

Class 8: Mini-Project

Allen (A16897142)

Table of contents

Background	1
Data Import	1
Clustering	6
Principal Component Analysis	11
PCA od wisc.data	15
Combining Methods	20
Clustering on PCA results	20
Prediction	21

Background

This mini-project explores unsupervised learning techniques applied to the Wisconsin Breast Cancer Diagnostic Data Set, which contains measurements of human breast mass cell nuclei. The project guides the user through exploratory data analysis, performing and interpreting Principal Component Analysis (PCA) to reduce the dimensionality of the data while retaining variance, and applying hierarchical clustering with different linkage methods. It also includes a section on K-means clustering for comparison. The ultimate goal is to combine PCA and clustering to better separate benign and malignant cell samples, evaluating the results using metrics like sensitivity and specificity, and finally demonstrating how to predict the classification of new samples using the developed PCA model.

Data Import

The data will be coming from the University of Wisconsin Medical Center

```
url <- "https://bioboot.github.io/bimm143_S20/class-material/WisconsinCancer.csv"
wisc.df <- read.csv(url, row.names=1)
head(wisc.df)
```

	diagnosis	radius_mean	texture_mean	perimeter_mean	area_mean
842302	M	17.99	10.38	122.80	1001.0
842517	M	20.57	17.77	132.90	1326.0
84300903	M	19.69	21.25	130.00	1203.0
84348301	M	11.42	20.38	77.58	386.1
84358402	M	20.29	14.34	135.10	1297.0
843786	M	12.45	15.70	82.57	477.1
	smoothness_mean	compactness_mean	concavity_mean	concave.points_mean	
842302	0.11840	0.27760	0.3001		0.14710
842517	0.08474	0.07864	0.0869		0.07017
84300903	0.10960	0.15990	0.1974		0.12790
84348301	0.14250	0.28390	0.2414		0.10520
84358402	0.10030	0.13280	0.1980		0.10430
843786	0.12780	0.17000	0.1578		0.08089
	symmetry_mean	fractal_dimension_mean	radius_se	texture_se	perimeter_se
842302	0.2419		0.07871	1.0950	0.9053
842517	0.1812		0.05667	0.5435	0.7339
84300903	0.2069		0.05999	0.7456	0.7869
84348301	0.2597		0.09744	0.4956	1.1560
84358402	0.1809		0.05883	0.7572	0.7813
843786	0.2087		0.07613	0.3345	0.8902
	area_se	smoothness_se	compactness_se	concavity_se	concave.points_se
842302	153.40	0.006399	0.04904	0.05373	0.01587
842517	74.08	0.005225	0.01308	0.01860	0.01340
84300903	94.03	0.006150	0.04006	0.03832	0.02058
84348301	27.23	0.009110	0.07458	0.05661	0.01867
84358402	94.44	0.011490	0.02461	0.05688	0.01885
843786	27.19	0.007510	0.03345	0.03672	0.01137
	symmetry_se	fractal_dimension_se	radius_worst	texture_worst	
842302	0.03003		0.006193	25.38	17.33
842517	0.01389		0.003532	24.99	23.41
84300903	0.02250		0.004571	23.57	25.53
84348301	0.05963		0.009208	14.91	26.50
84358402	0.01756		0.005115	22.54	16.67
843786	0.02165		0.005082	15.47	23.75
	perimeter_worst	area_worst	smoothness_worst	compactness_worst	
842302	184.60	2019.0	0.1622		0.6656
842517	158.80	1956.0	0.1238		0.1866
84300903	152.50	1709.0	0.1444		0.4245
84348301	98.87	567.7	0.2098		0.8663
84358402	152.20	1575.0	0.1374		0.2050
843786	103.40	741.6	0.1791		0.5249
	concavity_worst	concave.points_worst	symmetry_worst		

842302	0.7119	0.2654	0.4601
842517	0.2416	0.1860	0.2750
84300903	0.4504	0.2430	0.3613
84348301	0.6869	0.2575	0.6638
84358402	0.4000	0.1625	0.2364
843786	0.5355	0.1741	0.3985
fractal_dimension_worst			
842302	0.11890		
842517	0.08902		
84300903	0.08758		
84348301	0.17300		
84358402	0.07678		
843786	0.12440		

How many patients/samples are in this dataset?

```
nrow(wisc.df)
```

```
[1] 569
```

How many of the observations have a malignant diagnosis?

```
table(wisc.df$diagnosis)
```

```

  B    M
357 212

```

```
sum(wisc.df$diagnosis == "M")
```

```
[1] 212
```

How many variables/features in the data are suffixed with `_mean`?

```
colnames(wisc.df)
```

```

[1] "diagnosis"          "radius_mean"
[3] "texture_mean"       "perimeter_mean"
[5] "area_mean"          "smoothness_mean"
[7] "compactness_mean"   "concavity_mean"
[9] "concave.points_mean" "symmetry_mean"

