



KEY BREAKER

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Project Name:	Key Breaker

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Introduction

Files

Source files

KEY_BREA.ASM
DRAW.INC
PICS.INC

Game files

DIGIT.PCX	OPEN.PCX
GAME.PCX	WIN.PCX
LOST.PCX	LOCK.PCX
MENU.PCX	0 - 9.PCX
ABOUT.PCX	EXIT.PCX
EXPLAIN.PCX	HELP.PCX

Info

Workspace: **Turbo Assembler**

Development environment: **Atom**

Running environment: **DOSBox**

Executable: **KEY_BREA.EXE**

The Idea

My game was inspired by a game concept that I found online when I was trying to decide which game or program I should make. The picture as you can see below is describing a game where you have a player that need to pass obstacles and collect coins to reach it's target.

I used this idea to make my game itself and came up with the idea of the story of the game.

Before I found the concept of the game, I wanted to make a game where the user has a key and it needs to pass mini-games in order to unlock each digit, my game has the same idea just without the mini-games, each digit requires the user to pass a level of the game where the first digit is the easiest to pass and the last digit is the hardest.

The game concept



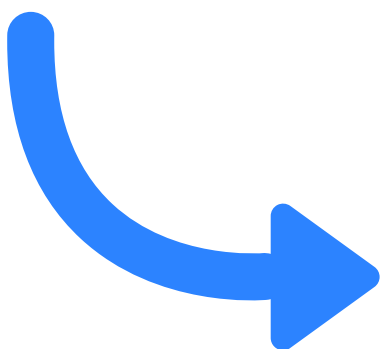
The Game

Key Breaker is a **single-player** game. The story of the game is based on breaking a key, a **6-digit combination** that is changing every run of the game. At first, all the 6 digits are locked, and you're given a game to pass to unlock each one of them. Each level(unlock of a digit) has it's own **target score** and **target coins** that the player need to reach in order to get the key for the digit and unlock it. In addition, each level has a max time to pass it that is based on the level's difficulty.

The game is about a player that need to pass obstacles and collect coins, for each coin the user collect or obstacle the user pass, he earns score which using that he passes the level.

The game consists **6 levels** based on the amount of digits in the key.

Gameplay



How To Play

In order to play the game you must have a computer running **DOS** or a computer with any firmware of **Windows**, **Linux** and **MacOS** using the free DOS emulator called **DOSBox**.

In your **DOS** environment, locate the game's executable **KEY_BREA.EXE** and launch it. (**Make sure all game files are available in the same folder!**)

After you've started the game and started playing, the key menu will show up, in this menu you'll have the progress on your unlocking adventure. In addition, in the key menu, you'll see the current level info, **target coins**, **target score** and **max time**.

After starting the level, the game itself will start and your character will appear, the movement of the character is being done using the **left and right arrow keys** to move it horizontally and using **space** to jump vertically.

While exploring the game's map, you'll encounter **obstacles** that can lead to your death and **coins** that will progress you to finishing the level. Once you reach the target score and target coins of the level, **the key** will appear on the game's map and you'll have to collect it. After collecting **the key** you'll be back in the key menu and **a digit will be unlocked**, under it will be the time it took you to unlock it. **Unlock all 6 digits to win the game.**

Versions

This version

This version of the game includes all of my goals when I started this game, 6 stages, a random 6-digit key and the game itself from the game concept. With that, this game has a lot more functionality that I intended this game to have, it has a coins that are collectible by the player (coin animation), it has a timer that limits the user time to complete the level, it has a player that accelerate to it's speed and slow down to stop and many more features..

Improvements

I wanted to add to the game a scoreboard which will rank the top 10 players with the highest score using a database in a file. In addition, I wanted to add to the game more obstacles and make a wide variety of obstacles so that the obstacles would not repeat them self many times in a row. Moreover, I wanted to add a detailed story that will make the game more interesting.

Logic

Menu

The game's menu is made of a **PCX image** that contains all the the user's options. In the menu **a circle** is used to define the current selected option, and using the down and up arrow keys, the user can navigate between the different options. The circle is a custom circle with a color pattern on it that is a bitmap in the code. The user chooses an option by pressing enter and the option executes.

Key Menu

The key menu is the menu where the user seeing his **progress** in unlocking the key. The key menu show each digit for the key using PCX files that are image of each digit (0 - 9), if the digit is still locked, it shows a PCX image that has a **lock** in it instead. In the key menu there are the information for the current level (target score, coins and time) which are printed using a custom print method that allows custom background and foreground color in graphic mode. This menu leads to the game itself.

Logic

Player

In the game there is a map and a player, the player is a bitmap of a **male character**. The player can move using the arrow keys and jump using space. When the player starts to move, it accelerates to its max speed using delay in moving the player, when the velocity of the player increases the delay of the player decreases and vice versa. This way the player "**increases**" and "**decreases**" its speed and smooth animations are displayed. In the **vertical** axis, the player performs the same that he performed as in the **horizontal** axis, but without the requirement of the user to hold the key, instead, the player jumps until he reaches its **max height** and starts falling down until he reaches the ground. On the movement of the player there are checks that are made to insure that he doesn't move through walls, and checks to see if the user collected a **coin** or a **key** and finished the level. If the y position of the player reaches the end of the screen, the game detects that the player has lost and display him the **lost** screen.

Logic

Map

The map of the game is based on the **obstacles** that are currently need to be displayed. At first, when the level starts, the first obstacle is just a flat floor (**a flat floor isn't really an obstacle but it's still counts as one in the game and score is given by passing it as well**). The map moves by adding a block at the start of each part and removing part at the end of each part, this creates a **smooth moving transition** without actually moving the part and redrawing the screen. Each time the first part of the map is gone and cannot be seen anymore, **a new random part** is being generated as the third part, and the previous third part becomes the second part, and the second part becomes the first part. Every time a new part is being generated, the user get's score for the part he passed, each obstacle has it's own score value, for example, flat part, has a score value of **1**. When the player reached the **target score** and **target coins**, the next part to be generated automatically becomes **a flat part**, so that **the key** can be drawn above it and the player can collect it to finish the level.

Logic

Coins

Coins are a collectible item that the player must collect in order to pass the game, each level has it's own target coins that the user need to reach. The coins position is being determined by the obstacle that they are appearing on, each obstacle has it's random range of coin's x and coin's y which the coin system uses in order to generate the coin's position in the map. The coin animation is being performed by a set of predefined frames of a spinning coin that were extracted from a GIF file. The coin system keeps track of the current coin frame and is in charge of changing it, the change of the current coin is being done using a specific delay that makes the coin's animation smooth and in good pace. The coin system is being ran in the game loop so it's redrawing the coins on the map each time and that is why the coins are being moved with the map itself. The coin's frames are surrounded with a special black border that has a unique color index to it, a color that is not being used in the game at all. Using the unique black border, the game is able to identify whenever the player touches a coin and calculates which coin using the player's location.

Logic

Sound

Sound is implemented in the game in many places, the menu's dot movement sound, the coin collection sound, the win sound and the lost sound. All of those sounds are being done using the sound system. The sound system works by playing sound frequencies with static delay between them. The system works by initializing it with an array of sound frequencies and a delay between them. Now the system handler need to be called in a loop, for example, in the coin collection sound, the sound system handler need be called in the game loop in order for the sound to work. Behind the scenes, the sound system handler, send each time the delay runs out, a sound frequency from the sound array by it's order, to the audio port, each channel of the sound at a time. If the sound needs to ended, the sound frequencies array has reached it's end, the handler closes the audio port and by that shutting down the sound at the user's speakers.

