs, mountd, rpc-bind

Daemon :- nfsd

Port :- 2049

Main Conf. File :- /etc/exports

- # yum install nfs\* -y
- # mkdir /cp
- .. . .
- # cd /cp
- # cat abc
- # Ctrl+D

- # firewall-cmd --permanent --add-service=nfs
- # firewall-cmd --permanent --add-service=mountd
- # firewall-cmd --permanent --add-service=rpc-bind
- # firewall-cmd --reload

```
# vim /etc/exports
/cp desktopX.example.com(ro)
```

Oľ

/cp \*.example.com(ro)

:wq!

- # exports -rv
- # systemctl enable nfs-server.service
- # systemctl start nfs-server.service
- # systemctl restart nfs-server.service

# **Configure NFS (Client)**

# yum install nfs-utils\* -y

# showmount -e 172.25.X.11

# mkdir /mnt/linux

# vim /etc/fstab

172.25.X.11:/cp /mnt/linux nfs defaults





# **Configure NFS (Client)**

```
:wq!
```

# mount -a

# df -Th

### **Configure NFS (Client)**

```
# cd /mnt/linux
```

# *Is* 

# touch a (read-only permission)

Go server side and open /etc/exports and change

/cp desktopX.example.com(rw,no\_root\_squash)

### Secure NFS