```

```

[11] "fractal_dimension_mean" "radius_se"
[13] "texture_se"            "perimeter_se"
[15] "area_se"               "smoothness_se"
[17] "compactness_se"        "concavity_se"
[19] "concave.points_se"     "symmetry_se"
[21] "fractal_dimension_se"  "radius_worst"
[23] "texture_worst"         "perimeter_worst"
[25] "area_worst"            "smoothness_worst"
[27] "compactness_worst"     "concavity_worst"
[29] "concave.points_worst"  "symmetry_worst"
[31] "fractal_dimension_worst"

```

```
length(grep("mean", colnames(wisc.df), value=T))
```

```
[1] 10
```

There is a diagnosis column that represents the clinicians consensus that I want to exclude from any future analysis. We will first our data and then compare with the “diagnosis” later.

```
diagnosis <- as.factor(wisc.df$diagnosis)
head(diagnosis)
```

```

[1] M M M M M M
Levels: B M

```

No we will remove diagnosis from wisc.df

```
wisc.data <- wisc.df[,-1]
head(wisc.data)
```

	radius_mean	texture_mean	perimeter_mean	area_mean	smoothness_mean
842302	17.99	10.38	122.80	1001.0	0.11840
842517	20.57	17.77	132.90	1326.0	0.08474
84300903	19.69	21.25	130.00	1203.0	0.10960
84348301	11.42	20.38	77.58	386.1	0.14250
84358402	20.29	14.34	135.10	1297.0	0.10030
843786	12.45	15.70	82.57	477.1	0.12780
	compactness_mean	concavity_mean	concave.points_mean	symmetry_mean	
842302	0.27760	0.3001		0.14710	0.2419
842517	0.07864	0.0869		0.07017	0.1812

84300903	0.15990	0.1974	0.12790	0.2069
84348301	0.28390	0.2414	0.10520	0.2597
84358402	0.13280	0.1980	0.10430	0.1809
843786	0.17000	0.1578	0.08089	0.2087
	fractal_dimension_mean	radius_se	texture_se	perimeter_se
842302	0.07871	1.0950	0.9053	8.589
842517	0.05667	0.5435	0.7339	3.398
84300903	0.05999	0.7456	0.7869	4.585
84348301	0.09744	0.4956	1.1560	3.445
84358402	0.05883	0.7572	0.7813	5.438
843786	0.07613	0.3345	0.8902	2.217
	smoothness_se	compactness_se	concavity_se	concave.points_se
842302	0.006399	0.04904	0.05373	0.01587
842517	0.005225	0.01308	0.01860	0.01340
84300903	0.006150	0.04006	0.03832	0.02058
84348301	0.009110	0.07458	0.05661	0.01867
84358402	0.011490	0.02461	0.05688	0.01885
843786	0.007510	0.03345	0.03672	0.01137
	symmetry_se	fractal_dimension_se	radius_worst	texture_worst
842302	0.03003	0.006193	25.38	17.33
842517	0.01389	0.003532	24.99	23.41
84300903	0.02250	0.004571	23.57	25.53
84348301	0.05963	0.009208	14.91	26.50
84358402	0.01756	0.005115	22.54	16.67
843786	0.02165	0.005082	15.47	23.75
	perimeter_worst	area_worst	smoothness_worst	compactness_worst
842302	184.60	2019.0	0.1622	0.6656
842517	158.80	1956.0	0.1238	0.1866
84300903	152.50	1709.0	0.1444	0.4245
84348301	98.87	567.7	0.2098	0.8663
84358402	152.20	1575.0	0.1374	0.2050
843786	103.40	741.6	0.1791	0.5249
	concavity_worst	concave.points_worst	symmetry_worst	
842302	0.7119	0.2654	0.4601	
842517	0.2416	0.1860	0.2750	
84300903	0.4504	0.2430	0.3613	
84348301	0.6869	0.2575	0.6638	
84358402	0.4000	0.1625	0.2364	
843786	0.5355	0.1741	0.3985	
	fractal_dimension_worst			
842302	0.11890			
842517	0.08902			
84300903	0.08758			

84348301	0.17300
84358402	0.07678
843786	0.12440

Clustering

```
kmeans(wisc.data,centers=2)
```

K-means clustering with 2 clusters of sizes 438, 131

Cluster means:

	radius_mean	texture_mean	perimeter_mean	area_mean	smoothness_mean
1	12.55630	18.57037	81.12347	496.0619	0.0948845
2	19.37992	21.69458	128.23130	1185.9298	0.1012946

	compactness_mean	concavity_mean	concave.points_mean	symmetry_mean
1	0.09109982	0.06243776	0.03343254	0.1780580
2	0.14861298	0.17693947	0.10069878	0.1915397

	fractal_dimension_mean	radius_se	texture_se	perimeter_se	area_se
1	0.06345402	0.3041909	1.215153	2.152881	23.78529
2	0.06060290	0.7428038	1.222538	5.250580	95.67817

	smoothness_se	compactness_se	concavity_se	concave.points_se	symmetry_se
1	0.007173263	0.02347469	0.02874551	0.01063632	0.02061358
2	0.006598687	0.03217669	0.04241977	0.01567398	0.02030397

	fractal_dimension_se	radius_worst	texture_worst	perimeter_worst	area_worst
1	0.003747503	14.04390	24.70954	91.93751	619.6479
2	0.003953389	23.70947	28.91267	158.49618	1753.0229

	smoothness_worst	compactness_worst	concavity_worst	concave.points_worst
1	0.1299591	0.2233118	0.2192149	0.09132984
2	0.1404247	0.3577577	0.4493061	0.19243107

	symmetry_worst	fractal_dimension_worst
1	0.2835537	0.08328194
2	0.3118817	0.08616550