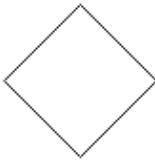
Flow Chart

Legend

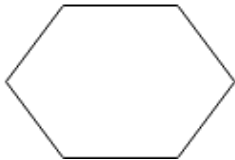
Function



Condition



Loop



Start/End

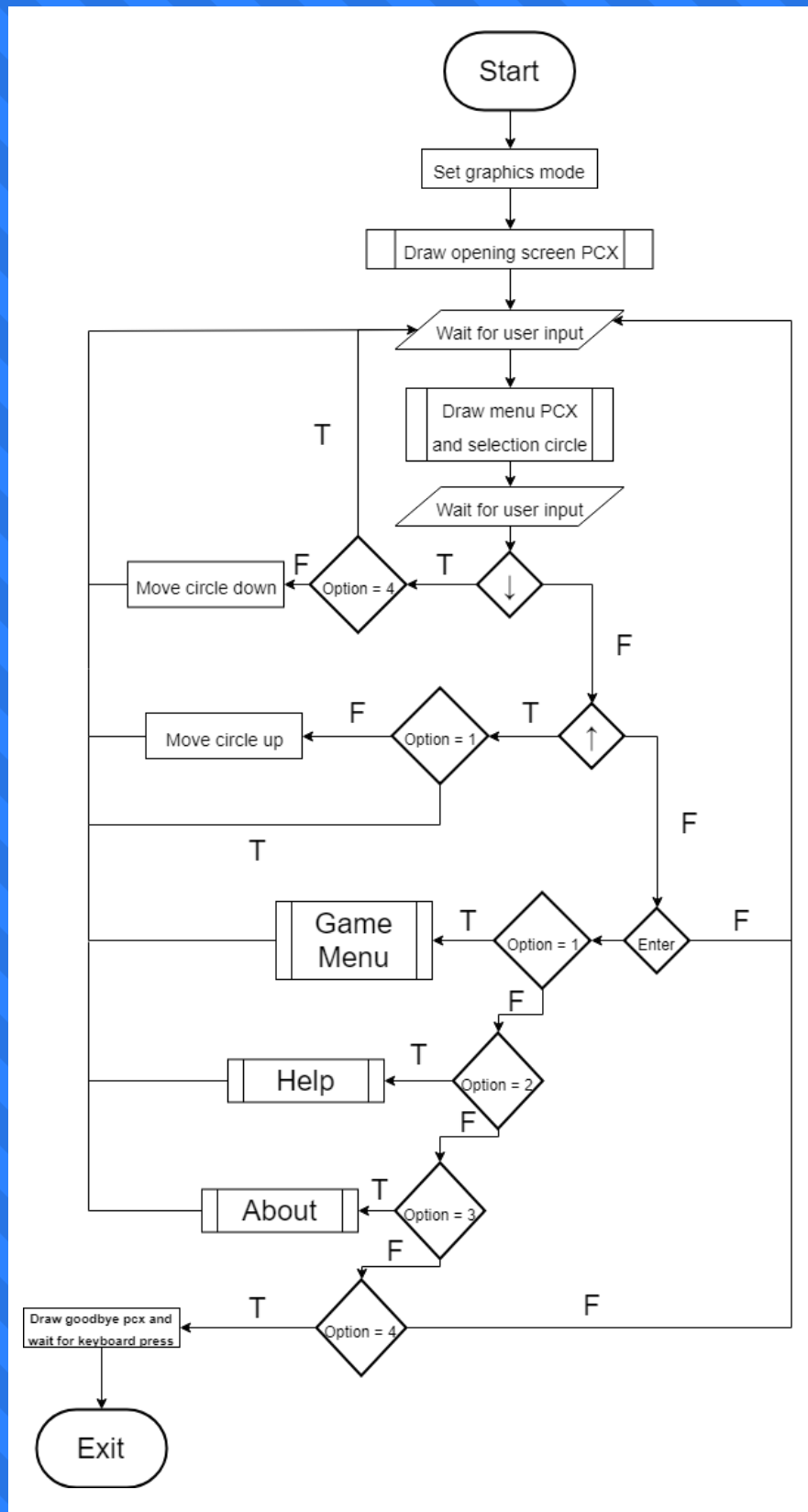


Input/Output

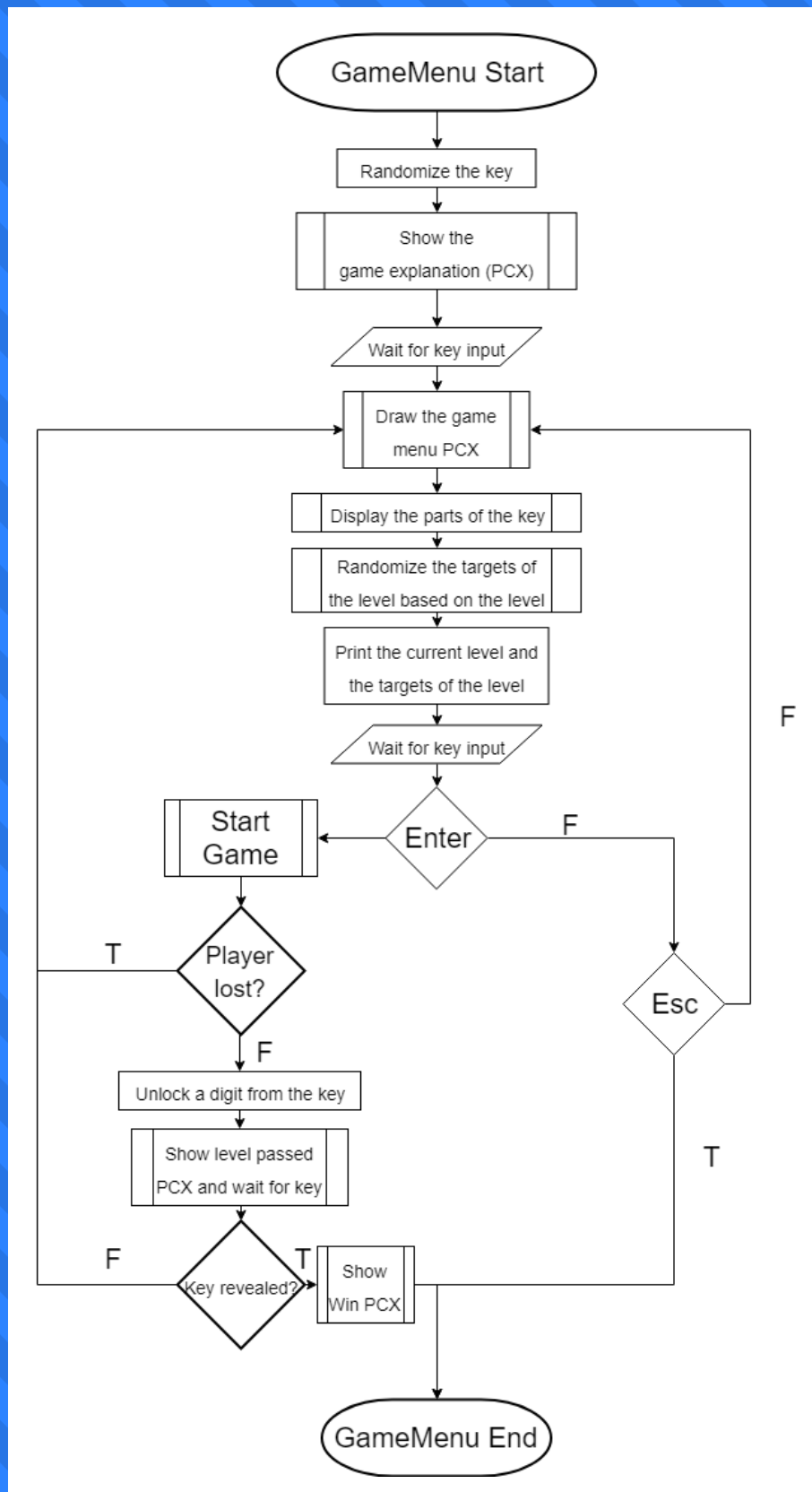


Command

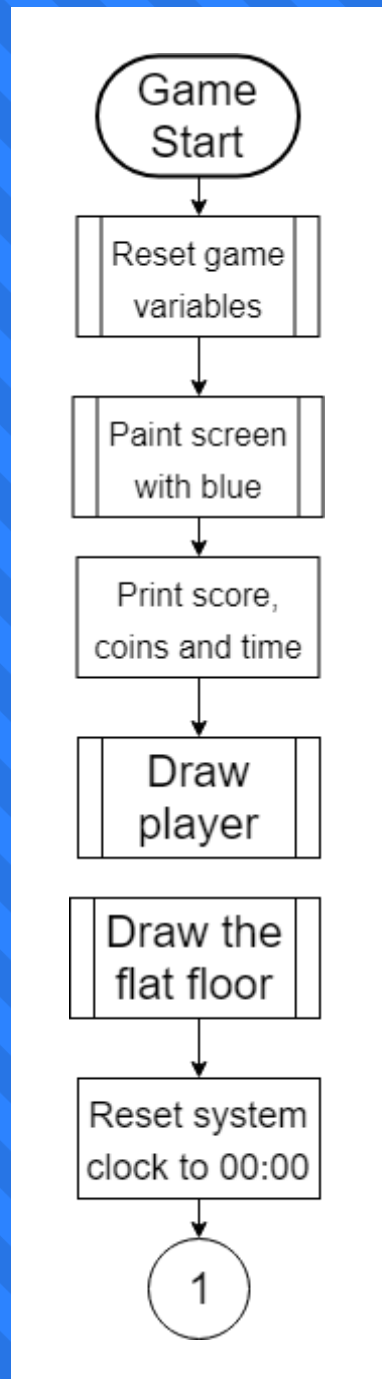
Flow Chart



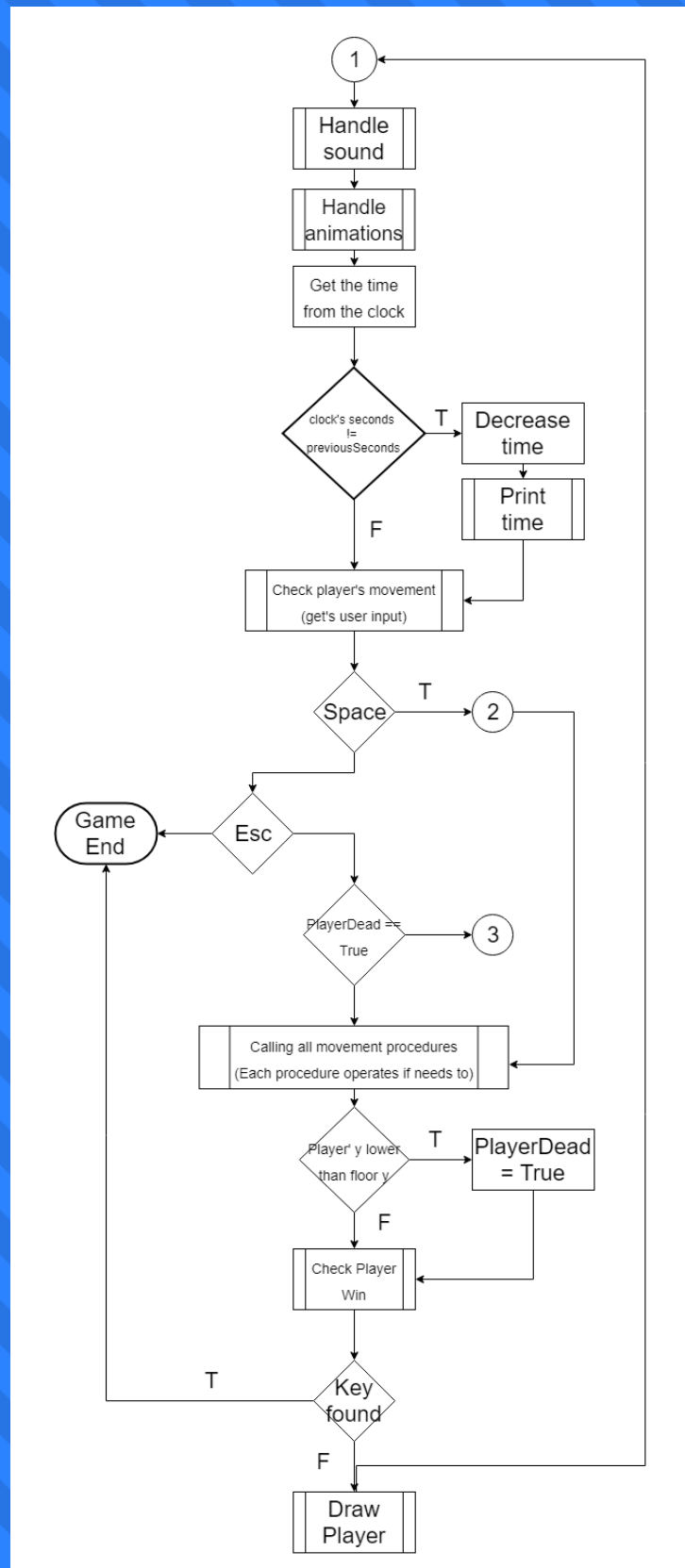
Flow Chart



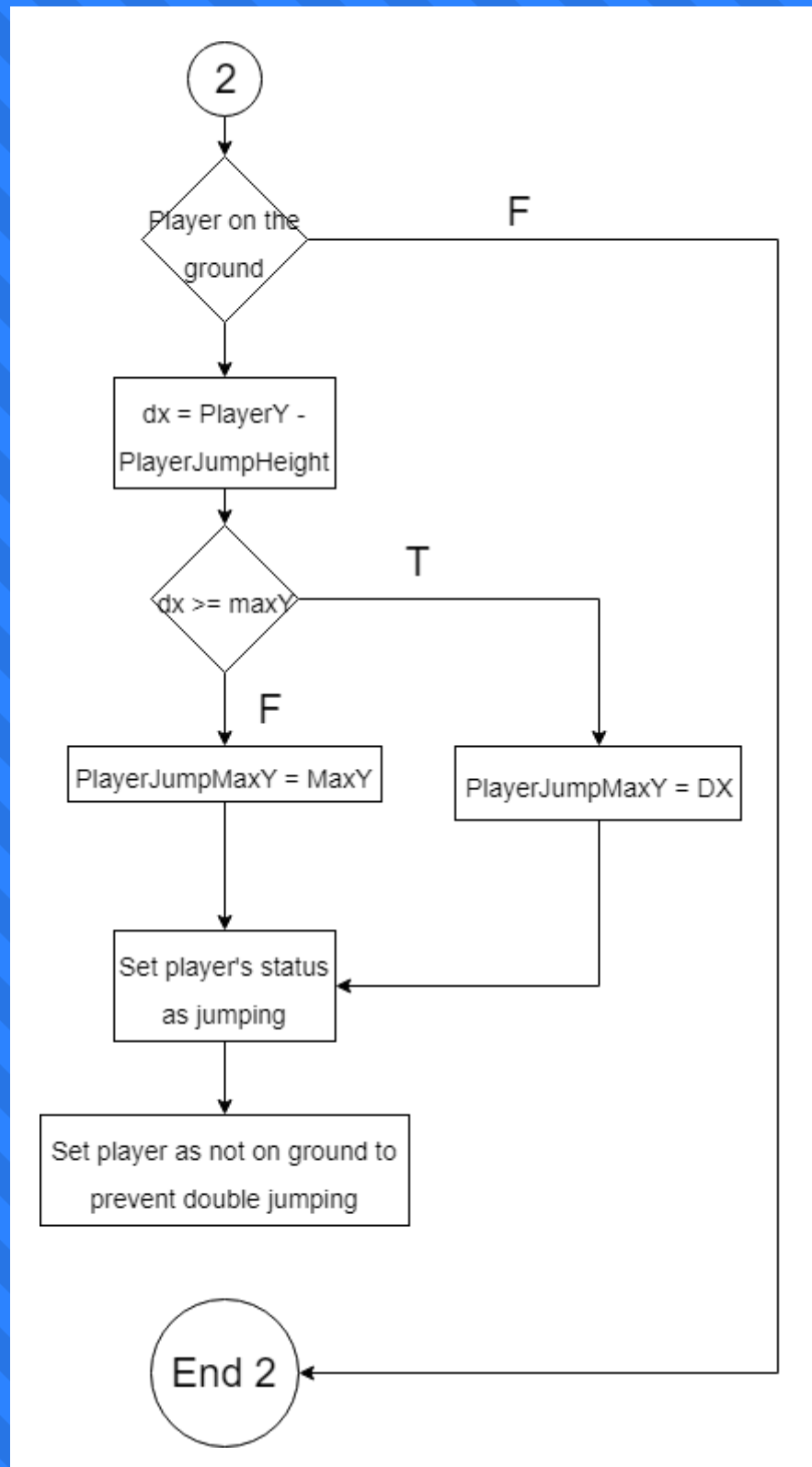
Flow Chart



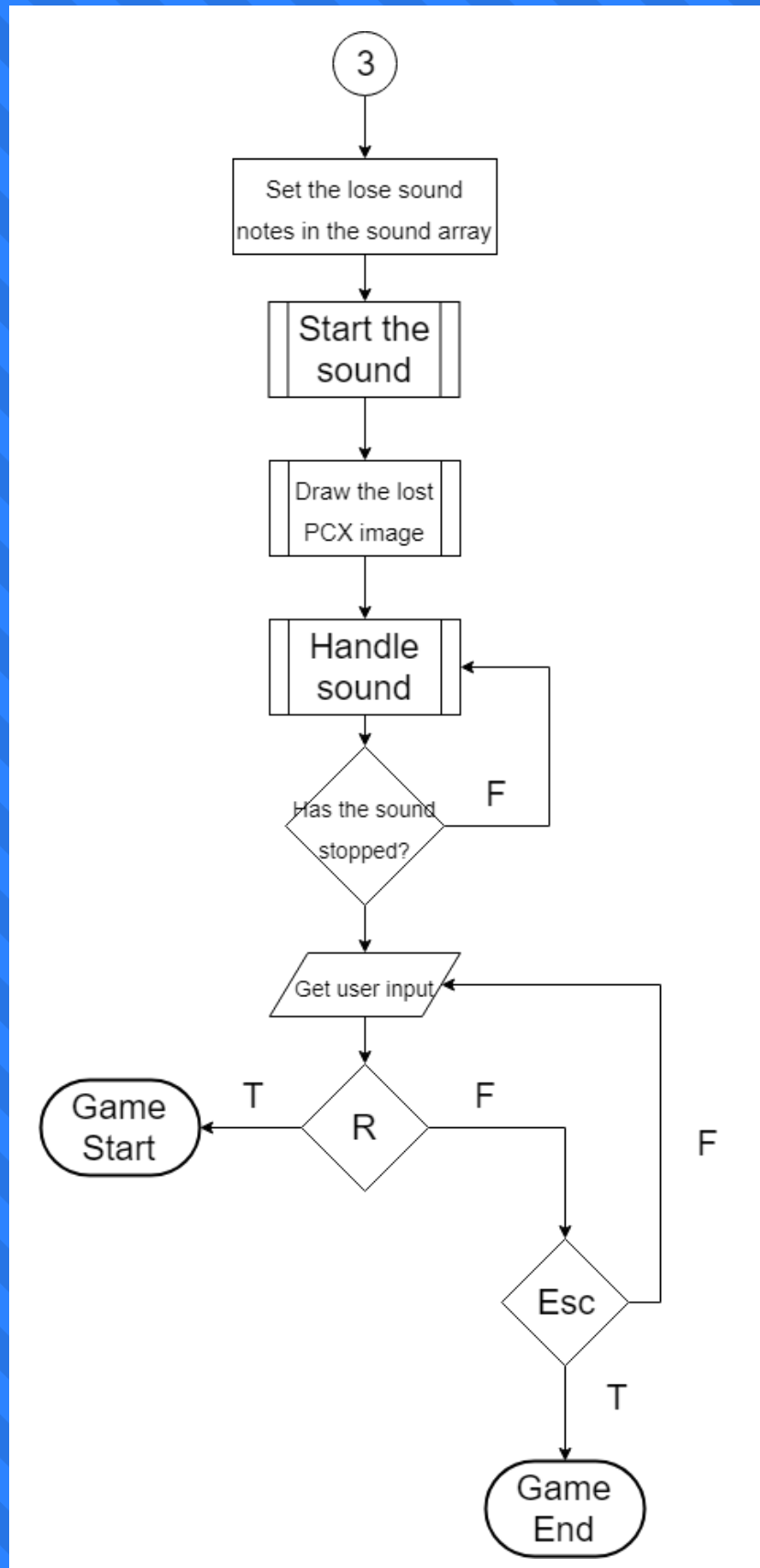
Flow Chart



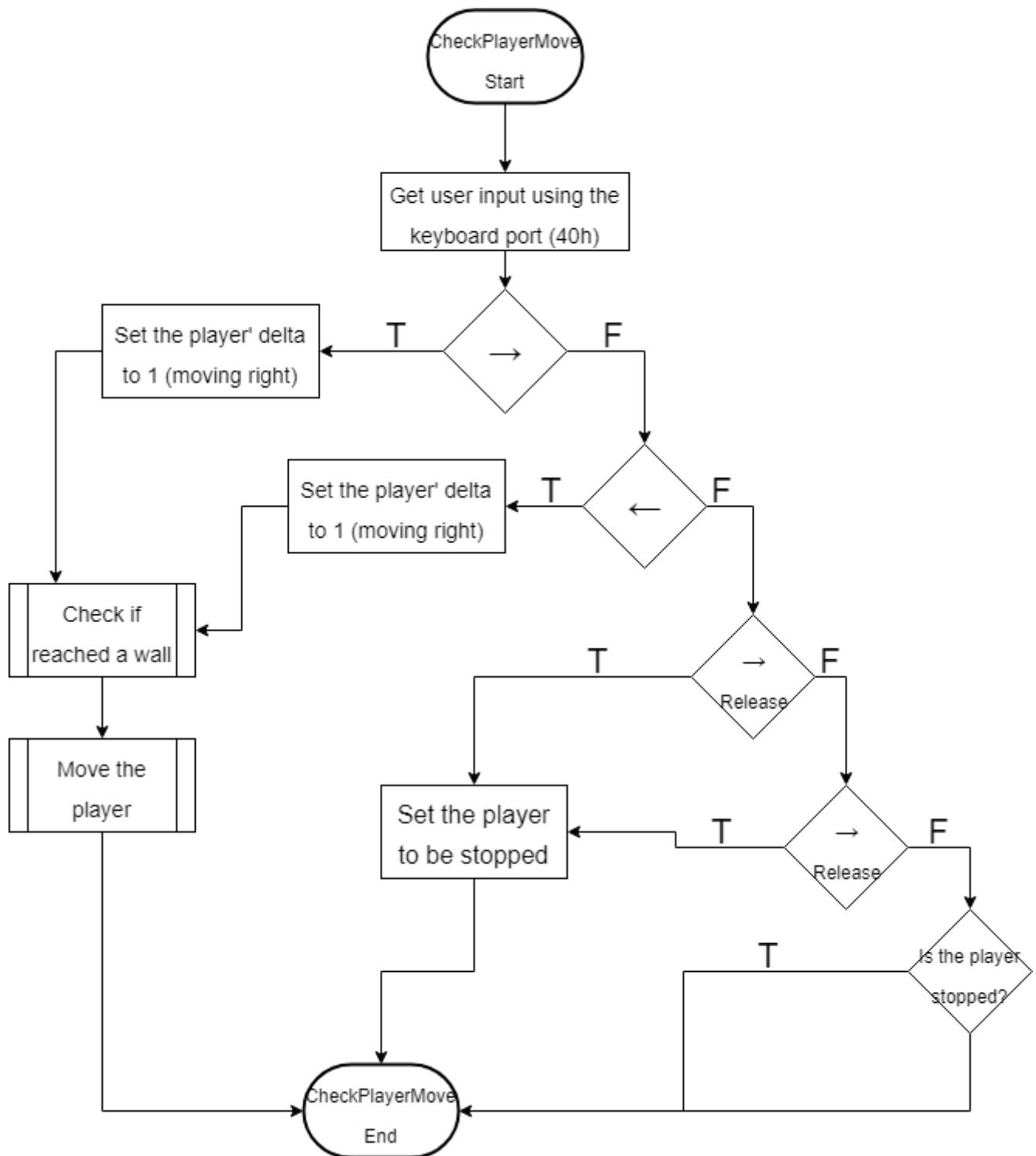
Flow Chart



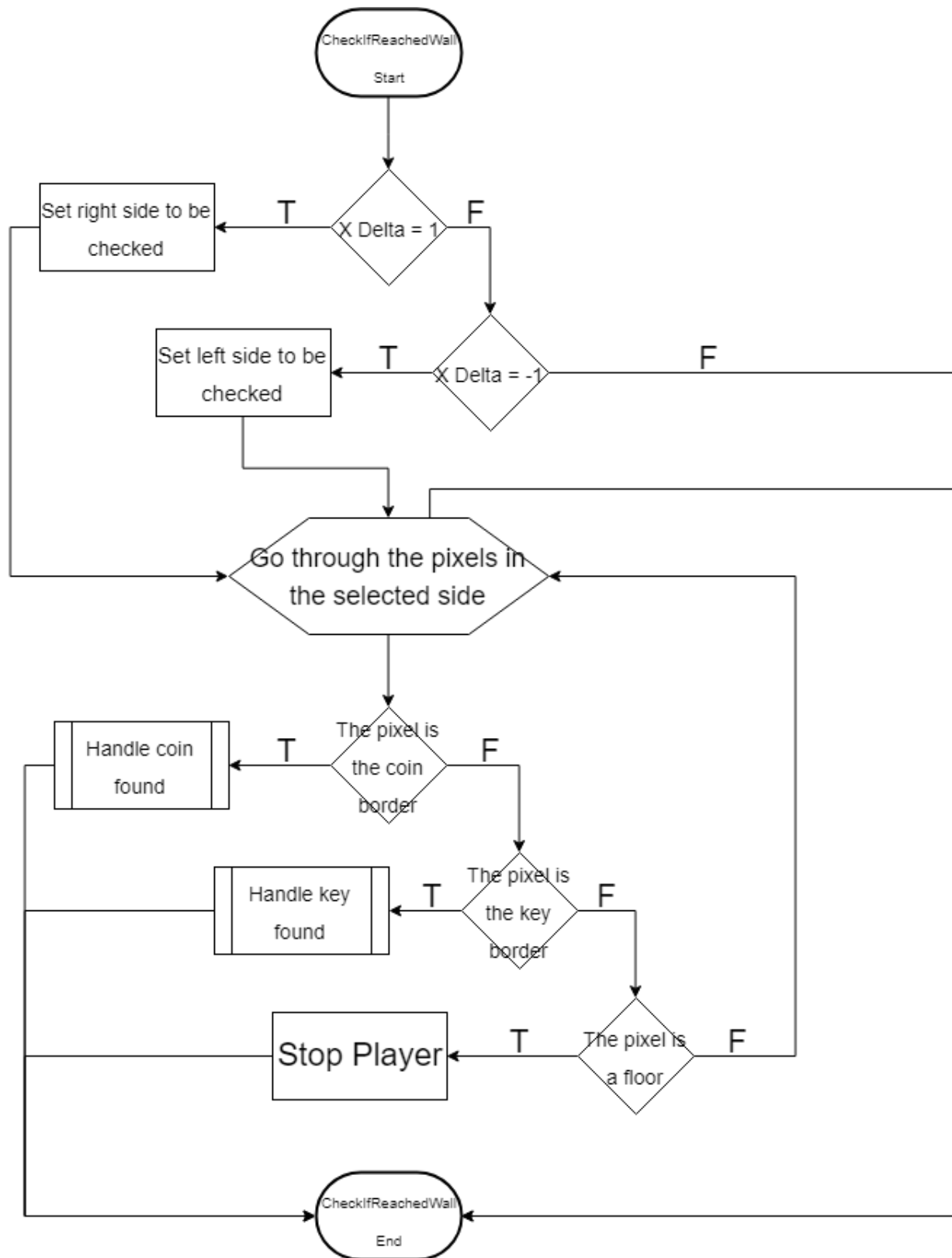
Flow Chart



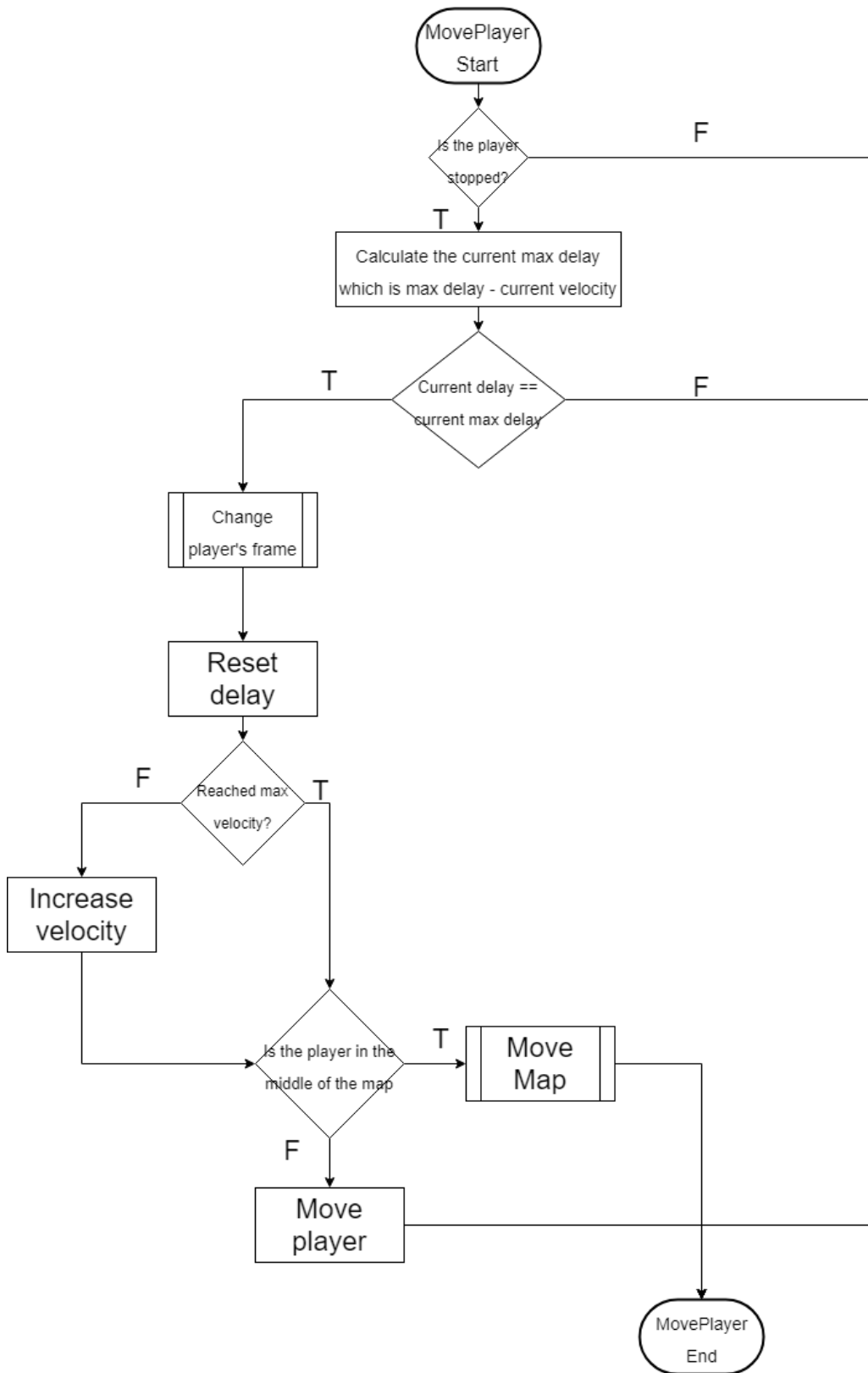
Flow Chart



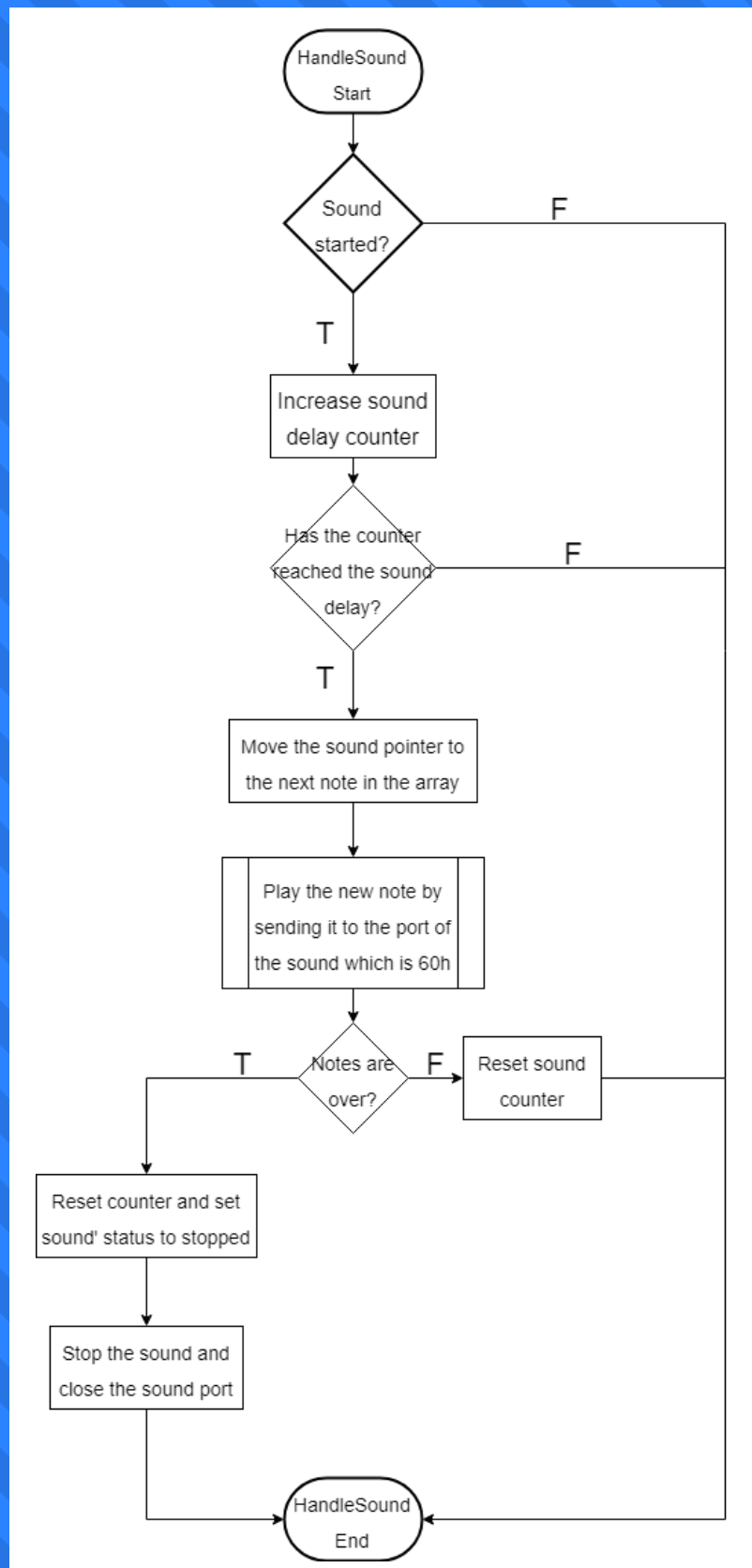
Flow Chart



Flow Chart



Flow Chart



Procedures

GameMenu

Task: This is handling the menu of the game and shows the key to the user.

