

Strategy | Methodology | Implementation | Support | Evolution | Capability

11/15/2013



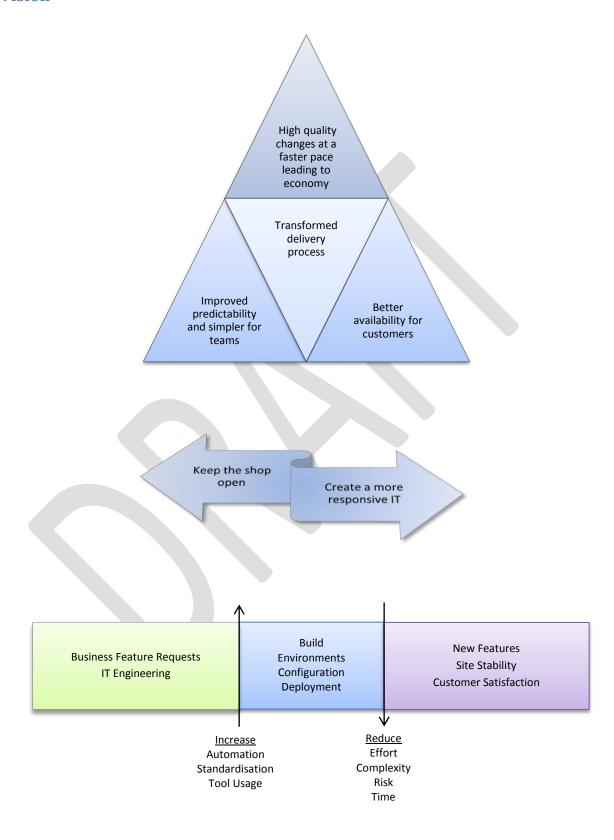
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Strategy

Vision



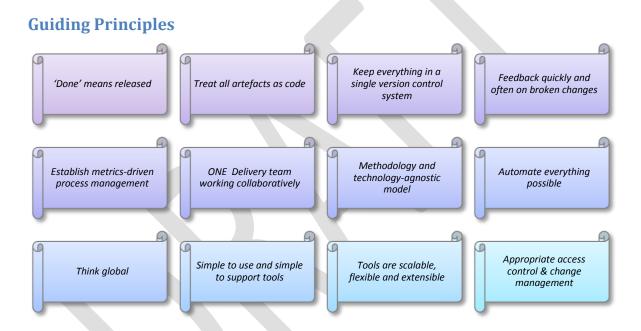


Model Overview

The IT Delivery Model is based around the concept of Continuous Delivery, which is focused on releasing software rapidly through build, test and deployment automation. This creates a reliable and repeatable mechanism that allows IT to be more responsive to business needs. DevOps, ITIL, Agile and Six Sigma elements are also incorporated to provide a holistic approach, tailored specifically for Tesco.

Continuous Delivery is a combination of continuous integration and a delivery pipeline:

- Continuous Integration: A method for ensuring applications are working and, if not, who and what broke it.
- Delivery Pipeline: An extension of continuous integration and models the process for getting applications built, deployed, tested and released.



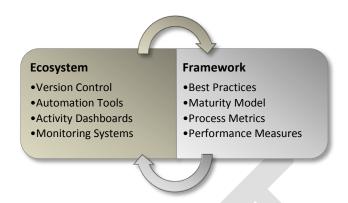
Outcomes of Transformation





Methodology

The delivery model is comprised of two overarching parts - an **Ecosystem** and a **Framework**:-



The Ecosystem and Framework provide the basis for re-engineering build, configuration, environment, deployment and testing tasks. The consolidation and integration of tools creates a global delivery model, leading to better resource utilisation, simpler processes and cheaper licencing costs.

Process	Challenge	Solution	Outcome	
Configuration	Artefacts stored in different locations	Everything in a single place	Better: Increased confidence in product quality	
Configu	Inconsistent environments due to untracked changes	All environments configured, monitored and healed via tools	Cheaper: Less project delays due to environment problems	
Build	Human intervention required	Automatically trigger deployment upon completion	Cheaper: Faster time-to-release with less manpower	
	Code quality unknown	Code quality measured	Better: Product quality	
Environments	Hand-crafted – long time to build, prone to human error	Built automatically and right first time	Simpler: Easier to scale to meet business demands	
Enviror	Static, congested, get polluted and degrade	Dynamic, can be rebuilt cleanly on- demand, each project has their own	Cheaper: Less project delays as queuing eradicated	
nent	Manual, time-consuming, prone to human error	Automatic – right product, right place, right time	Simpler: Tasks made easier for staff	
Deployment	Engineering and Operations use different tools and methods	Same process from start to finish	Cheaper: Less risk to systems and faster time-to-release	
Testing	Resource intensive and time consuming	Faster execution with less overhead	Better: Product quality improved as staff freed up for exploratory testing	
Te	Not thorough	Comprehensive and repeatable	Cheaper: Waste reduction	

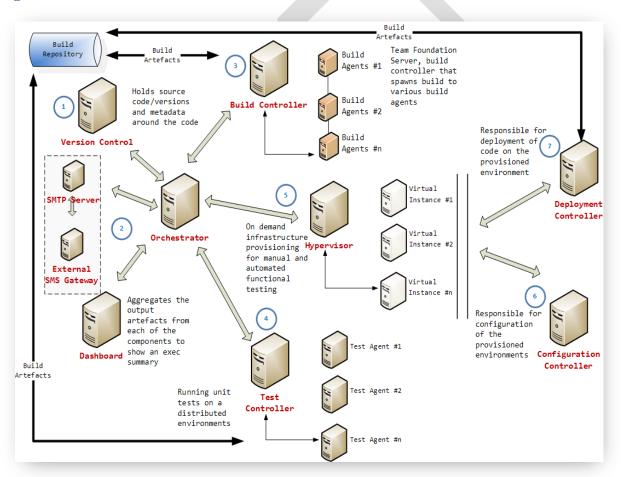


Ecosystem

The Ecosystem is essentially the tool chain that supports the delivery of business changes. While ownership may be split across Infrastructure, Engineering and primarily the Platform team, all tools are fully integrated to eliminate the process fragmentation that typically exists in traditional IT silos. Products have been selected or developed following a detailed evaluation and factored in usability, functional and non-functional requirements from Engineering, Service, Architecture and individual project teams. A centralised dashboard provides a real-time end-to-end view of project release activities and encourages collaboration.