Clustering vector:

842302	842517	84300903	84348301	84358402	843786	844359	84458202
2	2	2	1	2	1	2	1
844981	84501001	845636	84610002	846226	846381	84667401	84799002
1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1
848406	84862001	849014	8510426	8510653	8510824	8511133	851509
1	2	2	1	1	1	1	2

852552	852631	852763	852781	852973	853201	853401	853612
2	2	1	2	2	2	2	1
85382601	854002	854039	854253	854268	854941	855133	855138
2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1
855167	855563	855625	856106	85638502	857010	85713702	85715
1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1
857155	857156	857343	857373	857374	857392	857438	85759902
1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
857637	857793	857810	858477	858970	858981	858986	859196
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
85922302	859283	859464	859465	859471	859487	859575	859711
1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1
859717	859983	8610175	8610404	8610629	8610637	8610862	8610908
2	1	1	2	1	2	2	1
861103	8611161	8611555	8611792	8612080	8612399	86135501	86135502
1	1	2	2	1	2	1	2
861597	861598	861648	861799	861853	862009	862028	86208
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
86211	862261	862485	862548	862717	862722	862965	862980
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
862989	863030	863031	863270	86355	864018	864033	86408
1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1
86409	864292	864496	864685	864726	864729	864877	865128
1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2
865137	86517	865423	865432	865468	86561	866083	866203
1	2	2	1	1	1	1	2
866458	866674	866714	8670	86730502	867387	867739	868202
1	2	1	1	1	1	2	1
868223	868682	868826	868871	868999	869104	869218	869224
1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
869254	869476	869691	86973701	86973702	869931	871001501	871001502
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
8710441	87106	8711002	8711003	8711202	8711216	871122	871149
1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1
8711561	8711803	871201	8712064	8712289	8712291	87127	8712729
1	2	2	1	2	1	1	2
8712766	8712853	87139402	87163	87164	871641	871642	872113
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
872608	87281702	873357	873586	873592	873593	873701	873843
1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1
873885	874158	874217	874373	874662	874839	874858	875093
1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1
875099	875263	87556202	875878	875938	877159	877486	877500

1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1
877501	877989	878796	87880	87930	879523	879804	879830
1	2	2	1	1	1	1	2
8810158	8810436	881046502	8810528	8810703	881094802	8810955	8810987
1	1	2	1	2	1	1	1
8811523	8811779	8811842	88119002	8812816	8812818	8812844	8812877
1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1
8813129	88143502	88147101	88147102	88147202	881861	881972	88199202
1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1
88203002	88206102	882488	88249602	88299702	883263	883270	88330202
1	2	1	1	2	2	1	2
88350402	883539	883852	88411702	884180	884437	884448	884626
1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1
88466802	884689	884948	88518501	885429	8860702	886226	886452
1	1	2	1	2	2	2	1
88649001	886776	887181	88725602	887549	888264	888570	889403
2	1	2	1	2	2	2	1
889719	88995002	8910251	8910499	8910506	8910720	8910721	8910748
2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
8910988	8910996	8911163	8911164	8911230	8911670	8911800	8911834
2	1	2	1	1	2	1	1
8912049	8912055	89122	8912280	8912284	8912521	8912909	8913
2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1
8913049	89143601	89143602	8915	891670	891703	891716	891923
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
891936	892189	892214	892399	892438	892604	89263202	892657
1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1
89296	893061	89344	89346	893526	893548	893783	89382601
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
89382602	893988	894047	894089	894090	894326	894329	894335
1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
894604	894618	894855	895100	89511501	89511502	89524	895299
1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1
8953902	895633	896839	896864	897132	897137	897374	89742801
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
897604	897630	897880	89812	89813	898143	89827	898431
1	2	1	2	1	1	1	2
89864002	898677	898678	89869	898690	899147	899187	899667
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
899987	9010018	901011	9010258	9010259	901028	9010333	901034301
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
901034302	901041	9010598	9010872	9010877	901088	9011494	9011495
1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1

