Pea Lodging Final Report

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December 16, 2016

1 Introduction

Jamin is a Ph.D. student in the Department of Plant Sciences and Plant Pathology at MSU. The primary focus is his research is to associate variation in genetic expression with variation in the expression of several phenotypic traits. Genotypic and pheynotypic data were collected on 257 varieties of pea, from two locations (Bozeman and Moccasin), over 4 years. Phenotypic data includes percent lodging, tendril length, tendril node length, nodes at 1st flow, maximum number of nodes, germination, number of branches, plant height, plant length, average total yield, main stem diameter, tiller diameter, "comp" tiller diameter, and maturation time, totaling 14 traits. Data from 609 genetic markers were collected. The end result of Jamin's research will include a quantitative trait loci (QTL) analysis. Prior to the QTL analysis, understanding of the data and methods are necessary. The report includes:

- Evaluation of correlations in pheynotypic data
- Analysis of combining data from the different sites and years
- Exploration of the rate of missing data
- Explanation of significance thresholds for QTL
- Suggestions for future work

2 Correlation Plots

Correlation describes the strength and direction of a linear association. Specifically, this analysis examines Pearson Correlations because the variables are measured on a quantitative scale. Correlation is measured on a scale between -1 (a perfect negative linear association) and 1 (a perfect positive linear association). Correlation does not imply causal relationships. In examining, for instance, the relationship between lodging and stem width, the Pearson Correlation would only give information about the linear association between the two variables. A strong association between the two variables cannot be interpreted as stem width causes lodging; rather, we would simply say that the two variables are associated with each other. Other confounding variables, such as climate, may be driving both. Since the phenotypes in each year at each site are considered separate response values, we consider fitting correlation plots for each site/year combination as well as for the entire dataset.

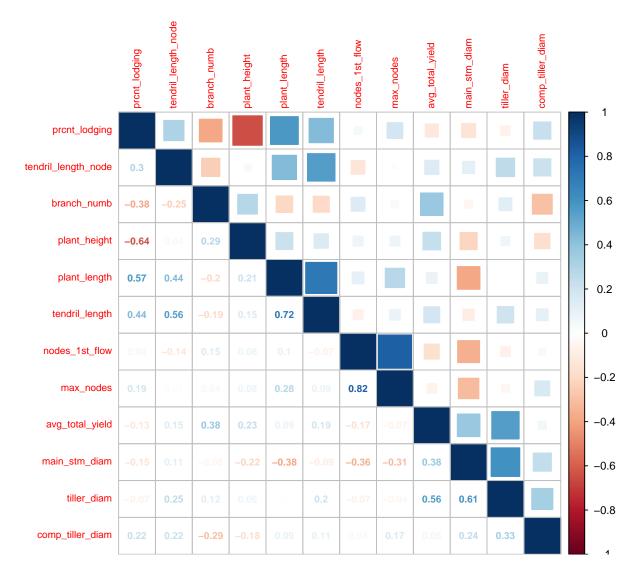
2.1 Sites and Years Combined

The correlation between pairwise explanatory variables of the phenotypic data were assessed using the a pairwise correlation matrix. We assessed the pairwise correlations across sites for pairs of explanatory variables which were measured within these sites at least in two different years.

In Moccasin, only four variables were observed to have been measured both in 2015 and 2016. Of these variables, the length and main stem diameter of the plants are moderately correlated (r=0.55). Also, the main stem diameter and root diameter of the plants are moderately correlated (r=0.45).

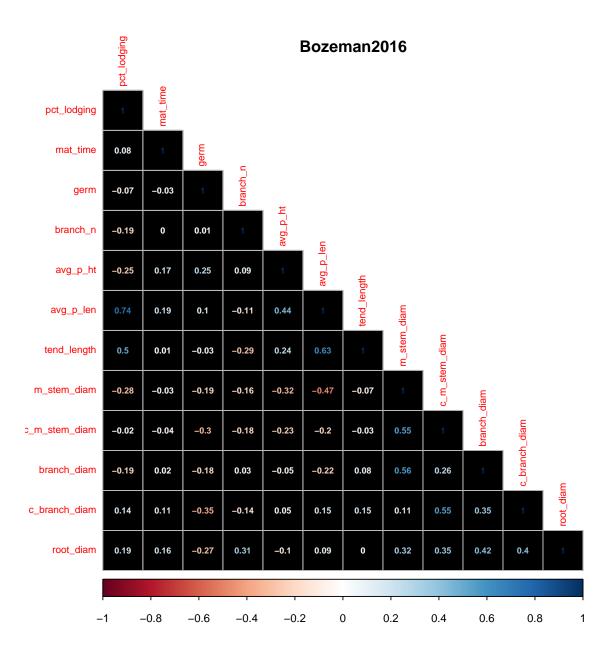
2.2 Bozeman in All Years

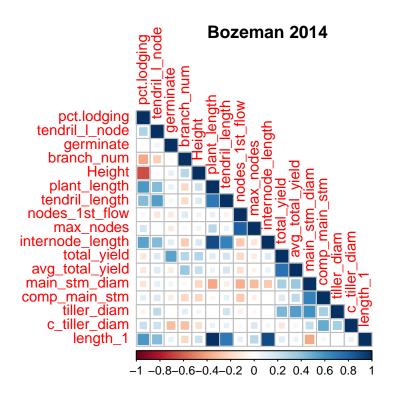
The pairwise correlation matrix below shows that germination which was measured in Bozeman for all 3 years has weak correlation against all the variables measured. Also results from Bozeman shows that tendril length node of the plant was moderately to strongly correlated with the average length and tendril length of the plant with correlation coefficients of 0.61 and 0.48 respectively. The branch number and tiller diameter of the plant were also moderately correlated (r = 0.47). The maturity time of the plant was strongly and moderately correlated with the maximum nodes (r=0.65) and nodes of 1st flow (r=0.48). In addition, a correlation coefficient of 0.81 was observed for nodes 1st flow and maximum nodes of the plants.



