

**AxI+**

aeolian/fine fluvial deposits, intermediate siliceous rocks, highly impure

## General parameters

Area	km2
Percentage on total forest mapped area	0 %

## Physics - mean values of all considered profiles (0)

Depth [cm]	Coarse fraction [%]	Field capacity [l/m2]
0-15	±	±
15-30	±	
30-60	±	
60-100	±	

## Chemistry - stock of available profiles (1)

Ctot	Ntot	Ca	Mg	K	P
t/ha	t/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha
311.52	15.31	5621.1	688.52	82.39	1626.5

All stock values, 0-80 cm including humus layers (F,H), are short term available, except for phosphorus, which has long term availability

## Chemistry - mean values of all considered profiles (1)

Depth [cm]	CEC [mmol/kg]	Base Saturation [%]	(Mg+Ca)/CEC	Ntot [%]	TOC [%]	C/N	pH <sub>CaCl2</sub>
0-5	222.39	54.52	0.52	1.44	33.51	23.27	3.08
5-10	121.26	15.65	0.14	0.53	10.3	19.43	3.61
10-20	82.28	78.42	0.77	0.36	7.02	19.5	4.53
20-40	56.82	80.73	0.8	0.21	4.33	20.62	4.86
40-80	44.84	93.97	0.93	0.12	2.35	19.58	5.12

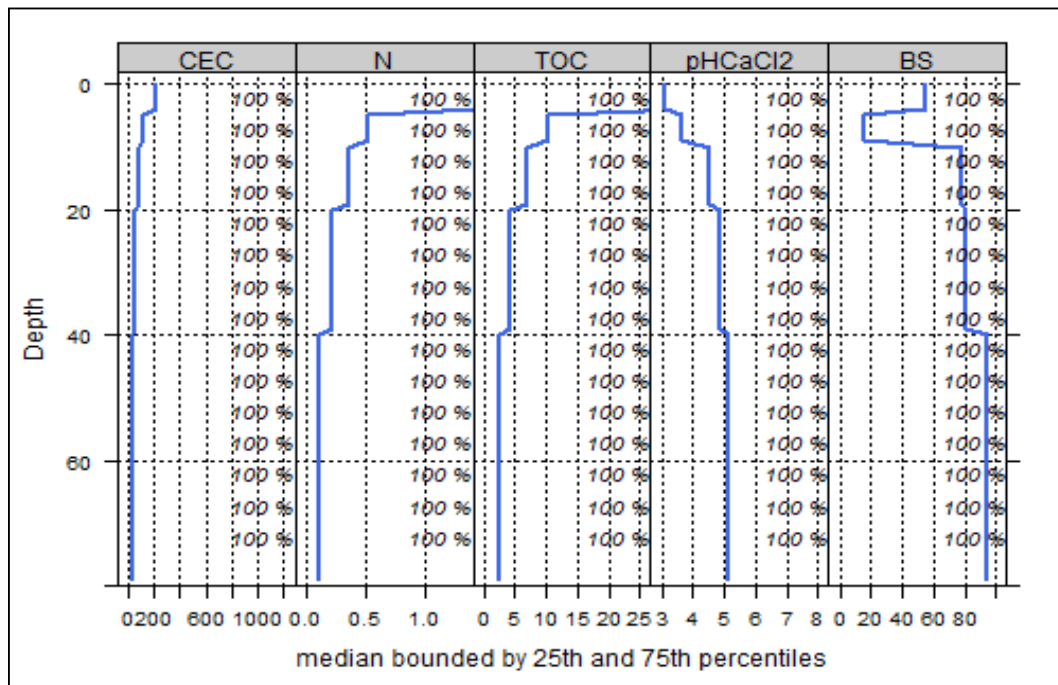
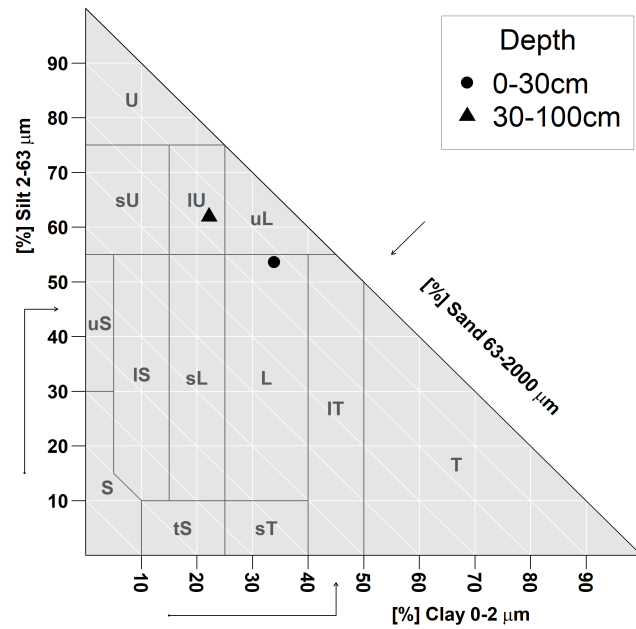


Figure 1: Profile's depth variation of the following median chemical properties, bounded by 25th and 75th percentiles: cation exchange capacity (mmol/kg), nitrogen (%), total organic carbon (%), pH and base saturation (%). The percentage values indicate how many profiles contribute to the median calculation at each depth step.

## Biomass use

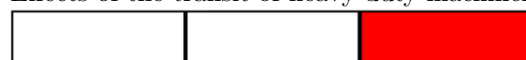
Effects of whole-tree harvesting



Intermediate negative effects

## Compaction risk

Effects of the transit of heavy-duty machinery



Locations at risk