9011971	9012000	9012315	9012568	9012795	901288	9013005	901303
2	2	1	1	2	2	1	1
901315	9013579	9013594	9013838	901549	901836	90250	90251
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
902727	90291	902975	902976	903011	90312	90317302	903483
1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
903507	903516	903554	903811	90401601	90401602	904302	904357
2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
90439701	904647	904689	9047	904969	904971	905189	905190
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
90524101	905501	905502	905520	905539	905557	905680	905686
2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
905978	90602302	906024	906290	906539	906564	906616	906878
1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
907145	907367	907409	90745	90769601	90769602	907914	907915
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
908194	908445	908469	908489	908916	909220	909231	909410
2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
909411	909445	90944601	909777	9110127	9110720	9110732	9110944
1	2	1	1	2	1	2	1
911150	911157302	9111596	9111805	9111843	911201	911202	9112085
1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1
9112366	9112367	9112594	9112712	911296201	911296202	9113156	911320501
1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1
911320502	9113239	9113455	9113514	9113538	911366	9113778	9113816
1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1
911384	9113846	911391	911408	911654	911673	911685	911916
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
912193	91227	912519	912558	912600	913063	913102	913505
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
913512	913535	91376701	91376702	914062	914101	914102	914333
1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1
914366	914580	914769	91485	914862	91504	91505	915143
1	1	2	2	1	1	1	2
915186	915276	91544001	91544002	915452	915460	91550	915664
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
915691	915940	91594602	916221	916799	916838	917062	917080
1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1
917092	91762702	91789	917896	917897	91805	91813701	91813702
1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
918192	918465	91858	91903901	91903902	91930402	919537	919555
1	1	1	1	1	2	1	2
91979701	919812	921092	921362	921385	921386	921644	922296

1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
922297	922576	922577	922840	923169	923465	923748	923780
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
924084	924342	924632	924934	924964	925236	925277	925291
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
925292	925311	925622	926125	926424	926682	926954	927241
1	1	1	2	2	2	1	2
92751							
1							

Within cluster sum of squares by cluster:

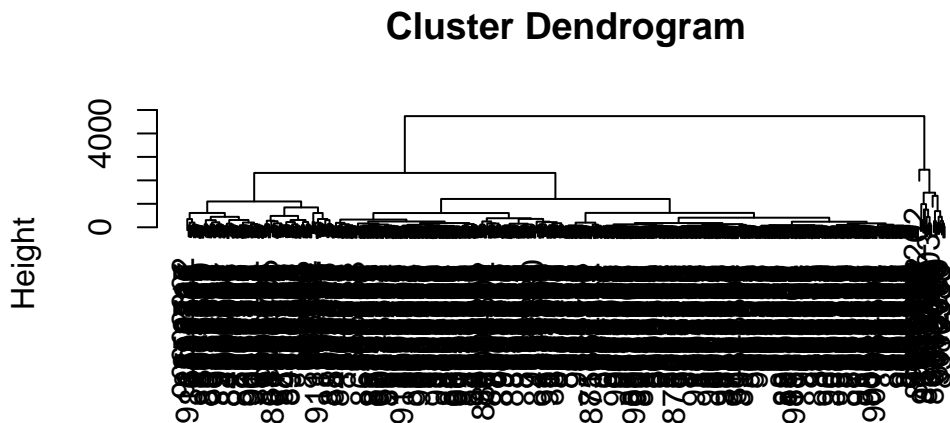
```
[1] 28559677 49383423
```

(between_SS / total_SS = 69.6 %)

Available components:

```
[1] "cluster"      "centers"      "totss"        "withinss"     "tot.withinss"
[6] "betweenss"    "size"         "iter"         "ifault"
```

```
hc <- hclust(dist(wisc.data))
plot(hc)
```



```
dist(wisc.data)
hclust (*, "complete")
```

Clusters can be extracted from the dendrogram above with the function `cutree()`

```
grps <- cutree(hc,k=2)
```

How many individuals in each cluster

```
table(grps)
```

```
grps
  1  2
549 20
```

```
table (diagnosis)
```

```
diagnosis
  B  M
357 212
```

Now we can use a cross-table that compares the clusters of `grps` with `diagnosis` to see if there are any similarities (are the 20 in `grps` malignant or not)

```
table(diagnosis,grps)
```

```
      grps
diagnosis 1  2
  B 357   0
  M 192  20
```

Principal Component Analysis

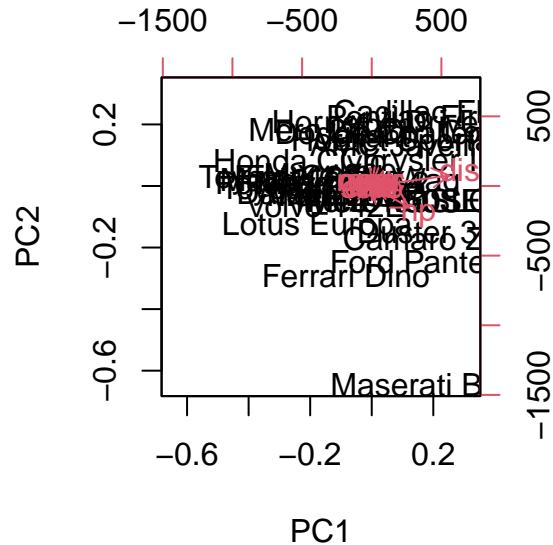
The main function for PCA in base R is `prcomp()` and has a default input parameter of `scale=FALSE`.

```
head(mtcars)
```

	mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec	vs	am	gear	carb
Mazda RX4	21.0	6	160	110	3.90	2.620	16.46	0	1	4	4
Mazda RX4 Wag	21.0	6	160	110	3.90	2.875	17.02	0	1	4	4
Datsun 710	22.8	4	108	93	3.85	2.320	18.61	1	1	4	1
Hornet 4 Drive	21.4	6	258	110	3.08	3.215	19.44	1	0	3	1
Hornet Sportabout	18.7	8	360	175	3.15	3.440	17.02	0	0	3	2
Valiant	18.1	6	225	105	2.76	3.460	20.22	1	0	3	1

A PCA can be done but it could be misleading:

```
pc <- prcomp(mtcars)
biplot(pc)
```



```
colMeans(mtcars)
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec
20.090625	6.187500	230.721875	146.687500	3.596563	3.217250	17.848750
vs	am	gear	carb			
0.437500	0.406250	3.687500	2.812500			

```
apply(mtcars,2,sd)
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt
6.0269481	1.7859216	123.9386938	68.5628685	0.5346787	0.9784574
qsec	vs	am	gear	carb	
1.7869432	0.5040161	0.4989909	0.7378041	1.6152000	

Let's scale the data before we conduct PCA to get a better representation and analysis of the columns.

```
mtscale <- scale(mtcars)
```

```
round(colMeans(mtscale))
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec	vs	am	gear	carb
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

```
apply(mtscale,2,sd)
```

mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt	qsec	vs	am	gear	carb
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

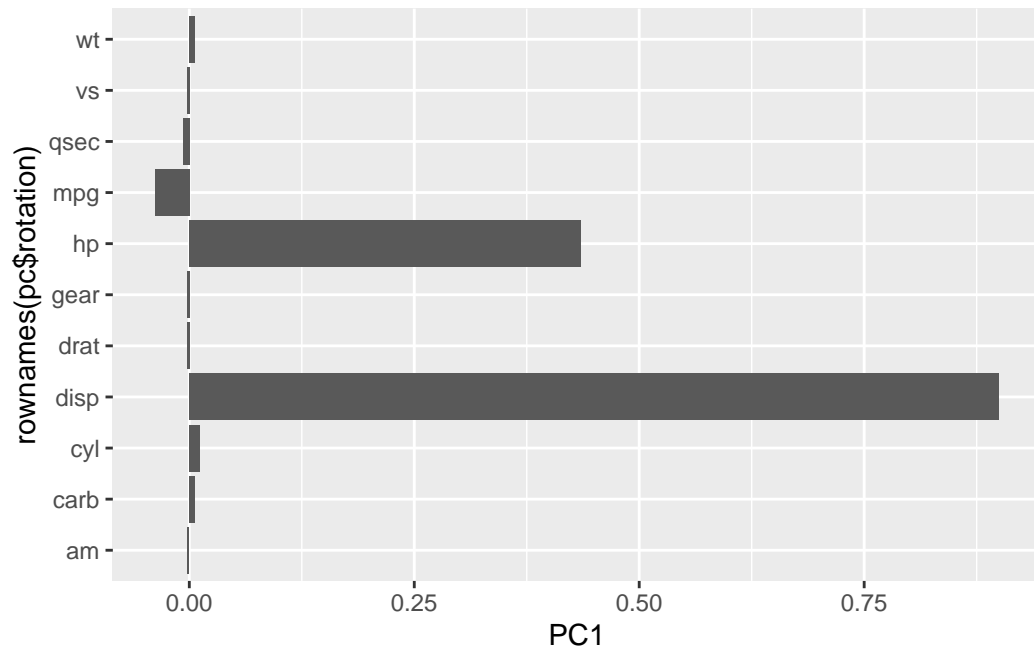
```
pc.scale <- prcomp(mtscale)
```

We can look at the two main results figures from PCA - the “PC plot” (or score plot/PC1 vs PC2 plot). The “loadings plot” or how the original variables contribute to the new PC.

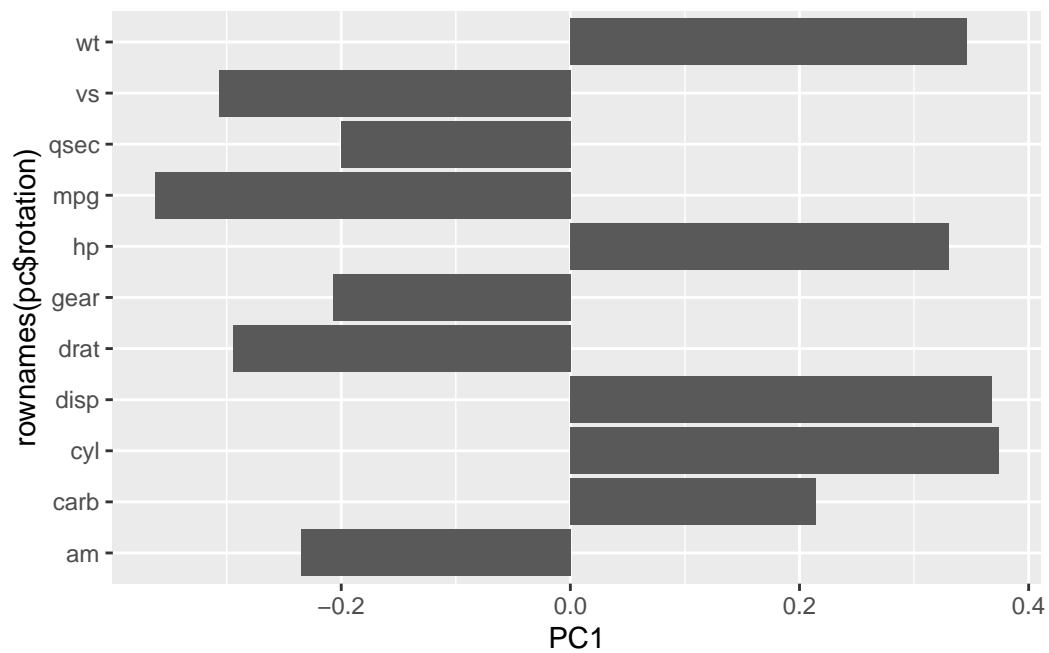
A loadings plot of the unscaled PCA results:

