

FINANCIAL MARKETS AND OPERATIONS

Multiple Choice Questions:

1.	SEBI was e	stablished in	the year		•				
(a) :	1992	(b) 198	3	(c) 1990		(d)	1989		
2.	SEBI Act v	vas passed in							
(a) :	1988	(b) 199	0	(c) 1991		(d)	1992		
3.	The object	tives of SEBI i	nclude	··					
(a)	To protect i	nterests of ir	ventors						
(b)	To regulate	securities ma	arket						
(c)	To promote	the develop	ment of th	ne market					
(d)	All of the al	oove							
4.	The regula	tory body for	the secur	ities marke	t in USA	is			
(a) I	RBI	(b) SEC		(c) IRDA		(d) S	Stock ex	changes	
5.	Who appoi	nts the chair	man of SEI	31?					
(a) (Central gove	ernment	(b) Sto	ock exchan	ges ((c) Brok	ers	(d) Inve	stors
6.	The admin	istrative hea	d office of	SEBI is at					
(a) I	New Delhi	(b)	Bombay		(c) Ko	lkata		(d) Chenna	ai
7.	SEBI has -	regi	onal office	!S.					
(a) 3	3	(b) 4	(c) 5		(d) 7				
8.	The presei	nt chairman d	of SEBI is						
(a) <i>i</i>	Ajay Tyagi	(b) U.K.	Sinha	(c)	C.B. Bha	ive	(d)	Vijay C Kell	kar
9.	SEBI Ombu	ıdsman was i	ntroduced	l in					
(a) 2	2000	(b) 2002	(c) 2	.003	(d) 200)5			
10.	SENSEX is t	ne index of							
(a)	Bombay st	ock exchange	e (b) N	ational stoc	k excha	nge	(c) Coch	nin stock ex	change (d)
	None of th	iese							
11.	The base y	ear of Nifty is	;	·					
	(a) 199	2 (b) 1	.978	(c) 1987	,		(d) 1995	5	
12.	Bulls and b	ears are							



(a) Ordinar lenders	y investors	(b) Gove	nment ager	cies c	:) Speculat	ors	(d) Mone	y
	•	s ronic transfe		demateriali	zation				
(b) A fixed o	deposit in a b	ank						
(c) A transf	er of physica	l securitie	s (d) Surv	eillance	on price r	manipu	lation	
14. List	ing is mand	latory for							
(a) Trad	ing i	n stock	mar	ket (b)	М	arketing	а	new	issue
(c)	Trading in i	nternational	markets	(d) [eclarin	g dividend			
15. A sto	ock market	index							
(a)			Sho	ws trends in	the m	arket (b) P	rovides	weights t	o shares
(c) Sh	ow the vol	ume of trade	e in marke	t (d)	Shows	transaction	ns of sh	ares	
16. A lar	ne duck is a	a	•						
(a) bull v	who does n	ot keep his p	romise	(b) bear who	canno	t keep his	commit	tments	
(c) cauti	ous specula	ator		(d) pre	mium h	unter			
17. Whi	ch of the fo	ollowing is a g	global stoc	k market ind	dex?				
(a) OTCE	I index	(b) Nifty	(0	c) Sensex		(d) FTS	E100		
18. Wh	ich of the f	ollowing is n	ot a globa	stock mark	et index	c ?			
(a) D	JIA	(b) S&P 50	0 index	(c) MCSI ir	dex	(d) S&	k P CNX		
19. S&F	CNX was i	ntroduced in		,					
(a) 1996		(b) 1998	(c)	1986	(d)	None of th	iese		
20. The	base year c	of BSE Sense	(is						
(a) 1978	-79	(b) 1979-80		(c) 1977-78		(d) None	of these	9	
21. The	base year o	of CNX nifty j	unior is						
(a) 1	.997	(b) 1996	(c) 1	999	(d) 1	995			
22. The	number of	scrip's includ	ded in nift	y junior is					
(a) 40		(b) 50	(c) 30		(d) 10	0			
23. CDSI	L is establis	hed in	·						
(a) 2000		(b) 1999	(c) 19	98	(d) 19	997 24.			
Deposit	ories Act is	enacted in		·					



