Graphs of Climate Change SWMM Results

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Analysis of simulated vs observed runoff

```
#Graph observed vs simulated runoff for Max Multiplicative Change Factor (MCF)
observed<- read.csv(here("climate_change_data", "SWMM_results", "Mar14_observed.csv"))
simulated_max_march14 <- read.csv(here("climate_change_data", "SWMM_results", "MCF_max_Mar14_simulated.c</pre>
simulated_min_march14 <- read.csv(here("climate_change_data", "SWMM_results", "MCF_min_Mar14_simulated.c</pre>
# merge MCF max with observed
discharge_MCF_max<- merge(observed, simulated_max_march14, by = "time_step")
#merge MCF min with observed
discharge MCF min <- merge (observed, simulated min march14, by = "time step")
summary(discharge_MCF_max)
graph_max<- ggplot(discharge_MCF_max, aes(x=discharge_obs_cfs, simulated_flow_cfs))+</pre>
  geom_point()
graph_max
graph_min<- ggplot(discharge_MCF_min, aes(x=discharge_obs_cfs, simulated_flow_cfs))+
  geom_point()
graph_min
calibrate_graph_max<- discharge_MCF_max %>%
  ggplot()+
  geom_line(aes(x=time_step, y=discharge_obs_cfs), color="#000000", size = 2.5)+
  geom_line(aes(x=time_step, y=simulated_flow_cfs), color= "#009E73", size = 2.5)+
  theme_classic()+
  labs(x="Time (hours)", y="Discharge (cfs)")+
  scale_y_continuous(limits= c(0,850), breaks= seq(0,850, by= 100), expand= c(0,0))+
  scale_x_{continuous}(limits = c(0,12), breaks = seq(0,12, by = 2), expand = c(0,0)) +
  annotate("text", label= "Observed", x=10.5, y=85, size=8)+
  annotate("text", label= "Simulated", x=10.5, y=300, size=8) +
  theme(text = element_text(size=22))
calibrate_graph_max
```

```
calibrate_graph_min<- discharge_MCF_min %>%
  ggplot()+
  geom_line(aes(x=time_step, y=discharge_obs_cfs), color="#000000", size =2.5) +
  geom_line(aes(x=time_step, y=simulated_flow_cfs), color= "#009E73", size =2.5)+
  theme_classic()+
  labs(x="Time (hours)", y="Discharge (cfs)")+
  scale_y_continuous(limits= c(0,400), breaks= seq(0,350, by= 50), expand= c(0,0))+
  scale x continuous(limits= c(0,12), breaks= seq(0,12, by= 2), expand= c(0,0))+
  annotate("text", label= "Simulated", x=10.5, y=45, size=8)+
  annotate("text", label= "Observed", x=10.5, y=185, size=8) +
   theme(text = element_text(size=22))
calibrate_graph_min
# save graphs
 # qqsave('discharge_mar14_max_MCF.pnq', calibrate_qraph_max, width = 16, height = 9, units = "in")
# ggsave('discharge_mar14_min_MCF.png', calibrate_graph_min, width = 16, height = 9, units = "in")
## combine all three lines onto one graph for easabilty
calibrate_graph <- ggplot()+</pre>
  geom_line(data = discharge_MCF_min, aes(x=time_step, y=discharge_obs_cfs), color="#000000", size =2.5
  geom_line(data= discharge_MCF_min, aes(x=time_step, y=simulated_flow_cfs), color= "#009E73", size =2.
  geom_line(data= discharge_MCF_max, aes(x=time_step, y=simulated_flow_cfs), color= "#D55E00", size = 2
  theme_classic()+
  labs(x="Time (hours)", y="Discharge (cfs)")+
  scale y continuous(limits= c(0.850), breaks= seq(0.850), by= 100), expand= c(0.0)+
  scale_x = continuous(limits = c(0,12), breaks = seq(0,12, by = 2), expand = c(0,0)) +
  annotate("text", label= "Observed", x=10.5, y=200, size=8)+
  annotate("text", label= "Max MCF Simulated", x=10.5, y=655, size=8) +
  annotate("text", label= "Min MCF Simulated", x=10.5, y=55, size=8) +
  theme(text = element_text(size=22))
calibrate_graph
# qqsave('discharqe_mar14_MCF.pnq', calibrate_qraph, width = 16, height = 9, units = "in")
```