The Ecosystem is designed to be neither too restrictive (teams forced into using sub optimal tools, thereby impeding quality, speed and morale) nor chaotic (unnecessary tool proliferation, integration problems, increased complexity and costs).

Logical Architecture



Note:

- This currently represents the Customer view only and is based on a tactical solution



Toolbox

Dashboard & Orchestration

Jenkins

- Triggers automation tools in the Ecosystem
- Manages the top-level release dashboard and provides real-time status of continuous integration and the delivery pipeline
- Invokes virtual machines to provision virtual machine hosts
- Centralised end-to-end view brings Development and Operations staff closer together
- Open source

Test Controller



- Functional test automation suite
- Multi-platform, language and browser compatibility
- Behaviour Driven Development approach to create greater cohesion and transparency between testers and non-technical stakeholders to pass stories and acceptance criteria
- User-friendly, colour-coded HTML test report outputs which can be archived
- Can execute tests faster in a parallel processing architecture using Selenium GRID
- Open source

Configuration Controller



- Configures the 'grey area' between the infrastructure and application layer
- Monitors servers and self-heals in the event of unauthorised or misconfigured change
- Designed to manage configuration in simple text files
- Provides the configuration catalogue for virtual machines
- Open source

Code Quality

sonarqube[.]

- Reports on duplicated code, coding standards, unit tests, code coverage, complex code, potential bugs, comments and design and architecture
- Can show and compare historical data snapshots and coding trends
- Each project represented by high level matrix offering static & dynamic analysis
- Drill down into the project at specific levels (in terms of modules, package, class) and view the coding issues via HTML viewer
- Supports multiple languages including Java, C#
- Open source

DB Automation



- Java, agile database migration tool
- Each time there is a need to evolve the database (structure or data), it creates a new migration with a version number higher than the current one
- On start up it will find the metadata table and upgrade the database accordingly
- Zero-required dependencies, only Java v5+ and jdbc required
- Supports multiple DBMS technologies
- Open source

Infrastructure as a Service



- Automatic server and network setup
- Building block for dynamic, uncongested environments
- Provides the basis for high availability and resource optimisation
- Infrastructure can be self-serviced by projects and billed accordingly
- Vendor & product tbc



Deployment Dashboard



- A visual representation of components and installers that make up a project
- Shows the versions installed across various environment
- Retains the state of the dashboard which can be viewed via the achieves link
- Accessible from Jenkins
- Developed in-house

Deployment Controller



- Responsible for deployment of application code on the provisioned environment
- Visual drag-and-drop application release design giving the ability to build multi-step, multi-tier application release processes
- Connects the different toolsets and resources to allow project applications to be delivered through the environment promotion path
- CA tool

Version Control & Build Controller



- Central repository for all IT artefacts
- Runs the build, test processes and stores metadata at various stages of the delivery workflow
- Supports both Java and .Net applications
- Distributed build environment already available
- Microsoft tool

Ecosystem Benefits

- ✓ Fast feedback on code quality even before builds are compiled
- ✓ Every type of change triggered via tools and tracked through a version control system.
- ✓ Environments no longer congested
- ✓ Zero-touch up to integration testing and push-button thereafter
- ✓ Releases are pulled rather than pushed into production
- ✓ Improved transparency leads to increased confidence and trust
- ✓ Increased innovation as automation provides space and opportunity to try out new ideas

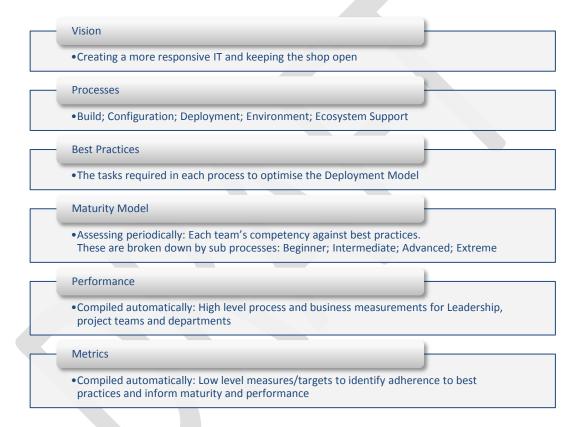


Framework

The objective of the Framework is to guide projects towards creating a more responsive IT and keeping the shop open. Tesco business areas adopt many different techniques and tools for software delivery - the Framework provides a more consistent way of working and measuring performance across the enterprise. A maturity model shows projects the journey path to reach an optimised state.