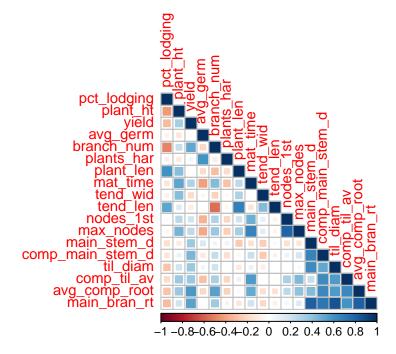
2.3 Bozeman by Year

We assessed the pairwise correlation of the different sites each year. In 2014, twelve pairs of explanatory variables had correlation coefficients between 0.42 and 0.91. The pairwise correlations are shown in the matrix below. Germination and total yield was strongly correlated (r=0.66) while the length and internode length of the plants recorded a very high correlation coefficient (r=0.91). In 2015 and 2016, of the pairwise combinations assessed, 28 combinations yielded correlation coefficients between 0.40 and 0.85. The results are presented in the pairwise correlation matrices below.



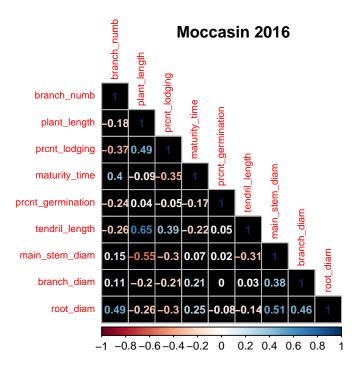


Bozeman 2015



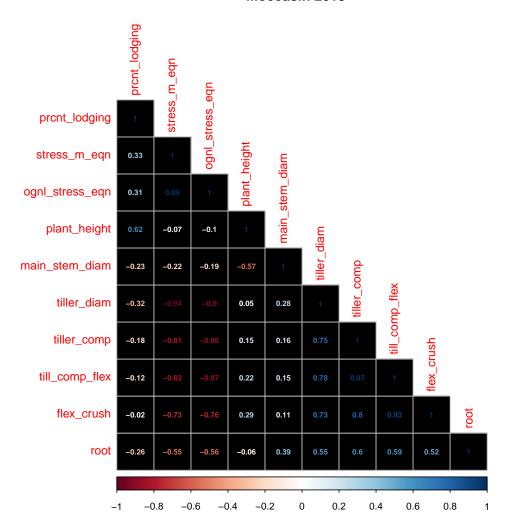
2.4 Moccasin by Year

Examining the phenotypes at Moccasin in each year, we can see that several of the variables were relatively highly correlated in 2016. The strongest correlations were between tendril length and plant length, which makes sense, as well as between percent lodging and plant length. While none of the correlations would be interpreted as very strong, there are moderate postive and negative relationships in both years.

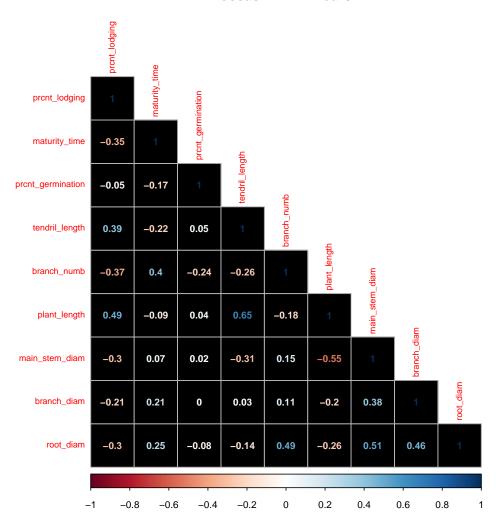


In Moccasin in 2015, several notable correlations were found. Stress minus equation was strongly negatively correlated with tiller diameter, tiller compressed, tiller compressed flex, and flex after crushing. Lodging was not found to be moderately correlated with plant height as expected.

Moccasin 2015



Moccasin in All Years



3 Site Year Combinations for Lodging

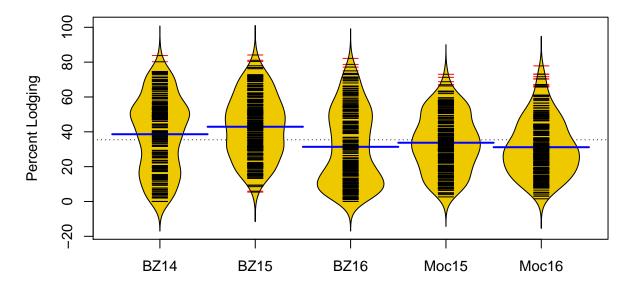
3.1 Exploratory Analysis

The data were collected over a period of 4 field seasons at sites in Bozeman and 2 field seasons in Moccasin. Phenotypic data were analyzed in order to determine whether conditions were similar enough at each year/site combination to consider as a single dataset, or if they differ by enough that the sites and years need to be considered as different groups.

Though QTL analyses of all phenotypic traits is of interest, lodging is considered the primary response. Therefore, we examine the Percent Lodging measured at each site/year combination. Note that Percent Lodging is not measured in the 2013 Bozeman data; we did not include it in this analysis.

Visually, we can create beauplots to assess the differences mean percent lodging at each year/site combination. These show both the variability of the distribution, like a traditional boxplot would, as well as information about the skew and modes. Over all years in Bozeman it appears that the distribution of lodging was slightly more variable than for sites in Moccasin; however, for some reason in 2016 the Bozeman site exhibited positive skew. This indicates that in 2016, the majority of pea plants were lodged to a lesser degree than in 2015 or 2014. The horizontal black bars indicate the original data values.