Analysis of MCF max storm results

```
percent_imp <15 | percent_imp == 15 ~ "Natural (less than 15 % Impervious)",</pre>
             percent_imp >15 & percent_imp <45 ~ "Urbanized (Between 15 and 45 % Impervious)",
             percent_imp >44.9999 ~ "Very urbanized (More than 45 % Impervious)"
           )
write.csv(results_max_mcf, file = "results_max_mcf.csv") ##Export as .csv for use with graph maps
## normalize peak discharge (cfs) for max MCF by dividing by subcatchment area
results_max_mcf_normalized <- results_max_mcf %>%
  mutate(peak_runoff_cfs_norm = peak_runoff_cfs/Area_sqft)
results maxmcf peakflow table <- results max mcf %>%
  select(subcatchment, peak_runoff_cfs, Curve_Number, Slope, percent_imp, Area_sqft) %>%
  filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
  arrange(desc(peak_runoff_cfs)) %>%
  top_n(20,peak_runoff_cfs) %>%
  kable(col.names=c("Subcatchment", "Peak Runoff (cfs), Max MCF",
                                "Curve Number", "Slope",
                                "Percent Impervious", "Area (sqft)")) %>%
  kable_styling(bootstrap_options = "striped")
results_maxmcf_peakflow_table
results_maxmcf_peakflow_table_normalized <- results_max_mcf_normalized %>%
  select(subcatchment, peak_runoff_cfs, Curve_Number, Slope, percent_imp, Area_sqft,peak_runoff_cfs_norm
  filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
  arrange(desc(peak_runoff_cfs_norm)) %>%
  top_n(20,peak_runoff_cfs_norm) %>%
  kable(col.names=c("Subcatchment", "Peak Runoff (cfs), Max MCF",
                                "Curve Number", "Slope",
                                "Percent Impervious", "Area (sqft)", "Normalized Peak Runoff (cfs/sqft)
  kable_styling(bootstrap_options = "striped")
results_maxmcf_peakflow_table_normalized
results_maxmcf_runoffcoef_table <- results_max_mcf %>%
  select(subcatchment, runoff_coeff, Curve_Number, Slope, percent_imp, Area_sqft) %>%
  filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
  arrange(desc(runoff_coeff)) %>%
  top_n(20,runoff_coeff) %>%
  kable(col.names=c("Subcatchment", "Runoff Coefficient, Max MCF",
                                "Curve Number", "Slope",
                                "Percent Impervious", "Area (sqft)")) %>%
  kable_styling(bootstrap_options = "striped")
results_maxmcf_runoffcoef_table
#Perform a linear regression for the SWMM max MCF storm results
results_max_mcf_regression<- lm(total_runoff_in ~Curve_Number + Slope + percent_imp +
                              Area_sqft, data = results_max_mcf)
#Graph the relationship bw simulated runoff and impervious cover by urbanization level
```

```
runoff_imp_graph_max_mcf<- results_max_mcf %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=percent_imp, y=total_runoff_in))+
  geom_point(aes(color=Urbanization_level))+
  labs(x= "Percent Impervious of Subcatchment", y= "Total Simulated Runoff (inches)")+
  scale_y_continuous(limits= c(0,8), breaks= seq(0,8, by= 1), expand= c(0,0.08))+
  scale_x_continuous(limits=c(0,80), breaks=seq(0,80, by=10), expand=c(0,0))+
  scale_color_manual(name= "Urbanization Level", values= c("darkgreen", "darkseagreen",
                                                           "darkgoldenrod1"))+
  theme_classic()
runoff_imp_graph_max_mcf
#Save runoff vs. impervious graph
# qqsave("runoff_imp_max_mcf.pdf", width = 8, height =4)
# ggsave("runoff_imp_max_mcf.png", width = 8, height =4)
#Create a table for the regression results for max mcf storm
regress_table_max_mcf<- stargazer(results_max_mcf_regression, type ="html", digits= 2,
                          dep.var.labels = "Total Runoff (Inches)",
                       covariate.labels = c("Curve Number", "Slope", "Percent Impervious",
                                            "Area (sqft)", "Y-Intercept"),
                       omit.stat = c("rsq"))
regress_table_max_mcf
```

