

## Debris, siliceous carbonate-poor, intermediate

General parameters

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Area	38.15  km2
Percentage on total forest mapped area	0.78 %

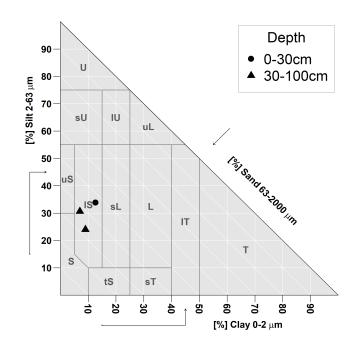
#### Physics - mean values of all considered profiles (27)

Depth [cm]	Coarse fraction [%]	Field capacity [l/m2]
0-15	$20 \pm 20$	
15-30	$35 \pm 25$	$90 \pm 40$
30-60	$50 \pm 30$	JU ⊥ 40
60-100	$75 \pm 20$	

#### Chemistry - stock of available profiles (1)

Ctot	Ntot	Ca Mg		K	P	
t/ha	t/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha	
58.34	3.45	1293.28	78.99	167.6	1139.67	

All stock values, 0-80 cm including humus layers (F,H), are short term available, except for phosphorus, which has long term availability



### Chemistry - mean values of all considered profiles (3)

Depth [cm]	CEC [mmol/kg]	Base Saturation [%]	(Mg+Ca)/CEC	Ntot [%]	TOC [%]	C/N	pHCaCl2
0-5	82.29	69.26	0.65	0.31	4.84	15.61	4.38
5-10	80.97	67.23	0.64	0.29	4.66	16.07	4.29
10-20	56.56	65.62	0.62	0.2	3.03	15.15	4.47
20-40	51.76	79.15	0.72	0.13	1.9	14.62	5.11
40-80	23.81	86.9	0.66	0.08	0.64	8	5.4

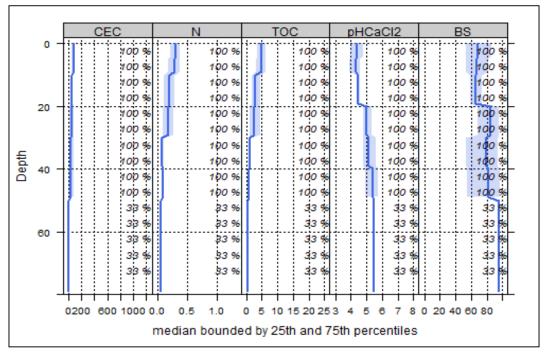


Figure 1: Profile's depth variation of the following median chemical properties, bounded by 25th and 75th percentiles: cation exchange capacity (mmol/kg), nitrogen (%), total organic carbon (%), pH and base saturation (%). The percentage values indicate how many profiles contribute to the median calculation at each depth step.

# Biomass use Effects of whole three harvesting

Minor negative effects

Compaction risk

Effects of heavy machines transit on the soil

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Minor negative effects