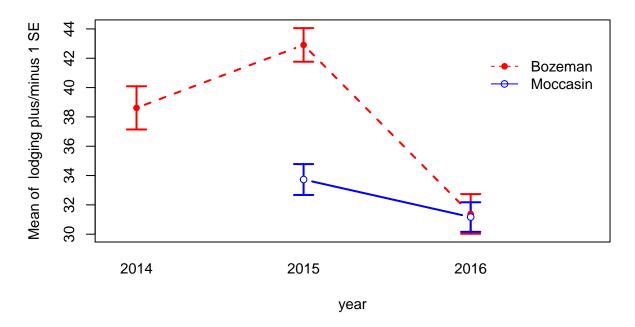
Lodging at each site/year combination



3.2 Interaction Plot

If the sites are reasonably similar, we would expect to see parallel lines that are either overlapping or very near each other. The red line for Bozeman indicates that average percent lodging was higher in Bozeman than in Moccasin in both 2015 and 2016. The bars indicate the variability of lodging for each year in Bozeman - it appears that for most years, Bozeman was slightly more variable than Moccasin. While the blue line and red line are both decreasing from 2015 to 2016, the difference in slopes indicates that there may be some interaction between year/site combinations. More formal testing is necessary to assess differences between year and site combinations, but this visualization indicates some evidence of a difference in lodging in each location and year.

Interaction plot of lodging based on year and site



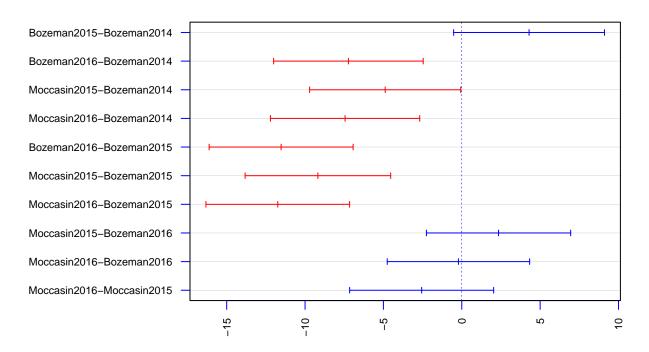
3.3 Regression Model and Pairwise Comparisons

Bozeman 2014 was treated as the baseline group. An overall F test using 4 and 1205 degrees of freedom to assess evidence against all site-year combinations yields a p-value less than 0.000001. There is strong evidence that the site/year combinations are not all the same.

We include 95 percent confidence intervals for the true mean percent lodging at each site-year combination. In order to get a better sense for which groups differ, we performed Tukey-Kramer pairwise comparisons to adjust for multiple testing. The results of that analysis are included below. The plot below shows differing pairwise combinations were between Bozeman 2015 and Bozeman 2014, as well as between Moccasin 2015 and Bozeman 2016, and between Moccasin 2016 with Bozeman in 2015 and 2016. Given that Bozeman 2015 had such a large mean relative to the other site/year combinations, this is not a surprising result.

F-Test Results and Confid	dence Interval for	Lodging at Each Site
Coefficients	Lower Bound	Upper Bound
Bozeman 2014	36.08%	41.14%
Bozeman 2015	40.55%	45.26%
Bozeman 2016	29.07%	33.69%
Moccasin 2015	31.36%	36.09%
Moccasin 2016	28.86%	33.47%
F Test Results	F _{4,1205} = 17.99	P-value: <0.00001

95% family-wise confidence level



3.4 Discussion

This analysis indicates that the measurements taken at each site in each year should be treated separately; they should not be considered homogeneous enough to be taken as a single group. The inclusion of 2013 into the data is unlikely to change the results of this study because the differences between the combinations already considered are enough to justify splitting the dataset into separate groups. However, it may facilitate future calculations to consider converting lodging measurements in Bozeman in 2013 from likert-scale format (on a 1-4 scale) to the same "percent-lodging" variable that is used in subsequent years.

4 Missing Genetic Data

Quality of the genetic data can be explored through the percentage of varieties missing information at each genetic marker. Reviewing QTL literature may provide insight to acceptable missing rates. Plots are provided below to visualize the amount of missing data at each genetic marker and across each variety genotyped. Tables of missing rates are provided in the appendix. As the number of genetic markers and varieties are large, the tables will be more informative on the exact varieties with certain missing rates. Rates of missing-ness at each genetic marker are first shown across all makers, and then are broken in to plots subsetted by genetic markers with less than 25% missing, less than between 25% and 30% missing, less than between 30% and 35% missing, and less than between 35% and 40%. All genetic markers had at least 60% of the data across all varieties.