Components

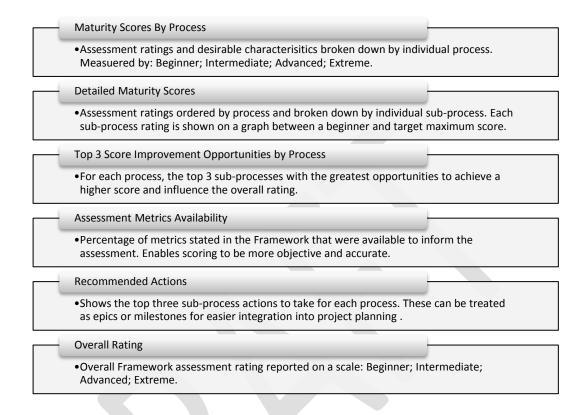
The Framework is composed of six aligned components, linking what needs to be done, how it is done, why it needs to be done, and how it is measured.





Assessments

Using Framework components, projects can begin to understand their current delivery maturity and identify key areas for improvement. This information can be used to help prioritise technical requirements in sprints or project plans.



The assessment process is a joint exercise between the coordinating Quality team, appointed Framework champions in each project and process owners. Projects will be expected to self-score but, occasionally, audits will be carried out by process specialists. At the end of each assessment period, a review and recommendation workshop will take place for each project. Summary reports are presented to the IT Leadership team to show project, process, domain, and enterprise maturity.

Framework Benefits

- ✓ Consistent delivery process across the enterprise
- ✓ Easier to onboard new people and projects
- ✓ Organisational effectiveness through project teams sharing knowledge and data
- ✓ A resource for continuous improvement and to justify technical requirements to business product owners
- ✓ A common standard for comparing project capability against performance
- ✓ A centralised resource where everyone can contribute to capture proven best practices.

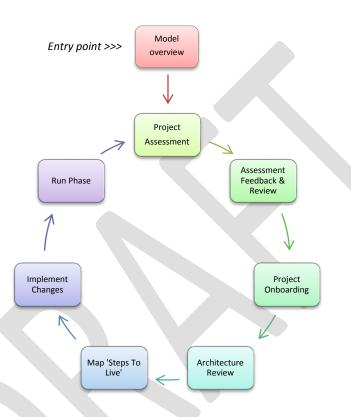


Implementation

This section describes the implementation of the Ecosystem and Framework at a project and enterprise level.

Engagement Model

The engagement model helps projects understand how to get from their current state to adopting the Framework and Ecosystem.



- **Model Overview**: Explanation of the delivery model, how the Framework links into the Ecosystem and how the Ecosystem provides metrics back for the Framework assessment.
- Project Assessment: How to score the current maturity of the project.
- Assessment Feedback & Review: Outlines the journey path for Ecosystem onboarding and reaching an optimised state.
- Project Onboarding: In the event of constraints, projects will be prioritised against a number of criteria (see p.14).
- Architecture Review: Understand the Ecosystem architecture and make recommendations on how application pipelines should be segmented.
- Map 'Steps To Live': Understand current tasks that take a project from Dev to Live and identify areas that need automation, can be retired or are out of scope.
- Implement Changes: Automate processes, construct the pipeline and plug in required tasks.
- Run Phase: How to manage the pipeline and enable continuous improvement through periodical maturity re-assessments.



Rollout Approaches

There are two approaches to scaling the delivery model:

- **Depth**: Take a project and extend the delivery pipeline all the way to production. Upon a successful 'spike', re-engineer back into other projects.
- **Breadth**: Create delivery pipelines for multiple projects simultaneously. Once validated in a lower test environment, extend the respective pipelines to production.

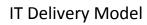
Implementation RACI

The table below illustrates the key activities for scaling the delivery model. A combined view is required as dependencies exist between the two approaches. This table can also be used to calculate the resource requirements for a preferred approach.

	Г	Doroth or Doroth								
	L	Breadth & Depth Only	Internal functions			External functions				
		Deliverable	Platform Engineering	Platform Services	QA	Infra	GEO	Engineering	Service	Quality
2	1.	Dashboard built	R	С	1		C, A	С	С	
ashbo	2.	Nolio workflows updated	R	С	1		А	С	Ţ	
Deployment Dashboard	3.	Demo created	R	-	1	1	А		1	I
ploym	4.	Scripts managed	R	R	1		А	I	Ţ	
ă	5.	Change Impact Assessment completed	R	R	1	R	А	R		I
	6.	Integrated with Jenkins	С	R	1	I	А	I	Ţ	I
	1.	Ways of working agreed	R	С	1		А	С	С	
	2.	DB scripts refactored	С	1	1		С	R, A	С	
	3.	Demo created	R	-	1	-	А	I	1	I
	4.	Support level agreed	С	R	1		А	С	Ţ	
	5.	Change Impact Assessment completed	R	R	1	R	А	R	1	
FlyWay	6.	Oracle supported	R	I	1		А	С	С	
	7.	Nolio DB workflow created	С	R	1		Α	С	С	
	8.	Enhancements agreed	R	С	С		А	С	С	
	9.	Enhancements delivered	R	1	1	I	А	Ţ	į	Ţ
	10.	Integrated with Jenkins	С	R	1	1	Α	1	Ţ	
	11.	Adopted by projects	I	R	1	1	R	А	R	1
	1.	Installation complete	R	1	1	С	А	Ţ	į	
	2.	Pipeline designed	R	R	I		А	С	С	
	3.	Pipeline extended to production	R	R	1	С	А	Ţ	С	
	4.	Integration pipeline created	R	R	1	1	А	С	С	
60	5.	Ways of working agreed	R	С	1	С	А	С	С	I
Jenkins	6.	Access and security defined	R	С	1	R	А	С	С	
	7.	Demo created	R	I	1	I	А	I	1	I
	8.	Platform managed	С	R	1	С	А	1	С	I
	9.	High availability set up	R	I	1	R, A	R	I	С	I
	10.	Change Impact Assessment completed	R	R	1	R	А	R	Ţ	
	11.	Integrated with Nolio	С	R	1	1	А	С	С	1