Analysis of MCF min storm results

```
subcatch min mcf<- read csv("subcatchments all.csv") %>%
 mutate(subcatchment= OBJECTID 1) %>%
  select(subcatchment, Curve_Number, Slope, percent_imp, Area_sqft)
swm_results_min_mcf<-read_csv("Wailupe_MCF_Min_Mar14.csv")</pre>
#Characterize results by urbanization level
results_min_mcf<- merge(subcatch_min_mcf, swm_results_min_mcf, by = "subcatchment") %>%
  mutate(runoff_normalized=
           total_runoff_in/Area_sqft) %>%
  mutate(Urbanization_level=
           case_when(
             percent_imp <15 | percent_imp == 15 ~ "Natural (less than 15 % Impervious)",</pre>
             percent_imp >15 & percent_imp <45 ~ "Urbanized (Between 15 and 45 % Impervious)",
             percent_imp >44.9999 ~ "Very urbanized (More than 45 % Impervious)"
             )
           )
write.csv(results_min_mcf, file = "results_min_mcf.csv") ##Export as .csv for use with graph maps
## normalize peak discharge (cfs) for min MCF by dividing by subcatchment area
results_min_mcf_normalized <- results_min_mcf %>%
  mutate(peak_runoff_cfs_norm = peak_runoff_cfs/Area_sqft)
results_minmcf_peakflow_table <- results_min_mcf %>%
  select(subcatchment, peak_runoff_cfs, Curve_Number, Slope, percent_imp, Area_sqft) %>%
```

```
filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
  arrange(desc(peak_runoff_cfs)) %>%
  top_n(20,peak_runoff_cfs) %>%
  kable(col.names=c("Subcatchment", "Peak Runoff (cfs), Min MCF",
                                "Curve Number", "Slope",
                                "Percent Impervious", "Area (sqft)")) %>%
  kable_styling(bootstrap_options = "striped")
results_minmcf_peakflow_table
results_minmcf_peakflow_normalized_table <- results_min_mcf_normalized %>%
  select(subcatchment, peak_runoff_cfs, Curve_Number, Slope, percent_imp, Area_sqft,peak_runoff_cfs_norm
  filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
  arrange(desc(peak_runoff_cfs_norm)) %>%
  top_n(20,peak_runoff_cfs_norm) %>%
  kable(col.names=c("Subcatchment", "Peak Runoff (cfs), Min MCF",
                                "Curve Number", "Slope",
                                "Percent Impervious", "Area (sqft)", "Normalized Peak Runoff (cfs/sqft)
  kable_styling(bootstrap_options = "striped")
results_minmcf_peakflow_normalized_table
results_minmcf_runoffcoef_table <- results_min_mcf %>%
  select(subcatchment, runoff_coeff, Curve_Number, Slope, percent_imp, Area_sqft) %>%
  filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
  arrange(desc(runoff_coeff)) %>%
  top_n(20,runoff_coeff) %>%
  kable(col.names=c("Subcatchment", "Runoff Coefficient, Min MCF",
                                "Curve Number", "Slope",
                                "Percent Impervious", "Area (sqft)")) %>%
  kable_styling(bootstrap_options = "striped")
results_minmcf_runoffcoef_table
#Perform a linear regression for the SWMM max MCF storm results
results_min_mcf_regression<- lm(total_runoff_in ~Curve_Number + Slope + percent_imp +
                              Area_sqft, data = results_min_mcf)
#Graph the relationship bw simulated runoff and impervious cover by urbanization level
runoff_imp_graph_min_mcf<- results_min_mcf %>%
  ggplot(aes(x=percent_imp, y=total_runoff_in))+
  geom_point(aes(color=Urbanization_level))+
  labs(x= "Percent Impervious of Subcatchment", y= "Total Simulated Runoff (inches)")+
  scale_y_continuous(limits= c(0,7), breaks= seq(0,7, by= 1), expand= c(0,0.08))+
  scale_x_continuous(limits=c(0,80), breaks=seq(0,80, by=10), expand=c(0,0))+
  scale_color_manual(name= "Urbanization Level", values= c("darkgreen", "darkseagreen",
                                                           "darkgoldenrod1"))+
  theme_classic()
runoff_imp_graph_min_mcf
#Save runoff vs. impervious graph
\# ggsave("runoff_imp_min_mcf.pdf", width = 8, height = 4)
```

