

GbK-

Boulders, calcite, poor in clay minerals

Occurrence of substrate type

Area	14.47 km ²
Percentage on total forest mapped area	0.3 %

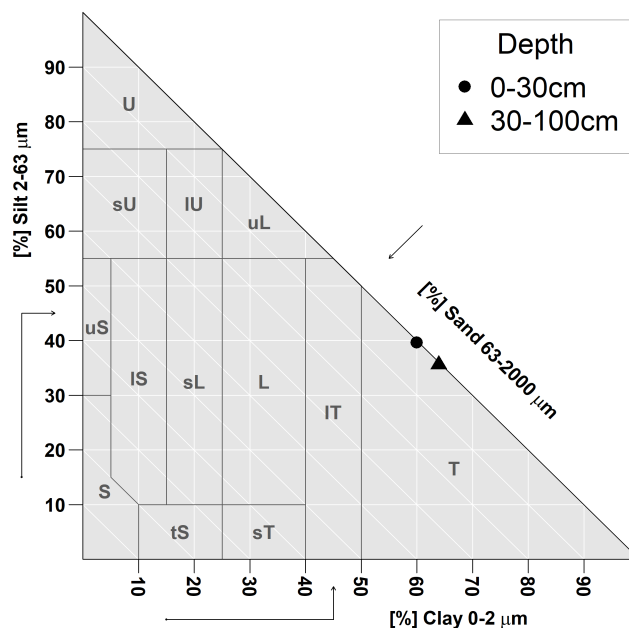
Physical soil properties- mean values according to field description (1)

Depth [cm]	Coarse fraction [%]	Field capacity [l/m ²]
0-15	60 ± 25	92±
15-30	65 ± 25	
30-60	75 ± 10	
60-100	80 ± 0	

Carbon, nitrogen and nutrient stocks (1)

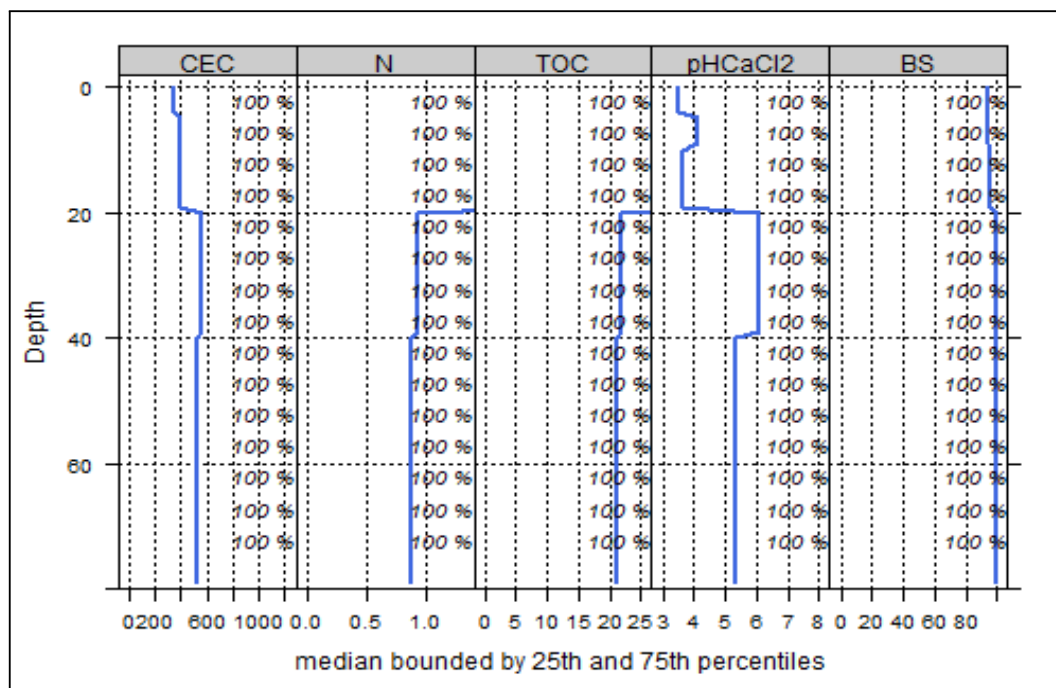
C _{tot}	N _{tot}	Ca	Mg	K	P
t/ha	t/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha
294.13	12.38	8262.41	299.95	158.33	670.17

Mean stock values 0-80 cm of mineral soil and humus layers (OF,OH) given in short term availability. For phosphorous long-term availability is given.



Soil chemical analysis for depth intervals (1)

Depth [cm]	CEC [mmol/kg]	Base Saturation [%]	(Mg+Ca)/CEC	N _{tot} [%]	TOC [%]	C/N	pH _{CaCl2}
0-5	343.46	94.02	0.91	2.22	47.42	21.36	3.48
5-10	399.19	94.5	0.93	2.04	47.55	23.31	4.12
10-20	393.89	95.23	0.94	2.02	46.97	23.25	3.62
20-40	562.44	99.9	0.99	0.93	21.98	23.63	6.11
40-80	530.39	99.53	0.99	0.87	21.14	24.3	5.31



Profile's depth variation of the following median chemical properties, bounded by 25th and 75th percentiles: cation exchange capacity (CEC, mmol/kg), nitrogen (N, %), total organic carbon (TOC, %), pH and base saturation (BS, %). Dark blue line represents median, blue area represents values within the second and third percentile.

Biomass use

Effects of whole-tree harvesting

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Minor negative effects

Compaction risk

Effects of transit from heavy-duty machinery

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Minor negative effects