(a) 1993	(b) 1998	(c) 1997	(d) 1996		
25. The present	rolling settlements	cycle T+2 is i	ntroduced in	·	
(a) 2003 26. Group A con	(b) 2001 sists of		(d) 2008		
(a) Cleared secu	rities (B) Non- Clea	red securities	(c) Governmen	t securities (d) None of th	iese.
27. Permanent r	emoval of securiti	es of a compa	ny from the stoo	ck exchange.	
(A) De-listing	(b) Re- listing	(c) Listing	(d) None	e of these	
28. The Nifty cor	nsists of				
(a) 30 stocks	(b) 25 stocks	(c) 50 st	ocks (d) 10	0 stocks	
29. A control sys	tem on excessive	fluctuation in	stock market pri	ces is called	
(a) Circuit break	er (b) Stock ind	ex (c) De	pository (d) No	ne of these	
30. The numbers	s of recognized sto	ck exchanges	in India is		
(a) 20	(b) 21	(c) 22	(d) 23		
31is	the market where	the existing	securities of com	panies are traded.	
(a) Primary mark	ket (b) Seconda	ary market	(c) Money mar	ket (d) None of these	
32is t	he process of adm	itting securiti	es for trading on	a recognized stock exch	ange.
(a) Issuing	(b) Investing	(c) List	ing (d) No	one of these	
33. Devise adopt	ted to make profit	out of the dif	ference in prices	of a security in two diffe	erent
markets is ca	alled				
(a) Arbitrage	(b) Margin tr	ading	(c) Call option	(d) None of these	
34. The number	of store which is le	ess than the s	tandard unit is c	alled	
(a) Arbitrage	(b) Margin t	rading	(c) Odd lots	(d) None of these	
35	is a professional	independent	broker who dea	ls in securities on his ow	n
behalf.					
(a) Arbitrage	(b) Jobber		(c) Odd lots	(d) None of these	
36. A person app	pointed by a stock	broker to assi	st him in the bu	siness of securities tradir	ng is
called					
(a) Sub broker	(b) Taraw	aniwalas	(c) Authorize	d clerk (d) None of the	se 37.
Speculators who	neither buy nor s	ell securities i	n the market bu	t still trade on them are	called



(a)	Wolves	(b) Stags	(c) B	ears	(d) None o	of these
38.	The process of h	edging the entire	e supply of a p	oarticular sec	curity with a	view to dictating
	term is called					
(a)	Wash sale	(b) Arbitrage	(c) (Cornering	(d) Nor	ne of these
39.	Under depositor	y system the allo	otment and cr	edit of share	s to the ben	eficiary amount
	should be compl	leted within how	many days fr	om the date	of an issue?	
(a)	15 days	(b) 21 days	(c) 7	7 days	(d) 1	4 days
40.	Member of stock	k exchanges is ca	lled			
(a)	Stock broker	(b) Investor	(c) Iss	suer	(d) Non	e of these
41.	bu	ly and sell securit	ties on behalf	of the invest	ting public.	
(a)	Arbitrage	(b) Commission	on brokers	(c) Stock br	oker	(d) None of these
42.	is th	e person who bu	ys securities v	with a view to	o sell them i	n future at a profit.
(a)	Speculator	(b) Issuer	(c)	Stock broker	rs (d)	None of these
43.	A person who se	ells the shares wit	th the expecta	ation of buyi	ng them in f	uture at a reduced
	price.					
(a)	Bull	(b) Bear	(c) Sta	ag	(d) None	of these
44.	In the Indian sto	ck exchange a bu	ıll is known as	;		
(a)	Badla (b) Te	ejiwala	(c) Mandiwal	a (d) N	lone of thes	e
45.	Risk involved in	gambling is				
	(a) High	(b) Low	(c) Very high	(d) No	one of these	
46.	The process of a	artificially increas	sing or decrea	sing the pric	e is known a	as
(a)	Price bond ((b) Price rigging	(c) Cover s	ystem (d)	None of the	ese
47.	. An order for the	e purchase of sec	curities of a fix	ked price is k	nown as	
	(a) Limit order	(b) Open order	(c) Stop	o loss order	(d) None o	of these
48.	The electronic o	learing and Depo	ository system	n set up by th	ne	
(a)	SGL (b) SH	CIL (c) H	HCL (d)	None of thes	e	
49.	National stock e	exchange operati	ons are divide	ed into	and capi	tal market segment.
	(a) Whole sale o	debt market (b) Money mar	ket (c) Sec	ondary marl	ket (d) None of these
50.	is a m	narket where unl	isted securitie	es are dealing	g.	
	(a) Grey market	(b) Kerb	market	(c) Capital r	markets	(d) None of these



51.	is a b	arometer for m	arket behavior		
	(a) Investment	(b) Ind	dex	(c) Arbitrage	(d) None of these
52.	is a	number which	measures the	change in a set	of values over a period of
	time.				
(a)	Index (I	o) Sample	(c) Wei	ghtage	(d) None of these
53.	Securities of	compa	nies are traded	in secondary m	narket.
(a)	Listed (b)	Relisted	(c) Unlisted	(d) None of th	nese
54.	Which of the fol	lowing is consid	lered as means	off balance she	et financing?
(a)	Derivation (b) Equities	(c) Debts	(d) None	of these
55.	. An option exerc	ised at the time	of maturity it i	s termed as	(a) American
	option (b)	European option	on (c) Call	options (d) I	None of these
56.	. An option exerc	ised at any time	e, it is termed a	s	 .
(a)	American option	(b) Europ	ean option	(c) Call option	ns (d) None of these
57.	optio	ons are contrac	t where exercis	e price is equal	to spot price.
(a)	At the money	(b) In the mo	oney (c) (Out the money	(d) None of these
58.	are	called non-clea	red securities.		
(a)	Group B share	(b) Group	A share (c)	Group G shares	s (d) None of these
59.	inclu	des governmen	t securities.		
(a)	Group B share	(b) Group A	A share (c)	Group G shares	(d) None of these
60.	includ	des fixed incom	e securities.		
(a)	Group A share	(b) Group B	share (c) G	roup F shares	(d) Group G shares
61.	con	sists of scrips w	hich are traded	d on trade to tra	nde basis for market
	surveillance reas	sons.			
	(a) Group S share	e (b) Grou	ip T shares (d	c) Group F share	es (d) Group G shares 62.
	represen	ts scrips formin	g part of the B	SE Indonext seg	ment.
	(a) Group S sha	re (b) Gro	oup T shares	(c) Group F sha	res (d) Group G shares
63.	is t	he first deposit	ory in India.		
(a)	Central deposito	ry services India	a Ltd.	(b) National	securities depository Ltd.
(c)	State of India de	oository service	s Ltd.	(d) None	of these
64.	is t	he second depo	ository in India.		