Maps of SWMM Results

Maps for MCF max storm hotspots

```
results_max_mcf<- read_csv("results_max_mcf.csv") ##read in file from code above
#Combine subcatchments outline with wet storm results
subcatch_max <- read_sf(dsn = here("climate_change_data", "SWMM_results", "shapefiles"), layer = "subcat</pre>
  st_transform(st_crs(4326)) %>%
  clean names() %>%
  select(subcatchment = objectid_1) %>%
  merge(results_max_mcf) %>%
  filter(subcatchment != "5")
# Total volume hotspots
hotspots_max_mcf_total <- tm_basemap("OpenStreetMap.Mapnik") +
  tm_shape(subcatch_max, unit = "Miles") +
  tm_polygons("runoff_coeff", alpha = 0.8, palette = "Blues", style = "cont", n=8,
              legend.hist = TRUE, title = "Runoff Coefficient") +
  tm_layout(title = "March 2009 Max MCF storm", inner.margins=c(.05, .05, 0.1, .53),
            legend.position = c(.6,.32), legend.title.size = 1.4, legend.text.size = 1) +
  tm_text("subcatchment", size = 0.3) +
  tm_scale_bar(position = c(.6, .59), breaks = c(0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 1)) +
  tm_compass(position = c(.58, .52))
# tmap_save(hotspots_max_mcf_total, here("climate_change_data", "output_maps", "hotspots_mcf_max.png"))
# Peak flow hotspots
hotspots max mcf peak <- tm basemap("OpenStreetMap.Mapnik") +
  tm_shape(subcatch_max, unit = "Miles") +
  tm_polygons("peak_runoff_cfs", alpha = 0.75, palette = "Greens", style = "cont", n=8,
              legend.hist = TRUE, title = "Peak Discharge (cfs)") +
  tm_layout(title = "March 2009 Max MCF storm", inner.margins=c(.05, .05, 0.1, .53),
            legend.position = c(.6,.27), legend.title.size = 1.4, legend.text.size = 1) +
  tm_text("subcatchment", size = 0.3) +
  tm_scale_bar(position = c(.6, .54), breaks = c(0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 1)) +
  tm_compass(position = c(.58, .47))
\#tmap\_save(hotspots\_max\_mcf\_peak,\ here("climate\_change\_data",\ "output\_maps", "hotspots\_max\_mcf\_peak.png")
subcatch_max_peak <- subcatch_max %>%
  filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
  ggplot() +
```

```
geom_sf(aes(fill = peak_runoff_cfs)) +
  theme_bw() +
  scale_fill_gradient(low = "#D1F2EB", high = "#148F77", name = "Peak Discharge (cfs)",
                      breaks = c(0, 25, 50, 75, 100)) +
  labs(title = "Max MCF") +
  geom_sf_text(aes(label = subcatchment), colour = "black", fontface = "bold", size = 1.8) +
  # geom_sf_label(aes(label = subcatchment), size = 1.5) +
  theme(axis.title.x = element blank(),
       axis.title.y = element_blank()) +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))+
  theme(axis.text.x = element_blank(),
       axis.text.y = element_blank(),
       axis.ticks = element blank(),
       rect = element_blank(),
       panel.border=element_blank()) +
  theme_void() # for faculty presentation, remove lines and axis elements
subcatch_max_peak
\# ggsave('subcatch_max_peak_removedsubs_themevoid.png', subcatch_max_peak, width = 5, height = 7, units
subcatch_max_total <- subcatch_max %>%
  filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_sf(aes(fill = runoff_coeff)) +
  theme_bw() +
  scale_fill_gradient(low = "#D6EAF8", high = "#2874A6", name = "Runoff Coefficient",
                      breaks = c(0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 1.0),
                      limits = c(0,1.0)) +
 labs(title = "Max MCF") +
  geom_sf_text(aes(label = subcatchment), colour = "black", fontface = "bold", size = 1.8) +
  # geom_sf_label(aes(label = subcatchment), size = 1.5) +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),
       axis.title.y = element_blank()) +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_blank(),
       axis.text.y = element_blank(),
       axis.ticks = element_blank(),
       rect = element_blank(),
       panel.border=element_blank()) +
  theme_void()
subcatch_max_total
# ggsave('subcatch_max_total.png', subcatch_max_total, width = 5, height = 7, units = "in")
```