4.1 All Markers

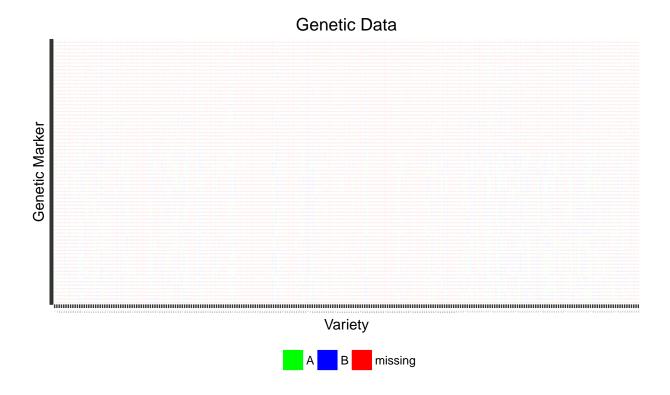
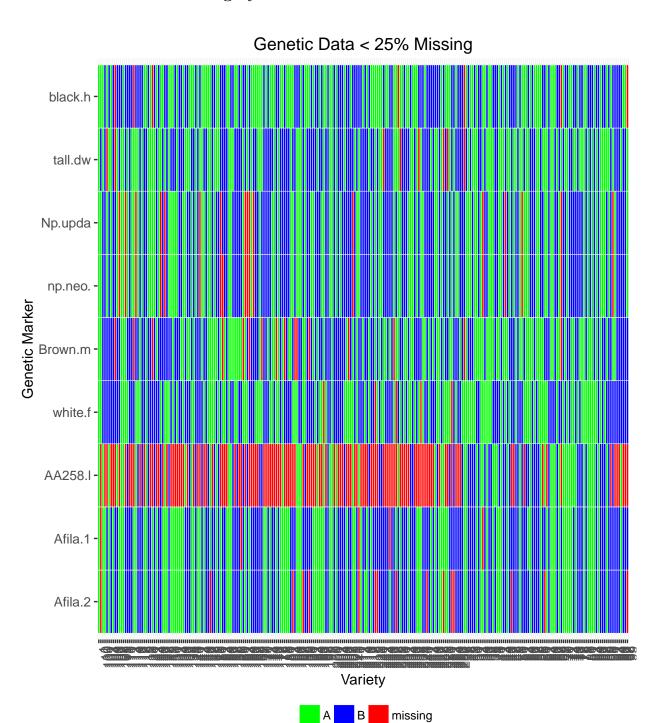
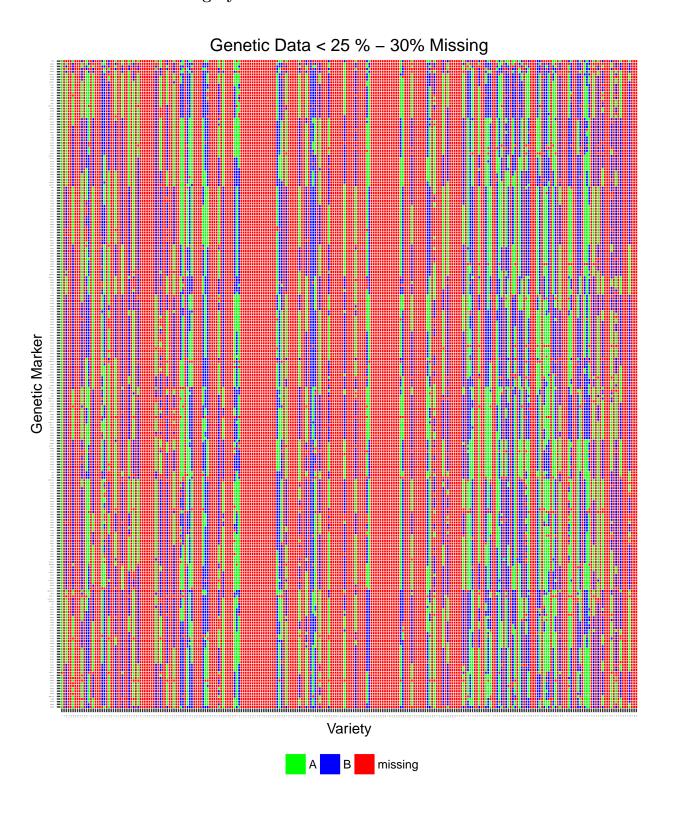


Figure 1: Missing Genetic Data Plot

4.2 Less than 25% Missing by Genetic Marker



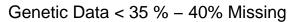
4.3 25% - 30% Missing by Genetic Marker

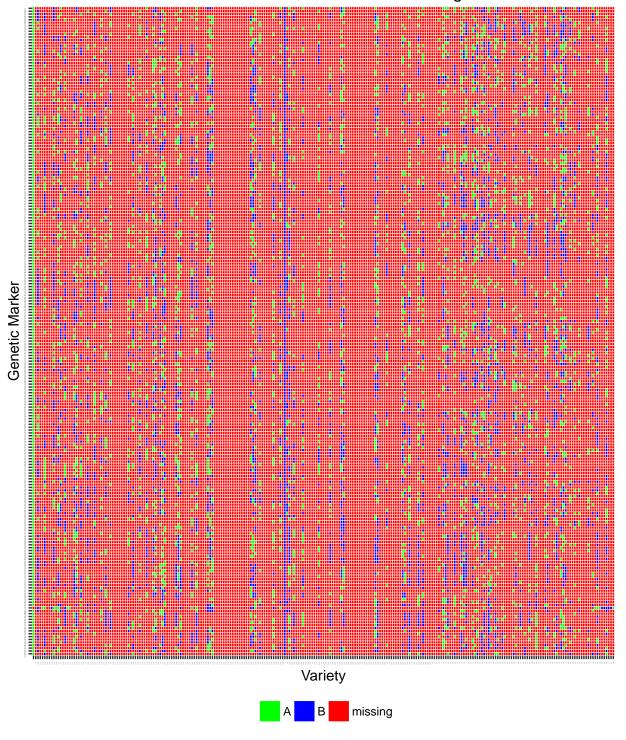


4.4 30% - 35% Missing by Genetic Marker



4.5 35% - 40% Missing by Genetic Marker





5 Setting Significance Thresholds

The pea genetic data include over 600 genetic markers. When a QTL analysis is done, a significance test is done at each marker. Multiple testing problems are quite common in genetic analyses. Jamin mentioned he would like to use LOD for setting a significance threshold. LOD is an abbreviation for the log-odds. LOD is the log_{10} likelihood ratio comparing the null that there is not a QTL to the alternative, that there is.

