Optimization Project

Import libraries

```
М
In [ ]:
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import scipy
from scipy import stats
import pickle
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
from pandas import read_csv
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from google.colab import data_table # Enables rendering of pandas dataframes into interactive displays
data_table.enable_dataframe_formatter()
from tensorflow.keras import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
from tensorflow.keras import initializers
from tensorflow.random import set_seed
```

```
In [ ]:
# !pip install -U pymoo
```

```
In [ ]:
from pymoo.algorithms.moo.nsga2 import NSGA2
from pymoo.problems import get_problem
from pymoo.optimize import minimize
from pymoo.visualization.scatter import Scatter
from pymoo.core.problem import Problem
from pymoo.core.problem import ElementwiseProblem
from pymoo.core.variable import Real, Integer, Choice, Binary
from pymoo.operators.sampling.rnd import IntegerRandomSampling
from pymoo.util.display.column import Column
from pymoo.util.display.output import Output
from pymoo.core.callback import Callback
from pymoo.algorithms.moo.moead import MOEAD
from pymoo.util.ref_dirs import get_reference_directions
from pymoo.indicators.igd import IGD
from pymoo.indicators.hv import HV
```

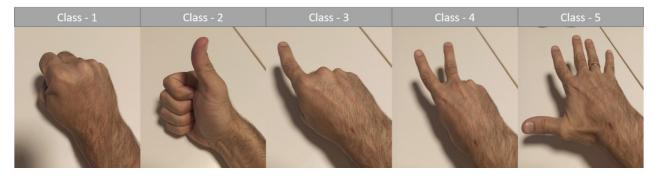
Load Data

```
In [ ]:

from IPython.display import Image

Image(filename = f'WhatsApp Image 2022-12-11 at 15.35.55.jpeg', width = 1000, height = 300)
```

Out[1]:



```
In [ ]:

# Load the dataset
train_path = "train_data_norm.csv"
test_path = "test_data_norm.csv"
train_df = read_csv(train_path)
test_df = read_csv(test_path)
```

```
In [ ]:
train_df.iloc[:,1:].head()
```

Warning: Total number of columns (29) exceeds max_columns (20). Falling back to pandas display.

Out[12]:

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	 19	20	21	1
0	0.777778	0.921875	0.654206	0.565517	0.594595	0.802083	0.847162	0.377358	0.446429	0.195719	 0.660920	0.615819	0.255319	0.49618
1	0.777778	0.927083	0.682243	0.565517	0.574324	0.802083	0.851528	0.377358	0.452381	0.195719	 0.678161	0.638418	0.239362	0.4847
2	0.777778	0.932292	0.691589	0.572414	0.574324	0.802083	0.851528	0.381132	0.446429	0.198777	 0.683908	0.638418	0.244681	0.4885
3	0.777778	0.932292	0.682243	0.572414	0.574324	0.802083	0.851528	0.381132	0.452381	0.201835	 0.689655	0.644068	0.244681	0.4885
4	0.785185	0.932292	0.682243	0.572414	0.574324	0.802083	0.851528	0.381132	0.452381	0.198777	 0.672414	0.638418	0.244681	0.4885