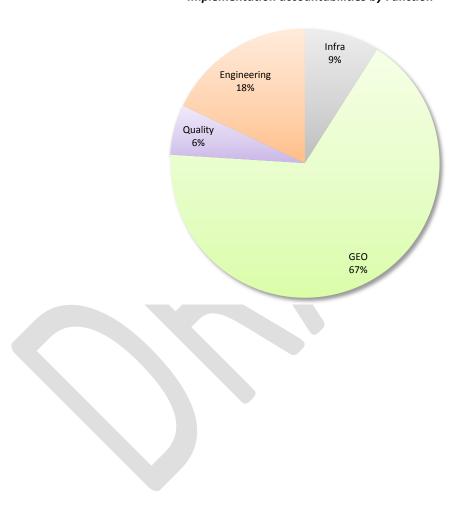
	12.	Adopted by projects	1	R	ı	l 1	R	R, A		1 1
	13.	Disaster Recovery in place	R	ı	'	R	A	I, A	С	1
	14.	Integrated with ICCM	R	R	1	I I	A	1	С	1
	15.	Enhancements agreed	R	С .	С .		A	C .	C .	
	16.	Enhancements delivered	R	I	ı	I	A	I	I	ı
	17.	Migrated to strategic solution	R	R	I	R, A	R	I	С	I
	1.	Ways of working agreed	R	С	ı	С	А	С	С	
	2.	Installation complete	R	I	ı	I	А	I	I	
	3.	Puppet scripts created	R	R	I	С	А	С	С	
	4.	Application server builds standardised	С	С		С	С	R, A	I	
#	5.	Master & agents installed on all envs	ı	R	ı	С	А	I	I	
Puppet	6.	Compliance reports created	R	R	1	С	Α	С	С	
	7.	Demo created	R	1	1	- 1	Α	I	I	I
	8.	Platform managed	С	R	1	1	А	I	I	
	9.	Change Impact Assessment completed	R	R	1	R	Α	R	I	
	10.	Adopted by projects	1	R	1	I	R	R, A	I	I
	11.	Migrated to strategic solution	R	1	1	R, A	R	_	I	I
	1.	Installation complete	R	I	1	- 1	А	С	I	
	2.	Demo created	R	1	1	1	Α	R	I	1
nber	3.	Platform managed	С	R	1	1	Α	С		
Selenium / Cucumbeı	4.	GRID platform upgraded	С	R	1	R	А	С		
/mni	5.	Docs created for other languages	С	1	1		С	R, A		
Selen	6.	Change Impact Assessment completed	R	R	1	R	А	R	I	
	7.	Integrated with Jenkins	R	R	1	_	А	С	I	I
	8.	Adopted by projects	1	С	1	1	С	R, A	I	I
	1.	Ways of working agreed	R	ı	I		R	R, A		
	2.	Coding standards agreed	С		I		С	R, A		
	3.	Demo created	R	ı	I	I	А	I	I	I
	4.	Platform managed	С	R	1	I	А	С		I
inbe	5.	Change Impact Assessment completed	R	R	1	R	А	R	I	
SonarQube	6.	Adopted by projects	1	ı	1	1	1	R, A		1
S	7.	Governance process agreed	1	1	1		I	R, A		ı
	8.	Enhancements agreed	1	С	С		С	R, A		
	9.	Enhancements delivered	1	С	1	ı	I	R, A		ı
	10.	Migrated to strategic solution	С	R	ı	R	A	С		ı
	1.	Time-to-market report validated & adopted	С	R	С	ı	R, A	С	С	ı
TFS	2.	Framework metrics developed	1	R	С		R, A	С	С	ı
	1.	Recalibration complete	С	С	R	С	С	С	С	A
J	2.	Assessment complete	1	ı	R	ı	R	R	R	A
Framework	3.	Workshop review complete	R	R	R	ı	R	R	R	A
Fram	4.	Summary reports submitted	1	1	R	1	1	1	1	A
	5.	Feedback provided for recalibration	С	С	R	С	С	c	С	A
	1.	Cont. Delivery requirements submitted	R	С	1	C, I	A	С	С	**
laaS	2.	Ways of working agreed	C	С	1	R, A	С	С	С	
la										
	3.	Supplier selected	I	1	I	R, A	I	I	I	





	4.	Delivery Plan communicated	I	1	1	R, A	1	1	1	
	5.	Integrated with Ecosystem	R	1	1	R, A	R	1	1	I.
	6.	Adopted by projects/departments	С	R	1	R	1	R, A	С	I.
	1.	Ecosystem requirements submitted	R	R	1	С	А	С	С	
Nolio	2.	Delivery Plan communicated	R	R	1	1	А	I	I	
	3.	Platform upgraded	R	R	1	R	А	ı	1	1

Implementation accountabilities by Function





Project Onboarding

Formation Phase

While the centralised Platform capability is being built, a basic assessment will be carried out to determine whether a project can onboard early.

Evaluation			
Project has a backup delivery method	Yes / No		
Project accepted risk that Ecosystem is not managed and high availability is not guaranteed	Yes / No		
Project agreed to provide their own resources to adopt new tools	Yes / No		
Project onboarding approved by GESO Platform Manager			
Project likely to benefit from being given access to the Ecosystem – based on above and:			
- Skills availability			
- Capacity in sprints/project plans			
- Feasibility in relation to target dates			
 Opportunity in relation to architecture and process complexity 			

Maintenance Phase

In the event of constraints once the Platform team has been formed, projects will be assessed against a number of criteria to determine the order in which they can onboard the Ecosystem.