Maps for MCF min storm hotspots

```
results_min_mcf<- read_csv("results_min_mcf.csv") ##read in file from code above
#Combine subcatchments outline with wet storm results
subcatch_min <- read_sf(dsn = here("climate_change_data", "SWMM_results", "shapefiles"), layer = "subcat st_transform(st_crs(4326)) %>%
```

```
clean_names() %>%
  select(subcatchment = objectid_1) %>%
  merge(results_min_mcf) %>%
  filter(subcatchment != "5")
# Total volume hotspots
hotspots_min_mcf_total <- tm_basemap("OpenStreetMap.Mapnik") +
  tm shape(subcatch min, unit = "Miles") +
  tm_polygons("runoff_coeff", alpha = 0.8, palette = "Blues", style = "cont", n=8,
              legend.hist = TRUE, title = "Runoff Coefficient") +
  tm_layout(title = "March 2009 Min MCF storm", inner.margins=c(.05, .05, 0.1, .53),
            legend.position = c(.6,.32), legend.title.size = 1.4, legend.text.size = 1) +
  tm_text("subcatchment", size = 0.3) +
  tm_scale_bar(position = c(.6, .59), breaks = c(0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 1)) +
  tm_compass(position = c(.58, .52))
##tmap_save(hotspots_wet_total, here("5.Results_Maps", "output_maps", "hotspots_wet_total.png"))
# Peak flow hotspots
hotspots_min_mcf_peak <- tm_basemap("OpenStreetMap.Mapnik") +
  tm_shape(subcatch_min, unit = "Miles") +
  tm_polygons("peak_runoff_cfs", alpha = 0.75, palette = "Greens", style = "cont", n=8,
              legend.hist = TRUE, title = "Peak Discharge (cfs)") +
  tm_layout(title = "March 2009 Min MCF storm", inner.margins=c(.05, .05, 0.1, .53),
            legend.position = c(.6,.27), legend.title.size = 1.4, legend.text.size = 1) +
  tm text("subcatchment", size = 0.3) +
  tm_scale_bar(position = c(.6, .54), breaks = c(0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 1)) +
  tm_compass(position = c(.58, .47))
##tmap_save(hotspots_wet_peak, here("5.Results_Maps", "output_maps", "hotspots_wet_peak.png"))
subcatch_min_peak <- subcatch_min %>%
  filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_sf(aes(fill = peak_runoff_cfs)) +
  theme_classic()+
  scale_fill_gradient(low = "#D1F2EB", high = "#148F77", name = "Peak Discharge (cfs)",
                      breaks = c(0, 3, 6, 9, 12, 15)) +
  labs(title = "Min MCF") +
  geom_sf_text(aes(label = subcatchment), colour = "black", fontface = "bold", size = 1.8) +
  # geom_sf_label(aes(label = subcatchment), size = 1.5) +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),
        axis.title.y = element_blank()) +
theme(axis.text.x = element text(angle = 90)) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_blank(),
       axis.text.y = element_blank(),
       axis.ticks = element_blank(),
       rect = element_blank(),
       panel.border=element_blank()) +
  theme_void() # for facily presentation, remove lines and axis elements
subcatch_min_peak
```

