# Debris, intermediate siliceous rocks, intermediate clay minerals

HaI0

### General parameters

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Area	$274.27~\mathrm{km}2$
Percentage on total forest mapped area	5.64~%

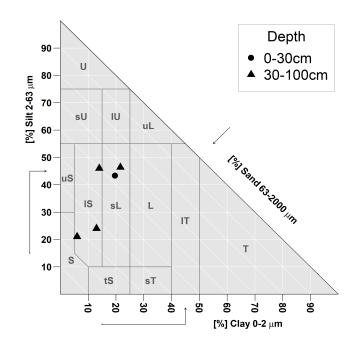
#### Physics - mean values of all considered profiles (86)

Depth [cm]	Coarse fraction [%]	Field capacity [l/m2]		
0-15	$20 \pm 15$			
15-30	$30 \pm 20$	$113 \pm 49$		
30-60	$45 \pm 25$	110 ± 49		
60-100	$55 \pm 30$			

#### Chemistry - stock of available profiles (1)

Ctot	Ntot	Ca	Mg	K	P
t/ha	t/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha
56.42	5.19	671.94	96.1	132.97	1604.13

All stock values, 0-80 cm including humus layers (F,H), are short term available, except for phosphorus, which has long term availability



## Chemistry - mean values of all considered profiles (25)

Depth [cm]	CEC [mmol/kg]	Base Saturation [%]	(Mg+Ca)/CEC	Ntot [%]	TOC [%]	C/N	pHCaCl2
0-5	124.76	29.88	0.28	0.38	6.93	18.24	3.66
5-10	123.88	29.15	0.27	0.37	6.87	18.57	3.66
10-20	75.4	22.21	0.21	0.22	4.05	18.41	3.99
20-40	47.82	25.16	0.23	0.15	2.72	18.13	4.27
40-80	40.86	29.66	0.26	0.14	2.28	16.29	4.35

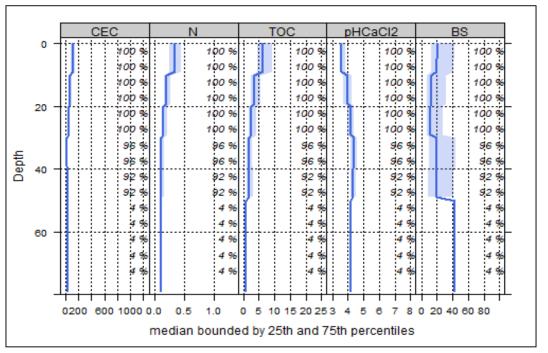


Figure 1: Profile's depth variation of the following median chemical properties, bounded by 25th and 75th percentiles: cation exchange capacity (mmol/kg), nitrogen (%), total organic carbon (%), pH and base saturation (%). The percentage values indicate how many profiles contribute to the median calculation at each depth step.

# Biomass use Effects of whole tree harvesting Intermediate negative effects