	Criteria
Value	Size of additional business opportunity enabled by the project realising the direct benefits of Continuous Delivery (realised in the first year)
value	Revenue size of the business area affected by the project
	Longevity of the project and impacted products
	Ecosystem changes required
	Number of project components proposed for moving to Continuous Delivery
	SonarQube: Project already has a culture of continuous integration, i.e. keeping the check-in build green
	Puppet: Project has recorded instances of server configuration defects
	Puppet: Project has evidence of long server creation lead times
Variety	<i>Puppet</i> : Project has servers that have a high complexity to build which need to be built regularly
	<i>Puppet</i> : Project has a large number of servers which require common re-usable components
	<i>laaS</i> : Project has a large volume of upcoming infrastructure requirements (including to production)
	laaS: Project scores well in Puppet eligibility criteria
	<i>Pipeline Dashboard</i> : Project has high complexity in terms of number of components and number of environments
M-125	Number of branches
Velocity	Feature delivery rate
	Re-usable benefits: Amount of project-specific technologies already supported in the Ecosystem
Volume	Re-usable benefits: Amount of project specific technologies that have a wide scope for re-use by other projects
	Skills & Attitude: Skills available on the project to provide required inputs to adopting Continuous Delivery
Pre-Conditions	Skills & Attitude: Appetite for adopting Continuous Delivery from both the Development and Operations stakeholders on the project
	Past Progress: Initial Framework maturity score
	Past Progress: Framework score improvement since initial assessment

All tools can be used independently apart from Jenkins

Test tools for specific projects will be selected by Engineering teams



Tools Adoption Priority

This shows the sequence for introducing Ecosystem tools to projects, against four known delivery scenarios. Priorities are based on tooling dependencies, tooling complexity and value proposition.

	1. Framework	Maturity assessment
	2. TFS	Version Control Build automation
	=3. Selenium/Cucumber/QTP/VSTS	Test automation
	=3. Nolio	Deployment automation
	4. Flyway	DB automation
Tesco in-house	5. Puppet	Automated configuration
	6. Jenkins	Orchestration Pipeline dashboard
	7. SonarQube	Static code analysis
	8. Deployment Dashboard	Application tracking
	9. Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS)	Autonomic environments
	1. Framework	Maturity assessment
	2. TFS	Version Control Build automation
	=3. Selenium/Cucumber/QTP/VSTS	Test automation
	=3. Nolio	Deployment automation
Tesco in-house	=3. Deployment Dashboard	Application tracking
+	4. Flyway	DB automation
Distributed	5. Puppet	Automated configuration
deployments	6. Jenkins	Orchestration Pipeline dashboard
	7. SonarQube	Static code analysis
	8. Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS)	Autonomic environments
	1. Framework	Maturity assessment
	2. TFS	Version Control
	=3. Selenium/Cucumber/QTP/VSTS	Build automation Test automation
	=3. Nolio	Deployment automation
Tesco	4. Flyway	DB automation
+	5. Puppet	Automated configuration
Third party	6. Jenkins	Orchestration
	7. SonarQube	Pipeline dashboard Static code analysis
	8. Deployment Dashboard	Application tracking
	9. Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS)	Autonomic environments
Tesco	1. Framework	Maturity assessment
	2. TFS	Version Control
+	=3. Selenium/Cucumber/QTP/VSTS	Build automation Test automation
Third party	=3. Nolio	Deployment automation
+	=3. Deployment Dashboard	Application tracking
Distributed	4. Flyway	DB automation
deployments	5. Puppet	Automated configuration
	6. Jenkins	Orchestration Pipeline dashboard
	7. SonarQube	Static code analysis
	8. Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS)	Autonomic environments
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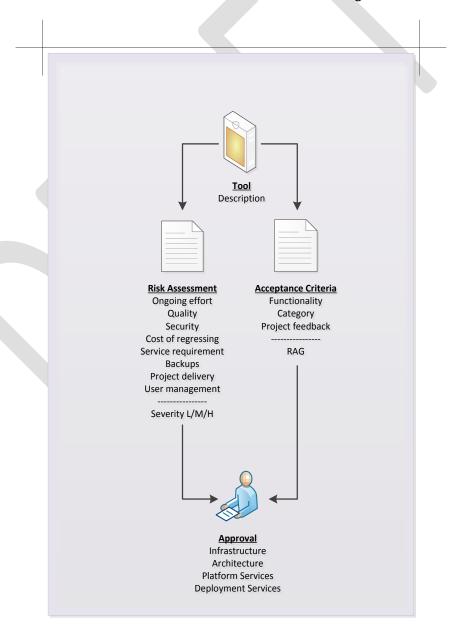
Support

Every tool in the Ecosystem needs managing to:

- Prevent unplanned downtime
- Prevent unauthorised access
- Assess the risk and impact of changes
- Ensure fitness for purpose and use
- Recover from system failure in a timely fashion

Change Impact Assessment

A lightweight process coordinated by the Platform team to evaluate new tools on a designated pilot project before they are integrated into the Ecosystem. A number of criteria are used to guide key stakeholder groups responsible for approval. This process is designed to encourage joint responsibility across internal and external functions for end-to-end tooling.





Tool Support

Recommended support levels are shown for each tool based on an assessment of potential scenarios, impact severity and software complexity.

