# NLP Tutorial 1

By:
Alok Singh
alok.rawat478@gmail.com
PhD Candidate, National Institute of Technology Silchar

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# What is NLP?

- NLP = Computer Science + AI + Computational Linguistics
- To get computer to perform useful task involving human languages.
    a. Human-Machine communication.
    b. Human-Human communication: Machine Translation (MT).
    c. Extracting information from text.

# Why NLP?

1. Answering questions: What are the possible symptoms of COVID19?
2. Information extraction: Extracting venue, timing and date from an Email.
3. Machine Translation

# NLP tasks

1. Searching
2. Named-Entity Recognition
3. Parts-of-Speech tagging (POS)
4. Information extraction and retrieval
5. Text Classification/Clustering
6. Sentiment analysis
7. Summarization
8. Machine Translation
9. Answering queries
10. Automated speech recognition (ASR)
11. Many other………..

# Basic requirements of solving any NLP task?

1. Selection of problem and identifying problem domain
2. Corpus
3. Text preprocessing tools (normalization, tokenization, stemming, lemmatization)
4. Algorithms
5. Evaluation measures

# Corpus

1. What is a corpus?

   - A corpus is a collection of natural language (text, and/or transcriptions of speech or signs)
   - most available corpora are text only, but recently multimodal corpora, including sign language corpora are also getting popularity

2. Why it is required?

   a. to solve NLP problem -> train large ML/DL model
   b. help in inference some pattern

For more detail    👇👇👇
https://nordiskateckensprak.files.wordpress.com/2014/01/knb_whatisacorpus_cph-2013_outline.pdf

# Different types of corpus

1. Based on language:
   a. **Monolingual corpus**
      i. It contains texts in one language only.
      ii. Used in:
         1. Language modeling
         2. parts of speech tagging
         3. word embeddings
         4. checking the correct usage of a word or
         5. looking up the most natural word combinations etc.,
   b. **Parallel corpus, multilingual corpus**
      i. Consists of two or more monolingual corpora (mostly translation )
      ii. Used in:
         1. Text to text MT, Speech to text etc.,
   c. **Multimodal corpus**

For more detail: https://www.sketchengine.eu/corpora-and-languages/corpus-types/

# Factors to decide the quality of a corpus

1. how much clean it is?
2. size
3. different classes it includes/ diversity (Unless corpus
   has been collected for specific tasks)
4. how much balance it is?

# Well known corpus

1. TreeBank Corpus: **a treebank is a parsed text corpus that annotates syntactic or semantic sentence structure**
   a. **Used for:** part-of-speech taggers, parsers, semantic analyzers etc,.
   b. Most commonly used treebank corpus are:
      i. Penn Treebanks: POS Tagging
      ii. Syntactic Treebanks
      iii. Semantic treebanks

2. PropBank Corpus (Proposition Bank)
3. VerbNet
4. WordNet

**Penn Treebank's:**
https://www.ling.upenn.edu/courses/Fall_2003/ling001/penn_treebank_pos.html

# Download links for some notable text corpora:

- **Brown Corpus:** https://www.english-corpora.org/coca/

- **Corpus of Contemporary American English (COCA)**

  https://www.english-corpora.org/coca/

- **Penn Treebank-3 (paid):** https://catalog.ldc.upenn.edu/LDC99T42

- **Data dumps of English Wikipedia** https://dumps.wikimedia.org/enwiki/latest/

- **Wikipedia Links Data:** https://code.google.com/p/wiki-links/downloads/list

# Contd…

- **Amazon Customer Reviews :** https://s3.amazonaws.com/amazon-reviews-pds/readme.html

- **IMDb Reviews:** http://ai.stanford.edu/~amaas/data/sentiment/

- **Jeopardy Question-Answer Dataset:**

  http://www.reddit.com/r/datasets/comments/1uyd0t/200000_jeopardy_questions_in_a_json_file/

- **Enron Email Dataset:** https://www.cs.cmu.edu/~enron/

- **20 Newsgroups:** http://qwone.com/~jason/20Newsgroups/

- **Sentiment140:** http://help.sentiment140.com/for-students/

- **SMS Spam Collection:** https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/sms+spam+collection

- **WordNet:** https://wordnet.princeton.edu/

# Regular expression

1. Regular expression: string searching, pattern matching
   a. It is a sequence of characters mainly used to find or replace patterns embedded in the text.
   b. In NLP, it play major role in text preprocessing……

   Example: 1 `path1 = "C:\Desktop\nataliya"`          `path2 = r"C:\Desktop\nataliya"`

   `print("string:",path1)`          `print("string:",path2)`

   Output:     ——————————————          ——————————————

   2. `str = "4 tutorials in Feb'22."`

   `y = re.findall("\d+", str)    print(y)`

`NOTE: re in regex library in python '+' after '\d' will continue to extract digits till encounters a space`

2. Some most common commands:
   a. **/[A-Z]/**          an upper case letter
   b. **/[a-z]/**          a lower case letter
   c. **/[0-9]/**          a single digit
   d. **/[^A-Z]/**          not an upper case letter
   e. **[a^s]**          look for pattern a^s
   f. **/beg.n/**          any character between beg and n
   g. **Kleene ***          eg a* ={ε a,aa,aaa,aaaa…. }
   h. **Kleene +**          eg a+ = {a,aa,aaa,aaaa…..}

# Tokenization

1. Process of tokenizing or splitting a string, text into a list of tokens
   a. Example:
      i. Book-> Chapters
2. Based on languages the criteria of tokenization it vary
   a. For English, Hindi we separate text based on space (but some instance it get fail )
   b. For Chinese, Arabic it will be different
3. Used for:
   a. Corpora cleaning, removing stop words etc….
   b. Analysing the occurrence of words in the text
   c. To build a vocabulary
4. Different level of tokenization: word level, sentence level etc……

# Tutorial sheet 1

1. Find the number of tokens?
   ```
   a.    print("string:",path1)
   b.    print("\d",8*9);
   ```
2. Find the output : (in python)
   a. string = "This is NLP tutorial"
      i. string.split()
      ii. string.split(" ")
   b. s = 'A computer science tutorial'

      match = re.search(r'science', s)

      i. print(match.start())
      ii. print(match.end())
   c. Try below functions with above string s (in 2.b)
      i. re.findall(s), re.compile(s), re.split(s), re.sub(s), re.escape(s)

3. Write a short note on (include introduced by, size of corpus, major tasks it is used for):

   1. TreeBank Corpus
   2. PropBank Corpus
   3. VerbNet
   4. WordNet

# Acknowledgements

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