(a) Central depository services India Ltd. (b) National securities depository Ltd.
(c) State of India depository services Ltd. (d) None of these
65 means eliminating the paper certificates and maintaining records in the form
of electronic entries only.
(a) Dematerialization (b) Depository (c) Stock market index (d) None of these
66. A speculator expert's rise in price of a share is called (a) Bull (b) Bear (c) Stag (d) Lame duck
67. A new index called is developed by NSE.
(a) S&P CNX nifty (b) BSE 200 & DOLLEX 200 (c) BSEI PO Index (d) None of these
68is the process of converting physical paper share into demat share. (a)
Dematerialization (b) Depository (c) Dematerialization (d) None of these
69. QIP stands for
(a) Qualified institutional placement (b) Qualified industrial placement
(c) Qualified investment placement (d) None of these
70. Futures and option are
(a) Derivatives (b) Speculators (c) Money lenders (d) Ordinary investors
71. An offer document prepared for the purpose of QIP is called
(a) Placement document (b) Speculation (c) Dematerialization (d) None of these
72 deals with creation of new and improved financial products through innovative
design or repackaging of existing financial instruments.
(a) Financial intermediation (b) Financial engineering (c) Financial instrumentation (d) None of
the above
73. Bull and are speculators.
(a) Bear (b) Cow (c) Lion (d) None of these
74. Computers are linked by satellite through in NSE.
(a) VAST (b) SGL (c) SHCIL (d) None of these
75. Members of OTCEI are only.
(a) Corporate (b) Derivatives (c) Speculators (d) None of these
76 is a market for dealing in unlisted securities.
(a) Grey market (b) Kerb market (c) Capital market (d) None of these



77. The first stock	exchange in India was s	tarted in	
(a) 1875	(b) 1885 (c	c) 1895	(d) 1865
78. A depository is	an institution which tra	nsfers the ownership	o of securities in
mode.			
(a) Electronic (b)) Artificial (c) Anal	ytical (d) None of	these
79. Depository par	ticipant is the link betw	een the and	the owner.
` ' ' '	(b) Government em reduces time for tra	(c) Corporate	` '
(a) Depository	(b) government	(c) Investment	(d) None of these
81. Depository sys	tem leads to		
(a) Scrip less syste	m (b) Online system	(c) Offline syste	em (d) None of these
82. An instrument	which derives its value	from an asset backing	g it is called
(a) Derivatives	(b) Depository	(c) Documentati	on (d) None of these
83 c	ontracts are not at all st	andardized.	
(a) Forward	(b) Option	(c) Swap	(d) None of these 84.
The trader who pr	omises to buy in	contract is said to I	be in 'long position'. (a)
Forward	(b) Option	(c) Swap	(d) None of these
85. In	contract the seller is re-	ferred to as a 'writer'	
(a) Forward	(b) Option	(c) Swap	(d) None of these
86. Financial	are mainly used	I for hedging risk.	
(a) Derivatives	(b) Speculators	(c) Investors	(d) None of these 87. A
combination of for	wards by 2 counter-par	ties with opposite bu	ut matching need is called
(a) Swap	(b) Forward	(c) Future	(d) None of these
88 con	tracts are standardized.		
(a) Future	(b) Forward	(c) Swap	(d) None of these
89. Agreed price o	f contract is	known as strike price	e.
(a) Future	(b) Option	(c) Swap	(d) None of these
90. The pre- deter	mined price at which an	underlying asset has	s to be bought or sold is an option
contract is call	ed		