Null Model, $H_o: y_i \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ i.e. there is no genetic dependency between the phenotype and the genotype

- Where the maximum likelihood estimates (MLEs) for parameter estimates $\mu = \bar{y}$; $\sigma^2 = RSS_o/n$ are used.

Alternative Model, $H_a: y_i|g_i \sim N(\mu_{g_i}, \sigma^2)$

- Where g_i = genotype of individual i at the marker (loci); each genotype group has a different mean; σ^2 = pooled RSS = RSS_1 ; again the MLEs.

$$LOD = \frac{n}{2} \times log_{10}(\frac{RSS_o}{RSS_1})$$

LOD is related to the F statistic. LOD = $\frac{n}{2} \times [F(\frac{df}{n-df-1}+1)]$ and similar to the F statistic, large LOD values are associated with strong evidence for the alternative, that there is a relationship to the genetic loci and the phenotype. Since F statistics help find p-values, and LOD is related to F statistics, by setting genome wide adjusted LOD thresholds, we can easily convert these back to genome wide adjusted p-values. Broman and Sen (2009) provide a simulation based method for generating genome wide adjusted LOD thresholds, and the corresponding genome-wide adjusted p-value thresholds in Section 4.3 using the QTL package in R.

6 Future Work

Future work with Jamin should be more focused with the QTL analysis and developing p-value based thresholds for significance. Jamin currently is using the MapDisto macro in Excel and QTL Cartographer to do preliminary QTL analyses. Both programs provide extensive documentation on their functions. R is a common program for statisticians to use, and discussion around whether packages such as QTL in R or outside programs should be used in the final analysis would be beneficial. While identifying specific genetic markers associated with the most variation in phenotypic traits is the end goal of the project, a QTL analysis has many steps that should be taken before using outputted results. Broman and Sen (2009) is a good reference for a basic QTL analysis. Because Jamin is interested in genetic variation associated with all phenotypic traits, the correlations between the traits should be accounted for in the final analysis. Adding in the recommendation to not combine across sites and years, we suggest the direction of the final QTL analysis done to

be in a multi-trait, multi-environment setting. A resource for an introduction to the multi-trait, multi-environment setting in QTL analyses is referenced by Margarido et al. (2015).

References

Margarido et al. 2015. Multi-trait multi-environment quantitative trait loci mapping for a sugarcane commercial cross provides insights on the inheritance of important traits. Mol Breeding 35:175.

Broman and Sen. 2009. A guide to QTL mapping with R/QTL. New York: Spring Science+Business Media. Retrieved from

http://link.springer.com/book/10.1007%2F978-0-387-92125-9.