```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
ggplot(pc$rotation)+  
  aes(PC1,rownames(pc$rotation))+  
  geom_col()
```



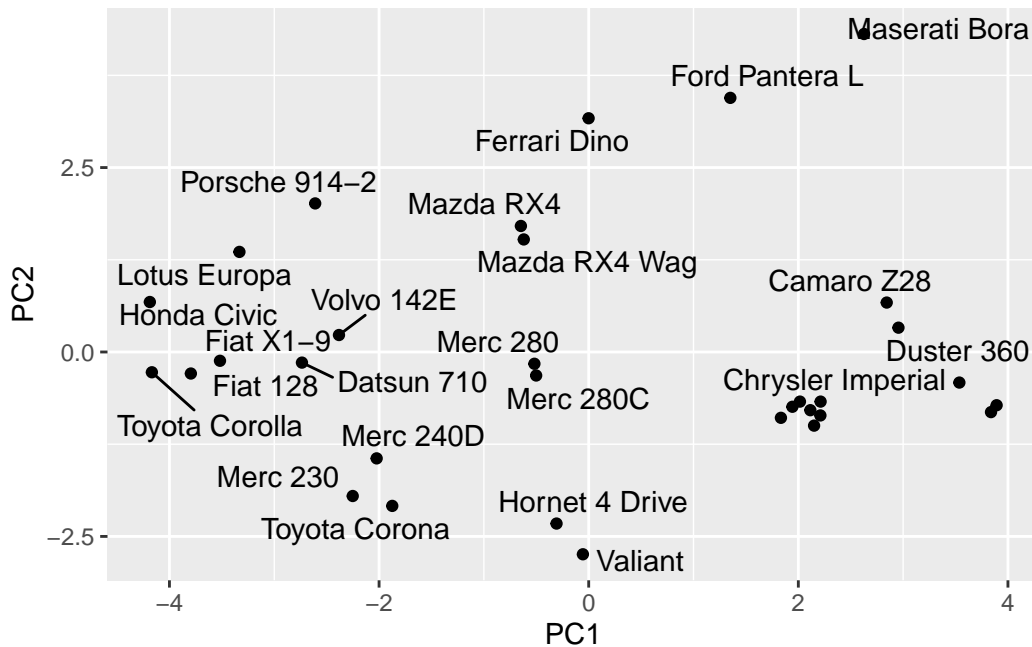
```
ggplot(pc.scale$rotation)+
  aes(PC1,rownames(pc$rotation))+
  geom_col()
```



PC plot of scaled PCA results:

```
library(ggrepel)
ggplot(pc.scale$x)+
  aes(PC1,PC2,label=rownames(pc.scale$x))+
  geom_point()+
  geom_text_repel()
```

Warning: ggrepel: 9 unlabeled data points (too many overlaps). Consider increasing max.overlaps



Remember that in general, we will set `scale=T` when we conduct PCAs.

PCA od wisc.data

Let's check out the SD and mean in `wisc.data`.

