

Linear Partition Worksheet

Define $M[n, k]$ to be the minimum possible cost over all partitions of (s_1, \dots, s_n) into k ranges.

1. Consider the input $(100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700)$ with $k = 3$.
What is $M[7, 3]$? (**Hint:** It should be possible to answer this by visual inspection.)

$(100, 200, 300, 400), (500, 600), (700)$

$$M[7, 3] = 1,100$$

2. What are $M[1, 2]$, $M[2, 2]$, $M[3, 2]$, $M[4, 2]$, $M[5, 2]$, $M[6, 2]$, and $M[7, 2]$?

$$M[1, 2] = 100$$

$$M[2, 2] = 200$$

$$M[3, 2] = 300$$

$$M[4, 2] = 600$$

$$M[5, 2] = 900$$

$$M[6, 2] = 1,100$$

$$M[7, 2] = 1,500$$

3. Can you write a formula for $M[7, 3]$ in terms of $M[1, 2]$, $M[2, 2]$, $M[3, 2]$, $M[4, 2]$, $M[5, 2]$, $M[6, 2]$, and $M[7, 2]$?

$$M[7, 3] = \max(M[6, 2], s[7]) = 1,100$$