Input: None.

Output: The game and it's menu.

Registers: AX, SI

RandomizeDigitInfo

Task: This is giving a random score and coins based on the specific digit (level).

Input: CurrentDigit

Output: TargetScore and TargetCoins for the level.

Registers: BX, CX, SI, DI

PrintTimeForDigit

Task: This is drawing the time for a given digit.

Input: SI ← Pointer to the current digit in key.

Output: The time under the digit.

Registers: AX, CX, DX, BP, SI

Procedures

DrawCurrentDigitInfo

Task: This is drawing the info for the current digit (level) and the total score.

Input: CurrentDigit

Output: The info on the screen.

Registers: SI, AX, DX, CX, BP

DrawKeyNumbers

Task: This is drawing the digits of the key or a lock if not unlocked yet.

Input: None

Output: The digits or the lock on the screen in the key position.

Registers: BX, CX, SI, DI

RandomizeKey

Task: This is initializing the variables of the game.

Input: None.

Output: The game variables initiated.

Registers: AX, ES

Procedures

Game

Task: This proc is starting the game for the current level.

Input: TargetScore, TargetCoins and Time

Output: The game playable to the user.

Registers: AX, BX, CX, DX, SI, DI, ES

DrawKeyIfNeeded

Task: This is drawing the key if the player reached the target.

Input: PlayerFinishedLevel <- Did the player reach the target.

Output: The key on the map if needed.

Registers: AX, SI

CheckPlayerWin

Task: This is checking if the player reached the target score and coins

Input: Score, Coins.

Output: PlayerFinishedLevel <- If the player finished it is true, else false

Registers: AX

Procedures

CheckPlayerDeath

Task: This is checking if the player should die.

Input: PlayerX, PlayerY <- Position of the player.

Output: PlayerDead <- Is the player dead or alive.

Registers: None.

AnimationHandler

Task: This is handling the animations in the game.

Input: None.

Output: The animations in the game.

Registers: None.

DrawCoinsForMap

Task: This is drawing the coins in the map.

Input: None.

Output: The coins on the screen.

Registers: AX, CX, SI, DI

Procedures

ChangePlayerFrame

Task: This is changing the player's pic frame if needed.

Input: PlayerXDelta <- Is the player moving left or right (-1, 1)

Output: The player frame changed.

Registers: AX, CX, SI, DI

DrawCoin

Task: This is drawing a coin in a given position on the screen.

Input: StartX, StartY <- Coin's position

Output: The coin on the screen.

Registers: SI, DX, AX, CX

TimeHandler

Task: This handles the time, it is called every time a second passed.

Input: DH <- New seconds

Output: The time changed on the screen

Registers: None

Procedures

PrintMap

Task: This is printing the initial map on the screen.

Input: None.

Output: The map on the screen.

Registers: None.

RandomData

Task: This is generation a random data in a given range.

Input: BX <- Min, CX <- Max, DI <- The pointer to the data.

Output: Random data.

Registers: AX, BX, CX, DX, DI

MoveMap

Task: This is moving the map left and adding a new part if needed.

Input: None.

Output: The map will be moved but not redrawn.

Registers: AX, BX, CX, DX, SI, DI

Procedures

PrintScore

Task: This is printing the score on the screen.

Input: Score.

Output: The score on the screen.

Registers: None.

PrintCoins

Task: This is printing the coins on the screen.

Input: Coins.

Output: The coins on the screen.

Registers: None.

PrintTime

Task: This is printing the time on the screen.

Input: Time.

Output: The time on the screen.

Registers: AX, CX, DX, SI, BP

Procedures

NumToStr

Task: This is converting a number to a string.

Input: AX <- Number, BP <- The minimum characters,
SI <- Pointer to the string that will hold the number.

Output: The number in the given string.

Registers: AX, BX, SI, DX, BP

FixMap

Task: This is fixing the map on movement.

Input: None.

Output: The map on the screen fixed after movement.

Registers: AX, BX, SI

FixTallPart

Task: This is fixing the tall part on movement.

Input: BX <- The address of the map offset,
Temp <- The part' number.

Output: The tall part on the screen fixed.

Registers: AX, BX, CX, DI

Procedures

FixHolePart

Task: This is fixing the hole part on movement.

Input: BX <- The address of the map offset,
Temp <- The part' number.

Output: The hole part on the screen fixed.

Registers: AX, CX, DI

FixLavaPart

Task: This is fixing the lava part on movement.

Input: BX <- The address of the map offset,
Temp <- The part' number.

Output: The lava part on the screen fixed

Registers: AX, DX, CX, DI

HandleLavaColor

Task: This is handles the lava color and returns it.

Input: None.

Output: LavaCurrentColor <- The lava color

Registers: AX

Procedures

SendNoteSound

Task: This is sending the current sound note.

Input: SoundPtr <- Pointer to current sound note.

Output: The sound note playing

Registers: AX, SI

HandleCoinFound

Task: This is handling the coin collection.

Input: (X, Y) <- Interaction point with the coin

Output: The coin removed from the screen and increased amount of coins.

Registers: AX, BX, CX, DX

StartSound

Task: This is starting the sound.

Input: SoundNotes <- The notes of the sound.

Output: The sound playing in the speaker.

Registers: AX

Procedures

HandleSound

Task: This is handling the sound and switches notes when needed.

Input: SoundNotes <- The notes of the sound,
SoundDelay <- The delay between the sounds

Output: The sound playing in the speaker

Registers: AX, SI

PlayerJump

Task: This is making the player jump.

Input: PlayerJumping <- 1 To start jumping or 0 otherwise

Output: The player jumping.

Registers: AX, CX, DX

PlayerStopJump

Task: This is making the player to stop jumping smoothly.

Input: PlayerStopJump <- 1 To stop jumping or 0 otherwise.

Output: The player stops jumping.

Registers: AX, CX, DX

Procedures

PlayerGravity

Task: This is making the player to fall down

Input: None.

Output: The player falling down.

Registers: AX, CX, DX

HandleKeyFound

Task: This is handling a key collection.

Input: None.

Output: KeyFound <- True and the sound of a level pass.

Registers: None.

CheckPlayerMove

Task: This is checking if the player has moved and moving it if needed.

Input: None.

Output: The player to be moved but not redrawn

Registers: AX

Procedures

MovePlayer

Task: This is handling whatever the player should move or just the map and it's moving what's necessary + it's handling the acceleration of the player.

Input: PlayerXDelta <- The delta of the player, right or left.

Output: The player moved.

Registers: DX

CheckIfReachedWall

Task: This is checking if the player hit a wall.

Input: PlayerXDelta <- The delta of the player, right or left.

Output: The player stopped or if a coin found.

Registers: CX, DX

Procedures

StopPlayer

Task: This is stopping the player using acceleration.

Input: PlayerStop <- Should the player stop or not.

Output: The player stopped on the screen.

Registers: DX

PrintColorfulText

Task: This is printing text in a specific background and foreground color in graphic mode.

Input: SI <- Pointer to the string,
DL <- Background color,
DH <- Foreground color,
StartX, StartY <- The position of the text

Output: The text in the colors wanted on the screen

Registers: AX, CX, BX, DI, DX, ES

Procedures

Help

Task: This is displaying the help screen.

Input: None.

Output: The help screen displayed.

Registers: AX

About

Task: This is displaying the about screen.

Input: None.

Output: The about screen displayed.

Registers: AX

DrawRectangle

Task: This is drawing a rectangle on the screen.

Input: (StartX, StartY) <- Position of the rectangle,
(SizeWidth, SizeHeight) <- Size of the rectangle,
Color <- The color of the rectangle

Output: The rectangle drawn on the screen

Registers: AX, CX

Procedures

PaintScreen

Task: Paints the entire screen in 1 color.

Input: Color <- The color to paint with.

Output: The entire screen with the color.

Registers: None.

ReadPCX

Task: Reads a PCX file.

Input: FileName <- The PCX file name.

Output: FILEBUF <- The contents of the file,
FileSize <- The size of the file

Registers: AX, BX, CX, DX

DrawPCX

Task: Draws a PCX image to a specific location on the screen.

Input: StartX <- The X to start draw in,
StartY <- The Y to start draw in,
FileName <- The PCX file name

Output: The PCX on the screen.

Registers: AX, CX

Procedures

ClearSprite

Task: Removes a sprite from the screen.

Input: X, Y, Color,

CX <- Sprite' height, DX <- Sprite' width

Output: The sprite removed from the screen.

Registers: None.

PrintSprite

Task: Prints a sprite to the screen.

Input: StartX, StartY, SizeWidth, SizeHeight, SI <- Sprite' offset

Carry flag on -> Negative and Overflow check

ImageFlipped -> Is the image should be drawn flipped

Output: The sprite drawn on the screen.

Registers: AX, SI, DX

Procedures

PutPixel

Task: Write pixel to the screen.

Input: X, Y, Color

Output: The pixel on the screen.

Registers: AX, DI, ES

GetPixel

Task: Get a pixel from the screen.

Input: X, Y

Output: Color \leftarrow The color of the pixel.

Registers: AX, DI, ES

Code

File Name: **KEY_BREA.ASM**

Contents: The file contains all the logic of the game including the main menu, the game menu, the game itself and a lot more..

```

;-----
; PURPOSE : Final Project - Key Breaker
; SYSTEM  : Turbo Assembler Ideal Mode
; AUTHOR   : Almog Hamdani
;-----

%TITLE "Key Breaker"

                IDEAL

                MODEL small

                STACK 256

                P386

;-----
; ClearScreen - Clears the screen in graphic mode
;-----
; Input:
;     None
; Output:
;     None
; Registers:
;     AX
;-----
MACRO ClearScreen
    mov ax, 13h
    int 10h
ENDM ClearScreen

;-----
; CopyString - Copy a string to string
;-----
; Input:
;     STR1 - The src string, STR2 - The dst string, LEN - The length of the
src string
; Output:
;     The src in the dst string
; Registers:
;     AX, DX, ES, SI, DI, CX
;-----
MACRO CopyString STR1, STR2, LEN
    mov dx, es ; Save extra segment original

;----- Set es as data segment
    mov ax, ds
    mov es, ax

    lea si, [STR1]
    lea di, [STR2]
    mov cx, LEN
    rep movsb

    mov es, dx
ENDM CopyString

```

```

;-----
; DrawRect - Draws a rectangle on the screen
;-----
; Input:
;     X, Y, SizeHeight, SizeWidth
; Output:
;     The rectangle on the screen
; Registers:
;     None
;-----
MACRO DrawRect X, Y, Width, Height, Clr
    mov [Color], Clr
    mov [StartX], X
    mov [StartY], Y
    mov [SizeWidth], Width
    mov [SizeHeight], Height

    pusha
    call DrawRectangle
    popa
ENDM DrawRect

;-----
; FillArray - Fills an array with a specific value
;-----
; Input:
;     Array, Value, Len, Size <- The size of each element in the array,
Offset <- The distance from each element to element
; Output:
;     The values in the array
; Registers:
;     DI, CX
;-----
MACRO FillArray Array, Value, Len, Size, Offset
    local ValueLoop
    lea di, [Array] ; Point to array
    mov cx, Len ; Set the amount of values to be changed

ValueLoop:
    mov [Size di], Value ; Set the value

    add di, Offset
    loop ValueLoop
ENDM FillArray

```

```

;-----
; PrintStringWithNumbers - Fills an array with a specific value
;-----
; Input:
;     String <- The name of the string var
;     Number <- The name of the number var
;     BG <- The background color
;     FG <- The foreground color
;     Numoffset <- Where to put the number in the string
;     MinChars <- Minimum amount of characters
;     Position: X, Y
; Output:
;     The values in the array
; Registers:
;     DI, CX
;-----
MACRO PrintStringWithNumbers String, Number, BG, FG, NumOffset, MinChars, X,
Y
;----- Copy the number to the string by converting it
    lea si, [String]
    add si, NumOffset ; Set where to set the score in the string
    mov ax, [Number]
    mov bp, MinChars ; Minimum amount of chars
    call NumToStr
    mov [byte si], 0 ; Set end of the string

;----- Print the string onto the screen
    lea si, [String]
    mov dl, BG ; Background color
    mov dh, FG ; Foreground color

;----- Set position of the text
    mov [StartX], X
    mov [StartY], Y

    call PrintColorfulText
ENDM PrintStringWithNumbers

```

```

;-----
; DrawPlayer - Draws the player
;-----
; Input:
;     PlayerX, PlayerY
; Output:
;     The player on the screen
; Registers:
;     AX, CX, DX, SI, ES
;-----
MACRO DrawPlayer
;----- Set player' position

    mov ax, [PlayerX]
    mov [StartX], ax

    mov ax, [PlayerY]
    mov [StartY], ax

;----- Set the size of the player
    mov [SizeHeight], PlayerHeight
    mov [SizeWidth], PlayerWidth

    lea si, [PlayerPic]

;----- Calculate the frame offset using mul with the current frame and the
size of each frame
    xor ax, ax
    mov al, [PlayerCurrentFrame]
    xor dx, dx
    mov cx, PlayerHeight * PlayerWidth
    mul cx

    add si, ax

;----- Set whatever the player should be drawn flipped
    mov al, [PlayerFlipped]
    mov [ImageFlipped], al

    cld ; Clear carry flag so that the function won't check for overflow
and negative position
    call PrintSprite
ENDM

```

;----Constants-----

```
PlayerMaxFrameDelay      equ 7

DotJump                  equ 33
DotStartX                equ 105
DotStartY                equ 75

ScreenWidth              equ 320
GameBackgroundColor      equ 53
FloorY                   equ 150
DistanceFromWall         equ 5
MidScreen                equ 160
EndScreen                equ 320
MaxX                     equ (ScreenWidth - PlayerWidth)
MinX                     equ 0
MaxY                     equ 20

PlayerFloorDist          equ 0
PlayerJumpHeight         equ (100 - PlayerHeight)

FloorColor               equ 15
FloorSize                equ 10
FlatFloor                equ 1
FlatFloorCoinXRangeMin   equ 20
FlatFloorCoinXRangeMax   equ MidScreen - 20
FlatFloorCoinYRangeMin   equ (FloorY - PlayerJumpHeight) + 20
FlatFloorCoinYRangeMax   equ (FloorY - CoinMinDist - CoinPicHeight)

TallFloor                equ 2
TallFloorHeightRangeMin  equ 40
TallFloorHeightRangeMax  equ 65
TallFloorWidthRangeMin   equ 30
TallFloorWidthRangeMax   equ 50
TallLowerFlatLength      equ 50

HoleFloor                equ 3
HoleFloorWidthRangeMin   equ 40
HoleFloorWidthRangeMax   equ 80
HoleFloorCoinYRangeMin   equ (FloorY - PlayerJumpHeight)
HoleFloorCoinYRangeMax   equ (FloorY - CoinMinDist - CoinPicHeight -
65)

LavaFloor                equ 5
LavaHeight               equ 25
LavaColorRangeStart      equ 40
LavaColorRangeEnd        equ 42
LavaColorBlocksChange    equ 2
LavaLowerFlatLength      equ 20
LavaLength                equ (160 - LavaLowerFlatLength * 2 -
FloorSize * 2)
LavaUpperWidthRangeMin   equ 20
LavaUpperWidthRangeMax   equ (LavaLength - 20)
LavaUpperHeightRangeMin  equ 80
LavaUpperHeightRangeMax  equ 105
LavaWallsHeight          equ 45
```

MaxHVelocity	equ 15
MaxHDelay	equ 19
MaxVVelocity	equ 8
MaxVDelay	equ 10
False	equ 0
True	equ 1
ScoreX	equ 5
ScoreY	equ 5
TimeX	equ (ScreenWidth - 45)
TimeY	equ 5
CoinsX	equ (ScreenWidth - 90)
CoinsY	equ 5
EscapeScanCode	equ 1
RScanCode	equ 13h
UpArrowScanCode	equ 72
DownArrowScanCode	equ 80
RightArrowScanCode	equ 77
LeftArrowScanCode	equ 75
ReleasedRightArrowScanCode	equ 11001101b
ReleasedLeftArrowScanCode	equ 11001011b
EnterScanCode	equ 28
SpaceScanCode	equ 57
ReleasedSpaceScanCode	equ 10111001b
AnimationCountMax	equ 15
CoinMinDist	equ 5
KeyRangeStart	equ 0
KeyRangeEnd	equ 9
CurrentDigitTextX	equ 18
CurrentDigitTextY	equ Midscreen - 55
TargetScoreTextX	equ 18
TargetScoreTextY	equ CurrentDigitTextY + 15
TargetCoinsTextX	equ EndScreen - 140
TargetCoinsTextY	equ Midscreen - 55
TimeTextX	equ EndScreen - 140
TimeTextY	equ Midscreen - 40
TotalScoreTextX	equ MidScreen - 60
TotalScoreTextY	equ MidScreen - 4
DigitTimeY	equ 80
CoinYellowColor	equ 42
WhiteColor	equ 15
GameMenuBGColor	equ 21
RedColor	equ 40


```

CoinValue                equ 2
CoinBorderColor          equ 0

KeyBorderColor           equ 17

KeyInitialX              equ EndScreen + MidScreen + 20
KeyInitialY              equ FloorY - KeyPicHeight - 10

SoundCoinDelayMax        equ 40
SoundKeyDelayMax         equ 0A000h
SoundMenuDelayMax        equ 6000h

;-----

                DATASEG

PCXErrorMessage          db 'An error occurred during drawing PCX file!
Please try again!$'
FileHandle               dw ?
FileName                 db 30 dup (?)
FileSize                 dw ?
ImageHeight              dw ?
ImageWidth               dw ?
ImageFlipped             db False
StartX                   dw ?
StartY                   dw ?

X                         dw ?
Y                         dw ?
Color                    db ?

SizeHeight               dw ?
SizeWidth                dw ?
SkipColumns              dw 0

Temp                     dw ?
TempByte                 db ?

MapOrder                 db FlatFloor, FlatFloor, FlatFloor
MapOffset                dw 0, MidScreen, EndScreen
MapDataHeight            dw 0, 0, 0
MapDataWidth             dw 0, 0, 0
MapCoin                  db False, False, False
MapCoinX                 dw 0, 0, 0
MapCoinY                 dw 0, 0, 0

LavaColorBlocksCounter   db 0
LavaCurrentColor          db LavaColorRangeStart
LavaCurrentColorOffset   db 1

PlayerFrameCurrentDelay   db 0
PlayerCurrentFrame        db 1

PlayerFlipped            db False
PlayerX                   dw ?
PlayerY                   dw ?
PlayerDead                db False