```
wisc.pc <- prcomp(wisc.data,scale=T)
```

To see how well PCA is doing here in terms of capturing spread, we use `summary()` to help:

```
summary(wisc.pc)
```

Importance of components:

	PC1	PC2	PC3	PC4	PC5	PC6	PC7
Standard deviation	3.6444	2.3857	1.67867	1.40735	1.28403	1.09880	0.82172
Proportion of Variance	0.4427	0.1897	0.09393	0.06602	0.05496	0.04025	0.02251
Cumulative Proportion	0.4427	0.6324	0.72636	0.79239	0.84734	0.88759	0.91010

	PC8	PC9	PC10	PC11	PC12	PC13	PC14
Standard deviation	0.69037	0.6457	0.59219	0.5421	0.51104	0.49128	0.39624
Proportion of Variance	0.01589	0.0139	0.01169	0.0098	0.00871	0.00805	0.00523
Cumulative Proportion	0.92598	0.9399	0.95157	0.9614	0.97007	0.97812	0.98335

	PC15	PC16	PC17	PC18	PC19	PC20	PC21
Standard deviation	0.30681	0.28260	0.24372	0.22939	0.22244	0.17652	0.1731
Proportion of Variance	0.00314	0.00266	0.00198	0.00175	0.00165	0.00104	0.0010
Cumulative Proportion	0.98649	0.98915	0.99113	0.99288	0.99453	0.99557	0.9966

	PC22	PC23	PC24	PC25	PC26	PC27	PC28
Standard deviation	0.16565	0.15602	0.1344	0.12442	0.09043	0.08307	0.03987
Proportion of Variance	0.00091	0.00081	0.0006	0.00052	0.00027	0.00023	0.00005
Cumulative Proportion	0.99749	0.99830	0.9989	0.99942	0.99969	0.99992	0.99997

	PC29	PC30
Standard deviation	0.02736	0.01153
Proportion of Variance	0.00002	0.00000
Cumulative Proportion	1.00000	1.00000

Let's make the PC1 vs PC2 figure:

```
ggplot(wisc.pc$x)+  
  aes(PC1,PC2, col=diagnosis)+  
  geom_point()+  
  xlab("PC1(44.38%)" )+  
  ylab("PC2 (19%)")
```




Q4: From your results, what proportion of the original variance is captured by the first principal components (PC1)?

44.27% is captured by PC1

Q5. How many principal components (PCs) are required to describe at least 70% of the original variance in the data?

3 PCs are required to describe at least 70% of the original variance.

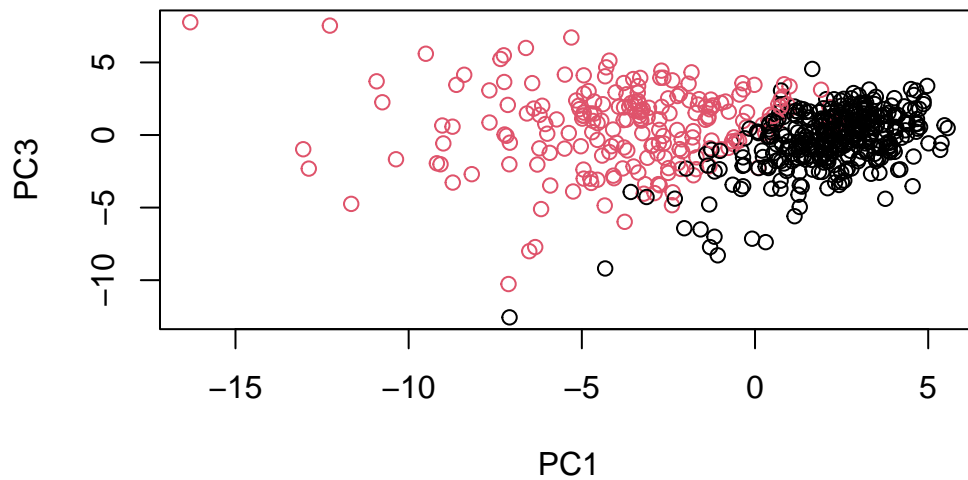
Q6. How many principal components (PCs) are required to describe at least 90% of the original variance in the data?

7 PCs are required to describe at least 90% of the original variance.

Q7. What stands out to you about this plot (biplot)? Is it easy or difficult to understand? Why?

The plot is very messy which makes it difficult to analyze and understand

```
biplot(wisc.pc)
```

Q9. For the first principal component, what is the component of the loading vector (i.e. `wisc.pr$rotation[,1]`) for the feature `concave.points_mean`?

-0.26085376