(a) Exercise price	(b)Agreed price	e (c) Strike	price	(d) None of	these
91 gives	the option holder a	right to buy an un	iderlying a	sset at an ex	cercise price in
future.					
(a) Call option	(b) Put option	(c) Call and put	(d) Non	e of these	
92is a	contract for tempor	ary exchange of o	bligation th	nat each par	ty has under its
respective contr	act.				
(a) Swap	(b) Forward	(b) Option	(d) No	ne of these	
93. OTCEI stands for	r Over the Counter -	of Ind	ia.		
(a) Exchange				of these	
94. CDSL stands for					
(a) Central Deposito	ory Services Ltd. (b)	Central Derivative	s Services I	td. (c) Cent	tral
Derivatives System	Ltd (d) Central Depo	osit System Ltd			
95. National securiti	ies depository Ltd ir	ncorporated on			
(a) December 12, 19	995 (b) Decem	nber 21, 1995	(c) Decen	nber 21 198	5 (d) None of
these					
96 me	eans the worth of sh	areholding.			
(a) Market capitaliza	ation (b) market c	reation (c) mark	et specifica	ation (d) no	one of these
97 mea	sured in dollar term	1.			
(a) S&P CNX nifty (b)BSE SENSEX (c) BSE 200 and DO	LLEX 200	(d) none of	these
98 was	introduced in Jan 1	986.			
(a) BSE SENSEX (b)S &P CNX nifty (c) BSE 200 and DO	LLEX (c	l) none of th	iese
99refers	to permanent rem	oval of securities o	of a listed c	ompany fro	m a stock
exchange.					
(a) Compulsory de li	isting (b) Volun	tary delisting	(c) Listing	(d) Rel	listing
100. In, a	a listed company de	cides on its own to	permane	ntly remove	its securities
from a stock exc	change.				
(a) Compulsory delis	sting (b) Volu	untary delisting	(c) Relis	ting (d)) Listing
101. Most of the	speculative purchas	ses are made on th	e basis of		· (a)
Margin trading	(b) Arbitrage	(c) Wash sale	e (d) r	none of thes	se 102
is the fictiti	ious transaction.				



(a) Margin tradir	ng (b) Arbitra	ge (c)	Wash sale	(d) none of these
103	means artificiall	y pushing up t	he market pric	e of a particular security.
(A) Rigging	(b) Cornering	(c) Mar	gin trading	(d) none of these 104.
Rigging activity	is carried on by the	e sp	eculators.	
(a) Bull	(b) Swap	(c) Bear	(d) Lame	duck 105.
is hig	hly specialized and	skilled specul	ative activity.	
(a) Margin tradir	ng (b) Arbit	rage (c) W	ash sale (d	d) none of these
106. Nationa	al securities clearin	g corporation	Ltd. establishe	d in
(a) 1994 107. Nationa	(b) 1995 I securities clearing	(c) 1996 g corporation l	(d) 1998 td established	in
(a) 1995	(b) 1996	(c) 1997	(d) 1998	
108. Nationa	al Securities Deposi	tory Ltd estab	lished in	·
(a) 1995	(b) 1996	(c) 1997	(d) 1998	
109. OTCEI v	vas incorporated ir)		
(a) 1990	(b) 1991	(c) 1992	(d) 1993	
110. The num	nber of de-organize	d stock excha	nges in India.	
(a) 4	(b) 5	(c) 6	(d) None of	these
111. National	stock exchange of	India situated	at	
(a) Bangalor	e (b) Hydera	ibad (c) Bo	ombay	(d) None of these
112. All activi	ties related to fina	nce and organ	ized into a syst	em called
(a) Capital marke	et (b) Money	market (c) Financial syste	em (d) open market 113.
i	s termed as the life	blood of a firn	n.	
(a) Employee	(b) Finance	(c) M	lanagement	(d) Technology
114	refers to	the activity o	of transforming	savings into investment.
(a) Resource dev	relopment (b) Ca	pital formatio	n (c) Credit	syndication (d) None of these
115	can be defined	as activities, b	enefits and sat	isfactions connected with the
sale of mone	y that offer to user	rs and custome	ers, financial re	lated value.
(a) Money marke	et (b) Stock excl	nange (c) Fi	nancial services	s (d) Financial management
116. The ratio	of financial assets	is	of econo	mic growth.



(a) an indicato	or (b) the ma	arket value	(c) the basis	(d) the	e prestige value 117.
Capital marke	t is a market for		capital.		
(a) Long term	capital (b) S	hort term cap	oital (c) Worki	ng capital	(d) Fixed capital 118.
SEBI stands for	or				
(a) Securities I	Exchange Board	of India (b) Sto	ock Exchange Boar	d of India (c) Securities and
Exchange Boa	rd of India (d) Sto	ock Earn Boar	d of India		
119. Equit	y shares are the		shares of a limited	d company	
(a) Voting	(b) Ordinary	(c)	Limited	(d) Unlimi	ted
120.	Equity shar	es and prefer	ence shares are ov	vnership se	ecurities, also known as
	- .				
•			(c) Fixed capital		
121. Bond	ls, debentures et	c. are credito	r ship securities, als	so known a	ıs
(a) Debt capita	, , ,	·	c) Working capital		
122. Equity	shares with deta	ichable warra	nts will enable the	warrant h	older to apply
forspecifie	ed number of	at d	etermined price.		
(a)Preference	shares (b)	Equity shares	(c) Bonds	(d) De	bentures
123	are equit	y shares issue	ed by the company	to employ	ees or directors at a
discount o	or for considerati	on other than	cash.		
(a) Derivatives	s (b) Securitized	instruments	(c) Sweat equity s	hares (d) d	etachable warrants
124. The com	panies Act (Sec. 8	35) describes _l	preference shares	as those w	hich carry aright
to paymer	nt of dividend du	ring the life ti	me of the company	/-	
(a) Dividend	(b) Interest	(c) Prefer	rential (d) Prio	ority	
125. Convertil	ole preference sh	ares can be c	onverted to equity	shares at	the option of the
holder, so	these shares are	also known a	as		
(a) Conversion	n of preference s	hares (b) C	Quasi equity shares	(c) fully	convertible preference
shares (d) Par	ticipating prefere	ence shares			
126. Debentu	re is a	instrumer	nt issued by the cor	mpany with	n a promise to pay
interest ar	nd repay the prin	cipal on matu	ırity.		
(a) Credit	(b) Debt	(c) Cash	(d) Nego	tiable	