 $\verb| # ggsave('subcatch_min_peak_removed sub_the mevoid.png', subcatch_min_peak, width = 5, height = 7, units a subcatch_min_peak, width = 7, units a subcatch_min_peak, width = 7, units a subcatch_min_peak, width = 7, units a subcatch_min_peak,$

```
subcatch_min_total <- subcatch_min %>%
  filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_sf(aes(fill = runoff_coeff)) +
  theme_bw() +
  scale_fill_gradient(low = "#D6EAF8", high = "#2874A6", name = "Runoff Coefficient",
                      breaks = c(0, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8, 1.0),
                      limits = c(0,1.0)) +
 labs(title = "Min MCF") +
  geom_sf_text(aes(label = subcatchment), colour = "black", fontface = "bold", size = 1.8) +
  # geom_sf_label(aes(label = subcatchment), size = 1.5) +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),
        axis.title.y = element_blank()) +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_blank(),
       axis.text.y = element_blank(),
        axis.ticks = element_blank(),
       rect = element_blank(),
        panel.border=element_blank()) +
  theme_void()
subcatch_min_total
```

ggsave('subcatch_min_total.png', subcatch_min_total, width = 5, height = 7, units = "in")

Normalized Peak Discharge Maps

```
subcatch_max_normalized <- read_sf(dsn = here("climate_change_data", "SWMM_results", "shapefiles"), laye</pre>
  st_transform(st_crs(4326)) %>%
  clean_names() %>%
  select(subcatchment = objectid_1) %>%
  merge(results_max_mcf_normalized) %>%
  filter(subcatchment != "5")
## normalized Max MCF Peak Discharge
subcatch_max_peak_normalized <- subcatch_max_normalized %>%
  filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_sf(aes(fill = peak_runoff_cfs_norm)) +
 theme bw() +
  scale_fill_gradient(low = "#D1F2EB", high = "#148F77", name = "Normalized Peak Discharge (cfs/sqft)")
  labs(title = "Max MCF") +
  geom_sf_text(aes(label = subcatchment), colour = "black", fontface = "bold", size = 1.8) +
  # geom_sf_label(aes(label = subcatchment), size = 1.5) +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),
       axis.title.y = element_blank()) +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))+
  theme(axis.text.x = element_blank(),
       axis.text.y = element_blank(),
        axis.ticks = element blank(),
       rect = element_blank(),
        panel.border=element blank()) +
  theme_void() # for faculty presentation, remove lines and axis elements
```

```
subcatch_max_peak_normalized
# ggsave('subcatch_max_peak_removedsubs_themevoid_norm.png', subcatch_max_peak_normalized, width = 5, h
subcatch_min_normalized <- read_sf(dsn = here("climate_change_data", "SWMM_results", "shapefiles"), layer</pre>
  st transform(st crs(4326)) %>%
  clean_names() %>%
  select(subcatchment = objectid_1) %>%
  merge(results_min_mcf_normalized) %>%
  filter(subcatchment != "5")
## normalized Min MCF Peak Discharge
subcatch_min_peak_normalized <- subcatch_min_normalized %>%
  filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_sf(aes(fill = peak_runoff_cfs_norm)) +
  theme_classic()+
  scale_fill_gradient(low = "#D1F2EB", high = "#148F77", name = "Normalized Peak Discharge (cfs/sqft)")
  labs(title = "Min MCF") +
  geom_sf_text(aes(label = subcatchment), colour = "black", fontface = "bold", size = 1.8) +
  # geom_sf_label(aes(label = subcatchment), size = 1.5) +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),
       axis.title.y = element_blank()) +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element blank(),
       axis.text.y = element_blank(),
        axis.ticks = element_blank(),
       rect = element_blank(),
       panel.border=element blank()) +
  theme_void() # for facily presentation, remove lines and axis elements
subcatch_min_peak_normalized
```