```

PlayerXDelta	dw 0
PlayerHVelocity	dw 0
CurrentHDelay	dw 0
PlayerStop	db False
PlayerVVelocity	dw 0
CurrentVDelay	dw 0
PlayerJumpMaxY	dw 0
PlayerJumping	db False
PlayerStopJumping	db False
PlayerOnGround	db True
OpeningFileName	db 'visuals\open.pcx\$'
OpeningNameLen	equ 17
MenuFileName	db 'visuals\menu.pcx\$'
MenuNameLen	equ 17
LostFileName	db 'visuals\lost.pcx\$'
LostNameLen	equ 17
GameMenuFileName	db 'visuals\game.pcx\$'
GameMenuNameLen	equ 17
HelpFileName	db 'visuals\help.pcx\$'
HelpNameLen	equ 17
ExitFileName	db 'visuals\exit.pcx\$'
ExitNameLen	equ 17
DigitUnlockFileName	db 'visuals\digit.pcx\$'
DigitUnlockNameLen	equ 18
AboutFileName	db 'visuals\about.pcx\$'
AboutNameLen	equ 18
WinFileName	db 'visuals\win.pcx\$'
WinNameLen	equ 17
GameExplantationFileName	db 'visuals\explain.pcx\$'
GameExplantationNameLen	equ 21
DotOffset	dw 0
OptionSelected	db 1
ScanCode	dw ?
HelpText	db "Get help here!", 13, 10, '\$'
AboutText	db "Made by Almog Hamdani!", 13, 10, '\$'
Score	dw 0
ScoreText	db "Score: ", 20 dup(0)
LevelTime	dw 0
Time	dw 0
TimeText	db 20 dup(0)

Coins	dw 0
CoinsText	db 20 dup(0)
TextBitmap	dw 4 dup(?)
PreviousSeconds	db 0
AnimationCounter	db 0
CoinFrame	dw 0
Key	dw 6 dup(0)
KeyUnlocked	db True, 5 dup(True)
KeyTimes	dw 6 dup(?)
TargetScore	dw 150
TargetScoreText	db 'Target score : ', 10 dup(?)
TargetCoins	dw 15
TargetCoinsText	db 'Target coins: ', 10 dup(?)
TargetTimeText	db 'Time: ', 10 dup(?)
CurrentDigitText	db 'Current digit: ', 5 dup(?)
CurrentDigit	dw 1
TotalScore	dw 0
TotalScoreText	db 'Total score: ', 10 dup (?)
DigitX	dw ?
DigitY	dw ?
GameScoreRangeStart	dw 10, 10, 20, 20, 60, 60
GameScoreRangeEnd	dw 20, 20, 60, 60, 120, 120
GameCoinsRangeStart	dw 2, 2, 5, 5, 15, 15
GameCoinsRangeEnd	dw 5, 5, 15, 15, 30, 30
GameTimes	dw 120, 90, 300, 240, 480, 390
KeyX	dw KeyInitialX
KeyY	dw KeyInitialY
KeyFound	db False
PlayerFinishedLevel	db False
SoundNotes	dw 20 dup(-1)
SoundCounter	dw 0
SoundPtr	dw offset SoundNotes
SoundStarted	db False
SoundDelay	dw ?
KeyDigitFileName	db 'digits\0.pcx\$'
KeyDigitNameDigitOffset	equ 7
KeyDigitNameLen	equ 13
LockFileName	db 'digits\lock.pcx\$'

```

LockNameLen                equ 16

INCLUDE 'PICS.INC'

                CODESEG

Start:
    ; Set data segment
    mov ax, @data
    mov ds, ax

    ; Set video memory as extra segment
    mov ax, 0A000h
    mov es, ax

    ; Set graphic mode
    mov ax, 13h
    int 10h

PrintOpeningScreen:
    CopyString OpeningFileName, FileName, OpeningNameLen
    mov [StartX], 0
    mov [StartY], 0

    call DrawPCX

    ; Wait for input
    xor ah, ah
    int 16h

PrintMenu:
    ClearScreen

    CopyString MenuFileName, FileName, MenuNameLen
    mov [StartX], 0
    mov [StartY], 0

    call DrawPCX

PrintSelectDot:
    ; Set dot' position
    mov [StartX], DotStartX
    mov [StartY], DotStartY

    mov ax, [DotOffset]
    add [StartY], ax

    ; Set dot' size
    mov [SizeHeight], DotPicHeight
    mov [SizeWidth], DotPicWidth

    lea si, [DotPic] ; Set dot pic offset

    cld ; Clear carry flag so that the function won't check for overflow
and negative position
    mov [ImageFlipped], False
    call PrintSprite ; Print dot

```

```

CheckArrows:
    call HandleSound

    ; Get input from keyboard
    mov ah, 1
    int 16h

    jz CheckArrows

    push ax
    mov ah, 0Ch
    mov al, 0
    int 21h
    pop ax

    cmp ah, EnterScanCode ; Check if enter is pressed
    je JumpToSelected

    cmp ah, UpArrowScanCode ; Check if up arrow was pressed
    je HandleUp

    cmp ah, DownArrowScanCode ; Check if down arrow was pressed
    je HandleDown

    jmp CheckArrows

HandleUp:
    ; If current option is the first, don't go up
    cmp [OptionSelected], 1
    je CheckArrows

    ; Set the notes' frequency
    mov [SoundNotes], 4063
    mov [SoundNotes + 2], -1 ; End of notes
    mov [SoundDelay], SoundMenuDelayMax
    call StartSound

    ; Set dot' position
    mov [X], dotStartX
    mov [Y], DotStartY

    mov ax, [DotOffset]
    add [Y], ax

    ; Set dot' size
    mov cx, DotPicHeight
    mov dx, DotPicWidth

    call ClearSprite

    dec [OptionSelected] ; Set option to be the previous
    sub [DotOffset], DotJump ; Set current offset

    jmp PrintSelectDot ; Print dot again

HandleDown:
    ; If current option is the last, don't go down

```

```

    cmp [OptionSelected], 4
    je CheckArrows

    ; Set the notes' frequency
    mov [SoundNotes], 4063
    mov [SoundNotes + 2], -1 ; End of notes
    mov [SoundDelay], SoundMenuDelayMax
    call StartSound

    ; Set dot' position
    mov [X], dotStartX
    mov [Y], DotStartY

    mov ax, [DotOffset]
    add [Y], ax

    ; Set dot' size
    mov cx, DotPicHeight
    mov dx, DotPicWidth

    call ClearSprite

    inc [OptionSelected] ; Set option to be the next
    add [DotOffset], DotJump ; Set current offset

    jmp PrintSelectDot ; Print dot again

JumpToSelected:
;----- Set text mode
    mov ax, 13h
    int 10h

;----- Jump to the selected option
    cmp [OptionSelected], 1
    je StartGame

    cmp [OptionSelected], 2
    je ShowHelp

    cmp [OptionSelected], 3
    je ShowAbout

    jmp Exit

StartGame:
    call GameMenu
    jmp PrintMenu

ShowHelp:
    call Help
    jmp PrintMenu

ShowAbout:
    call About
    jmp PrintMenu

Exit:

```

```

;----- Stop sound - Get the current status from port 61h
    in al, 61h

;----- Turn off bits 0 and 1 in order to stop the sound and send back to the
port
    and al, 11111100b
    out 61h, al

;----- Draw the exit PCX image
CopyString ExitFileName, FileName, ExitNameLen
    mov [StartX], 0
    mov [StartY], 0

    call DrawPCX

;----- Wait for keyboard press
    xor ah, ah
    int 16h

;----- Set text mode
    mov ax, 3h
    int 10h

;----- Exit
    mov ax, 4C00h
    int 21h

;-----PROC-----

;-----
;GameMenu - This is handling the menu of the game and shows the key to the
user.
;-----
;Input:
;    None
;Output:
;    The game and it's menu
;Registers:
;    AX, SI
;-----
PROC GameMenu
;----- Initialize variables
    mov [TotalScore], 0
    mov [CurrentDigit], 1
    FillArray KeyUnlocked, False, 6, byte, 1
    FillArray KeyTimes, 100, 6, word, 2

;----- Randomize key
    call RandomizeKey

@@GameExplantion:
;----- Print the game explantion picture
CopyString GameExplantionFileName, FileName, GameExplantionNameLen
    mov [StartX], 0
    mov [StartY], 0
    call DrawPCX

```

```

        call DrawKeyNumbers

;-----      Wait for key
        xor ah, ah
        int 16h

@@DrawUI:
;-----      Print the game menu picture
        CopyString GameMenuFileName, FileName, GameMenuNameLen
        mov [StartX], 0
        mov [StartY], 0
        call DrawPCX

;-----      Print UI
        call DrawKeyNumbers
        call RandomizeDigitInfo
        call DrawCurrentDigitInfo

@@GetKey:
;-----      Wait for keyboard press
        xor ah, ah
        int 16h

;-----      Check if enter is pressed
        cmp ah, EnterScanCode
        je @@StartGame

;-----      If escape is pressed, return to main menu
        cmp ah, EscapeScanCode
        je @@Return

        jmp @@GetKey

@@StartGame:
;-----      Get offset
        mov si, [CurrentDigit] ; Get the current digit
        dec si ; The array of ranges is starting with 0
        shl si, 1 ; Get the offset in words so mul by 2

;-----      Get the time for the digit and set it in the level time
        mov ax, [GameTimes + si]
        mov [LevelTime], ax

        call Game

;-----      Clean keyboard buffer
        mov ah, 0Ch
        mov al, 0
        int 21h

;-----      Check if the key was found, if it is found, reveal the digit, else
just return to menu
        cmp [KeyFound], True
        je @@AfterGame

        jmp @@DrawUI

```



```

@@AfterGame:
;----- Print the digit unlock picture before adding the new one
CopyString DigitUnlockFileName, FileName, DigitUnlockNameLen
mov [StartX], 0
mov [StartY], 0
call DrawPCX

;----- Skip the note that was played during the print
; Set in the counter the sound delay - 1 because it is increasing it
to skip the note
mov ax, [SoundDelay]
dec ax
mov [SoundCounter], ax

@@WaitForKeyAndSound:
call HandleSound

;----- Check if the sound is finished, if it isn't return again
cmp [SoundStarted], False
jne @@WaitForKeyAndSound

;----- Get if the keyboard was pressed
mov ah, 1
int 16h

jz @@WaitForKeyAndSound

;----- Clean keyboard buffer
mov ah, 0Ch
mov al, 0
int 21h

;----- Get offset for the digit
mov si, [CurrentDigit] ; Get the current digit
dec si ; The array of ranges is starting with 0
mov [KeyUnlocked + si], True

;----- Get the time that the level took for the user
mov ax, [LevelTime]
sub ax, [Time]

shl si, 1 ; Get the offset in words so mul by 2
mov [KeyTimes + si], ax ; Set time
inc [CurrentDigit] ; Move to next digit

;----- Add score to total score
mov ax, [Score]
add [TotalScore], ax

cmp [CurrentDigit], 6 + 1
jge @@FinishGame

jmp @@DrawUI

@@FinishGame:
;----- Print the win picture
CopyString WinFileName, FileName, WinNameLen

```

```

    mov [StartX], 0
    mov [StartY], 0
    call DrawPCX

;----- Printing keys and total score
    call DrawKeyNumbers
    PrintStringWithNumbers TotalScoreText, TotalScore, GameMenuBGColor,
RedColor, 15, 0, TotalScoreTextX, TotalScoreTextY

;----- Wait for keyboard press
    xor ah, ah
    int 16h

@@Return:
    ret
ENDP GameMenu

;-----
;RandomizeDigitInfo - This is giving a random score and coins based on the
specific digit (level)
;-----
;Input:
;    CurrentDigit
;Output:
;    TargetScore and TargetCoins for the level
;Registers:
;    BX, CX, SI, DI
;-----
PROC RandomizeDigitInfo
;----- Get offset
    mov si, [CurrentDigit] ; Get the current digit
    dec si ; The array of ranges is starting with 0
    shl si, 1 ; Get the offset in words so mul by 2

;----- Get random score for level
    mov bx, [GameScoreRangeStart + si] ; Min
    mov cx, [GameScoreRangeEnd + si] ; Max
    lea di, [TargetScore]
    call RandomData

;----- Get random coins for level
    mov bx, [GameCoinsRangeStart + si] ; Min
    mov cx, [GameCoinsRangeEnd + si] ; Max
    lea di, [TargetCoins]
    call RandomData

    ret
ENDP RandomizeDigitInfo

;-----
;PrintTimeForDigit - This is drawing the time for a given digit
;-----
;Input:
;    SI <- Pointer to the current digit in key
;Output:
;    The time under the digit
;Registers:

```

```

;      AX, CX, DX, BP, SI
;-----
PROC PrintTimeForDigit
;----- Get the time for the digit
      sub si, offset Key ; Get the offset of the current key
      add si, offset KeyTimes ; Add the var to the offset to get the time
      mov ax, [word si] ; Take the time

;----- Get minutes and seconds from time
      xor dx, dx ; Reset dx for div
      mov cx, 60 ; Divide by 60 seconds
      div cx

;----- Convert minutes to text
      push dx ; Save seconds
      mov bp, 2 ; Amount of chars
      lea si, [TimeText] ; Point to the text holder of the Time
      call NumToStr

      mov [byte si], ':' ; Put divider between minutes and seconds
      inc si

;----- Convert minutes to text
      pop ax ; Get seconds from stack
      mov bp, 2 ; Amount of chars
      call NumToStr

      mov [byte si], 0 ; Set end of the string

;----- Get the x for the time from the digit x
      mov ax, [DigitX]
      add ax, 5
      mov [StartX], ax

      mov [StartY], DigitTimeY

;----- Print time
      lea si, [TimeText]
      mov dl, GameMenuBGColor ; Set text background
      mov dh, WhiteColor ; Set foreground color, red color
      call PrintColorfulText

      ret
ENDP PrintTimeForDigit

;-----
;DrawCurrentDigitInfo - This is drawing the info for the current digit
;(level) and the total score
;-----
;Input:
;      CurrentDigit
;Output:
;      The info on the screen
;Registers:
;      SI, AX, DX, CX, BP
;-----
PROC DrawCurrentDigitInfo

```

```

        PrintStringWithNumbers CurrentDigitText, CurrentDigit,
GameMenuBGColor, GameBackgroundColor, 15, 0, CurrentDigitTextX,
CurrentDigitTextY
        PrintStringWithNumbers TargetScoreText, TargetScore, GameMenuBGColor,
WhiteColor, 15, 0, TargetScoreTextX, TargetScoreTextY
        PrintStringWithNumbers TargetCoinsText, TargetCoins, GameMenuBGColor,
CoinYellowColor, 14, 0, TargetCoinsTextX, TargetCoinsTextY
        PrintStringWithNumbers TotalScoreText, TotalScore, GameMenuBGColor,
RedColor, 13, 0, TotalScoreTextX, TotalScoreTextY

;----- Get offset
        mov si, [CurrentDigit] ; Get the current digit
        dec si ; The array of ranges is starting with 0
        shl si, 1 ; Get the offset in words so mul by 2

;----- Get the time for the digit
        mov ax, [GameTimes + si]

;----- Get minutes and seconds from time
        xor dx, dx ; Reset dx for div
        mov cx, 60 ; Divide by 60 seconds
        div cx

;----- Convert minutes to text
        push dx ; Save seconds
        mov bp, 2 ; Amount of chars
        lea si, [TargetTimeText + 6] ; Point to the text holder of the Time
        call NumToStr

        mov [byte si], ':' ; Put divider between minutes and seconds
        inc si

;----- Convert minutes to text
        pop ax ; Get seconds from stack
        mov bp, 2 ; Amount of chars
        call NumToStr

        mov [byte si], 0 ; Set end of the string

;----- Set the location of the text
        mov [StartX], TimeTextX
        mov [StartY], TimeTextY

;----- Print time
        lea si, [TargetTimeText]
        mov dl, GameMenuBGColor ; Set text background
        mov dh, WhiteColor ; Set foreground color, red color
        call PrintColorfulText
        ret
ENDP DrawCurrentDigitInfo

;-----
;DrawKeyNumbers - This is drawing the digits of the key or a lock if not
unlocked yet
;-----
;Input:
;        None

```

```

;Output:
;   The digits or the lock on the screen in the key position
;Registers:
;   AX, BP, DI, SI
;-----
PROC DrawKeyNumbers
    lea di, [KeyUnlocked] ; Point to the array that contains the whatever
the digit is unlocked or not
    lea si, [Key] ; Point to the current key' digit
    mov [Temp], 6 ; Move 6 times as there is 6 digits

;----- Set first digit position
    mov [DigitX], 18
    mov [DigitY], 17

@@DigitLoop:
;----- Check if the current digit is unlocked, if it is draw it
    cmp [byte di], True
    je @@DrawDigit

@@DrawLock:
;----- Set position of the lock to be drawn
    mov ax, [DigitX]
    mov [StartX], ax

    mov ax, [DigitY]
    mov [StartY], ax

;----- Draw the lock
    pusha
    CopyString LockFileName, FileName, LockNameLen ; Set the name of the
file
    popa

    pusha
    call DrawPCX
    popa

    jmp @@LoopCheck

@@DrawDigit:
;----- Set position of the question mark to be drawn
    mov ax, [DigitX]
    mov [StartX], ax

    mov ax, [DigitY]
    mov [StartY], ax

;----- Get the file name for the digit
    pusha
    mov ax, [si] ; Take the current key' digit
    mov bp, 0 ; No need for leading zeros
    lea si, [KeyDigitFileName + KeyDigitNameDigitOffset] ; Get where to
put the digit
    call NumToStr
    popa

```

```

;----- Draw the digit
    pusha
    CopyString KeyDigitFileName, FileName, KeyDigitNameLen ; Set the name
of the file
    popa

    pusha
    call DrawPCX
    popa

;----- Print time for the digit
    pusha
    call PrintTimeForDigit
    popa

@@LoopCheck:
    add [DigitX], 47

    inc di
    add si, 2

;----- Check if the finished 6 digits to print
    dec [Temp]
    jnz @@DigitLoop

    ret
ENDP DrawKeyNumbers

;-----
;RandomizeKey - This is generation a random 6-digit key
;-----
;Input:
;    None
;Output:
;    The random key in the key var
;Registers:
;    AX, BX, CX, DI
;-----
PROC RandomizeKey
    lea di, [Key] ; Point to the key holder

@@GenerateKey:
;----- Set min and max for the digit
    mov bx, KeyRangeStart
    mov cx, KeyRangeEnd

    call RandomData ; Generate random digit

    add di, 2 ; Move to next digit

;----- Get the last byte that contains the key
    lea ax, [Key]
    add ax, 5 * 2

;----- Loop the generator until finished 6 digits
    cmp di, ax
    jbe @@GenerateKey

```

```

        ret
ENDP RandomizeKey

;-----
;RandomizeKey - This is initializing the variables of the game
;-----
;Input:
;      None
;Output:
;      The game variables initiated
;Registers:
;      AX, ES
;-----
PROC InitGameVariables
;----- Set video memory
        mov ax, 0A000h
        mov es, ax

;----- Initialize variables
        mov [PlayerDead], False
        mov [Score], 0
        mov [Coins], 0

        mov ax, [LevelTime]
        mov [Time], ax

        mov [KeyFound], False
        mov [PlayerFinishedLevel], False

        mov [KeyX], KeyInitialX
        mov [KeyY], KeyInitialY

        mov [PlayerXDelta], 0
        mov [PlayerHVelocity], 0
        mov [CurrentHDelay], 0
        mov [PlayerStop], False

        mov [PlayerVVelocity], 0
        mov [CurrentVDelay], 0
        mov [PlayerJumpMaxY], 0
        mov [PlayerJumping], False
        mov [PlayerStopJumping], False
        mov [PlayerOnGround], True

; Reset parts
        mov [MapOrder], FlatFloor
        mov [MapOrder + 1], FlatFloor
        mov [MapOrder + 2], FlatFloor

; Reset offsets
        mov [MapOffset], 0
        mov [MapOffset + 2], MidScreen
        mov [MapOffset + 4], EndScreen

; Reset data
        mov [MapDataHeight], 0

```

```

    mov [MapDataHeight + 2], 0
    mov [MapDataHeight + 4], 0

    ; Reset data
    mov [MapDataWidth], 0
    mov [MapDataWidth + 2], 0
    mov [MapDataWidth + 4], 0

    ; Reset data
    mov [MapCoin], False
    mov [MapCoin + 1], False
    mov [MapCoin + 2], False

    mov [PlayerCurrentFrame], 1 ; Set the second frame of the player to
be first

    ret
ENDP InitGameVariables

;-----
;Game - This proc is starting the game for the current level
;-----
;Input:
;    TargetScore, TargetCoins and Time
;Output:
;    The game playable to the user
;Registers:
;    AX, BX, CX, DX, SI, DI, ES
;-----
PROC Game
@@InitGame:
    call InitGameVariables

;----- Game
;    Setting background color
    mov [Color], GameBackgroundColor
    call PaintScreen

;----- Printing UI
    call PrintScore
    call PrintCoins
    call PrintTime

;----- Printing the coin besides the coins amount
    mov [StartY], CoinsY - 3
    mov [StartX], CoinsX - CoinPicWidth - 3
    mov [SizeWidth], CoinPicWidth
    mov [SizeHeight], CoinPicHeight
    lea si, [CoinPic]
    cld ; Clear carry so that additional checks will not be executed
    mov [ImageFlipped], False ; Print the coin normal without flip
    call PrintSprite

;----- Printing the time icon besides the coins amount
    mov [StartY], TimeY - 3
    mov [StartX], TimeX - TimePicWidth - 3
    mov [SizeWidth], TimePicWidth