127.	Government bon	ds are fixed incom	e debt instruments	s issued by the	to
fin	ance their capital	requirements or d	evelopments proje	cts.	
128.	issu	ed by the central ϱ	government or stat	e governments are refe	rred to as
go	vernment securitie	es.			
(a) Ins	truments	(b) Securities	(c) Bonds	(d) Shares	
129. G	overnment securit	ies are also called	bed	ause of the safety and s	ecurity of
inv	estments made in	them and regular	ity of return.		
(a) Gif	t-edged securities	(b) Long term se	curities (c) Short	term securities (d) Inve	stments
130.	Government secu	urities are issued tl	hrough	- of RBI.	
(a) Pul	olic debt office	(b) SEBI	(c) DFHI (c	l) Stock exchange	
131	issued by	a foreign entity, su	ich as bank or com	pany, but is issued and t	raded in
the	e United States and	d denominated in	U.S. dollars.		
(a) Boi 132. R	• •	• •	(d) Yanl perform the money	kee bonds market operations on it	ts behalf.
(a) SEE	BI (b) RBI	office (c)	DFHI (d) SE	ВІ	
133	is a u	nsecured promiss	ory note issued wi	th a fixed maturity, by a	a company,
an	d approved by RBI,	maturity from 7 d	ays to one year, iss	ued at a discount on the	face value.
(a) Cer	tificate of Deposit	s (b) Treasury bill	(c) Commercial B	ills (d) Commercial pape	ers
134. A	repurchase agree	ment, the repurch	ase price will be gr	eater than the original s	ale price,
the	e difference effecti	vely representing	interest, known as		
(a) Int	erest rate (b) Repo rate	(c) Repo charge	(d) Repo commis	ssion 135.
SGL st	ands for	·			
(a) Sub	osidiary General Le	dger (b) Sub Gene	eral Ledger (c) Subs	idiary General Loan (d) S	Subsidiary
g-loan					
136.	SEBI was give	n a statutory statu	ıs in the year of	by an act of រ	parliament.
(a) 199	92 (b) 1988	(c) 1993	(d) 1991	
137	is the tr	ading of securitie	s of a company by	individuals who are in	some way
со	nnected with the	company and has	to non-public pri	ce sensitive information	about the
со	mpany.				



(a) Speculative trading	g (b) Hedging	(c) Insider trading	(d) Internal trading 138.
MAPIN stands for Ma	rket Participant		
(a) Individual Number	(b) Identification	n (c) Institutions	(d) None of these 139.
NBFCs stands for	·		
(a) Non Banking Fund	Company (b) Non-B	anking Financial Con	npanies (c) Non Banking Finance
Council (d) None of th	iese		
140is ar	independent body to	assist the regulators	s in framing and administering
regulating in the o	apital market. E.g. Fina	ance industry develo	pment council.
(a) SNO	(b) SRO	(c) RBI	(d) SEBI
141. Origination, unde	erwriting and distributi	ion are the 3 main se	ervices ofmarket.
(a) Capital market	b) Secondary market	(c) SEBI (d) P	rimary market 142.
IPO stands for			
(a) Initial Public Offer	(b) Initial Public Offeri	ng (c) Individual Pub	lic offer (d) none of these
143	means an option of	f alloting equity shar	es in excess of the equity
shares offered in t	he public issue as a po	st-listing price stabil	ising mechanism.
(a) GSP (b) SRO	(c) Green shoe opt	ion (d) None of th	nese
144. Bonus issue is th	e issue of shares to	out of the	free reserves of the company.
(a) Existing sharehold	ers (b) New shareholde	ers (c) None of these	(d) All of them
145. ESOP stands f	or		
(a) Employers Stock C	ption Plan(b) Employe	es Stock Option Plar	(c) Employees Stock Option
Premium (d) Employe	es Stock Ownership Pla	an	
146. Underwriter	s charge a commission	for their service wh	ich is known as
(a) Commission (b) Pe	nalty (c) Underwriting	charge (d) Underwr	iting commission 147.
Stock broker means a	a member of a		
(a) SEBI (l	o) RBI (c) SE	3I (d) Si	tock exchange 148.
Net Tangible assets m	eans all net assets exc	luding	assets.
(a)Tangible assets	(b) Intangible assets	(c) Total assets	(d) None of these
149. Market makers a	re intermediaries appo	ointed by	to sell or buy its securities at
any time as per ag	reed contract.		