 $\#\ ggsave('subcatch_min_peak_removedsub_the mevoid_norm.png',\ subcatch_min_peak_normalized,\ width\ =\ 5,\ has been also be$

binned runoff coefficient maps for min and max MCF

```
# View a single RColorBrewer palette by specifying its name
display.brewer.pal(n = 7, name = 'Blues')

# Hexadecimal color specification
brewer.pal(n = 7, name = "Blues")

mycols <- brewer.pal(n = 11, name = "Blues")

mybreaks_max<- c(0.0, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9)

subcatch_min_total <- subcatch_min %>%
    filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
    mutate(runoff_coeff_cut = cut_number(runoff_coeff, n = 10)) %>%
    ggplot() +
    geom_sf(aes(fill = runoff_coeff_cut)) +
    theme_bw() +
```

```
scale_fill_gradientn(colours = mycols,
                       breaks= mybreaks_max,
   super = metR::ScaleDiscretised,
   name = "Runoff Coefficient") +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
  labs(title = "Min MCF") +
  geom_sf_text(aes(label = subcatchment), colour = "black", fontface = "bold", size = 3.1) +
  # geom sf label(aes(label = subcatchment), size = 1.5) +
  theme(axis.title.x = element blank(),
        axis.title.y = element_blank()) +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_blank(),
        axis.text.y = element_blank(),
       axis.ticks = element_blank(),
       rect = element_blank(),
       panel.border=element_blank()) +
  theme_void()
subcatch_min_total
  # ggsave('subcatch_min_total_binned.png', subcatch_min_total, width = 5, height = 7, units = "in")
mycols <- brewer.pal(n = 11, name = "Blues")</pre>
mybreaks_max < -c(0.0, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9)
subcatch_max_total <- subcatch_max %>%
  filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
  mutate(runoff_coeff_cut = cut_number(runoff_coeff, n = 10)) %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_sf(aes(fill = runoff_coeff_cut)) +
  theme bw() +
  scale_fill_gradientn(colours = mycols,
                       breaks= mybreaks_max,
   super = metR::ScaleDiscretised,
   name = "Runoff Coefficient") +
 labs(title = "Max MCF") +
  geom_sf_text(aes(label = subcatchment), colour = "black", fontface = "bold", size = 3.1) +
  # geom_sf_label(aes(label = subcatchment), size = 1.5) +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),
        axis.title.y = element_blank()) +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_blank(),
       axis.text.y = element_blank(),
        axis.ticks = element_blank(),
       rect = element_blank(),
        panel.border=element_blank()) +
  theme_void()
subcatch_max_total
 # ggsave('subcatch_max_total_binned.png', subcatch_max_total, width = 5, height = 7, units = "in")
```

binned peak flow maps for min and max MCF

mycols2 <- brewer.pal(n = 11, name = "Greens")</pre>

```
mybreaks2 min <- c(0.0, 2.0, 4.0, 6.0, 8.0, 10.0, 12.0, 14.0, 16.0)
subcatch_min_peak <- subcatch_min %>%
  filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
  mutate(peak_runoff_cfs_cut = cut_number(peak_runoff_cfs, n = 11)) %>%
  ggplot() +
  geom_sf(aes(fill = peak_runoff_cfs_cut)) +
  theme_classic()+
  scale_fill_gradientn(colours = mycols2,
                       breaks= mybreaks2_min,
   super = metR::ScaleDiscretised,
   name = "Peak Discharge (cfs)") +
  labs(title = "Min MCF") +
  geom_sf_text(aes(label = subcatchment), colour = "black", fontface = "bold", size = 3.1) +
  # geom_sf_label(aes(label = subcatchment), size = 1.5) +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),
        axis.title.y = element_blank()) +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90)) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_blank(),
       axis.text.y = element blank(),
       axis.ticks = element_blank(),
       rect = element_blank(),
        panel.border=element_blank()) +
  theme_void() # for facily presentation, remove lines and axis elements
subcatch_min_peak
 # qqsave('subcatch_min_peak_removedsub_themevoid_binned.pnq', subcatch_min_peak, width = 5, height = 7
mycols3 <- brewer.pal(n = 11, name = "Greens")</pre>
mybreaks3_max < c(0.0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100)
subcatch_max_peak <- subcatch_max %>%
  filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
  mutate(peak_runoff_cfs_cut = cut_number(peak_runoff_cfs, n = 11)) %%
  ggplot() +
  geom sf(aes(fill = peak runoff cfs cut)) +
 theme_classic()+
  scale_fill_gradientn(colours = mycols3,
                       breaks= mybreaks3_max,
   super = metR::ScaleDiscretised,
   name = "Peak Discharge (cfs)") +
  labs(title = "Max MCF") +
  geom_sf_text(aes(label = subcatchment), colour = "black", fontface = "bold", size = 3.1) +
  # geom_sf_label(aes(label = subcatchment), size = 1.5) +
  theme(axis.title.x = element_blank(),
        axis.title.y = element_blank()) +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90))+
  theme(axis.text.x = element_blank(),
        axis.text.y = element_blank(),
       axis.ticks = element_blank(),
```

```
rect = element_blank(),
    panel.border=element_blank()) +
theme_void() # for faculty presentation, remove lines and axis elements
subcatch_max_peak
```

