

# **Python Check If File Exists**

**Summary**: in this tutorial, you'll learn how to check if a file exists.

When processing files, you'll often want to check if a file exists before doing something else with it such as reading from the file or writing to it.

To do it, you can use the <code>exists()</code> function from the <code>os.path</code> module or <code>is\_file()</code> method from the <code>Path</code> class in the <code>pathlib</code> module.

#### os.path.exists() function

```
from os.path import exists

file_exists = exists(path_to_file)
```

#### Path.is\_file() method

```
from pathlib import Path

path = Path(path_to_file)

path.is_file()
```

## 1) Using os.path.exists() function to check if a file exists

To check if a file exists, you pass the file path to the exists() function from the os.path standard library.

First, import the os.path standard library:

```
import os.path
```

Second, call the exists() function:

```
os.path.exists(path_to_file)
```

If the file exists, the exists() function returns True . Otherwise, it returns False .

If the file is in the same folder as the program, the path\_to\_file is just simply the file name.

However, it's not the case, you need to pass the full file path of the file. For example:

```
/path/to/filename
```

Even if you run the program on Windows, you should use the forward-slash ( / ) to separate the path. It'll work across Windows, macOS, and Linux.

The following example uses the <code>exists()</code> function to check if the <code>readme.txt</code> file exists in the same folder as the program:

```
import os.path
file_exists = os.path.exists('readme.txt')
print(file_exists)
```

If the readme.txt file exists, you'll see the following output:

```
True
```

Otherwise, you'll see False on the screen:

```
False
```

To make the call to the <code>exists()</code> function shorter and more obvious, you can import that function and rename it to <code>file\_exists()</code> function like this:

```
from os.path import exists as file_exists
file_exists('readme.txt')
```

## 2) Using the pathlib module to check if a file exists

Python introduced the pathlib module since the version 3.4.

The pathlib module allows you to manipulate files and folders using the object-oriented approach. If you're not familiar with object-oriented programming, check out the Python OOP section.

First, import the Path class from the pathlib module:

```
from pathlib import Path
```

Then, instantiate a new instance of the Path class and initialize it with the file path that you want to check for existence:

```
path = Path(path_to_file)
```

Finally, check if the file exists using the is\_file() method:

```
path.is_file()
```

If the file doesn't exist, the is\_file() method returns False . Otherwise, it returns True .

The following example shows how to use the Path class from the pathlib module to check if the readme.txt file exists in the same folder of the program:

```
from pathlib import Path

path_to_file = 'readme.txt'

path = Path(path_to_file)

if path.is_file():
    print(f'The file {path_to_file} exists')

else:
    print(f'The file {path_to_file} does not exist')
```

If the readme.txt file exists, you'll see the following output:

The file readme.txt exists

# Summary

• Use os.path.exists() function or Path.is\_file() method to check if a file exists