	Deployment Dashboard				
Category	Description	% of scenarios/plugin severity or complexity			
Internal resolve	Issue(s) to be resolved internally, within the support structure of Tesco				
Non-commercial external resolve	Issue(s) to be resolved using external resources that are not contracted commercially: E.g. Online resources such as Forums, Community support, Free defect resolve systems, Wiki, IRC, etc.	95%			
Commercial resolve	Commercial support such as: Subject matter expert contracted to resolve; Product owner support in the form of physical presence consultancy; Remote consultancy; Sponsored big/feature fix	5%			
Complexity assessment	Low risk of severe issues occurring as the Deployment Dashboard: In the event of the tool failing completely, the underlying deployment inform accessible Should be recognised that there is a dependency on Jenkins connection as the web server on Jenkins Small codebase and developed with clean structure to ensure greater ease fo and maintenance Tool is developed in-house therefore internal training and handover can be more tool is developed using common technologies; Perl, HTML and CSS therefore fixes or enhancements should be less challenging	e tool is served off the r future enhancements nanaged			
Recommendation	 Primary instance, issues to be resolved internally using existing capability and in-house resources Second instance, to use online resources such as online forums, community support, wiki and IRC channels For critical resolves, be it in terms of complexity or quick turnaround time for resolve, commercial support in the form of a SMEs, (Depending on the chosen programming language of the adopting project) should be hired on a short term basis Further analysis and discussions required with Service Management to decide the most appropriate model both in terms of business need and costing. 				

Flyway				
Category	Description	% of scenarios/plugin severity or complexity		
Internal resolve	Issue(s) to be resolved internally, within the support structure of Tesco			
Non-commercial external resolve	Issue(s) to be resolved using external resources that are not contracted commercially: E.g. Online resources such as Forums, Community support, Free defect resolve systems, Wiki, IRC, etc.	98%		
Commercial resolve	Commercial support such as: Subject matter expert contracted to resolve; Product owner support in the form of physical presence consultancy; Remote consultancy; Sponsored big/feature fix	2%		
Complexity assessment	Low risk of severe issues occurring as Flyway; • Would be running with no active services • Would not persist any data • Does not have its own database • The only logging that it generates are deployment output logs • Would not have any third party software integration, (does not have any or requiring Java v1.6) • Does not need to execute any commands as a root user • Would be used in all environments, (consistent usage of the tool from deviproduction) • Low likelihood that an error would occur during the check in process howe occur at this stage it would be more efficient to resolve internally • In the worst case scenario of loss or damage of production database, extended the considered • With limited integration and low functional complexity there is a high percissues being user related Builds and triggers can be executed manually in the process failing	relopment through to ever, if an error/failure did rnal user support would not centage chance of most		
Recommendation	Primary instance, issues to be resolved internally using existing capability and internal using existing	and in-house resources		



Second instance, to use online resources such as online forums, community support, wiki and IRC channels For critical resolves be it in terms of complexity or quick turnaround time for resolve, commercial support in the form of Java J2SE SMEs should be hired on a short term basis For advanced features Flyway sponsored development can be considered, Cost of which is dependent on scope of work Further analysis and discussions required with Service Management to determine the most
appropriate model both in terms of business need and costing.

	Jenkins				
Category	Description	% of scenarios/plugin severity or complexity			
Internal resolve	Issue(s) to be resolved internally, within the support structure of Tesco				
Non-commercial external resolve	Issue(s) to be resolved using external resources that are not contracted commercially: E.g. Online resources such as Forums, Community support, Free defect resolve systems, Wiki, IRC, etc.	80%			
Commercial resolve	Commercial support such as: Subject matter expert contracted to resolve; Product owner support in the form of physical presence consultancy; Remote consultancy; Sponsored big/feature fix	20%			
Complexity assessment	Low risk of severe issues occurring as Jenkins:				
Complexity assessment	Builds and triggers can be executed manually in the event of an automated process failing				
Recommendation	 Primary instance, issues to be resolved internally using existing capability and Second instance, to use online resources such as online forums, community s channels For severe or critical resolves be it in terms of complexity or quick turnaround commercial support should be considered such as CloudBees. (CloudBees supp support as well as plugins support) For advanced features/plugin development, CloudBees sponsored development considered, (Cost of which is dependent on scope of work) Pricing is calculated based on the number and size of the Jenkins Master/Slav Response times depend on the level of support selected; Silver, Gold or Platir http://wiki.cloudbees.com/bin/view/Jenkins+Enterprise/Support%2C+Severity-Time+Descriptions The confirmed level of which would need to be determined Management. Analysis and identification of scenarios show that a 24/7 based model may not negotiated models to be considered with commercial support offerings to supp support requests with faster resolve SLAs. Further analysis and discussions with required and decide the most appropriate model both in terms of business need 	d time for resolve, ort covers generic ent should be re architecture setup num; +Level+and+Response+ by Service ot be necessary. Instead oort lower amount of in Service Management			

Puppet				
Category	Description	% of scenarios/plugin severity or complexity		
Internal resolve	Issue(s) to be resolved internally, within the support structure of Tesco			
Non-commercial external resolve	Issue(s) to be resolved using external resources that are not contracted commercially: E.g. Online resources such as Forums, Community support, Free defect resolve systems, Wiki, IRC, etc.	80%		
Commercial resolve	Commercial support such as: Subject matter expert contracted to resolve;			
Complexity assessment	Medium to high risk of severe issues occurring as Puppet: Current projects do not have the practical experience and familiarity of using the tool Highly dependent integration with many components of the ecosystem Integral component as used for configuring the catalogue for virtual machines Pre-configuration setups for both machines and applications will be complex and will require high accuracy			
Recommendation	Primary instance, issues to be resolved internally using existing capability and in-house resources Second instance, to use the commercial support from Puppet Labs Interprise level includes; escalated bug fixes, 24/7/365 time coverage, email support, phone support, access to private and public forums, feature priorities, access to all updates and upgrades of Puppet enterprise, unlimited number of technician contacts, unlimited number of cases/month and			



public training. Standard level covers working days only with limited cases raised per month and does
not include phone support. Further analysis and discussions required with Service Management to
decide the most appropriate support coverage required. Thereafter, to negotiate directly with Puppet
Labs to adopt a model befitting to the business needs and costing.
• Suggest preliminary training for key administration users of the tool via Puppet Labs, (Enterprise
level of offers four free places for training per year)