(a) RBI	(b) Stock exchange	(c) Company	(d) None of thes	e 150.			
QIB stan	ds for						
(a) Quali	fied Institutional Buyer (b) C	Qualified Institution	onal Bonds (c) Qua	lified Information for			
Buyers (d) All of these						
151. Sha	res can be distributed throu	gh outright sale b	y companies to se	lect group of persons,			
this is	s known as						
(a) Public	issue (b) Private pla	cement (c)	Institutions	(d) Underwriting 152.			
Market f	or borrowing and lending sh	nort term funds is	called				
(a) Mone	ey market (b) Capital r	narket (c) Deri	vative market	(d) Forex market			
153. W	/ho controls money market	?					
(a) RBI	(b) SBI	(c) DFHI	(d) SIDBI				
154. V	Vhich of the following mark	ets help RBI in im	plementing its mo	netary policies?			
(a) Money market (b) Capital market (c) Forex market (d) Debt market 155. Which of the following debt instrument is issued by large credit worthy companies as a							
mear	ns for financing their workin	g capital needs?					
(a) CP	(b) CD (c) IE	3РС	(d) Commercial bi	lls			
156. N	Money market deals with:						
(a) Short	term funds (b) Long term	funds (c) Owne	ership funds (d) C	redit rating 157.			
What is the minimum issue size of commercial papers?							
(a) 10 lak	kh (b) 5 Lakh	(c) 5crore	(d) 2 lakh				
158. Certificate of deposits were introduced in the Indian market in							
(a) 1989	(b) 1990	(c) 1991	(d) 1988				
159.	The maturity period of CDs i	ssued by banks v	aries from				
(a) 7 day	s to 1 year (b) 7 days to 3	3 years (c) 1 d	ay to 1 year (d) 1	and 3 years			
160. An instrument to fund the short term needs of banks through inter-bank participation.							
(a) CDs	(b) Inter Bank Re	po (c) CPs	(d) IBPCs	161.			
The CRIS	IL rating needed for corpora	ates to issue a cor	mmercial paper.				
(a) CRISIL P-1 (b) CRISIL P-2 (c) CRISIL P-3 (d) None of these							
162. An important money market is instrument by the government to bridge the deficit							
betw	een the revenue and expen	diture in the bud	get.				



(a) T-bills	(b) Bonds	(c) CDs	(d) CPs 163. A					
loan for very short period is called								
(a) Call loans (b) call	ash loans (c) T-bills (d) None of these						
164. A market	164. A market for borrowing / lending of funds for a period of one day to 14 days. (a)							
Term money mark	ket (b) Call money ma	rket (c) Commercial	bills market (d) None of these					
165. GSO stand	165. GSO stands for							
(a) Golden shoe o	ption (b) Green shoe	option (c) Green sto	ock option (d) None of these					
166. Issue of e	quity shares to QIBs o	on private placemen	t basis is called					
(a) Qualified instit	utions placement (b)	Preferential placem	ent (c) Initial public offer (d) None of					
these								
167. Issue of share	es to the existing shar	eholders out of the	free reserves of the company is					
called								
(a) Bonus issue	(b) Right issue	(c) ESOP	(d) SWEAT equity					
168. A pricing mechanism for new issues based on assessment of market demand.(a) Book building (b) Green shoe option (c) Fixed price issue (d) None of these 169.								
QIP stands for								
(a) Qualified Instit	tutional Placement							
(b) Qualified Inves	(b) Qualified Investment Placement							
(c) Qualified Investor Placement								
(d) Qualified Institutional Players								
170. Public is:	sue means IPO and							
(a) ESOP (b) Rights issue	(c) Bonus issue	e (d) FPO 171.					
FPO and IPO can be either a fresh issue or								
(a) Offer for sale	(b) Offer of sale	(c) Private placem	ent (d) None of these					
172. According to Companies Act, an issue becomes public if it is an allotment to more than								
pers	ons.							
(a) 49	(b) 51 (c) 50 (c	d) None of these					
173. An offer of securities to the public for the first time by an utilized issuer is called								
(a) FPO	(b) IPO	(c) DPO	(d) None of these					