5 rows × 29 columns



Warning: Total number of columns (29) exceeds max_columns (20) limiting to first (20) columns.

```
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In [ ]:
train_df.iloc[:,1:].info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 29989 entries, 0 to 29988
Data columns (total 29 columns):
    Column Non-Null Count Dtype
            29989 non-null
0
    0
                            float64
            29989 non-null
1
    1
                            float64
 2
            29989 non-null
                            float64
 3
     3
            29989 non-null
                             float64
            29989 non-null
                            float64
 5
            29989 non-null
     5
                            float64
 6
     6
            29989 non-null
                            float64
 7
            29989 non-null
                            float64
 8
    8
            29989 non-null
                            float64
9
            29989 non-null float64
    9
 10
    10
            29989 non-null
                            float64
 11
    11
            29989 non-null
                            float64
    12
            29989 non-null
                            float64
 13
    13
            29989 non-null
                            float64
            29989 non-null float64
 14
    14
 15
    15
            29989 non-null
                            float64
 16
     16
            29989 non-null
                             float64
            29989 non-null
 17
    17
                            float64
 18
            29989 non-null
    18
                            float64
 19
            29989 non-null
    19
                            float64
 20
    20
            29989 non-null
                            float64
 21
     21
            29989 non-null
                             float64
 22
    22
            29989 non-null
                            float64
    23
            29989 non-null
 23
                            float64
 24
    24
            29989 non-null
                            float64
 25
    25
            29989 non-null float64
 26
    26
            29989 non-null
                            float64
 27
    27
            29989 non-null float64
 28 labels 29989 non-null int64
dtypes: float64(28), int64(1)
memory usage: 6.6 MB
In [ ]:
                                                                                                                               M
train_df.iloc[:,1:].describe()
```

Warning: Total number of columns (29) exceeds max_columns (20). Falling back to pandas display.

Out[9]:

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
count	29989.000000	29989.000000	29989.000000	29989.000000	29989.000000	29989.000000	29989.000000	29989.000000	29989.000000	29989.0
mean	0.544960	0.688247	0.540248	0.523526	0.507787	0.612537	0.748747	0.404003	0.408470	0.5
std	0.223028	0.168670	0.219905	0.209107	0.236347	0.216479	0.146647	0.184760	0.156300	0.1
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.0
25%	0.385185	0.562500	0.336449	0.351724	0.297297	0.458333	0.681223	0.264151	0.315476	0.4
50%	0.533333	0.708333	0.570093	0.537931	0.520270	0.614583	0.772926	0.392453	0.386905	0.5
75%	0.740741	0.828125	0.719626	0.696552	0.675676	0.807292	0.860262	0.524528	0.470238	0.6
max	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.0

8 rows × 29 columns



```
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In [ ]:
# Reduction and shuffle the data
train_df = train_df.iloc[:,1:]
test_df = test_df.iloc[:,1:]
train_data = pd.DataFrame(train_df.iloc[0,:])
test_data = pd.DataFrame(test_df.iloc[0,:])
train data = train data.T
test_data = test_data.T
for i in range(len(train_df)):
 if(i%30 == 0):
   train_data = train_data.append(train_df.iloc[i,:])
for j in range(len(test_df)):
 if(j%30 == 0):
    test_data = test_data.append(test_df.iloc[j,:])
train_data = train_data.iloc[1:,:]
test_data = test_data.iloc[1:,:]
#shuffle:
train_data = train_data.sample(frac=1).reset_index(drop=True)
test_data = test_data.sample(frac=1).reset_index(drop=True)
# train data = 1000 samples
# test data = 250 samples
```

```
In [ ]:

# encode the data
X_train = train_data.iloc[:, :-1].values
y_train = train_data.iloc[:, -1].values

X_test = test_data.iloc[:, :-1].values
y_test = test_data.iloc[:, -1].values
print(X_train.shape, y_train.shape, X_test.shape)
```

(1000, 28) (1000,) (250, 28) (250,)

Optimization problem

Objective Function

```
In [ ]:
                                                                                                                                  M
# Objective Function - build neural network, fit the net, and check accuracy on test data
def obj_func(n_first_layer ,n_hidden ,s_hidden):
  set_seed(5)
  # define model
 model = Sequential()
  model. add(Dense(n\_first\_layer, input\_dim=28, activation='relu', input\_shape=(28,))) \textit{\#,kernel\_initializer=initializers.Zeros}
  for i in range(n_hidden):
    model.add(Dense(s_hidden, activation='relu'))
  model.add(Dense(5, activation='softmax'))
  # model.summary()
 trainableParams = np.sum([np.prod(v.get_shape()) for v in model.trainable_weights])
 nonTrainableParams = np.sum([np.prod(v.get_shape()) for v in model.non_trainable_weights])
  totalParams = trainableParams + nonTrainableParams
 # compile the model
 model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
  # fit the model
 model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=50, batch_size=20, verbose=0)
  # evaluate the model
 loss, acc = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test, verbose=0)
  return(totalParams,round(acc*100,2))
```

