

Q Write a program that demonstrate handling of exceptions in interetene tool. Create a base class "Father" and derived class called "Son" which extends the base class. In Father class, implement a constructor which takes the age and throws the exception WrongAge() when the input age < 0. In Son class, implement a constructor that takes both father and Son's age is \geq father's age.

```

→ import java.util.*;

class WrongAge extends Exception
{
    public String toString()
    {
        return "Please, enter the correct age ! ! ";
    }
}

class Father
{
    int age;
    Father (int age1)
    {
        System.out.println("Father's age : " + age1);
    }
}

class Son extends Father
{
    Son (int age1)
    {
        super (age1);
        System.out.println("Son's age : " + age1);
    }
}

```

Teacher's Signature : _____

}

}

Public class AgeSet

{

Public static void main(String args[]) throws WrongAge

{

int i = args.length

int j = Integer.parseInt(args[0]);

int k = Integer.parseInt(args[1]);

if (j <= 0 || j <= k)

{

throw new WrongAge();

}

else

{

Father f = new Father(1);

Son s = new Son(k);

}

}

}