```



```

    mov [SizeHeight], TimePicHeight
    lea si, [TimePic]
    cld ; Clear carry so that additional checks will not be executed
    mov [ImageFlipped], False ; Print the coin normal without flip
    call PrintSprite

    call PrintMap

;----- Set player' position
    mov [PlayerFlipped], False
    mov [PlayerX], 50
    mov [PlayerY], FloorY - PlayerHeight - PlayerFloorDist

    DrawPlayer

;----- Reset real time clock to 00:00:00
    mov ah, 03h
    xor cx, cx
    xor dx, dx
    int 1Ah

@@Loop:
    call AnimationHandler
    call HandleSound

;----- Get real time clock
    mov ah, 02h
    int 1Ah

;----- Check if the seconds were changed, if it wasn't, continue, else,
handle time
    cmp dh, [PreviousSeconds]
    je @@Key
    call TimeHandler

@@Key:
    call CheckPlayerMove

;----- Check if the player is dead
    cmp [PlayerDead], True
    je @@ShowLostPic

;----- Check if the user pressed to jump, if he did, go to check if he could
jump
    cmp al, SpaceScanCode
    je @@JumpCheck

;----- Checking if escape is pressed, for now it's leaving the game
    dec al
    jz @@Return

@@Normal:
;----- Calling all movement functions because they all know how to handle
according to boolean variables
    call StopPlayer
    call PlayerJump
    call PlayerStopJump

```

```

    call PlayerGravity

;----- Checking if the player is death or he passed the level
    call CheckPlayerDeath
    call CheckPlayerWin

;----- If the key was found, return
    cmp [KeyFound], True
    je @@Return

    DrawPlayer

    jmp @@Loop

@@JumpCheck:
;----- Check if the player is on the ground, if it isn't skip the jump to
prevent multiple jumps and bugs.
    cmp [PlayerOnGround], True
    jne @@Normal ; Return if not on ground

;----- Check if the current y - jump height is after max y
    mov dx, [PlayerY]
    sub dx, PlayerJumpHeight

    cmp dx, MaxY
    jge @@Jump

    mov dx, MaxY ; Set max jump y as max y

@@Jump:
    mov [PlayerJumpMaxY], dx ; Set the jump max as dx, defined before
    mov [PlayerJumping], True
    mov [PlayerOnGround], False

    jmp @@Normal ; Do as normal as well

@@Return:
;----- Clean keyboard buffer
    mov ah, 0Ch
    mov al, 0
    int 21h

    ret

@@ShowLostPic:
;----- Play key sound
; Set the notes' frequency
    mov [word SoundNotes], 1140
    mov [word SoundNotes + 2], 1207
    mov [word SoundNotes + 4], 1355
    mov [word SoundNotes + 6], 1436
    mov [word SoundNotes + 8], -1 ; End of notes
    mov [SoundDelay], SoundKeyDelayMax
    call StartSound

;----- Print the you lost picture
    CopyString LostFileName, FileName, LostNameLen

```

```

    mov [StartX], 0
    mov [StartY], 0

    call DrawPCX

;----- Skip the note that was played during the print
; Set in the counter the sound delay - 1 because it is increasing it
to skip the note
    mov ax, [SoundDelay]
    dec ax
    mov [SoundCounter], ax

;----- Clear buffer
    mov ah, 0ch
    mov al, 0h
    int 21h

@@WaitForKeyAndSound:
    call HandleSound

;----- Check if the sound is finished, if it isn't return again
    cmp [SoundStarted], False
    jne @@WaitForKeyAndSound

;----- Get a key from the user, don't wait so that we can handle the sound
    mov ah, 1
    int 16h

;----- While nothing was pressed just handle the sound
    jz @@WaitForKeyAndSound

;----- Restart game
    cmp ah, RScanCode
    je @@InitGame

;----- Return to menu
    cmp ah, EscapeScanCode
    je @@Return

    jmp @@WaitForKeyAndSound
ENDP Game

;-----
;DrawKeyIfNeeded - This is drawing the key if the player reached the target
;-----
;Input:
;    PlayerFinishedLevel <- Did the player reach the target
;Output:
;    The key on the map if needed
;Registers:
;    AX, SI
;-----
PROC DrawKeyIfNeeded
;----- Check if player finished the level
    cmp [PlayerFinishedLevel], True
    jne @@Return

```

```

;----- Set position
    mov ax, [KeyX]
    mov [StartX], ax

    mov ax, [KeyY]
    mov [StartY], ax

;----- Draw the key
    mov [SizeWidth], KeyPicWidth
    mov [SizeHeight], KeyPicHeight
    lea si, [KeyPic]
    stc ; Check for overflows
    call PrintSprite

    dec [KeyX]

@@Return:
    ret
ENDP DrawKeyIfNeeded

;-----
;CheckPlayerWin - This is checking if the player reached the target score and
coins
;-----
;Input:
;    Score, Coins
;Output:
;    PlayerFinishedLevel <- If the player finished it is true, else false
;Registers:
;    AX
;-----
PROC CheckPlayerWin
;----- Check if player hasn't reached the target score yet
    mov ax, [TargetScore]
    cmp [Score], ax
    jl @@Return

;----- Check if player hasn't reached the target coins yet
    mov ax, [TargetCoins]
    cmp [Coins], ax
    jl @@Return

@@Finished:
    mov [PlayerFinishedLevel], True
    ret

@@Return:
    mov [PlayerFinishedLevel], False
    ret
ENDP CheckPlayerWin

;-----
;CheckPlayerDeath - This is checking if the player should die (checking if
fell of map)
;-----
;Input:
;    PlayerX, PlayerY <- Position of the player

```

```

;Output:
;      PlayerDead <- Is the player dead or alive
;Registers:
;      None
;-----
PROC CheckPlayerDeath
    cmp [PlayerY], FloorY + 20
    jg @@PlayerDeath
    ret

@@PlayerDeath:
    mov [PlayerDead], True
    ret
ENDP CheckPlayerDeath

;-----
;AnimationHandler - This is handling the animations in the game (The spinning
coin - gif)
;-----
;Input:
;      None
;Output:
;      The animations in the game
;Registers:
;      None
;-----
PROC AnimationHandler
;-----  Increase the animation delay counter until reached max
    inc [AnimationCounter]
    cmp [AnimationCounter], AnimationCountMax
    je @@Animate
    jmp @@Return

@@Animate:
    mov [AnimationCounter], 0

    call DrawCoinsForMap

;-----  Move to the next coin' frame
    inc [CoinFrame]
    cmp [CoinFrame], 6
    je @@ResetCoinFrame
    jmp @@Return

@@ResetCoinFrame:
    mov [CoinFrame], 0

@@Return:
    ret
ENDP AnimationHandler

;-----
;DrawCoinsForMap - This is drawing the coins in the map
;-----
;Input:
;      None
;Output:

```

```

;      The coins on the screen
;Registers:
;      AX, CX, SI, DI
;-----
PROC DrawCoinsForMap
;----- Init
    lea si, [MapCoin]
    mov di, 0
    mov cx, 3 ; Only three parts on screen

@@CheckForCoin:
;----- Checking if need to draw a coin in this current part
    cmp [byte si], True
    jne @@Next ; Skip the print

;----- Draw the wanted coin
    ; Set the coin' x
    mov ax, [MapCoinX + di]
    add ax, [MapOffset + di] ; Add the part' offset
    mov [StartX], ax

    ; Set the coin' y
    mov ax, [MapCoinY + di]
    mov [StartY], ax

;----- Save registers
    pusha

    call DrawCoin

;----- Return registers
    popa

@@Next:
    inc si ; Move to next map coin boolean indicator
    add di, 2 ; Move to next coin' info
    loop @@CheckForCoin

    ret
ENDP DrawCoinsForMap

;-----
;ChangePlayerFrame - This is changing the player' pic frame if needed
;-----
;Input:
;      PlayerXDelta <- Is the player moving left or right (-1, 1)
;Output:
;      The player frame changed
;Registers:
;      AX, CX, SI, DI
;-----
PROC ChangePlayerFrame
;----- Check if the player is going left
    cmp [PlayerXDelta], -1
    je @@FlipPlayer

```

```

        mov [PlayerFlipped], False ; The normal state of the player is not
flipped
        jmp @@FrameDelay

@@FlipPlayer:
        mov [PlayerFlipped], True ; Set player flipped if delta is -1, which
means the player is going left

@@FrameDelay:
        inc [PlayerFrameCurrentDelay] ; Increase current delay

;----- If reached max frame delay, change frame and reset
        cmp [PlayerFrameCurrentDelay], PlayerMaxFrameDelay
        je @@ChangeFrame

        jmp @@Return

@@ChangeFrame:
        xor [PlayerCurrentFrame], 1 ; Change frame using xor (0 -> 1 and 1 ->
0)
        mov [PlayerFrameCurrentDelay], 0 ; Reset delay

@@Return:
        ret
ENDP ChangePlayerFrame

;-----
;DrawCoin - This is drawing a coin in a given position on the screen
;-----
;Input:
;      StartX, StartY <- Coin's position
;Output:
;      The coin on the screen
;Registers:
;      SI, DX, AX, CX
;-----
PROC DrawCoin
        lea si, [CoinPic] ; Point to the coin' frames array

;----- Get Offset for current frame
        xor dx, dx ; Reset dx for mul
        mov ax, CoinPicHeight * CoinPicWidth ; Set the size of each frame
(height * width)
        mov cx, [CoinFrame]
        mul cx

        add si, ax ; Add the calculated offset to the pointer to get the
wanted frame

;----- Draw the coin to the screen
        mov [SizeWidth], CoinPicWidth
        mov [SizeHeight], CoinPicHeight
        stc ; Turn on carry flag so that overflow and negative will be
checked for better optimization
        mov [ImageFlipped], False
        call PrintSprite
        ret

```

```

ENDP DrawCoin

;-----
;TimeHandler - This is handles the time, it is called every time a second
passed
;-----
;Input:
;      DH <- New seconds
;Output:
;      The time changed on the screen
;Registers:
;      None
;-----
PROC TimeHandler
;----- Set the new previous seconds
      mov [PreviousSeconds], dh

;----- Decrease the time and print it again
      dec [Time]
      call PrintTime

      cmp [Time], 0
      je @@KillPlayer

      jmp @@Return

@@KillPlayer:
      mov [PlayerDead], True

@@Return:
      ret
ENDP TimeHandler

;-----
;PrintMap - This is printing the initial map on the screen
;-----
;Input:
;      None
;Output:
;      The map on the screen
;Registers:
;      None
;-----
PROC PrintMap
; Draw 2 flat parts
DrawRect 0, FloorY, MidScreen, FloorSize, FloorColor
DrawRect MidScreen, FloorY, MidScreen, FloorSize, FloorColor
      ret
ENDP PrintMap

;-----
;RandomData - This is generation a random data in a given range
;-----
;Input:
;      BX <- Min, CX <- Max, DI <- The pointer to the data
;Output:
;      Random data

```



```

;Registers:
;    AX, BX, CX, DX, DI
;-----
PROC RandomData
;----- Safe check - Check if the minimum is bigger or equal than the
maximum, if it is set the rnd to be the minimum
    cmp bx, cx
    jb @@NormalRnd

;----- Set the random number as the minimum
    mov [di], bx
    ret

@@NormalRnd:
;----- Random height
    in ax, 40h ; Random number from clock

;----- Set in cx the max - min
    sub cx, bx

    xor dx, dx ; Reset dx for result
    div cx ; Divide ax in dx, the modulo will be in dx

    add dx, bx ; Add minimum for fixed range

    mov [di], dx ; Move random number to data

    ret
ENDP RandomData

;-----
;MoveMap - This is moving the map left and adding a new part if needed
;-----
;Input:
;    None
;Output:
;    The map will be moved but not redrawn
;Registers:
;    AX, BX, CX, DX, SI, DI
;-----
PROC MoveMap
;----- Decrease all parts' offsets
    lea bx, [MapOffset]
    dec [word bx]

    add bx, 2
    dec [word bx]

    add bx, 2
    dec [word bx]

;----- Check if the middle part is now the first part
    sub bx, 2
    cmp [word bx], 0
    je @@NewMapPart

    ret

```

```

@@NewMapPart:
;----- Take the part of the last part and add it as a score
    xor ax, ax
    mov al, [MapOrder]
    add [Score], ax

    call PrintScore

;----- Move all parts by 1 backwards and randomize the new one
    mov al, [MapOrder + 1]
    mov [MapOrder], al

    mov al, [MapOrder + 2]
    mov [MapOrder + 1], al

;----- Move all parts' data by 1 backwards and randomize the new one
    mov ax, [MapDataHeight + 2]
    mov [MapDataHeight], ax

    mov ax, [MapDataHeight + 4]
    mov [MapDataHeight + 2], ax

;----- Move all parts' data by 1 backwards and randomize the new one
    mov ax, [MapDataWidth + 2]
    mov [MapDataWidth], ax

    mov ax, [MapDataWidth + 4]
    mov [MapDataWidth + 2], ax

;----- Move all parts' coin indicator by 1 backwards and randomize the new
one
    mov al, [MapCoin + 1]
    mov [MapCoin], al

    mov al, [MapCoin + 2]
    mov [MapCoin + 1], al

;----- Move all parts' coin x by 1 backwards and randomize the new one
    mov ax, [MapCoinX + 2]
    mov [MapCoinX], ax

    mov ax, [MapCoinX + 4]
    mov [MapCoinX + 2], ax

;----- Move all parts' coin y by 1 backwards and randomize the new one
    mov ax, [MapCoinY + 2]
    mov [MapCoinY], ax

    mov ax, [MapCoinY + 4]
    mov [MapCoinY + 2], ax

    cmp [PlayerFinishedLevel], True
    je @@FinishFlat

;----- Random new part, 0 - 1 for now
    in ax, 40h ; Get number from time port

```

```

    xor dx, dx
    mov cx, 3 + 1 ; Between 0 - 3 (3 Types of parts)
    div cx ; Divide ax in cx, the modulo will be in dx

;----- Set in the new part, is coin available to true
    mov [MapCoin + 2], True

@@PartCheck:
    cmp dl, 0
    je @@Flat

;----- Check if the new part is a tall floor
    cmp dl, 1
    je @@Tall

;----- Check if the new part is a lava floor
    cmp dl, 2
    je @@Lava

;----- Check if the new part is a hole floor
    cmp dl, 3
    je @@Hole

@@Flat:
    mov [MapOrder + 2], FlatFloor ; Set new part as flat floor

;----- Get a random x for the coin
    lea di, [MapCoinX + 4] ; Set pointer to coin' x
    mov bx, FlatFloorCoinXRangeMin ; Set range min
    mov cx, FlatFloorCoinXRangeMax ; Set range max
    call RandomData

;----- Get a random y for the coin
    lea di, [MapCoinY + 4] ; Set pointer to coin' y
    mov bx, FlatFloorCoinYRangeMin ; Set range min
    mov cx, FlatFloorCoinYRangeMax ; Set range max
    call RandomData

    jmp @@ResetOffsets ; If none of the above, just jump to reset offsets

@@Tall:
    mov [MapOrder + 2], TallFloor ; Set new part as tall floor

;----- Get a random height for the new part
    lea di, [MapDataHeight + 4] ; Set pointer to data
    mov bx, TallFloorHeightRangeMin ; Set min
    mov cx, TallFloorHeightRangeMax ; Set max
    call RandomData

;----- Get a random width for the new part
    lea di, [MapDataWidth + 4] ; Set pointer to data
    mov bx, TallFloorWidthRangeMin ; Set min
    mov cx, TallFloorWidthRangeMax ; Set max
    call RandomData

;----- Set x as the middle of the part
    mov [MapCoinX + 4], (MidScreen / 2) - (CoinPicHeight / 2) - 15

```

```

;----- Get a random y for the coin
lea di, [MapCoinY + 4] ; Set pointer to coin' y
mov bx, (MaxY + CoinMinDist) ; Set min as the max y in the game + the
minimum distance of the coin
mov cx, [MapDataHeight + 4] ; Get the part' random height
sub cx, (CoinPicHeight + CoinMinDist) ; Subtracte from it the height
and the distance of the coin to get the max
call RandomData

jmp @@ResetOffsets

@@Lava:
mov [MapOrder + 2], LavaFloor ; Set new part as lava floor

;----- Get a random height for the new part
lea di, [MapDataHeight + 4] ; Set pointer to data
mov bx, LavaUpperHeightRangeMin ; Set min
mov cx, LavaUpperHeightRangeMax ; Set max
call RandomData

;----- Get a random width for the new part
lea di, [MapDataWidth + 4] ; Set pointer to data
mov bx, LavaUpperWidthRangeMin ; Set min
mov cx, LavaUpperWidthRangeMax ; Set max
call RandomData

;----- Set x as the middle of the part
mov [MapCoinX + 4], (MidScreen / 2) - (CoinPicHeight / 2)

;----- Get a random y for the coin
lea di, [MapCoinY + 4] ; Set pointer to coin' y
mov bx, (MaxY + CoinMinDist) ; Set min as the max y in the game + the
minimum distance of the coin
mov cx, FloorY
sub cx, [MapDataHeight + 4] ; Get the part' random height which is
the floor y - the random height
sub cx, (CoinPicHeight + CoinMinDist) ; Subtracte from it the height
and the distance of the coin to get the max
call RandomData

jmp @@ResetOffsets

@@Hole:
mov [MapOrder + 2], HoleFloor ; Set new part as hole floor

;----- Get a random width for the new part
lea di, [MapDataWidth + 4] ; Set pointer to data
mov bx, HoleFloorWidthRangeMin ; Set min
mov cx, HoleFloorWidthRangeMax ; Set max
call RandomData

;----- Set x as the middle of the part
mov [MapCoinX + 4], (MidScreen / 2) - (CoinPicHeight / 2)

;----- Get a random y for the coin
lea di, [MapCoinY + 4] ; Set pointer to coin' y

```

```

    mov bx, FlatFloorCoinYRangeMin ; Set range min
    mov cx, FlatFloorCoinYRangeMax ; Set range max
    call RandomData

    jmp @@ResetOffsets

@@ResetOffsets:
;----- Reset offsets
    mov [MapOffset], 0
    mov [MapOffset + 2], MidScreen
    mov [MapOffset + 4], EndScreen

    ret

@@FinishFlat:
    mov dx, 0 ; Set flat
    mov [MapCoin + 2], False ; Set no coin at the end
    jmp @@PartCheck
ENDP MoveMap

;-----
;PrintScore - This is printing the score on the screen
;-----
;Input:
;    Score
;Output:
;    The score on the screen
;Registers:
;    None
;-----
PROC PrintScore
    PrintStringWithNumbers ScoreText, Score, GameBackgroundColor,
    WhiteColor, 7, 0, ScoreX, ScoreY
    ret
ENDP PrintScore

;-----
;PrintCoins - This is printing the coins on the screen
;-----
;Input:
;    Coins
;Output:
;    The coins on the screen
;Registers:
;    None
;-----
PROC PrintCoins
    PrintStringWithNumbers CoinsText, Coins, GameBackgroundColor,
    CoinYellowColor, 0, 1, CoinsX, CoinsY
    ret
ENDP PrintCoins

;-----
;PrintTime - This is printing the time on the screen
;-----
;Input:
;    Time

```

```

;Output:
;    The time on the screen
;Registers:
;    AX, CX, DX, SI, BP
;-----
PROC PrintTime
;-----  Get minutes and seconds from time
    xor dx, dx ; Reset dx for div
    mov ax, [Time]
    mov cx, 60 ; Divide by 60 seconds
    div cx

;-----  Convert minutes to text
    push dx ; Save seconds
    mov bp, 2 ; Amount of chars
    lea si, [TimeText] ; Point to the text holder of the Time
    call NumToStr

    mov [byte si], ':' ; Put divider between minutes and seconds
    inc si

;-----  Convert minutes to text
    pop ax ; Get seconds from stack
    mov bp, 2 ; Amount of chars
    call NumToStr

    mov [byte si], 0 ; Set end of the string

    mov [StartX], TimeX
    mov [StartY], TimeY
    lea si, [TimeText]
    mov dl, GameBackgroundColor ; Set text background
    mov dh, RedColor ; Set foreground color, red color
    call PrintColorfulText

    ret
ENDP PrintTime

;-----
;NumToStr - This is converting a number to a string
;-----
;Input:
;    AX <- Number, BP <- The minimum characters, SI <- Pointer to the
string that will hold the number
;Output:
;    The number in the given string
;Registers:
;    AX, BX, SI, DX, BP
;-----
PROC NumToStr
    mov cx, 0 ; Reset counter

@@DigitLoop:
;-----  Divide in 10
    mov bx, 10
    xor dx, dx
    div bx

