

## Moraine, siliceous-carbonate rocks, intermediate clay minerals

General parameters

<b>.</b>	
Area	$96.88~\mathrm{km}2$
Percentage on total forest mapped area	1.99 %

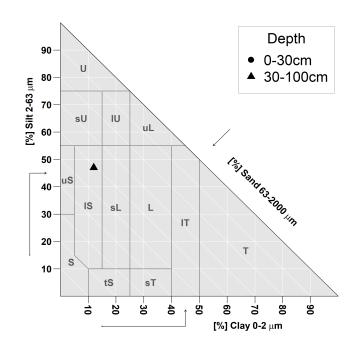
## Physics - mean values of all considered profiles (6)

Depth [cm]	Coarse fraction [%]	Field capacity [l/m2]
0-15	$15 \pm 15$	
15-30	$25 \pm 20$	$113 \pm 63$
30-60	$40 \pm 30$	110 ± 00
60-100	$40 \pm 25$	

## Chemistry - stock of available profiles (0)

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Ctot	Ntot	Ca	Mg	K	P
t/ha	t/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha

All stock values, 0-80 cm including humus layers (F,H), are short term available, except for phosphorus, which has long term availability



Chemistry - mean values of all considered profiles (7)

Depth [cm]	Depth [cm]   CEC [mmol/kg]   Base Saturation [%]		(Mg+Ca)/CEC	Ntot [%]	TOC [%]	C/N	pHCaCl2
0-5	263.83	81.78	0.81	0.31	5.69	18.35	4.84
5-10	263.83	81.78	0.81	0.31	5.69	18.35	4.84
10-20	212.63	84.82	0.84	0.18	2.64	14.67	5.38
20-40	200.14	90.8	0.9	0.12	1.64	13.67	6
40-80	202.9	95.35	0.95	0.11	1.49	13.55	6.26

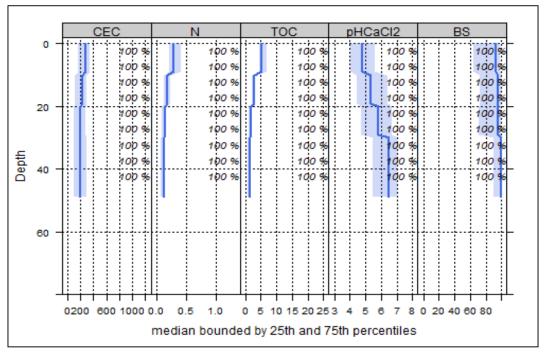


Figure 1: Profile's depth variation of the following median chemical properties, bounded by 25th and 75th percentiles: cation exchange capacity (mmol/kg), nitrogen (%), total organic carbon (%), pH and base saturation (%). The percentage values indicate how many profiles contribute to the median calculation at each depth step.

Biomass use			
Effects of whole tree harvesting			
Minor negative	effects		