```
wisc.pc$rotation[,1]
```

radius_mean	texture_mean	perimeter_mean
-0.21890244	-0.10372458	-0.22753729
area_mean	smoothness_mean	compactness_mean
-0.22099499	-0.14258969	-0.23928535
concavity_mean	concave.points_mean	symmetry_mean
-0.25840048	-0.26085376	-0.13816696
fractal_dimension_mean	radius_se	texture_se
-0.06436335	-0.20597878	-0.01742803
perimeter_se	area_se	smoothness_se
-0.21132592	-0.20286964	-0.01453145
compactness_se	concavity_se	concave.points_se
-0.17039345	-0.15358979	-0.18341740
symmetry_se	fractal_dimension_se	radius_worst
-0.04249842	-0.10256832	-0.22799663
texture_worst	perimeter_worst	area_worst
-0.10446933	-0.23663968	-0.22487053

smoothness_worst	compactness_worst	concavity_worst
-0.12795256	-0.21009588	-0.22876753
concave.points_worst	symmetry_worst	fractal_dimension_worst
-0.25088597	-0.12290456	-0.13178394

Q10. What is the minimum number of principal components required to explain 80% of the variance of the data?

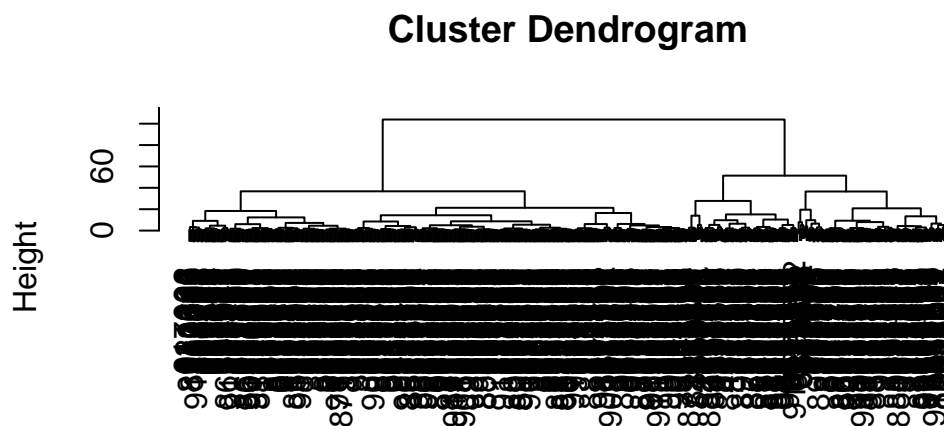
5 PCs required to explain 80% of the variance in the data.

Combining Methods

Using our PCA results, we can use them to help us with other analysis such as clustering.

Clustering on PCA results

```
wisc.pc.hclust <- hclust(dist(wisc.pc$x[,1:2]),method="ward.D2")
plot(wisc.pc.hclust)
```



```
dist(wisc.pc$x[, 1:2])
hclust (*, "ward.D2")
```

To cut our tree:

```
pc.grps <- cutree(wisc.pc.hclust, k=2)
table(pc.grps)
```

```
pc.grps
 1  2
195 374
```

And then to compare cluster groups to expert diagnosis:

```
table(diagnosis, pc.grps)
```

```
      pc.grps
diagnosis 1  2
B      18 339
M     177  35
```

Q15. How well does the newly created model with four clusters separate out the two diagnoses?

Better separation of the two diagnosis and can show which cases, and how many are “false positives” or “false negatives”

Q16. How well do the hierarchical clustering models you created in previous sections (i.e. before PCA) do in terms of separating the diagnoses? Again, use the table() function to compare the output of each model (wisc.km\$cluster and wisc.hclust.clusters) with the vector containing the actual diagnoses.

They did really badly initially, but after PCA they were a lot better. The new PCA variables gave a better separation of Malignant vs Benign cases.

Prediction

Q18. Which of these new patients should we prioritize for follow up based on your results?

Based on the results below, I would prioritize patient 2 as they are in the malignant cases. They might have malignant cells you would want to check out.

Our PCA model will be used for an analysis of any data that is “unseen”. In this case it is data from UMich.

```
#url <- "new_samples.csv"
url <- "https://tinyurl.com/new-samples-CSV"
new <- read.csv(url)
npc <- predict(wisc.pc, newdata=new)
npc
```

	PC1	PC2	PC3	PC4	PC5	PC6	PC7
[1,]	2.576616	-3.135913	1.3990492	-0.7631950	2.781648	-0.8150185	-0.3959098
[2,]	-4.754928	-3.009033	-0.1660946	-0.6052952	-1.140698	-1.2189945	0.8193031
	PC8	PC9	PC10	PC11	PC12	PC13	PC14
[1,]	-0.2307350	0.1029569	-0.9272861	0.3411457	0.375921	0.1610764	1.187882
[2,]	-0.3307423	0.5281896	-0.4855301	0.7173233	-1.185917	0.5893856	0.303029
	PC15	PC16	PC17	PC18	PC19	PC20	
[1,]	0.3216974	-0.1743616	-0.07875393	-0.11207028	-0.08802955	-0.2495216	
[2,]	0.1299153	0.1448061	-0.40509706	0.06565549	0.25591230	-0.4289500	
	PC21	PC22	PC23	PC24	PC25	PC26	
[1,]	0.1228233	0.09358453	0.08347651	0.1223396	0.02124121	0.078884581	
[2,]	-0.1224776	0.01732146	0.06316631	-0.2338618	-0.20755948	-0.009833238	
	PC27	PC28	PC29	PC30			
[1,]	0.220199544	-0.02946023	-0.015620933	0.005269029			
[2,]	-0.001134152	0.09638361	0.002795349	-0.019015820			

```
plot(wisc.pc$x[,1:2], col=diagnosis)
points(npc[,1], npc[,2], col="blue", pch=16, cex=3)
text(npc[,1], npc[,2], c(1,2), col="white")
```

