

Debris, dolomite, intermediate clay minerals

Occurrence of substrate type

Area	13.48 km2
Percentage on total forest mapped area	0.28 %

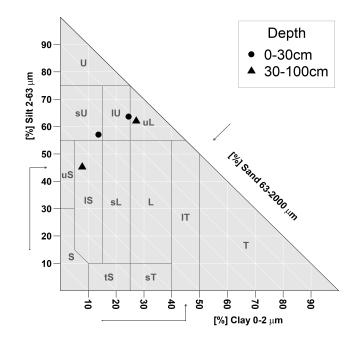
Physical soil propertiesmean values according to field description (3)

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Depth	Coarse fraction [%]	Field capacity [l/m2]			
[cm]		1 0 [7]			
0-15	45 ± 30				
15-30	55 ± 20	81 ± 54			
30-60	65 ± 25	01 ± 04			
60-100	80 ± 20				

Carbon, nitrogen and nutrient stocks (2)

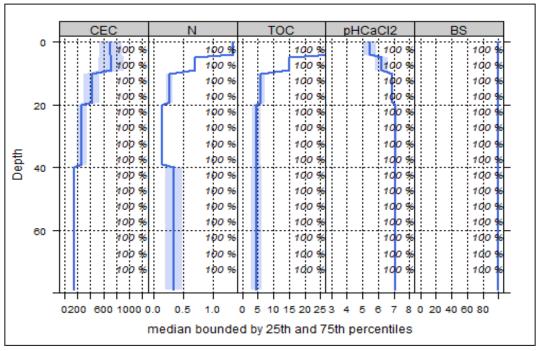
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Ctot	Ntot	Ca	Mg	K	P
t/ha	t/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha
124.92	5.39	5922.77	1406.48	103.24	675.29

Mean stock values 0-80 cm of mineral soil and humus layers (OF,OH) given in short term availability. For phosphorous long-term availability is given.



Soil chemical analysis for depth intervals (3)

bon enemical analysis for depth intervals (6)							
Depth [cm]	CEC [mmol/kg]	Base Saturation [%]	(Mg+Ca)/CEC	Ntot [%]	TOC [%]	C/N	pHCaCl2
0-5	713.53	99.8	0.99	1.33	29.12	21.89	5.5
5-10	718.67	99.8	1	0.69	15.21	22.04	6.19
10-20	422.97	99.89	1	0.27	6.02	22.3	6.89
20-40	269.91	99.88	1	0.15	4.51	30.07	7.12
40-80	145.48	99.83	0.99	0.34	4.63	13.62	7.07



Profile's depth variation of the following median chemical properties, bounded by 25th and 75th percentiles: cation exchange capacity (CEC, mmol/kg), nitrogen (N, %), total organic carbon (TOC, %), pH and base saturation (BS, %). Dark blue line represents median, blue area represents values within the second and third percentile.

Biomass use				
Effects of whole-tree harvesting				
Strong negative effects				

Compaction risk
Effects of transit from heavy-duty machinery

Minor negative effects