HW1 - Part B:Problem 1-Hint

Consider the IVP:

$$\dot{x} = \sin(t) - 2x, x(0) = 0.$$

which has the analytical solution:

$$x(t) = -\frac{1}{5}\cos(t) + \frac{2}{5}\sin(t) + \frac{1}{5}e^{-2t}$$

```
clearvars; close all; clc;
```

First, write your ODE function:

```
xdot = @(t,x) sin(t)-2*x;
```

and the true solution x(t)

```
xt = @(t) -0.2*cos(t) +0.4*sin(t) +0.2*exp(-2*t);
```

1. Choose a log-scale span of different time step τ . You can use the logspace function in MATLAB (or numpy.logspace in python) to create 20 points between -5 and 0 orders.

```
tau = logspace(-4,0,20)';
```

Initialize your variables:

2. For each time step value, use the forward difference method given by:

$$x(t+\tau) = x(t) + \tau \dot{x}(t)$$

3. Consider the final time Tfinal = 10

```
for i=1:length(tau)
  tspan = (0:tau(i):Tfinal)'; %The time span

X = x0; %initialize the estimated solution X with the initial condition
  for j=1:length(tspan)-1
```

```
x = X(end) + tau(i)*xdot(tspan(j),X(end));
X = [X; x];
end
% Now, the vector X has the trajectories obtained by forward difference
% method
%To find the true trajectories, you should use the true solution of the
%ODE
S = xt(tspan);
```

4. Find the relative error in the estimated trajectories.

$$E = \frac{\|X - S\|}{\|S\|}$$

where X is the vector of trajectories found using your numerical estimation and S is the actual trajectories found using the analytical solution.

```
E(i) = norm(X-S)/norm(S);
end %now the loop will go back and compute the error for the next value of tau
loglog(tau,E,'-b')
grid minor
xlabel("$\tau$","Interpreter","latex")
ylabel("$E=\frac{\|X-S\|\}{\|S\|\}$","Interpreter","latex")
set(gca,'FontSize',15)
```