174.	A fresh issue or offer for sale of securities made by a listed company to the public							
	iscalle	t						
(a)	FPO	(b) IPO	(c) DPO	(d) Nor	ne of these	
175.	A mark	et for bor	rowing and le	ending fund	s for a peri	od exceeding	g 14 days.	
((a) Term money market (b) Call money market(c) Commercial bill market (d) None							
of th	of these 176. An offer document in case of a public issue is							
(a) Pro	spectus	(b) Red he	rring prospe	ctus (c) Lett	er of offer	(d) None of tl	hese	
177. A	prospec	tus which	does not hav	e details of	either pric	e or number	of shares offer or the	
am	ount of	issue.						
(a) Red	d herring	prospectu	ıs (b) Statem	ent in lieu o	f prospect	us (c) Shelf pr	ospectus (d) None of	
these								
178.	An inve	stor who a	pplies or bid	s for securit	ies for a va	alue not more	e than Rs.2 lakh.	
(a) Retail individual investor (b) Qualified institutional buyer (c) Non- institutional investor (d)								
None of these								
179.	Which	of the foll	owing is not	a QIB?				
(a) Mutual funds (b) Foreign institutional investors (c) Retail individual investor (d) Scheduled								
commercial banks								
180.	The ti	me limit fo	or allotting se	ecurities fro	m the date	of closure of	the issue is	
(a) 15	days	(b) 30 d	ays	(c) 45 days	(d) None of the	se	
181.	In case	of a book	built issue, t	he allocatio	n to retail i	nvestor shou	ld not be	
(a) Les	s than 3!	5% (b) M	ore than 35%	6 (c) Less	than 10%	(d) None of	these	
182.	A sec	urity used	by RBI to adj	ust liquidity	in the fina	ncial system	is called	
(a) REF	0	(b) CDs		(c) CPs	(d)	TBs		
183. An unsecured loan extended by one corporate to another is called								
(a) IBP	Cs	(b) Comm	ercial bills	(c) CI	Os (c	d) ICDs		
184.	Bonds	issue at a d	discount and	redeemed	prior to its	maturity is ca	alled	
(a) Mo	rtage bo	nds (b) Zero coupo	n bonds	(c) Convert	tible bonds	(d) None of these	
185.	A bond	that can b	e redeemed	prior to its	maturity is	called		
(a)	Callable	bonds (b) Option bo	nds (c)	Step-up bo	nds (d) Non-	-callable bonds 186.	
Bonds	where in	nterest rate	e is a fixed po	ercentage o	ver the wh	ole sale price	index is called	



(a) Capital index bonds (b) Fixed rate bonds (c) Step-down bonds (d) None of these ------ can be referred to as merchant bankers to Government of India. (c) Satellite dealers (d) None of these (a) Primary dealers (b) RBI 188. The equity shares issued by a company to its employees or directors are called -------(b) Non-voting shares (d) Preference shares 189. (a) SWEAT Equity (c) Equity shares MMMF stands for -----. (a) Money Market Mutual Funds (b) Monetary Market Mutual Funds (c) Money Medium Mutual Funds (d) None of these 190. Sale of securities together with an agreement by the seller to buy back the securities at a later date. (a) REPOs (b) CBLO (c) ICDs (d) CDs. 191. Insider trading means -----. (a) Purchase of securities by owners of the company (b) Taking advantage of internal price sensitive information for trading (c) Trade for purchase of shares only by employees (d) Investors sell their financial paper to relatives of the firms. 192. The fraudulent and unfair trade practices relating to securities market regulation in 2003 was passed to prohibit -----. (a) Insider trading practices (b) Brokers from illegal trading (c) Foreign institutional investors in the market (d) Manipulation of prices and misleading statements. 193. ----- mutual fund investment instruments deal with units that are purchased or redeemed throughout the year. (c) Income fund (a) Open ended (b) Close ended (d) Growth fund ----- mutual fund investment instruments deal with units that can be purchased during initial period only and redeemed on a specific maturity date. (b) Close ended (c) Income fund (a) Open ended (d) Growth fund



19!	5	Purchase or redemption of open ended mutual funds are done at persisting						
13.	5. Purchase of redemption of open ended mutual runds are done at persisting							
	(a)	Market Valu	ue (b) Net a	Asset Value	(c) Investme	ent Value (d) None of these		
190	6.	The mutual	fund scheme t	hat provide	s capital appre	eciation through investing their		
		money majorly in equity stocks is called						
	(a)	Growth fund	d (b) Incon	ne fund (c	:) Liquid fund	(d) Fund of fund		
19	7. The mutual fund scheme in which the investor investing their money majorly in fixed							
		income insti	ruments such a	s debentur	es, bonds etc.	is called		
	(b)	Growth fund	d (b) Incom	ne fund (c)) Liquid fund	(d) Fund of fund 198.		
ELS		ands for		` '	•	. ,		
			inked Saving S	cheme				
		•	_					
	` ') Equity Linked Savings Scheme						
			ng Savings Syst					
	(d)	•	urs Linking Savi					
199	9.	Equity Linke	ed Savings Sche	me has a m	ninimum lock ii	n period of		
	(a)	1 year	(b) 2 years	(c) 3 year	s (d) 5 year	·S		
200	0.	The regulato	ory body of mu	tual funds i	in India is			
	(a)	RBI	(b) SEBI	(c) IRDA	(d) Governi	ment		
<u> </u>	SW	ERS:						
	1.	1988						
	2.	1992						
	3.	All of the above						
	4.	SEBI						
	5.	Central Govt.						
	6.	Bombay						
	7.	4						
	8.	Ajay Tyagi						
	9.	2003						
		Bombay stock exchange						
		. 1995						
		Speculators An electronic transfer through dematerialization						
	⊥ 3.	an electroni	c transfer thro	ugn demate	erialization			