Appendix

Tables of Missing Rates by Genetic Marker

	A2594	A1617	A1621	A1619	A1618	A1624	A1615	A1622	A7578	C20B	AD51.ba	a A673	4 A6720	6 A6730	A6732	A6733	3 A6731	A6737	A6724	A6729
Count		194.00	199.00	202.00	195.00 0.32	199.00 0.33	185.00 0.30	163.00 0.27	163.00 0.27	170.00 0.28	166.00	0 209.0	0 162.00	161.00	161.00	210.00	166.00	190.00	163.00 0.27	182.00 0.30
	A6738									A1325					A1409	A1408	A2407	A1405	A1404	A1402
Percent										161.00 0.26	161.00 0.26			161.00 0.26	161.00 0.26	161.00 0.26	161.00 0.26	187.00 0.31	169.00 0.28	193.00 0.32
		A1024 :	ad147.l 163.00	A7384 162.00		A7302 A	A7302.1 211.00	A2197 226.00	A6889 164.00	A6891 163.00	A2259 187.00	A2257 170.00	A2256 201.00			A2340 162.00	A26 161.00	A26.dpn 165.00	A26.dpr	
Percent	0.29	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.35	0.37	0.27	0.27	0.31	0.28	0.33	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.27	0.	.27 0.30
	A.C.1. O	A C1 - 1	A C1 - 1	A A OFO 1	ADEL I	- 1 ACO	F9 AF1	00 107	E7 A07	FF A CC	40 4 4	(79 I A	6760 A	erro A	1990 1	A 409.4	A 4020	A A F A F: 1	1 1 270	T Lite 6
Count Percent		Afila.l 163.00 0.27	Afila.1 5.00 0.01	AA258.1 129.00 0.21		5.00 218.	00 192.	00 171.		00 161.0	00 16		62.00 16	6758 Az 62.00 0.27		A4834 161.00 0.26	A4832 163.00 0.27	AA5.Mid 171.00 0.28	166.	00 5.00
				-																
	A608						A4500	A337	A4495	A4496	A7738		A4497	A298	A7055	A4292	A6470	A5495	A5502	A220
Coun							163.00 0.27	172.00 0.28	173.00 0.28	195.00 0.32	208.00 0.34	215.00 0.35	205.00 0.34	162.00 0.27	169.00 0.28	161.00 0.26	162.00 0.27	199.00 0.33	166.00 0.27	171.00 0.28
Count	A5501 184.00	A5494 166.00	A5499 190.00	A5491 169.00	A5498 198.00	A299 202.00	A1561 181.00	A7736 180.00			A4502 162.00	A4501 161.00	A7729 166.00	165.00	161.00	219.00	163.00	164.00 1	167.00	AD51.Ba 171.00
Percent	0.30	0.27	0.31	0.28	0.33	0.33	0.30	0.30	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.36	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.28
	A5204	A5213	A5165	A5193	A5191	Brown.m	A60	A56	A61	A55	A57	A59	A5226	A58	A5229	LKA.F	5. A718	34 A718;	3 A7181	1 A7185
Count Percent	223.00 0.37	224.00 0.37	206.00 0.34	217.00 0.36	227.00 0.37	16.00 0.03		182.00 0.30	190.00 0.31	168.00 0.28	165.00 0.27	193.00 0.32	220.00 0.36	208.00 0.34	189.00 0.31	186.0 0.3				
Count	A7182 163.00	A2446 162.00	A7188 161.00	A7186 169.00	A7187 200.00	A7356 207.00	A7357 178.00	A7298 166.00	A4307 196.00	AA107 164.00	A6492 163.00	A7814 161.00	A7814.							A7369 217.00
Percent	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.28	0.33	0.34	0.29	0.27	0.32	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.3	1 0.35	0.32	2 0.3	5 0.3	6 0.35	0.35	0.36
	A7348	A2431	A6253	A6252	A6254	A6622 A	4829 A	D73.f.	AB111.L	A6075	A6995	A4460	AA5I	о А446	1 A699	4 A224	6 A102	5 AD17	4.L. CD	C.27. A836
								164.00 0.27	162.00 0.27	163.00 0.27	181.00 0.30	162.00	162.0	0 165.0	0 199.0	0 169.0	0 162.0	0 164		70.00 161.00 0.28 0.26
	A836.1 213.00	NCPA.F 219.0						A422 163.00		A432 184.00	A421 189.00	A423 207.00	A425 186.00	np.neo. 18.00	Np.up		270.L ta			1066 A1064 63.00 162.00
Percent	0.35	0.3						0.27	0.33	0.30	0.31	0.34	0.31	0.03			0.28			0.27 0.27
	179.00	AA285.I	0 162.0	00 162.0	0 166.0	0 162.00	182.0		00 200.0	0 206.0	0 220.0		00 187.0	0 208.00	162.0	0 202.0	00 183.0	00 190.00	0 163.00	164.00
Percent	0.29	0.2	7 0.2	27 0.2	7 0.2	7 0.27	0.3	30 0.2	28 0.3	3 0.3	4 0.3	36 0.3	37 0.3	1 0.3	1 0.2	27 0.3	33 0.5	30 0.3	1 0.27	7 0.27
	A1224	A2012	A2008	A1223	A2007	A2341	A2001	A7189	A7192	A7193	A7197	A7196	A296	AGAT.H	i A2181	1 A4598	8 A774	9 A4852	A6542	A1785
Count Percent	166.00 0.27	176.00 0.29	162.00 0.27	163.00 0.27	163.00 0.27	162.00 0.27	161.00 0.26	161.00 0.26			164.00 0.27	168.00 0.28	162.00 0.27	185.00 0.30	185.00		162.00	228.00		161.00 0.26
Count	A1788 161.00	A1783 161.00	A1787 161.00	A1782 169.00	A1786 167.00	A30 164.00							A5398 194.00	AA315.L 163.00	A5517 183.00	A4825 227.00		A4824 205.00	AB23.lg 161.00	
Percent	0.26	0.26	0.26	0.28	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.30	0.27	0.27	0.28	0.27	0.32	0.27	0.30	0.37	0.37	0.34	0.26	