```

```

    add dx, '0' ; Add the zero in ascii to the digit, to get the digit in
ascii

    push dx ; Save char in stack
    inc cx ; Increase counter

;----- Check if the number isn't 0
    cmp ax, 0
    jne @@DigitLoop

;----- Check if has more digits than minimum digits
    cmp cx, bp
    jge @@DigitCharLoop

    sub bp, cx ; Get the amount of needed leading zero's

@@AddLeadingZero:
;----- Add leading zero to string
    mov [byte si], '0'
    inc si

;----- Check if done adding leading zero's
    dec bp
    jnz @@AddLeadingZero

@@DigitCharLoop:
    pop dx ; Get char from stack

    mov [byte si], dl ; Set in the string the character
    inc si ; Move to next char

    loop @@DigitCharLoop
    ret
ENDP NumToStr

;-----
;FixMap - This is fixing the map on movement
;-----
;Input:
;    None
;Output:
;    The map on the screen fixed after movement
;Registers:
;    AX, BX, SI
;-----
PROC FixMap
    call DrawCoinsForMap
    call DrawKeyIfNeeded

;----- Init
    lea si, [MapOrder]
    lea bx, [MapOffset]
    mov [Temp], 0

@@Fix:
;----- If current part is a flat part

```

```

        cmp [byte si], FlatFloor
        je @@Flat

;----- If current part is a tall part
        cmp [byte si], TallFloor
        je @@Tall

;----- If current part is a lava part
        cmp [byte si], LavaFloor
        je @@Lava

;----- If current part is a hole part
        cmp [byte si], HoleFloor
        je @@Hole

        ret

@@Flat:
;----- Add a part in the start
        mov ax, [bx]
        DrawRect ax, FloorY, 1, FloorSize, FloorColor

;----- Remove a part from the end
        mov ax, [bx]
        add ax, MidScreen
        DrawRect ax, FloorY, 1, FloorSize, GameBackgroundColor

        jmp @@Increase

@@Tall:
        call FixTallPart
        jmp @@Flat ; Do as flat as well to fix the flat sides of the part

@@Lava:
        call FixLavaPart
        jmp @@Flat ; Do as flat as well to fix the flat sides of the part

@@Hole:
        call FixHolePart
        jmp @@Flat ; Do as flat as well to fix the flat sides of the part

@@Increase:
;----- Point to next map part
        inc si
        add bx, 2
        inc [Temp]

        cmp [Temp], 3
        jne @@Fix

        ret
ENDP FixMap

;-----
;FixTallPart - This is fixing the tall part on movement
;-----
;Input:

```



```

;      BX <- The address of the map offset, Temp <- The part' number
;Output:
;      The tall part on the screen fixed
;Registers:
;      AX, BX, CX, DI
;-----
PROC FixTallPart
;----- Set x
      mov ax, [bx]
      add ax, TallLowerFlatLength + 1

;----- Set di to point to current map info (height)
      lea di, [MapDataHeight]
      shl [Temp], 1 ; Mul by 2
      add di, [Temp] ; Temp holds the current part number
      shr [Temp], 1 ; Return original value, divide by 2

;----- Set y
      mov cx, FloorY
      sub cx, [di]

;----- Set di to point to current map info (width)
      lea di, [MapDataWidth]
      shl [Temp], 1 ; Mul by 2
      add di, [Temp] ; Temp holds the current part number
      shr [Temp], 1 ; Return original value, divide by 2

;----- Set hole size
      mov dx, [di]

      DrawRect ax, cx, 1, FloorSize, FloorColor ; Add a part

      add ax, dx ; Set x as in the end of the hole which is the length of
the upper part

      DrawRect ax, cx, 1, FloorSize, GameBackgroundColor ; Remove a part

;----- Set y as the floor y and remove a part there to create the hole
      mov cx, FloorY

      DrawRect ax, cx, 1, FloorSize, FloorColor ; Add a part

      sub ax, dx ; Return x to start of hole

      DrawRect ax, cx, 1, FloorSize, GameBackgroundColor ; Remove a part

      ret
ENDP FixTallPart

;-----
;FixHolePart - This is fixing the hole part on movement
;-----
;Input:
;      BX <- The address of the map offset, Temp <- The part' number
;Output:
;      The hole part on the screen fixed
;Registers:

```

```

;      AX, CX, DI
;-----
PROC FixHolePart
;----- Set di to point to current map info (width)
    lea di, [MapDataWidth]
    shl [Temp], 1 ; Mul by 2
    add di, [Temp] ; Temp holds the current part number
    shr [Temp], 1 ; Return original value, divide by 2

;----- Set hole size
    mov dx, [di]

;----- Get the size of the lower part
    mov ax, MidScreen
    sub ax, dx
    shr ax, 1

;----- Add the offset of the part
    add ax, [bx]

;----- Set y as the floor y and remove a part there to create the hole
    mov cx, FloorY

    DrawRect ax, cx, 1, FloorSize, GameBackgroundColor ; Remove a part

    add ax, dx ; Return x to start of hole

    DrawRect ax, cx, 1, FloorSize, FloorColor ; Add a part

    ret
ENDP FixHolePart

;-----
;FixLavaPart - This is fixing the lava part on movement
;-----
;Input:
;      BX <- The address of the map offset, Temp <- The part' number
;Output:
;      The lava part on the screen fixed
;Registers:
;      AX, DX, CX, DI
;-----
PROC FixLavaPart
;----- Adding a part before first wall
    mov ax, [bx]
    add ax, LavaLowerFlatLength + 1 ; Set x

    mov dx, FloorY - LavaWallsHeight - 1 ; Set y as under the first flat

    DrawRect ax, dx, 1, LavaWallsHeight, FloorColor ; Add a part

;----- Adding a lava part after first wall
    add ax, FloorSize ; Set x

    mov dx, FloorY - LavaHeight - 1 ; Set y
    mov cl, [LavaCurrentColor]

```

```

    DrawRect ax, dx, 1, LavaHeight, cl ; Add a part

;----- Removing a part on top the last part in case there is floor color
there
    mov cx, LavaWallsHeight - LavaHeight ; Set height as the diff between
the lava height and the wall
    sub dx, cx ; Set y
    dec cx

    DrawRect ax, dx, 1, cx, GameBackgroundColor ; Remove a part

;----- Add a part before second wall
    add ax, LavaLength ; Set x as after the lava
    mov dx, FloorY - LavaWallsHeight - 1 ; Set y

    DrawRect ax, dx, 1, LavaWallsHeight, FloorColor ; Add a part

;----- Remove a part after second wall
    add ax, FloorSize ; Set x as after the wall

    DrawRect ax, dx, 1, LavaWallsHeight, GameBackgroundColor ; Remove a
part

;----- Set di to point to current map info and get the width of the upper
part
    lea di, [MapDataWidth]
    shl [Temp], 1 ; Mul by 2
    add di, [Temp] ; Temp holds the current part number
    shr [Temp], 1 ; Return original value, divide by 2

;----- Add a part in the upper flat
; Setting start x
    mov ax, [bx] ; Get part' offset
    add ax, LavaLowerFlatLength + FloorSize + LavaLength / 2 ; Set x in
the middle of the lava
    mov cx, [di] ; Set upper length
    shr cx, 1 ; Div the length by 2
    sub ax, cx ; Set the x axis of the upper flat (Middle Lava - Upper
length / 2)
    shl cx, 1 ; Return original value

    mov dx, FloorY ; Set y axis as the floor

;----- Set di to point to current map info and get the height of the upper
part
    lea di, [MapDataHeight]
    shl [Temp], 1 ; Mul by 2
    add di, [Temp] ; Temp holds the current part number
    shr [Temp], 1 ; Return original value, divide by 2

    sub dx, [di] ; Set the y as the floor height - the height of the
upper flat

    DrawRect ax, dx, 1, FloorSize, FloorColor ; Add a part

;----- Remove a part from the end of the upper flat
    add ax, cx ; Add the size of the part to the x to get the end

```

```

        DrawRect ax, dx, 1, FloorSize, GameBackgroundColor ; Remove a part

        call HandleLavaColor

        ret
ENDP FixLavaPart

;-----
;HandleLavaColor - This is handles the lava color and returns it
;-----
;Input:
;      None
;Output:
;      LavaCurrentColor <- The lava color
;Registers:
;      AX
;-----
PROC HandleLavaColor
;----- Increase and check if reached the maximum blocks to change color
        inc [LavaColorBlocksCounter]
        cmp [LavaColorBlocksCounter], LavaColorBlocksChange
        je @@ChangeColor
        ret

@@ChangeColor:
        mov [LavaColorBlocksCounter], 0 ; Reset counter

;----- Add the current color offset to the color
        mov al, [LavaCurrentColorOffset]
        add [LavaCurrentColor], al

;----- Check if reached the end of the color range of the lava, if we did,
;set offset to -1 (go back)
        cmp [LavaCurrentColor], LavaColorRangeEnd
        je @@GoBack

;----- Check if reached the start of the color range, if yes, set offset to
;1 (go forward)
        cmp [LavaCurrentColor], LavaColorRangeStart
        je @@GoForward

        ret

@@GoBack:
        mov [LavaCurrentColorOffset], -1 ; Go back next time
        ret

@@GoForward:
        mov [LavaCurrentColorOffset], 1 ; Go forward next time
        ret
ENDP HandleLavaColor

;-----
;SendNoteSound - This is sending the current sound note
;-----
;Input:

```

```

;      SoundPtr <- Pointer to current sound note
;Output:
;      The sound note playing
;Registers:
;      AX, SI
;-----
PROC SendNoteSound
;----- Prepare speaker for receiving a note
    mov al, 182
    out 43h, al

;----- Set the note in ax to disassemble it to high and low
    push si
    mov si, [SoundPtr]
    mov ax, [si]
    pop si

;----- Send to the sound port the high and low of the note
    out 42h, al
    mov al, ah ; Move the high to the low so that it could be sent
    out 42h, al

    ret
ENDP SendNoteSound

;-----
;HandleCoinFound - This is handling the coin collection
;-----
;Input:
;      (X, Y) <- Interaction point with the coin
;Output:
;      The coin removed from the screen and increased amount of coins
;Registers:
;      AX, BX, CX, DX
;-----
PROC HandleCoinFound
;----- Play coin sound
;      Set the notes' frequency
    mov [SoundNotes], 4063
    mov [SoundNotes + 2], 2415
    mov [SoundNotes + 4], -1 ; End of notes
    mov [SoundDelay], SoundCoinDelayMax
    call StartSound

    inc [Coins] ; Increase the amount of coins found
    add [Score], CoinValue ; Add to the score to value of the coin

;----- Check if the coin is in the first part of the screen
    mov ax, [MapOffset]
    add ax, MidScreen
    cmp [X], ax

    jg @@SecondPart

    mov [MapCoin], False
    jmp @@UndrawCoin

```

```

@@SecondPart:
;----- If the coin isn't in the first part, it must be in the second part
because the player cannot reach the coin in the third part so just remove the
coin
    mov [MapCoin + 1], False

@@UndrawCoin:
;----- Get the x and y of the block that will be twice the size of the coin
    mov ax, [X]
    mov bx, [Y]

    sub ax, CoinPicWidth
    sub bx, CoinPicHeight

;----- Set block size as twice the size of the coin
    mov cx, CoinPicWidth * 2
    mov dx, CoinPicHeight * 2

;----- Drawing the block that is twice that size of the coin where the
middle of the block will be the interaction point so that the block will
remove the coin
    DrawRect ax, bx, cx, dx, GameBackgroundColor

    call PrintCoins
    call PrintScore

    mov cx, 0FFFFh
    ret
ENDP HandleCoinFound

;-----
;StartSound - This is starting the sound
;-----
;Input:
;    SoundNotes <- The notes of the sound
;Output:
;    The sound playing in the speaker
;Registers:
;    AX
;-----
PROC StartSound
    mov [SoundPtr], offset SoundNotes ; Set the pointer to the notes list
    call SendNoteSound

;----- Get the current status from port 61h
    in al, 61h

;----- Set 0 and 1 bits to start the note sound and send back to the port
    or al, 00000011b
    out 61h, al

    mov [SoundStarted], True ; Set sound status to started
    mov [SoundCounter], 0

    ret
ENDP StartSound

```

```

;-----
;HandleSound - This is handling the sound and switches notes when needed
;-----
;Input:
;      SoundNotes <- The notes of the sound, SoundDelay <- The delay between
the sounds
;Output:
;      The sound playing in the speaker
;Registers:
;      AX, SI
;-----
PROC HandleSound
;----- Check if the sound hasn't started, if not, return
      cmp [SoundStarted], False
      je @@Return

;----- Check if reached max sound delay, if didn't just increase and return
      mov ax, [SoundDelay]
      inc [SoundCounter]
      cmp [SoundCounter], ax
      jne @@Return

;----- Move the pointer of the notes to the next note
      add [SoundPtr], 2
      call SendNoteSound

;----- Get current note
      push si
      mov si, [SoundPtr]
      mov ax, [si]
      pop si

;----- Check if reached the end of the list
      cmp ax, -1
      je @@Stop

;----- Reset counter
      mov [SoundCounter], 0
      jmp @@Return

@@Stop:
      mov [SoundCounter], 0 ; Reset sound counter
      mov [SoundStarted], False ; Set sound to be stopped

;----- Get the current status from port 61h
      in al, 61h

;----- Turn off bits 0 and 1 in order to stop the sound and send back to the
port
      and al, 11111100b
      out 61h, al

@@Return:
      ret
ENDP HandleSound

;-----

```

```

;PlayerJump - This is making the player jump
;-----
;Input:
;      PlayerJumping <- 1 To start jumping or 0 otherwise
;Output:
;      The player jumping
;Registers:
;      AX, CX, DX
;-----
PROC PlayerJump
;----- Check if need to jump, if not return, else continue
      cmp [PlayerJumping], False
      je @@Return

;----- Set in dx, the current delay(max delay - current velocity)
      mov dx, MaxVDelay
      sub dx, [PlayerVVelocity]

;----- Check if the current delay reached the needed delay, if it didn't
increase and return, else continue
      cmp dx, [CurrentVDelay]
      je @@VelocityCheck

;----- Increase and return
      inc [CurrentVDelay]
      ret

@@VelocityCheck:
;----- Resetting the current delay
      mov [CurrentVDelay], 0

;----- Check if reached max velocity, if reached just move without
increasing speed, else continue
      cmp [PlayerVVelocity], MaxVVelocity
      je @@CheckJump

      inc [PlayerVVelocity] ; Increasing velocity

@@CheckJump:
      mov cx, PlayerWidth ; Set the amount of points that are needed to be
checked which is the width of the player

;----- Check if reached floor, first point, start of player
      mov ax, [PlayerX]
      mov [X], ax

      mov ax, [PlayerY]
      dec ax
      mov [Y], ax

@@CheckLoop:
      call GetPixel ; Get the current pixel

;----- Check if the current pixel is a wall, if it is, stop the player
      cmp [Color], FloorColor
      je @@StopJumping

```



```

;----- Check if touched black which is the border of a coin
cmp [Color], CoinBorderColor
je @@CoinFound

;----- Check if took key
cmp [Color], KeyBorderColor
je @@KeyFound

inc [X] ; Go to next point
loop @@CheckLoop

@@Jump:
dec [PlayerY] ; Jumping

;----- Changed if reached the max y jump
mov dx, [PlayerJumpMaxY]
cmp [PlayerY], dx
je @@StopJumping

@@Return:
ret

@@StopJumping:
mov [PlayerJumping], False ; Stop jumping
mov [PlayerStopJumping], True ; Make player to stop jumping smoothly
jmp @@Return

@@CoinFound:
call HandleCoinFound
jmp @@Jump

@@KeyFound:
call HandleKeyFound
jmp @@Return
ENDP PlayerJump

;-----
;PlayerStopJump - This is making the player to stop jumping smoothly
;-----
;Input:
;      PlayerStopJump <- 1 To stop jumping or 0 otherwise
;Output:
;      The player stops jumping
;Registers:
;      AX, CX, DX
;-----
PROC PlayerStopJump
;----- Check if need to stop jumping, if not return, else continue
cmp [PlayerStopJumping], False
je @@Return

;----- Set in dx, the current delay(max delay - current velocity)
mov dx, MaxVDelay
sub dx, [PlayerVVelocity]

;----- Check if the current delay reached the needed delay, if it didn't
increase and return, else continue

```

```

    cmp dx, [CurrentVDelay]
    je @@VelocityCheck

;----- Increase and return
    inc [CurrentVDelay]
    ret

@@VelocityCheck:
;----- Resetting the current delay
    mov [CurrentVDelay], 0

;----- Check if reached zero velocity, if reached stop, else continue
    cmp [PlayerVVelocity], 0
    je @@StopJumping

    dec [PlayerVVelocity] ; Decreasing velocity

@@CheckJump:
    mov cx, PlayerWidth ; Set the amount of points that are needed to be
checked which is the width of the player

;----- Check if reached floor, first point, start of player
    mov ax, [PlayerX]
    mov [X], ax

    mov ax, [PlayerY]
    dec ax
    mov [Y], ax

@@CheckLoop:
    call GetPixel ; Get the current pixel

;----- Check if the current pixel is a wall, if it is, stop the player
    cmp [Color], FloorColor
    je @@StopJumping

;----- Check if touched black which is the border of a coin
    cmp [Color], CoinBorderColor
    je @@CoinFound

;----- Check if took key
    cmp [Color], KeyBorderColor
    je @@KeyFound

    inc [X] ; Go to next point
    loop @@CheckLoop

@@Jump:
    dec [PlayerY] ; Jumping

    cmp [PlayerY], MaxY ; Changed if reached the top
    je @@StopJumping

@@Return:
    ret

@@StopJumping:

```

```

    mov [PlayerStopJumping], False ; Make player to stop jumping smoothly
    jmp @@Return

@@CoinFound:
    call HandleCoinFound
    jmp @@Jump

@@KeyFound:
    call HandleKeyFound
    jmp @@Return
ENDP PlayerStopJump

;-----
;PlayerGravity - This is making the player to fall down
;-----
;Input:
;    None
;Output:
;    The player falling down
;Registers:
;    AX, CX, DX
;-----
PROC PlayerGravity
;----- Check if jumping, if yes, return, else continue
    cmp [PlayerJumping], False
    jne @@MidReturn

;----- Check if stop to jumping, if stopping, return, else continue
    cmp [PlayerStopJumping], False
    jne @@MidReturn

;----- Set in dx, the current delay(max delay - current velocity)
    mov dx, MaxVDelay
    sub dx, [PlayerVVelocity]

;----- Check if the current delay reached the needed delay, if it didn't
increase and return, else continue
    cmp dx, [CurrentVDelay]
    je @@VelocityCheck

;----- Increase and return
    inc [CurrentVDelay]

@@MidReturn:
    ret

@@VelocityCheck:
;----- Resetting the current delay
    mov [CurrentVDelay], 0

;----- Check if reached max velocity, if reached just move without
increasing speed, else continue
    cmp [PlayerVVelocity], MaxVVelocity
    je @@GravityCheck

    inc [PlayerVVelocity] ; Increasing velocity

```

```

@@GravityCheck:
    mov cx, PlayerWidth ; Set the amount of points that are needed to be
checked which is the width of the player

;----- Check if reached floor, first point, start of player
    mov ax, [PlayerX]
    mov [X], ax

    mov ax, [PlayerY]
    add ax, PlayerHeight + PlayerFloorDist
    mov [Y], ax

@@CheckLoop:
    call GetPixel ; Get the current pixel

;----- Check if the current pixel is a wall, if it is, stop the player
    cmp [Color], FloorColor
    je @@StopGravity

;----- Check if touched black which is the border of a coin
    cmp [Color], CoinBorderColor
    je @@CoinFound

;----- Check if took key
    cmp [Color], KeyBorderColor
    je @@KeyFound

    cmp [Color], LavaColorRangeStart
    je @@PlayerDie

    inc [X] ; Go to next point
    loop @@CheckLoop

@@Gravity:
    mov [PlayerOnGround], False ; Set player to be not on ground, just
found it using the conditions
    inc [PlayerY] ; Go down

@@Return:
    ret

@@StopGravity:
    mov [PlayerVVelocity], 0 ; Reset velocity
    mov [CurrentVDelay], 0 ; Reset MaxHDelay
    mov [PlayerOnGround], True

    jmp @@Return

@@CoinFound:
    call HandleCoinFound
    jmp @@Gravity

@@PlayerDie:
    mov [PlayerDead], True
    jmp @@Return

@@KeyFound:

