FxC-

Gravel, siliceous-carbonate rocks, poor in clay minerals

Occurrence of substrate type

Area	13.35 km2
Percentage on total forest mapped area	0.27 %

Physical soil properties-

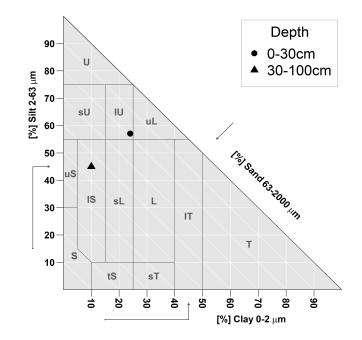
mean values according to field description (1)

	O	- ()
Depth [cm]	Coarse fraction [%]	Field capacity [l/m2]
0-15	35 ± 25	
15-30	55 ± 15	50±
30-60	75 ± 20	90±
60-100	95 ± 5	

Carbon, nitrogen and nutrient stocks (0)

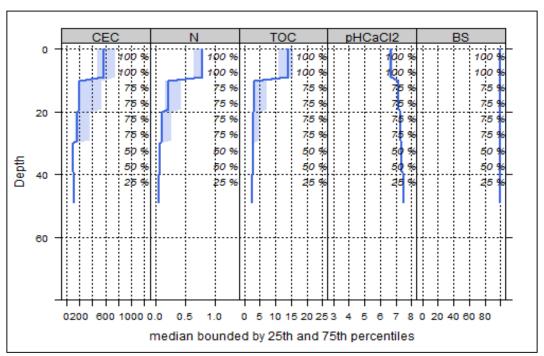
Ctot	Ntot	Ca	Mg	K	Р
t/ha	t/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha

Mean stock values 0-80 cm of mineral soil and humus layers (OF,OH) given in short term availability. For phosphorous long-term availability is given.



Soil chemical analysis for depth intervals (5)

(*)							
Depth [cm]	CEC [mmol/kg]	Base Saturation [%]	(Mg+Ca)/CEC	Ntot [%]	TOC [%]	C/N	pHCaCl2
0-5	639.4	99.97	1	0.65	12.85	19.77	6.66
5-10	639.4	99.97	1	0.65	12.85	19.77	6.66
10-20	419.01	100	1	0.32	5.63	17.59	7.13
20-40	203.82	100	1	0.16	3.56	22.25	7.34
40-80	122	100	0.99	0.06	2.5	41.67	7.47



Profile's depth variation of the following median chemical properties, bounded by 25th and 75th percentiles: cation exchange capacity (CEC, mmol/kg), nitrogen (N, %), total organic carbon (TOC, %), pH and base saturation (BS, %). Dark blue line represents median, blue area represents values within the second and third percentile.

Biomass use	Compaction risk Effects of transit from heavy-duty machinery			
Effects of whole-tree harvesting				
Strong negative effects	Occasionally critical			