Missing Data and LOD

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	A4808	A4804 162.00 0.27		A1822 162.00 0.27	A4337 163.00 0.27		A4809 162.00 0.27	A4805 162.00 0.27			A2144 195.00 0.32	PYDC.UI 205.0 0.3	0 222.0	0 207.0	0 162.00) 165.0	0 164.00	A7613 164.00 0.27	164.00	170.00
Count	A7604 164.00	A7608 162.00	A7607 162.00	A7602 162.00	A7601 162.00	A7615 163.00	A7614 163.00	A7603 163.00	A7619 162.00	A446 161.00	A2518 164.00	A448 163.00	A451 163.00	A452 163.00	A449 161.00	A447 163.00	A445 194.00 2		A4546 192.00	AA374.1 163.00
Percent	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.27	0.32	0.33	0.32	0.27
Count Percent	AA224.1 161.00 0.26	A7224 165.00 0.27	A7223 163.00 0.27	A1580 161.00 0.26	A5439 161.00 0.26	A5420 161.00 0.26	A7133 162.00 0.27	A7134 162.00 0.27	A7132 161.00 0.26	A7131 161.00 0.26	AA335. 161.0 0.2	00 188.0	0 188.0	0 176.0	0 162.00	187.0	0 172.00	A1003 173.00 0.28	166.00	161.00
Count	A998 161.00	A997 161.00				A6634 162.00	black.h	A4409 162.00	AC76b.l 163.00	A1555 226.00	A6561 167.00	A1915 165.00	A1916 201.00	A6560 163.00	A6563 162.00	A1912 203.00	RPL15S	A641 161.00		
Percent	0.26	0.26	0.27	0.27	0.26	0.27	0.01	0.27	0.27	0.37	0.27	0.27	0.33	0.27	0.27	0.33	0.28	0.26	0.27	0.26
Count Percent	A645 171.00 0.28	A640 162.00 0.27	A638 161.00 0.26	A647 161.00 0.26	A7763 163.00 0.27	A4828 206.00 0.34	aa456 161.00 0.26		166.00	aa416 164.00 0.27		222.00	A246 224.00 0.37	A66 219.00 0.36	A253 214.00 0.35	A259 224.00 0.37	A236 221.00 0.36	A250 221.00 0.36	A5553 224.00 0.37	A5574 222.00 0.36
Count Percent		222.00	217.00			A5550 220.00 0.36	218.00	215.00	217.00	A1434 206.00 0.34	A1551 209.00 0.34	A6408 184.00 0.30	A470 230.00 0.38	A474 226.00 0.37	A6451 219.00 0.36	A6449 221.00 0.36	A6454 219.00 0.36	A846 222.00 0.36	A6751 215.00 0.35	A850 213.00 0.35
Count Percent	A2680 222.00 0.36	A3067 220.00 0.36	A3050 217.00 0.36	A635 205.00 0.34	A3598 199.00 0.33	A5728 211.00 0.35	A5477 208.00 0.34	A5478 209.00 0.34	A5479 206.00 0.34	A6575 171.00 0.28	A6049 214.00 0.35				A4690 206.00 0.34	A791 220.00 0.36	A6751.1 215.00 0.35	A846.1 222.00 0.36	A850.1 213.00 0.35	A5311 192.00 0.32
Count Percent	A5895 223.00 0.37	A6329 193.00 0.32	224.00	A1058 191.00 0.31	A5537 226.00 0.37	A244 216.00 0.35	A257 220.00 0.36		219.00	A237 213.00 0.35	A240 215.00 0.35	A6955 219.00 0.36	A6934 217.00 0.36	A4750 217.00 0.36	A4734 216.00 0.35	A4757 225.00 0.37	A2714 180.00 0.30	A6947 214.00 0.35	A938 203.00 0.33	A4792 220.00 0.36
Count Percent	A4786 223.00 0.37	A4783 224.00 0.37	A4779 222.00 0.36	A2316 220.00 0.36	A2303 222.00 0.36	A2319 225.00 0.37	A2317 214.00 0.35	A2672 165.00 0.27	A2672.1 224.00 0.37	223.00	215.00	215.00	A7075 189.00 0.31	A6222 224.00 0.37	A7013 230.00 0.38	A7008 231.00 0.38	A1185 189.00 0.31	A4855 205.00 0.34	A5951 215.00 0.35	A6557 226.00 0.37
Count Percent	A6574 224.00 0.37	225.00	226.00			A5124 208.00 0.34		203.00	208.00	A6573 221.00 0.36	A6550 223.00 0.37	A6532 214.00 0.35	A5654 216.00 0.35	A5623 231.00 0.38	A3512 224.00 0.37	A1461 205.00 0.34		A3634 219.00 0.36	A790 219.00 0.36	A785 218.00 0.36
Count Percent		213.00	211.00	212.00	214.00		207.00	199.00	218.00		A7245 223.00 0.37	A653 222.00 0.36	A660 223.00 0.37	A661 227.00 0.37	A657 217.00 0.36	A652 219.00 0.36		A5988 197.00 0.32	A6817 210.00 0.34	A6820 213.00 0.35
Count Percent		225.00	190.00		231.00			223.00	226.00		A6496 219.00 0.36	A6127 226.00 0.37	A6123 224.00 0.37	A6120 229.00 0.38	A6122 221.00 0.36	A6125 223.00 0.37			A4028 195.00 0.32	A4641 207.00 0.34
Count		226.00	226.00	230.00	226.00		231.00	226.00	224.00	A4766 222.00 0.36	A5826 219.00 0.36	A5815 223.00 0.37	A5814 226.00 0.37	A5830 221.00 0.36	A5816 216.00 0.35	A5810 219.00 0.36		A5817 221.00 0.36	A780 227.00 0.37	A693 218.00 0.36
Count Percent		214.00	204.00	214.00	215.00	230.00	209.00	227.00	221.00			A1096 227.00 0.37	A5750 217.00 0.36	A1452 224.00 0.37	A6363 192.00 0.32	A1758 217.00 0.36			A5972 226.00 0.37	A391 222.00 0.36

Missing Data and LOD

Paul Harmon, Nnamdi Ezike, and Andrea Mack

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	A393	A392	A6422	A6415	A6411	A6403	A6418	A3936	A3934	A3935	A2556	A5188	A4079	A4101	A7222	A7221	A7220	A1868	A1867	A1665
Count	218.00	210.00	227.00	223.00	223.00	221.00	215.00	217.00	216.00	226.00	213.00	217.00	230.00	225.00	226.00	221.00	229.00	218.00	203.00	214.00
Percent	0.36	0.34	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.36	0.35	0.36	0.35	0.37	0.35	0.36	0.38	0.37	0.37	0.36	0.38	0.36	0.33	0.35
	A811	A5703	A1060	A1046	A7643	A7633	A7300	A2443	A7301	A7276	A6789	A7274	A7148	A7147	A7139	A6218	A6217	A6219	A5752	A5733
Count	221.00	196.00	225.00	217.00	227.00	224.00	225.00	214.00	219.00	229.00	198.00	222.00	227.00	228.00	218.00	223.00	223.00	223.00	223.00	225.00
Percent	0.36	0.32	0.37	0.36	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.35	0.36	0.38	0.33	0.36	0.37	0.37	0.36	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37
	A5775	A4430	A4428	A4427	A4425	A4365	A1038	A3654	A5779	A1348	A1349	A1350	A1343	A5228	A5259	A1123	A1109	A20	A927	A928
Count	225.00	219.00	223.00	224.00	229.00	225.00	224.00	209.00	215.00	227.00	216.00	222.00	215.00	190.00	224.00	222.00	226.00	176.00	221.00	227.00
Percent	0.37	0.36	0.37	0.37	0.38	0.37	0.37	0.34	0.35	0.37	0.35	0.36	0.35	0.31	0.37	0.36	0.37	0.29	0.36	0.37

	A926	A930	A925	A6359	A6360	A6357	A6060	A6058	A6056
Count	214.00	222.00	223.00	227.00	218.00	225.00	224.00	217.00	210.00
Percent	0.35	0.36	0.37	0.37	0.36	0.37	0.37	0.36	0.34