```

```

        call HandleKeyFound
        jmp @@Return
ENDP PlayerGravity

;-----
;HandleKeyFound - This is handling a key collection
;-----
;Input:
;      None
;Output:
;      KeyFound <- True and the sound of a level pass
;Registers:
;      None
;-----
PROC HandleKeyFound
;----- Play key sound
;      Set the notes' frequency
mov [word SoundNotes], 1436
mov [word SoundNotes + 2], 1355
mov [word SoundNotes + 4], 1207
mov [word SoundNotes + 6], 1140
mov [word SoundNotes + 8], -1 ; End of notes
mov [SoundDelay], SoundKeyDelayMax
call StartSound

;----- Set the key status to found
mov [KeyFound], True
ret
ENDP HandleKeyFound

;-----
;CheckPlayerMove - This is checking if the player has moved and moving it if
needed
;-----
;Input:
;      None
;Output:
;      The player to be moved but not redrawn
;Registers:
;      AX
;-----
PROC CheckPlayerMove
    in al, 60h ; Get scan code from keyboard port
    push ax

;----- Check if the right arrow is pressed
cmp al, RightArrowScanCode
je @@MoveRight

;----- Check if the left arrow is pressed
cmp al, LeftArrowScanCode
je @@MoveLeft

;----- Check if the left arrow is released
cmp al, ReleasedLeftArrowScanCode
je @@StopMoving

```

```

;----- Check if the left arrow is released
    cmp al, ReleasedRightArrowScanCode
    je @@StopMoving

    cmp [PlayerStop], 1
    je @@Return

;----- If the player has velocity but none of the above was pressed or
released, move by the x delta
    cmp [PlayerXDelta], 1
    je @@MoveRight

    cmp [PlayerXDelta], -1
    je @@MoveLeft

    jmp @@Return

@@MoveRight:
    mov [PlayerStop], False

    mov [PlayerXDelta], 1 ; Set delta, go right
    call CheckIfReachedWall

    call MovePlayer
    jmp @@Return

@@MoveLeft:
    mov [PlayerStop], False

    mov [PlayerXDelta], -1 ; Set delta, go left
    call CheckIfReachedWall

    call MovePlayer
    jmp @@Return

@@StopMoving:
    mov [PlayerStop], True

@@Return:
    pop ax ; Restore al to be used for checks later
    ret
ENDP CheckPlayerMove

;-----
;MovePlayer - This is handling whatever the player should move or just the
map and it's moving what's necessary + it's handling the acceleration of the
player
;-----
;Input:
;    PlayerXDelta <- The delta of the player, right or left
;Output:
;    The player moved
;Registers:
;    DX
;-----
PROC MovePlayer
;----- Check if have delta x

```

```

        cmp [PlayerXDelta], 0
        je @@Return

;----- Set in dx, the current delay(max delay - currrent velocity)
        mov dx, MaxHDelay
        sub dx, [PlayerHVelocity]

;----- Check if the current delay reached the needed delay, if it didn't
increase and return, else continue
        cmp dx, [CurrentHDelay]
        je @@VelocityCheck

;----- Increase and return
        inc [CurrentHDelay]
        ret

@@VelocityCheck:
        call ChangePlayerFrame

;----- Resetting the current delay
        mov [CurrentHDelay], 0

;----- Check if reached max velocity, if reached just move without
increasing speed, else continue
        cmp [PlayerHVelocity], MaxHVelocity
        je @@MapCheck

        inc [PlayerHVelocity] ; Increasing velocity

@@MapCheck:
        cmp [PlayerX], ScreenWidth / 2 - PlayerWidth / 2 ; Check if player in
middle of screen, if it is, move map
        je @@Map

@@Move:
        mov dx, [PlayerXDelta]
        add [PlayerX], dx ; Move player according to the delta
        jmp @@Return

@@Map:
;----- Check if the player is going right, if it is so move map, else just
regular move
        cmp [PlayerXDelta], 1
        jne @@Move

;----- Move map and fix it on the screen
        call MoveMap
        call FixMap
        jmp @@Return

@@Return:
        ret
ENDP MovePlayer

;-----
;CheckIfReachedWall - This is checking if the player hit a wall
;-----

```

```

;Input:
;   PlayerXDelta <- The delta of the player, right or left
;Output:
;   The player stopped or if a coin found
;Registers:
;   CX, DX
;-----
PROC CheckIfReachedWall
    mov cx, PlayerHeight ; Check all the points in the player' side(the
amount it's the player's height)

;----- Check if moving right
    cmp [PlayerXDelta], 1
    je @@Right

;----- Check if moving left
    cmp [PlayerXDelta], -1
    je @@Left

    jmp @@Return

@@Right:
;----- Prepare for check by setting the x of the points and the initial y
axis
    mov dx, [PlayerX]
    add dx, PlayerWidth + DistanceFromWall
    mov [X], dx

    mov dx, [PlayerY]
    mov [Y], dx

    jmp @@CheckLoop

@@Left:
;----- If reached the end of the screen (left side), stop player
    cmp [PlayerX], MinX + DistanceFromWall
    je @@Stop

;----- Prepare for check by setting the x of the points and the initial y
axis
    mov dx, [PlayerX]
    sub dx, DistanceFromWall
    mov [X], dx

    mov dx, [PlayerY]
    mov [Y], dx

@@CheckLoop:
;----- Get the current pixel
    call GetPixel

;----- If touched a wall, stop the player
    cmp [Color], FloorColor
    je @@Stop

;----- Check if touched black which is the border of a coin
    cmp [Color], CoinBorderColor

```



```

        je @@CoinFound

;----- Check if took key
        cmp [Color], KeyBorderColor
        je @@KeyFound

        inc [Y] ; Go to next point
        loop @@CheckLoop
        jmp @@Return

@@Stop:
        mov [PlayerStop], False ; Setting player to be stopped
        mov [PlayerXDelta], 0 ; Resetting delta x
        mov [PlayerHVelocity], 0 ; Reset velocity
        mov [CurrentHDelay], 0 ; Reset delay

        jmp @@Return

@@CoinFound:
        call HandleCoinFound
        jmp @@Return

@@KeyFound:
        call HandleKeyFound

@@Return:
        ret
ENDP CheckIfReachedWall

;-----
;StopPlayer - This is stopping the player using acceleration
;-----
;Input:
;      PlayerStop <- Should the player stop or not
;Output:
;      The player stopped on the screen
;Registers:
;      DX
;-----
PROC StopPlayer
        call CheckIfReachedWall

;----- Check if should stop player, if shouldn't return, else continue
        cmp [PlayerStop], False
        je @@Return

;----- Set in dx, the current delay(max delay - current velocity)
        mov dx, MaxHDelay
        sub dx, [PlayerHVelocity]

;----- Check if the current delay reached the needed delay, if it didn't
increase and return, else continue
        cmp dx, [CurrentHDelay]
        je @@VelocityCheck

;----- Increase and return
        inc [CurrentHDelay]

```

```

        ret

@@VelocityCheck:
;----- Resetting the current delay
        mov [CurrentHDelay], 0

;----- Check if reached zero velocity, if reached stop, else continue
        cmp [PlayerHVelocity], 0
        je @@Stop

        dec [PlayerHVelocity] ; Decreasing velocity

@@MapCheck:
        cmp [PlayerX], ScreenWidth / 2 - PlayerWidth / 2 ; Check if player in
middle of screen, if it is, move map
        je @@Map

@@Move:
        mov dx, [PlayerXDelta]
        add [PlayerX], dx ; Move player according to the delta
        jmp @@Return

@@Map:
;----- Check if the player is going right, if it is so move map, else just
regular move
        cmp [PlayerXDelta], 1
        jne @@Move

;----- Move map and fix it on the screen
        call MoveMap
        call FixMap
        jmp @@Return

@@Stop:
        mov [PlayerStop], False ; Setting player to be stopped
        mov [PlayerXDelta], 0 ; Resetting delta x
        mov [PlayerHVelocity], 0 ; Reset velocity
        mov [CurrentHDelay], 0 ; Reset delay

@@Return:
        ret
ENDP StopPlayer

;-----
;Help - This is displaying the help screen
;-----
;Input:
;      None.
;Output:
;      The help screen displayed
;Registers:
;      AX
;-----
PROC Help
;----- Draw the help PCX image
        CopyString HelpFileName, FileName, HelpNameLen
        mov [StartX], 0

```

```

        mov [StartY], 0

        call DrawPCX

;----- Wait for keyboard press
        xor ah, ah
        int 16h

        ret
ENDP Help

;-----
;About - This is displaying the about screen
;-----
;Input:
;      None
;Output:
;      The about screen displayed
;Registers:
;      AX
;-----
PROC About
;----- Draw the about PCX image
        CopyString AboutFileName, FileName, AboutNameLen
        mov [StartX], 0
        mov [StartY], 0

        call DrawPCX

;----- Wait for keyboard press
        xor ah, ah
        int 16h

        ret
ENDP About

INCLUDE 'DRAW.INC'

        END Start

```

Code

File Name: **DRAW.INC**

Contents: The file contains the draw functions of the game like drawing PCX images, drawing rectangles, sprites and more..

```

;-----
; PURPOSE : Key breaker' draw tools
; SYSTEM   : Turbo Assembler Ideal Mode
; AUTHOR   : Almog Hamdani
;-----

;----- This segment will hold the contents of the file we open
SEGMENT FILEBUF para public
    DB 65200 dup (?)
ENDS

;-----
;PrintColorfulText - This is printing text in a specific background and
foreground color in graphic mode
;-----
;Input:
;    SI <- Pointer to the string, DL <- Background color, DH <- Foreground
color, StartX, StartY
;Output:
;    The text in the colors wanted on the screen
;Registers:
;    AX, CX, BX, DI, DX, ES
;-----
PROC PrintColorfulText
;----- Set in x and y the start x and start y
    mov ax, [StartX]
    mov [X], ax

    mov ax, [StartY]
    mov [Y], ax

@@CharLoop:
;----- Set extra segment as ascii table in memory
    mov ax, 0F000h
    mov es, ax

;----- Set in bx, the character * 8 + ascii table offset (Each character
takes up 8 bytes)
    mov bx, 0FA6Eh ; Initial ascii table in memory
    xor cx, cx
    mov cl, [byte si]
    shl cx, 3
    add bx, cx

;----- Load the bitmap to a variable
    lea di, [TextBitmap] ; Set in di the text bitmap where we hold the
bitmap to

    mov cx, 4 ; Get the rows (2 at the time)

@@GetBitmap:
    mov ax, [es:bx] ; Get two rows from the bitmap

;----- Fix the bug where the two rows are swapped, so swap them back
    mov [TempByte], al
    mov al, ah
    mov ah, [TempByte]

```

```

    mov [di], ax ; Put in the bitmap var the 2 rows

    add bx, 2
    add di, 2

    loop @@GetBitmap

;----- Set extra segment as video memory
    mov ax, 0A000h
    mov es, ax

    mov bx, 8 / 2 ; Set as the bitmap' rows size / 2 (Printing 2 rows at
1 time)
    lea di, [TextBitmap] ; Set di to point at the bitmap

@@BitmapPrint:
    mov cx, 2 ; Set as the rows in one word

@@BitmapRowPrint:
    shl [word di], 1 ; Shift left the bitmap
    jc @@Foreground ; If the carry is on then it means we need to print
the foreground color

;----- Print background color if carry is 0
    mov [Color], dl

    push di
    call PutPixel
    pop di

    jmp @@IncreaseX

@@Foreground:
;----- Print foreground color
    mov [Color], dh

    push di
    call PutPixel
    pop di

@@IncreaseX:
    inc [X] ; Increase the x axis

;----- Check if the line is finished
    mov ax, [StartX]
    add ax, 8
    cmp [X], ax

    jb @@BitmapRowPrint

;----- Reset x
    mov ax, [StartX]
    mov [X], ax

    inc [Y]

```

```

        loop @@BitmapRowPrint ; If not finished 2 rows go back again

;----- Check if finished printing character
        add di, 2
        dec bx
        jnz @@BitmapPrint

@@NextChar:
        inc si ; Move to next char

        add [StartX], 8 ; Adding to the start x the size of each character
        add [X], 8 ; Set x in the next char space

;----- Reset y axis
        mov ax, [StartY]
        mov [Y], ax

;----- Check if reached the end of the string
        cmp [byte si], 0
        je @@Return
        jmp @@CharLoop

@@Return:
        ret
ENDP PrintColorfulText

;-----
;DrawRectangle - This is drawing a rectangle on the screen
;-----
;Input:
;      (StartX, StartY) <- Position of the rectangle, (SizeWidth,
SizeHeight) <- Size of the rectangle, Color <- The color of the rectangle
;Output:
;      The rectangle drawn on the screen
;Registers:
;      AX, CX
;-----
PROC DrawRectangle
;----- Check if start point is out of bounds, if yes return
        cmp [StartX], ScreenWidth
        jb @@CheckNegX
        ret ; If out of bounds, return

@@CheckNegX:
;----- Check if the x is negative
        cmp [StartX], 0
        jl @@NegX
        jmp @@CheckOverflow

@@NegX:
;----- If negative reset it and remove it's value from the length
        mov ax, [StartX]
        add [SizeWidth], ax
        mov [StartX], 0

@@CheckOverflow:
        mov ax, [StartX]

```

```

    add ax, [SizeWidth]
    cmp ax, ScreenWidth

    jbe @@SetY

    mov ax, ScreenWidth
    sub ax, [StartX]
    mov [SizeWidth], ax

@@SetY:
;----- Set Y as the start of the rectangle
    mov ax, [StartY]
    mov [Y], ax

@@Rectangle:
;----- Set X as the start of the rectangle
    mov ax, [StartX]
    mov [X], ax

    mov cx, [SizeWidth] ; Set for loop

@@DrawHLine:
    call PutPixel
    inc [X] ; Set next pixel
    loop @@DrawHLine

    inc [Y] ; Set next line

;----- Check if didn't reach last line
    mov ax, [SizeHeight]
    add ax, [StartY]
    cmp [Y], ax
    jbe @@Rectangle

    ret
ENDP DrawRectangle

;-----
;PaintScreen - Paints the entire screen in 1 color
;-----
;Input:
;    Color <- The color to paint with
;Output:
;    The entire screen with the color
;Registers:
;    None
;-----
PROC PaintScreen
    mov [X], 0
    mov [Y], 0

@@Paint:
    call PutPixel

    inc [X]
    cmp [X], 320 * 200
    jne @@Paint

```



```

        ret
ENDP PaintScreen

;-----
;ReadPCX - Reads a PCX file
;-----
;Input:
;      FileName <- The PCX file name
;Output:
;      FILEBUF <- The contents of the file, FileSize <- The size of the file
;Registers:
;      AX, BX, CX, DX
;-----
PROC ReadPCX
;----- Try open file using interrupt
    mov ah, 3Dh ; Interrupt entry
    mov al, 0h ; Open for read only
    lea dx, [FileName]
    int 21h

;----- Error occurred
    jc @@Error

    mov [FileHandle], ax

;----- Set file pointer to it's end
    mov ah, 42h ; Interrupt Entry
    mov al, 2h ; Setting offset from end of file
    mov bx, [FileHandle]

    ; Set offset to 0:0
    xor dx, dx
    xor cx, cx

    int 21h

;----- Error occurred
    jc @@Error

;----- Set file size
    mov [FileSize], ax

;----- Return file pointer to start
    mov ah, 42h ; Interrupt Entry
    mov al, 0h ; Setting offset from start of file
    mov bx, [FileHandle]

    ; Set offset to 0:0
    xor dx, dx
    xor cx, cx

    int 21h

;----- Error occurred
    jc @@Error

```

```

;----- Read all file into FILEBUF segment
push ds ; Save original data segment

mov cx, [FileSize] ; Tell interrupt to read all the file
mov bx, [FileHandle]

; Set data segment as FILEBUF segment
mov ax, FILEBUF
mov ds, ax
xor dx, dx ; Set offset 0

mov ah, 3Fh ; Interrupt entry

int 21h

;----- Error occurred
jc @@Error

pop ds ; Return data segment

;----- Close file
mov ah, 3Eh ; Interrupt entry
mov bx, [FileHandle]

int 21h

;----- Error occurred
jc @@Error
ret

@@Error:
;----- Set text mode
mov ax, 3h
int 10h

;----- Print error
mov ah, 9h
lea dx, [PCXErrorMsg]
int 21h
jmp Exit

ENDP

;-----
;DrawPCX - Draws a pcx to a specific location on the screen (Only supports
default palletete)
;-----
;Input:
;   StartX <- The X to start draw in, StartY <- The Y to start draw in,
;   FileName <- The PCX file name
;Output:
;   The PCX on the screen
;Registers:
;   AX, BX, CX, DX, SI, DI, ES
;-----
PROC DrawPCX
    call ReadPCX

```

```

;----- Set extra segment as file buffer
mov ax, FILEBUF
mov es, ax
mov si, 128 ; Set si to point at the start of the image data

;----- Get image' width
mov ax, [es:8h] ; Width is in the 8h pos
inc ax ; Plus 1
mov [ImageWidth], ax

;----- Get image' height
mov ax, [es:0Ah] ; Height is in the Ah pos
inc ax ; Plus 1
mov [ImageHeight], ax

;----- Set starting position
mov ax, [StartX]
mov [X], ax
mov ax, [StartY]
mov [Y], ax

@@GetByte:
mov al, [es:si]
mov [Color], al
inc si ; Point to next byte
cmp [Color], 192 ; Check if there is a seq
jnb @@DrawNormal

sub [Color], 192 ; In cx there is the amount of pixels to write
xor ch, ch ; Reset cx
mov cl, [Color] ; Set in cx the length to use for loop

mov al, [es:si]
mov [Color], al
inc si ; Point to next byte

@@DrawSeq:
;----- Set extra segment as video memory
mov ax, 0A000h
mov es, ax

call PutPixel

;----- Set extra segment as file buffer
mov ax, FILEBUF
mov es, ax

inc [X] ; Set next x

;----- Check if we got to the end of the line
mov bx, [StartX]
add bx, [ImageWidth]
cmp bx, [X]
je @@NewLine

loop @@DrawSeq

```

```

        jmp @@GetByte

@@DrawNormal:
;----- Set extra segment as video memory
        mov ax, 0A000h
        mov es, ax

        call PutPixel

;----- Set extra segment as file buffer
        mov ax, FILEBUF
        mov es, ax

        inc [X] ; Set next x

;----- Check if we got to the end of the line
        mov bx, [StartX]
        add bx, [ImageWidth]
        cmp bx, [X]
        je @@NewLine

        jmp @@GetByte

@@NewLine:
        mov ax, [StartX]
        mov [X], ax ; Set x to start

        inc [Y] ; Set next line

;----- Check if the width of the image is odd or even, if it is odd,
increase ptr by 1 because of 0 in the end, else continue
        mov ax, [ImageWidth]
        and ax, 1
        cmp ax, 1
        jne @@LineCheck

        inc si

@@LineCheck:
;----- Check if the line was the last line
        mov bx, [StartY]
        add bx, [ImageHeight]
        cmp bx, [Y]
        je @@End

        jmp @@GetByte

@@Error:
;----- Set text mode
        mov ax, 3h
        int 10h

;----- Print error
        mov ah, 9h
        lea dx, [PCXErrorMsg]
        int 21h
        jmp Exit

```

```

@@End:
;----- Return video memory
    mov ax, 0A000h
    mov es, ax

    ret
ENDP DrawPCX

;-----
;ClearSprite - Removes a sprite from the screen
;-----
;Input:
;    X, Y, Color, CX <- Sprite' height, DX <- Sprite' width
;Output:
;    The sprite removed from the screen
;Registers:
;    CX, DX
;-----
PROC ClearSprite
    push dx ; Save sprite' original width

@@Cycle:
    call PutPixel
    inc [X] ; Move pixel' x by 1
    dec dx ; Decrease width by 1
    jnz @@Cycle ; While we didn't reach 0 (End of line), keep on cycle

    pop dx ; Return sprite' original width
    push dx ; Save width in stack

    sub [X], dx ; Set ax to start of line again
    inc [Y] ; Point to a new line

    dec cx ; Decrease sprite' height
    jnz @@Cycle

    pop dx ; Clean stack
    ret
ENDP ClearSprite

;-----
;PrintSprite - Prints a sprite to the screen
;-----
;Input:
;    StartX, StartY, SizeWidth, SizeHeight, SI <- Sprite' offset
;    Carry flag on -> Negative and Overflow check
;    ImageFlipped -> Is the image should be drawn flipped
;    Note: Flipped image and image checks ain't working together, you can
;    only use one of of them
;Output:
;    The sprite drawn on the screen
;Registers:
;    AX, SI, DX
;-----
PROC PrintSprite