14. Trading in stock market



- 15. Shows trends in market
- 16. is a bear who cannot keep his commitment
- 17. FTSE 100
- 18. S&P CNX nifty
- 19. 1996
- 20. 1978-79
- 21. 1996
- 22. 50
- 23. 1999 24. 1996
- 25. 2003
- 26. Cleared securities
- 27. Delisting
- 28. 50 stocks
- 29. Circuit breaker
- 30.21
- 31. Secondary market
- 32. listing
- 33. Arbitrage
- 34. oddlots
- 35. jobber
- 36. Authorised clerk
- 37. Stags
- 38. Cornering
- 39. 21 days
- 40. stock broker
- 41. commission brokers
- 42. Speculator
- 43. Bear
- 44. Tejiwala
- 45. very high
- 46. Price rigging
- 47. Limit order
- 48. SHCIL
- 49. wholesale
- 50. Grey market
- 51. Index
- 52. Index
- 53. Listed



- 54. Derivaries
- 55. European option
- 56. American option
- 57. At the money
- 58. Group B shares
- 59. Group G shares
- 60. Group F shares
- 61. Group T shares
- 62. Group S share
- 63. National securities depository Ltd.
- 64. Central depository services India Ltd.
- 65. Dematerialization
- 66. Bull
- 67. S&P CNX nifty
- 68. Dematerialization
- 69. Qualified institutional placement
- 70. Derivation
- 71. Placement document
- 72. Financial engineering
- 73. Bear
- 74. VSAT
- 75. Corporates
- 76. Grey market
- 77. 1875
- 78. Electronic mode
- 79. Depository
- 80. Depository
- 81. Scrip less system
- 82. Derivatives
- 83. forward
- 84. forward
- 85. option
- 86. Derivation
- 87. SWAP
- 88. Future
- 89. future
- 90. Exercise price
- 91. put option



- 92. Swaps
- 93. Exchange
- 94. Central depository services Ltd.
- 95. December 12, 1995
- 96. market capitalization
- 97. C&P CNX nifty
- 98. BSE SENSEX
- 99. Compulsory delisting 100. Voluntry delisting
- 101. Margin trading
- 102. Wash sale
- 103.Rigging
- 104.Bull
- 105. Arbitrageurs
- 106.1994
- 107.1995
- 108.1996
- 109.1990
- 110.4
- 111.Bombay
- 112. Financial system
- 113.Finance
- 114.Capital formation
- 115. Financial services
- 116.an indicator
- 117.longterm capital
- 118. Securities and Exchange Board of India
- 119.ordinary
- 120.Capital Stock
- 121.debt capital
- 122.equity shares
- 123.sweet equity shares
- 124.preferential
- 125.quasi equity shares
- 126.debt
- 127.government
- 128.securities
- 129.Gift-edged securities
- 130. Public debt office



- 131. Yankee bonds
- 132.DFHI
- 133.Commercial papers
- 134.Repo rate
- 135. Subsidiary General Ledger
- 136.1992
- 137. Insider trading
- 138.Identification
- 139. Non-Banking Financial Companies
- 140.SRO
- 141.Primary market
- 142.Initial Public Offering 143.Green
- shoe option
- 144. Existing shareholders
- 145.Employees Stock Option Plan
- 146.Underwriting commission
- 147.Stock exchange
- 148.Intangible assets
- 149.Stock exchange
- 150. Qualified Institutional Buyer
- 151.Private placement
- 152.Money market
- 153.RBI
- 154. Money market
- 155.CP
- 156.Short term funds
- 157.Rs. 5 lakh
- 158.1989
- 159.7 days to 1 year
- 160.IBPCs
- 161.CRISIL P-2
- 162.T-Bills
- 163.Call loans
- 164.Call money market
- 165.Green Shoe Option
- 166.Qualified Institutions placement
- 167. Bonus Issue
- 168.Book Building



- 169. Qualified Institutional Placement
- 170.FPO
- 171.Offer for sale
- 172..5
- 173.IPO 174.FPO
- 175.Term money market
- 176. Prospectus
- 177. Statement in lieu of prospectus
- 178.Retail Individual Investor
- 179.Retail Individual Investor
- 180.30 days
- 181.more than 35%
- 182.TBs
- 183. ICDs
- 184.Zero Coupon bond
- 185.Callable bonds
- 186.Capital Indexed bonds
- 187.Primary Dealers
- 188.SWEAT Equity
- 189. Money Market Mutual Funds
- 190.REPOs
- 191. Taking advantage of internal price sensitive information for trading
- 192. Manipulation of prices and misleading statements
- 193. Open ended
- 194.Close ended
- 195.Net Asset Value
- 196.Growth fund
- 197.Income fund
- 198. Equity Linked Savings Scheme
- 199.3 years
- 200.SEBI