Selenium & Cucumber				
Category	Description	% of scenarios/plugin severity or complexity		
Internal resolve	Issue(s) to be resolved internally, I.e. within the support structure of Tesco			
Non-commercial external resolve	Issue(s) to be resolved using external resources that are not contracted commercially: E.g. Online resources such as Forums, Community support, Free defect resolve systems, Wiki, IRC, etc.	95%		
Commercial resolve	Commercial support such as: Subject matter expert contracted to resolve; Product owner support in the form of physical presence consultancy; Remote consultancy; Sponsored big/feature fix	5%		
Complexity assessment	Low risk of severe issues occurring as Selenium and Cucumber: Development and testing is carried out and signed off prior to reaching production environment Is used for test automation therefore worst case scenario or critical failures would mean executing tests manually Can involve complex test case development that may require programming language expertise Includes additional features compared to that of other test suite offerings such as HTML test report outputs and the parallel processing using selenium GRID. Configuration of which may require further expertise or due diligence			
Recommendation	Primary instance, issues to be resolved internally using existing capability and in-house resources Second instance, to use online resources such as online forums, community support, wiki and IRC channels For critical resolves, be it in terms of complexity or quick turnaround time for resolve, commercial support in the form of Java/C#/Ruby etc. SMEs, (Depending on the chosen programming language of the adopting project) should be hired on a short term basis			

SonarQube				
Category	Description	% of scenarios/plugin severity or complexity		
Internal resolve	Issue(s) to be resolved internally: i.e. within the support structure of Tesco			
Non-commercial external resolve	Issue(s) to be resolved using external resources that are not contracted commercially: E.g. Online resources such as Forums, Community support, Free defect resolve systems, Wiki, IRC, etc.	95%		
Commercial resolve	Commercial support such as; Subject matter expert contracted to resolve; Product owner support in the form of physical presence consultancy; Remote consultancy; Sponsored big/feature fix			
Complexity assessment	Low risk of severe issues occurring as SonarQube: Coding analysis and code quality assurance will be carried out before the code is promoted to higher environments such as production			
Recommendation	 Primary instance, issues to be resolved internally using existing capability and in-house resources Second instance, to use online resources such as online forums, community support, wiki and IRC channels For critical resolves, be it in terms of complexity or quick turnaround time for resolve, commercial support in the form of a SMEs, (Depending on the chosen programming language of the adopting project) should be hired on a short term basis Further analysis and discussions with Service Management required and decide the most appropriate model both in terms of business need and costing. 			

Note:

- The maintenance and upkeep of SonarQube and test tools will be handled by the Platform Services team but process definitions and day-to-day use will be carried out by Engineering

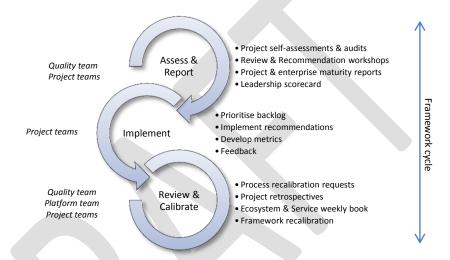


Evolution

The Framework and Ecosystem must be responsive to changing technology and business conditions. The aim is to strike the correct balance between having a consistent and flexible model. People are encouraged to share ideas and, along with quantitative analysis, this creates an effective feedback loop for product development.

Framework Recalibration

The Framework is recalibrated periodically to ensure ways of working reflect IT community developments, issue root-cause analyses and latest advancements in the industry. Feedback is provided internally via QA reports and process specialists, and externally through market research and crowdsourcing.



Ecosystem Performance

Weak links in the tool chain have an adverse effect on the wider Ecosystem and impact project velocity. As such, all tools are tightly monitored by the Platform team to measure performance and reliability. Key statistics, such as tool availability, are published in an Ecosystem weekly book and assessed by the Platform team.

Product Backlog

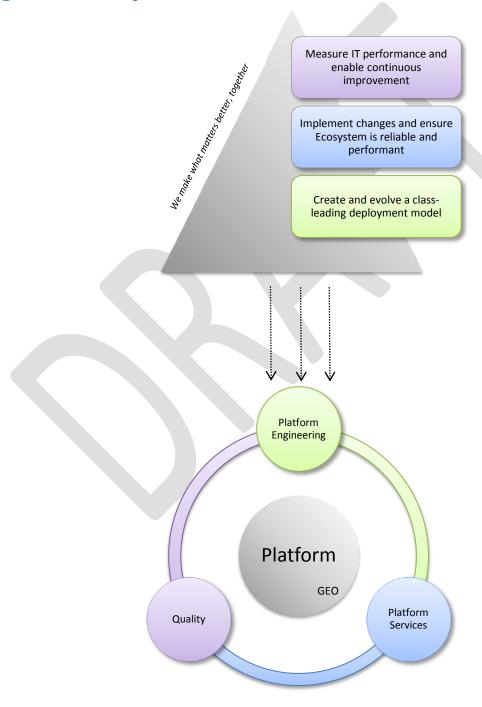
Changes and enhancements to the Ecosystem and Framework are ratified and prioritised in backlog planning sessions. The Product Manager and Platform team assess each item against the core principles of the model.



Capability

People and work culture are crucial to sustaining the delivery model. Collaboration is encouraged under the new structure and this supports the creation of a cohesive delivery system. Process specialists are centralised and, using Framework assessment scores for guidance, their expertise is leveraged for projects most in need of help, thus raising IT performance for the organisation as a whole. There is greater emphasis on improving processes and tools by assessing QA reports and the latest technological developments in the industry.