 $\#\ ggsave('subcatch_max_peak_removedsubs_themevoid_binned.png',\ subcatch_max_peak,\ width\ =\ 5,\ height\ =\ 7,\ height\ =\ 1,\ height\ =\$

combine max and min runoff coefficient results into single table showing the catchment #, min, and max runoff coefficient, slope, percent impervious, and area (sqft)

```
results_min_mcf_rc <- results_min_mcf %>%
  select(subcatchment, Slope, percent_imp, Area_sqft, runoff_coeff) %>%
  filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
  arrange(desc(runoff_coeff)) %>%
  top_n(20,runoff_coeff)
results_max_mcf_rc <- results_max_mcf %>%
  select(subcatchment, Slope, percent_imp, Area_sqft, runoff_coeff) %>%
  filter(!subcatchment %in% c(1, 2,94,3,38, 24)) %>%
  arrange(desc(runoff coeff)) %>%
  top_n(20,runoff_coeff)
results_runoffcoef_table <- results_min_mcf_rc %>%
  full_join(results_max_mcf_rc, by=c("subcatchment", "Slope", "percent_imp", "Area_sqft")) %>%
  kable(col.names=c("Subcatchment", "Slope", "Percent Impervious", "Area (sqft)", "Runoff Coefficient, M
                                "Runoff Coefficient, Max MCF")) %>%
  kable_styling(bootstrap_options = "striped")
results_runoffcoef_table
```

combine max and min peak runoff (cfs) results into single table showing the catchment #, min, and max peak runoff (cfs)

comparing historical vs Max MCF runoff coefficients from Dornan et al., 2020

```
## runoff coefficients differences
dornan_results_top20_rc <- read_csv("~/Desktop/Aloha-Aina-Master/climate_change_data/SWMM_results/dornan_select(subcatchment, runoff_coeff) # read in dorana et al RC results

results_max_mcf_rc_summary <- results_max_mcf_rc %>% select(subcatchment, runoff_coeff) # select just

combined_rc_results <- dornan_results_top20_rc %>% right_join(results_max_mcf_rc_summary, by = c("subcatchment_rc_results = combined_rc_results %>% mutate(subtract = runoff_coeff.y-runoff_coeff.x) # add coeff.

## peak flow differences

dornan_results_top20_peakflow <- read_csv("~/Desktop/Aloha-Aina-Master/climate_change_data/SWMM_results select(subcatchment, peak_runoff_cfs) # read in Team Kahuawais peak flow results

results_max_mcf_peak_summary <- results_max_mcf_peak %>% select(subcatchment, peak_runoff_cfs) # select
combined_peak_results <- dornan_results_top20_peakflow %>% right_join(results_max_mcf_peak_summary, by)

combined_peak_results = combined_peak_results %>% mutate(subtract = peak_runoff_cfs.y-peak_runoff_cfs.)
```