

Solid rock, mafic rocks, rich in clay minerals

Occurrence of substrate type

Area	$6.65~\mathrm{km}2$
Percentage on total forest mapped area	0.14 %

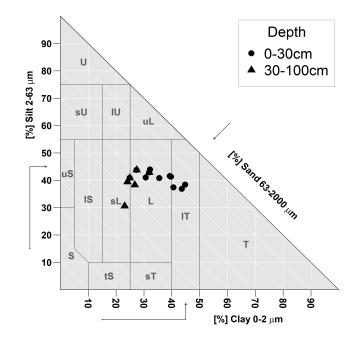
Physical soil propertiesmean values according to field description (3)

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Depth [cm]	Coarse fraction [%]	Field capacity [l/m2]
0-15	20 ± 20	
15-30	35 ± 15	106 ± 41
30-60	45 ± 20	100 ± 41
60-100	70 ± 20	

Carbon, nitrogen and nutrient stocks (3)

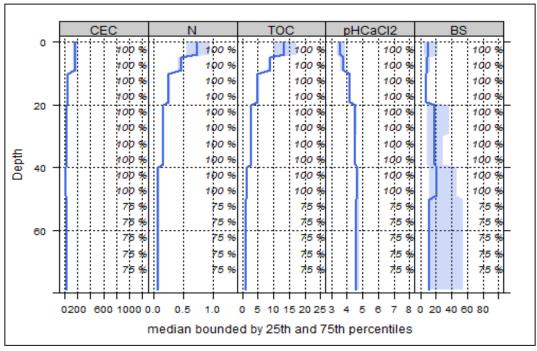
Ctot	Ntot	Ca	Mg	K	P
t/ha	t/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha	kg/ha
112.99	6.34	386.07	124.89	62.62	3019.18

Mean stock values 0-80 cm of mineral soil and humus layers (OF,OH) given in short term availability. For phosphorous long-term availability is given.



Soil chemical analysis for depth intervals (4)

the mean analysis for depth intervals (1)							
Depth [cm]	CEC [mmol/kg]	Base Saturation [%]	(Mg+Ca)/CEC	Ntot [%]	TOC [%]	C/N	pHCaCl2
0-5	191.49	15.9	0.13	0.75	13.91	18.55	3.65
5-10	164.17	10.1	0.07	0.44	8.66	19.68	3.72
10-20	66.21	8.1	0.06	0.26	5.13	19.73	4.18
20-40	33.7	22.76	0.2	0.16	2.67	16.69	4.56
40-80	32.36	39.07	0.35	0.09	1.25	13.89	4.7



Profile's depth variation of the following median chemical properties, bounded by 25th and 75th percentiles: cation exchange capacity (CEC, mmol/kg), nitrogen (N, %), total organic carbon (TOC, %), pH and base saturation (BS, %). Dark blue line represents median, blue area represents values within the second and third percentile.

Biomass use	Compaction risk			
Effects of whole-tree harvesting	Effects of transit from heavy-duty machinery			
Strong negative effects	Locations at risk			