Organisational Shape



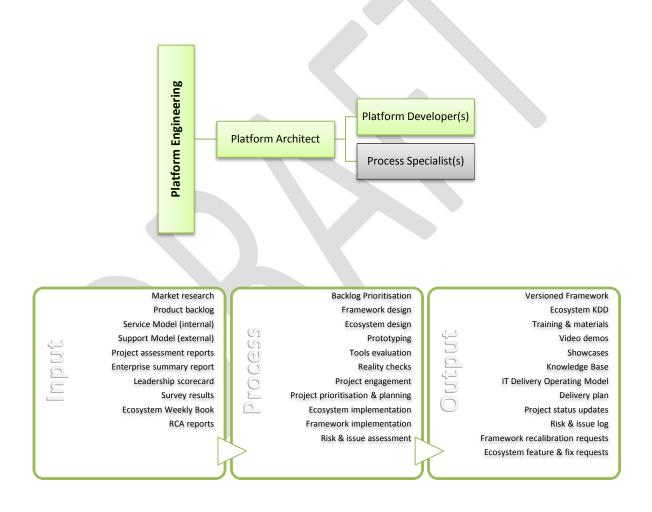


Team Structures & Responsibilities

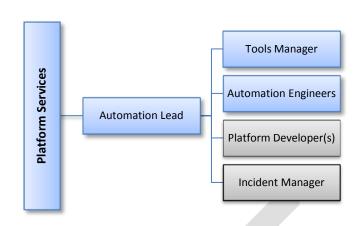
Three key functions:

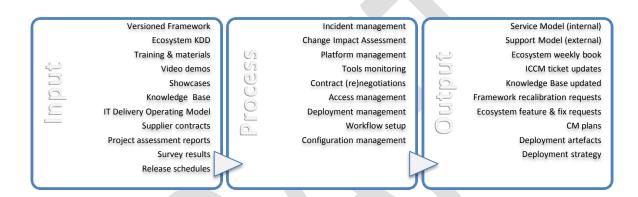
- Platform Engineering: Responsible for Ecosystem architecture, tools development and process refinement/reengineering.
- Platform Services: Implement and rollout new tools, monitor Ecosystem performance, provide tool support and manage licencing and supplier contracts.
- Quality: Report on the performance of IT projects and collate information which enables the Ecosystem and Framework to be continually improved.

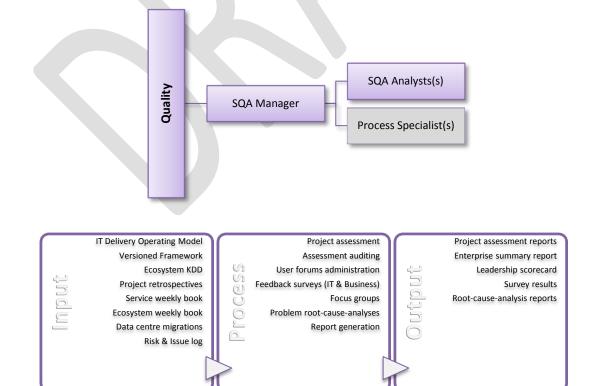
Roles are not aligned to specific tools as this creates cross-process expertise and more rounded development of the Ecosystem. Boxes marked in grey are dotted line roles, lead to greater cohesion between different functions and incentivise staff to take wider responsibility.













Skillset Requirements

Model Component		Tasks	Skillsets
Version Control	TFS	Integration with version control events	TFS command line utilities Team Explorer command line utilities & scripting
Automated Build	TFS	Script triggering and manual builds Build definition customisation	TFS command line utilities Team Explorer command line utilities & scripting
Static Code Analysis	SonarQube	Configuration Integration with build process	SonarQube Build manifest
Orchestration & Pipeline Dashboard	Jenkins	Configuration Custom plugin development Customising existing plugins General troubleshooting	Jenkins Jenkins API Java HTML CSS
Deployment Dashboard	Perl scripts	Scripting in Perl	Perl General programming HTML CSS
Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS)	Tbc	API integration	Java SI experience General understanding of IaaS concepts Hypervisors
Automated Application Deployment	Nolio	Scripting Workflow development Modifying release manifests	General scripting Nolio CLI Nolio Release management experience
DB Deployment Automation	FlyWay	Tool customisation General usage	Java SI experience
Automated Configuration	Puppet	Writing puppet manifests Managing puppet master General troubleshooting	Puppet DSL Unix administration SysAdmin experience
Automated functional testing	Selenium Cucumber	Writing user stories in plain English Writing steps files for each of the tests Managing execution & reporting of the tests Managing selenium and browsers grid Writing scripts to build test harness	.net Ruby Java Basic functional testing experience XPath and CSS Scripting skills
Framework	Excel	Framework calibration Assessment coordination Reporting setup	VB Macro XLS skills Cross-functional process expertise

Organisational Benefits

The introduction of integrated tools and robust processes has a positive impact on the IT work culture.

- ✓ Joined up teams
 - o All areas of IT working via centralised dashboards and tools
 - o Feedback from Deployment, Environment, Build and Quality teams to Platform team
- ✓ Improvement and innovation
 - o More emphasis on market and technology research
 - o Process specialists work at an enterprise level and help projects most in need
- ✓ Consistency
 - Knowledge sharing
 - o Cross-fertilisation
- ✓ Risk prevention
 - o Constant analysis of IT performance
 - o Monitoring-driven Ecosystem development



Useful Links

Video demos

Latest Framework

Ecosystem KDD

Tooling Analysis & Selection

Tool Support Matrix