```

```

        mov [SkipColumns], 0 ; Reset the amount of columns that needed to be
skipped

        jnc @@SetStartPosition

;----- Check if start point is out of bounds, if yes return
        cmp [StartX], ScreenWidth
        jl @@OutOfBounds
        ret ; If out of bounds, return

@@OutOfBounds:
        mov [ImageFlipped], False ; Reset image flipped

;----- Check if the drawn sprite will not appear on the screen by adding to
it's x value it's width
        mov ax, [StartX]
        add ax, [SizeWidth]
        cmp ax, 0
        jg @@NegX
        ret

@@NegX:
;----- Check if we got a negative x, if we did, we need to handle it
        cmp [StartX], 0
        jg @@CheckOverflow

@@FixNegX:
;----- Get the absolute number of the amount of columns needed to be skipped
        mov ax, [StartX]
        xor ax, 0FFFFh
        sub ax, 0FFFFh

        mov [SkipColumns], ax ; Set the amount of columns needed to be
skipped

;----- Remove from the width the wanted columns that needed to be skipped
        sub [SizeWidth], ax

        mov [StartX], 0 ; Reset the x value to 0

        add si, [SkipColumns] ; Skip the amount of columns needed from the
start
        jmp @@SetStartPosition

@@CheckOverflow:
;----- Check for overflow, that the sprite is drawing in the other side as
well
        mov ax, [StartX]
        add ax, [SizeWidth]
        cmp ax, ScreenWidth
        jle @@SetStartPosition

@@FixOverflow:
;----- Get the amount of columns that need to be skipped by subbing the
screen size from the overflow amount
        sub ax, ScreenWidth
        mov [SkipColumns], ax

```

```

;----- Get the new width of the sprite without the columns that are going to
be skipped
    sub [SizeWidth], ax

@@SetStartPosition:
;----- Set the starting position of printing the sprite
    mov ax, [StartY]
    mov [Y], ax

    mov ax, [StartX]
    mov [X], ax

    mov dx, [SizeWidth] ; Set width for line

    mov [Temp], 1 ; Set normal offset

;----- If the image is flipped, reverse offset
    cmp [ImageFlipped], True
    jne @@Cycle

    mov [Temp], -1
    add si, [SizeWidth] ; Start from the end of the line
    dec si

@@Cycle:
    mov al, [si]
    mov [Color], al ; Get pixel' color and set in cl
    call PutPixel
    add si, [Temp] ; Point to next pixel' color by adding the offset that
is saved in the temp byte var
    inc [X] ; Move pixel' x by 1

    dec dx ; Decrease width by 1
    jnz @@Cycle ; While we didn't reach 0 (End of line), keep on cycle

    cmp [ImageFlipped], True
    jne @@Normal

@@HandleFlipped:
    add si, [SizeWidth] ; Go back to end of current line
    add si, [SizeWidth] ; Start from the end of the new line

@@Normal:
    add si, [SkipColumns] ; Skip the amount of columns needed

    mov ax, [StartX]
    mov [X], ax ; Set ax to start of line again
    inc [Y] ; Point to a new line

    mov dx, [SizeWidth] ; Set width for line

    dec [SizeHeight] ; Decrease sprite' height
    jnz @@Cycle

    ret
ENDP PrintSprite

```

```

;-----
;PutPixel - Write pixel
;-----
;Input:
;      X, Y, Color
;Output:
;      The pixel on the screen
;Registers:
;      AX, DI, ES
;-----
PROC PutPixel
    push ax
    mov di, [Y]
    mov ax, [Y]
    shl di, 8
    shl ax, 6
    add di, ax
    add di, [X]
    mov al, [Color]
    mov [es:di], al
    pop ax
    ret
ENDP PutPixel

;-----
;GetPixel - Read pixel
;-----
;Input:
;      X, Y
;Output:
;      Color
;Registers:
;      AX, DI, ES
;-----
PROC GetPixel
    push ax
    mov di, [Y]
    mov ax, [Y]
    shl di, 8
    shl ax, 6
    add di, ax
    add di, [X]
    mov al, [es:di]
    mov [Color], al
    pop ax
    ret
ENDP GetPixel

```


Code

File Name: PICS.INC

Contents: The file contains the sprites that are used in the game like the character, the select dot, the coin' frames and more..

```

TimePic db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,53,53
db 53,40,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,40,53
db 53,40,53,53,53,53,40,53,53,53,53,40,53
db 53,40,53,53,53,53,40,53,53,53,53,40,53
db 53,40,53,53,53,53,40,53,53,53,53,40,53
db 53,40,53,53,53,53,40,40,40,40,53,40,53
db 53,40,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,40,53
db 53,40,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,40,53
db 53,40,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,40,53
db 53,40,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,40,53
db 53,53,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,40,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53

```

```

TimePicHeight equ 13
TimePicWidth  equ 13

```

```

PlayerPic db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,17,17,18,18,18,17,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,17,18,18,18,18,18,18,18,53,53,53,53
db 53,17,18,18,18,226,129,226,18,226,17,53,53,53
db 53,17,18,18,226,226,18,226,18,226,18,53,53,53
db 53,17,17,18,18,18,17,18,90,18,18,53,53,53
db 53,17,18,18,18,18,90,90,90,17,17,53,53,53
db 53,17,18,17,17,90,90,15,90,90,18,53,53,53
db 53,53,17,64,65,90,77,19,90,90,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,18,65,90,90,90,90,65,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,22,24,17,65,90,90,136,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,19,25,15,28,17,185,185,138,209,53,53,53,53
db 53,19,24,25,25,17,138,138,140,138,53,53,53,53
db 53,19,17,17,17,138,140,140,140,138,53,53,53,53
db 53,22,27,19,209,138,164,164,164,209,53,53,53,53
db 53,17,25,28,17,209,138,138,138,185,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,22,14,14,42,17,24,17,185,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,12,14,17,138,185,138,185,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,185,17,17,185,145,172,18,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,18,172,26,243,145,172,18,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,17,17,18,172,18,18,18,17,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,17,25,8,17,53,17,24,25,17,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,22,25,22,53,17,8,19,25,28,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53

db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,17,17,18,18,18,17,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,17,18,18,18,18,18,18,18,53,53,53,53
db 53,17,18,18,18,226,129,226,18,226,17,53,53,53,53
db 53,17,18,18,226,226,18,226,18,226,18,53,53,53,53
db 53,17,17,18,18,18,17,18,90,18,18,53,53,53
db 53,17,18,18,18,18,90,90,90,17,17,53,53,53
db 53,17,18,17,17,90,90,15,90,90,18,53,53,53
db 53,53,17,64,65,90,77,19,90,90,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,18,65,90,90,90,90,65,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,22,24,17,65,90,90,136,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,19,25,15,28,17,185,185,138,209,53,53,53,53
db 53,19,24,25,25,17,138,138,140,138,53,53,53,53
db 53,19,17,17,17,138,140,140,140,138,53,53,53,53

```

```

db 53,22,27,19,209,138,164,164,164,209,53,53,53
db 53,17,25,28,17,209,138,138,138,185,53,53,53
db 53,53,22,14,14,42,17,24,17,185,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,12,14,17,138,185,138,185,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,185,17,17,185,145,172,18,53,53,53
db 53,53,18,18,172,26,243,145,172,18,53,53,53
db 53,22,17,18,53,53,53,53,22,24,25,22,53
db 53,19,25,8,17,53,53,53,22,24,19,53,53
db 53,53,19,22,25,17,53,53,17,17,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53

```

```

PlayerHeight equ 24
PlayerWidth  equ 13

```

```

CoinPic db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,0,0,0,0,0,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,42,42,42,6,0,53,53,53
db 53,53,0,42,66,66,66,66,66,42,0,53,53
db 53,0,6,66,66,92,92,66,66,66,6,0,53
db 53,0,42,42,92,92,66,66,66,92,42,0,53
db 53,0,42,42,92,66,66,66,42,92,42,0,53
db 53,0,42,42,66,66,66,42,42,92,42,0,53
db 53,53,0,66,66,66,42,42,66,66,6,0,53
db 53,53,0,42,66,92,92,92,66,42,0,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,42,42,42,6,0,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,0,0,0,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53

db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,0,0,0,0,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,42,42,42,6,0,53,53,53
db 53,53,0,6,42,66,66,66,66,6,0,53,53
db 53,53,0,42,66,92,66,66,66,42,0,53,53
db 53,53,0,42,92,92,66,66,92,66,0,53,53
db 53,53,0,42,92,66,66,66,66,42,0,53,53
db 53,53,0,42,66,66,66,42,92,42,0,53,53
db 53,53,0,42,66,66,42,66,66,6,0,53,53
db 53,53,0,6,66,92,92,92,66,6,0,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,42,42,42,0,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,0,0,0,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53

db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,0,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,0,42,42,42,0,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,42,66,66,6,0,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,42,92,66,6,0,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,42,92,66,6,0,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,42,92,42,6,0,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,42,92,42,6,0,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,42,66,42,6,0,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,66,66,6,0,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,0,42,6,6,0,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,0,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53

```

```

db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,0,53,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,0,42,0,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,0,66,0,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,0,66,0,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,0,66,0,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,0,42,0,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,0,42,0,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,0,42,0,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,0,42,0,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,0,6,0,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,0,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53

```

```

db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,0,53,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,0,42,42,6,0,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,66,66,42,6,0,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,66,42,66,6,0,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,66,42,66,6,0,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,42,42,42,6,0,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,42,42,42,6,0,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,42,42,42,6,0,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,0,6,42,42,6,0,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,0,6,6,6,0,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,0,53,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53

```

```

db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,0,0,0,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,0,6,42,42,42,6,0,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,0,6,66,42,66,66,66,6,0,53,53,53
db 53,53,0,42,66,66,92,66,66,42,0,53,53,53
db 53,53,0,66,66,92,66,66,66,92,0,53,53,53
db 53,53,0,42,66,66,66,66,42,92,0,53,53,53
db 53,53,0,42,42,66,66,42,42,92,0,53,53,53
db 53,53,0,6,66,66,66,42,66,42,0,53,53,53
db 53,53,0,6,42,66,92,92,66,6,0,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,0,42,42,42,6,0,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,0,0,0,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53

```

```

CoinPicHeight equ 13
CoinPicWidth  equ 13

```

```

DotPic db 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0
db 0,0,0,0,48,48,48,49,49,49,50,0,0,0,0,0,0
db 0,0,0,48,48,48,49,49,50,50,50,51,0,0,0,0
db 0,0,48,48,48,49,49,50,50,51,51,51,52,0,0,0
db 0,48,48,48,49,49,50,50,51,51,51,52,52,53,0
db 0,48,48,49,49,50,50,51,51,52,52,52,53,53,0
db 0,48,49,49,50,50,51,51,52,52,53,53,53,54,0
db 0,49,49,50,50,51,51,52,52,53,53,53,54,54,0
db 0,49,50,50,51,51,52,52,53,53,53,54,54,55,0
db 0,50,50,51,51,52,52,53,53,54,54,54,55,55,0
db 0,50,51,51,52,52,53,53,54,54,54,55,55,55,0
db 0,0,51,52,52,53,53,54,54,54,55,55,56,0,0

```

```

db 0,0,0,52,53,53,54,54,54,55,55,56,0,0,0
db 0,0,0,0,53,53,54,54,55,55,56,0,0,0,0
db 0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0

```

```

DotPicWidth      equ 15
DotPicHeight     equ 15

```

```

KeyPic db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,17,17,17,17,17,17,17,17,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,17,43,14,14,14,14,92,17,53,53,53
db 53,53,17,17,43,14,14,43,43,14,17,17,53,53
db 53,17,17,43,43,116,116,116,116,43,14,17,17,53
db 53,17,43,43,17,17,17,17,17,17,17,14,17,53
db 53,17,43,44,17,53,53,53,53,53,17,43,17,53
db 53,17,116,44,17,53,53,53,53,53,17,43,17,53
db 53,17,43,44,17,53,53,53,53,53,17,43,17,53
db 53,17,43,92,17,53,53,53,53,53,17,43,17,53
db 53,17,116,6,17,17,17,17,17,17,17,43,17,53
db 53,17,17,116,43,14,14,43,43,43,43,17,17,53
db 53,53,17,17,116,43,43,43,43,43,116,17,53,53
db 53,53,17,17,190,188,43,43,188,188,17,17,53,53
db 53,53,53,17,17,17,43,44,17,17,17,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,17,43,14,17,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,17,43,14,17,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,17,43,14,17,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,17,43,14,17,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,17,43,14,17,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,17,43,14,17,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,17,43,14,17,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,17,17,17,17,43,14,17,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,17,44,44,44,43,14,17,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,17,17,17,17,45,14,17,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,17,17,17,17,53,53,53,53,53
db 53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53

```

```

KeyPicHeight equ 29
KeyPicWidth  equ 14

```

Images

Opening Screen



Menu



Images

Help

KEY BREAKER

How To Play?

In order to pass levels in the game, you'll have to pass the **obstacles** that are on the map and collect **coins** that are dropped on the ground.

To move in the game **left** and **right** use

To **jump** in the game use

Space



Press any key to return to menu..

About

KEY BREAKER

Made by Almog Hamdani!

Teacher: **Anatoly Peymer**

Class: **10D**

Year: **2018**

Thanks to **Omer Benisty** and **Itay Benvenisti** for ideas.

Press any key to return to menu..

Images

Game Explanation



Hey there!

You have to unlock the key, the key is a 6-digit number, to unlock each digit you have to complete a level of the game.

Press any key to start now!

Current Level



Current digit: 1

Target coins: 2

Target score : 16

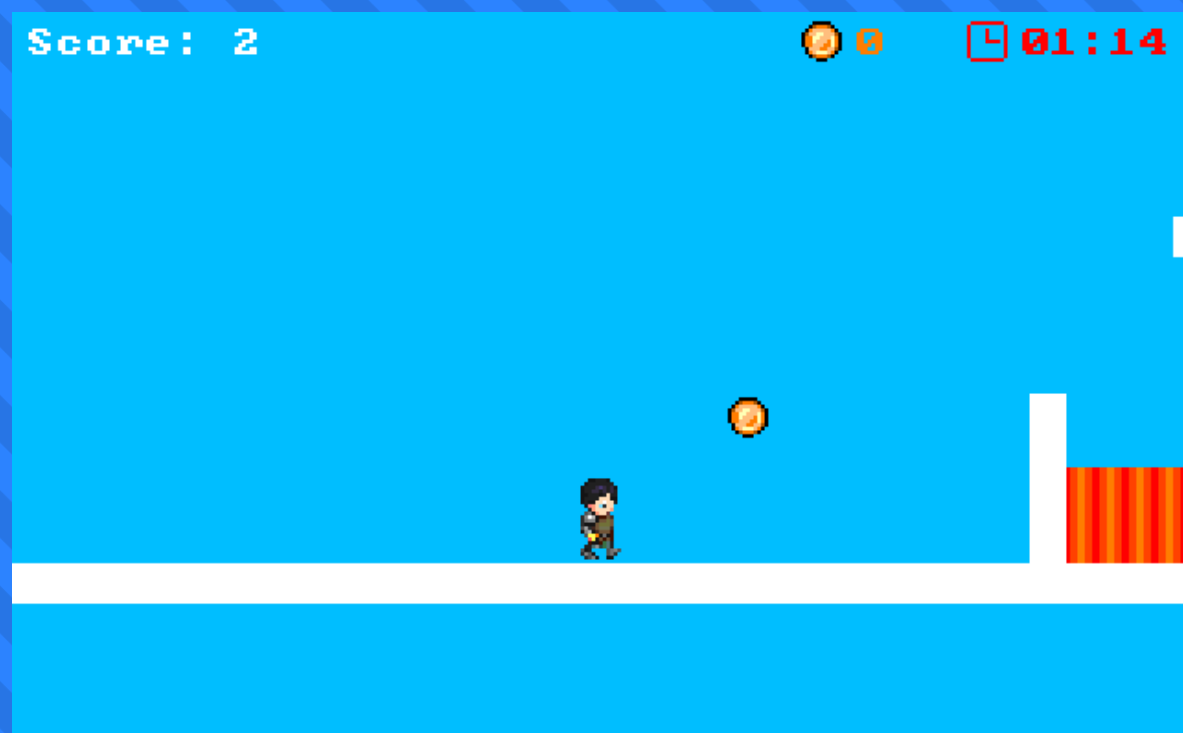
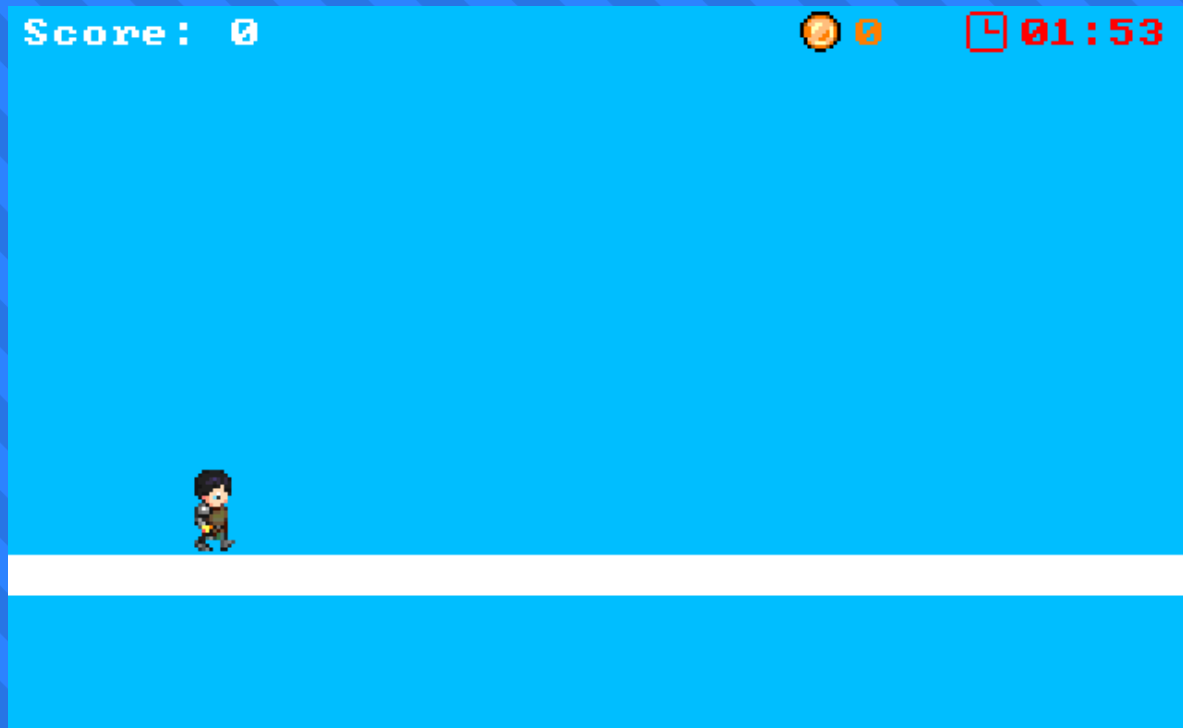
Time: 02:00

Total score: 0

Press enter to start unlocking..

Images

Game Examples



Images

Game Examples



The Key



Images

Passing a Level

Level passed!

Well done!

You have unlocked a digit from the key!
Press any key to reveal it..

A digit unlocked



00:25

Current digit: 2

Target coins: 3

Target score : 15

Time: 01:30

Total score: 28

Press enter to start unlocking..

Images

Failing a Level

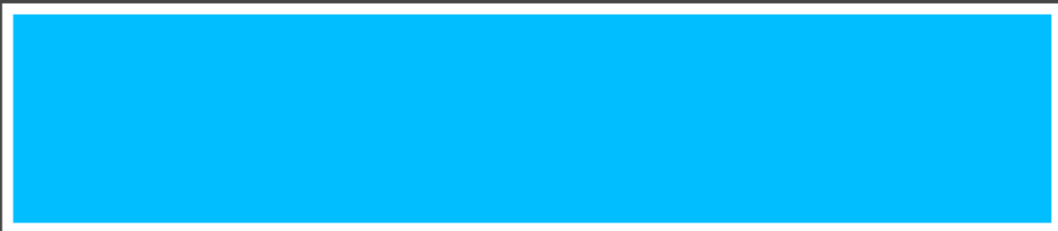


You lost!

Press R to restart the level

Press Space to return to menu

Winning the game



You won! Congratulations!
You have unlocked the key and revealed it!

Press any key to return to menu..

Summary

My project, **Key Breaker**, was my biggest project I have ever made. The experience on working on it was amazing and very fun. I learned a lot about how the computer and programming works, **assembly** is a language that is a word presentation of the hardware capabilities and using it teaches you about the combination of the **software** and **hardware**. When I started this project I never I would be able to create a game that is **functional** as my game with animations and a lot more. I learned during this process of making this project about the following:

- I learned how **time** in computer works, and how the processor handles it.
- I learned about how simple **animation** can be made using a couple of frames that were extracted from a GIF file.
- I learned about how **graphic** works in the basic form of it, that each sprite and character I see, is actually a set of pixels combined together to create it.
- I learned about how **sound** works, that it is separated into notes and using delay you can make simple sound that will make the user experience more fun and smooth.

I want to thank my teacher, **Anatoly Peymer**, for helping me with all I needed and to my friends, **Omer Benisty** and **Itay Benvenisti** for the help with ideas.