Tables of Missing Rates by Variety

	X1	X2	Х3	X4	X5	X6	X7	X8	X9	X10	X11	X12	X13	X14	X15	X16	X17	X18	X19	X20
Coun		2.00 0.01	600.00 2.33	172.00 0.67	266.00 1.04	226.00 0.88	605.00 2.35	203.00 0.79	600.00 2.33	603.00 2.35	241.00 0.94	600.00 2.33	230.00 0.89	600.00 2.33	223.00 0.87	600.00 2.33	181.00 0.70	600.00 2.33	221.00 0.86	294.00 1.14
rereen	0.01	0.01	2.00	0.01	1.01	0.00	2.00	0.10	2.00	2.00	0.54	2.00	0.00	2.00	0.01	2.00	0.10	2.00	0.00	1.14
	X21	X22		X24	X25	X26	X27	X28			X31						X37			
Count Percent	602.00 2.34	603.00 2.35		261.00 1.02		600.00 2.33	603.00 2.35	600.00 2.33			238.00 0.93						600.00 2.33			
Count	X41 600.00	X42 184.00		X44 195.00	X45 601.00	X46 213.00	X47 177.00	X48 602.00	X49 165.00		X51 194.00						X57 600.00			
Percent	2.33	0.72		0.76		0.83	0.69	2.34	0.64		0.75						2.33			
	X61	X62	X63	X64	X65	X66	X67	X68	X69	X70	X71	. X72	X73	X74	X75	X76	X77	' X78	3 X79	X80
Count	269.00 1.05	308.00 1.20		600.00 2.33	209.00 0.81	291.00 1.13	600.00 2.33	189.00 0.74	600.00 2.33		242.00 0.94		600.00 2.33				600.00			
Crecite	1.00	1.20	0.00	2.00	0.01	1110	2.00	0.1.2	2.00	2.00	0.0	0.01	2.00	2.00	0.00	0.01	2.00	0.01		2.00
Count	X81 244.00	X82		X84 600.00	X85 280.00	X86 600.00	X87 600.00	X88 600.00			X91						X97			
Percent	0.95	2.33		2.33		2.33	2.33	2.33			2.33						2.33			
Count	X101 601.00	X102 601.00		X104 601.00	X105 601.00	X106 603.00	X107 164.00	X108 602.00	X109 200.00		X111						X117			
Percent	2.34	2.34	0.66	2.34	2.34	2.35	0.64	2.34	0.78	2.35	0.73	2.33	2.33	2.35	0.73	0.80	2.34	0.75	2.34	0.61
	X121	X122	X123	X124	X125	X126	X127	X128	X129	X130	X131	X132	X133	X134	X135	X136	X137	X138	X139	X140
Count	601.00 2.34	603.00 2.35		601.00 2.34	601.00 2.34	226.00 0.88	601.00 2.34	227.00 0.88			601.00						209.00			
creent	2.04	2.00	0.00	2.04	2.04	0.00	2.04	0.00	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04	0.01	2.01	0.00	2.04
Count	X141 207.00	X142 601.00		X144 182.00	X145 601.00	X146 601.00	X147 209.00	X148	X149 601.00		X151				X155		X157			
Count	0.81	2.34		0.71	2.34	2.34	0.81	178.00 0.69			178.00 0.69						0.77			
	X161	X162	V100	V104	V10*	V100	Vien	V100	V100	V150	V181	V150	Vien	VIE	VIE	Vien	X177	V150	V150	V100
Count	K161 602.00	195.00		X164 171.00	X165 604.00	X166 601.00	X167 603.00	X168 601.00	X169 156.00	178.00	X171 601.00	601.00	601.00	601.00	601.00	601.00	602.00		601.00	602.00
Percent	2.34	0.76	2.35	0.67	2.35	2.34	2.35	2.34	0.61	0.69	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34
	X181	X182		X184	X185	X186	X187	X188	X189		X191				X195		X197			
Count	601.00 2.34	601.00 2.34		602.00 2.34	602.00 2.34	186.00 0.72	167.00 0.65	194.00 0.75			603.00				187.00 0.73		601.00			
ercent	2.04	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	0.72	0.00	0.75	2.34	2.34	2.30	2.34	2.34	2.34	0.73	2.34	2.34	0.71	2.34	

Missing Data and LOD

Paul Harmon, Nnamdi Ezike, and Andrea Mack

	X201	X202	X203	X204	X205	X206	X207	X208	X209	X210	X211	X212	X213	X214	X215	X216	X217	X218	X219	X220
Count	601.00	209.00	601.00	601.00	601.00	200.00	601.00	602.00	601.00	601.00	601.00	192.00	601.00	601.00	601.00	601.00	178.00	601.00	601.00	602.00
Percent	2.34	0.81	2.34	2.34	2.34	0.78	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	0.75	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	0.69	2.34	2.34	2.34

	X221	X222	X223	X224	X225	X226	X227	X228	X229	X230	X231	X232	X233	X234	X235	X236	X237	X238	X239	X240
Count	172.00	186.00	602.00	601.00	601.00	602.00	601.00	602.00	603.00	602.00	601.00	601.00	601.00	601.00	173.00	169.00	601.00	601.00	602.00	601.00
Percent	0.67	0.72	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.35	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	0.67	0.66	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34

	X241	X242	X243	X244	X245	X246	X247	X248	X249	X250	X251	X252	X253	X254	X255	X256	X257
Count	601.00	602.00	601.00	601.00	601.00	179.00	219.00	601.00	249.00	601.00	602.00	189.00	602.00	186.00	601.00	601.00	601.00
Percent	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	2.34	0.70	0.85	2.34	0.97	2.34	2.34	0.74	2.34	0.72	2.34	2.34	2.34