Define utility classes

```
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In [ ]:
# print in every iteration at the minimize
class MyOutput(Output):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__()
self.acc_ = Column("best acc", width=10)
         self.acc_w = Column("worst acc", width=10)
self.par_ = Column("best params", width=10)
         self.par_w = Column("worst params", width=10)
         self.columns += [self.acc_, self.acc_w, self.par_, self.par_w]
    def update(self, algorithm):
         super().update(algorithm)
         res = algorithm.pop.get("F")
         res = np.round(res, 2)
         self.acc_.set(f'{np.min(res[:,0]):.2f}')
         self.acc_w.set(f'{np.max(res[:,0]):.2f}')
         self.par_.set(f'{np.min(res[:,1]):.0f}')
         self.par_w.set(f'{np.max(res[:,1]):.0f}')
         plt.scatter(res[:,0],res[:,1])
         plt.draw() # show()
```

Define The Problem

- design parameters = s_first_layer [1,14], n_hidden [1,50], s_hidden[1,100]
- objective = total parameters[41,<500K] , accuracy[0,100]

```
In [ ]:
                                                                                                                                 M
# problem class
class Net_Struct_Problem(Problem):
     def __init__(self, **kwargs):
          super().__init__(n_var=3, n_obj=2, n_ieq_constr=0,xl=[1, 1, 1], xu=[14,50,100], vtype=int)
      def _evaluate(self, X, out, *args, **kwargs):
          num_params = []
          acc_ = []
          X = np.round(X)
          for x in X:
            f, n, s = int(x[0]), int(x[1]), int(x[2])
            t_param, acc = obj_func(f, n, s)
            acc_.append(acc)
            num_params.append(t_param)
          acc_ = np.array(acc_)
          num_params = np.array(num_params)
          out['F'] = [-acc_, num_params]
```

Define algorithm parameters

```
In [ ]:

num_of_generations = 1
population_size = 10
```

Run The NSGA2 Algorithm (1 gen 10 pop)

```
In []:

problem = Net_Struct_Problem()

algorithm = NSGA2(pop_size=population_size)

stop_criteria = ('n_gen', num_of_generations)

results_NSGA2 = minimize(
    problem=problem,
        algorithm=algorithm,
        callback=MyCallback(),
        output=MyOutput(),
        termination=stop_criteria,
        save_history=True,
        verbose=True
)
```

Data

```
In [ ]:

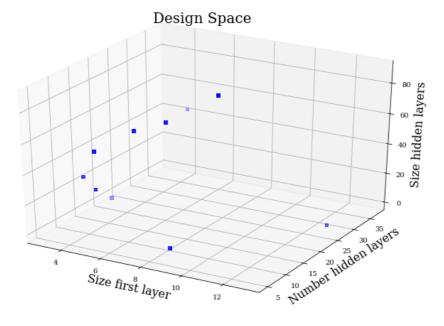
def from_pymoo_to_des_obj(results):
    des_1 = results.algorithm.callback.data_history['Design_1']
    des_1 = des_1[0][:]
    des_2 = results.algorithm.callback.data_history['Design_2']
    des_3 = results.algorithm.callback.data_history['Design_3']
    des_3 = results.algorithm.callback.data_history['Objective_1']
    obj_1 = results.algorithm.callback.data_history['Objective_1']
    obj_2 = results.algorithm.callback.data_history['Objective_2']
    obj_2 = obj_2[0][:]
    return des_1,des_2,des_3,obj_1,obj_2
```

```
In [ ]:

des_1,des_2,des_3,obj_1,obj_2 = from_pymoo_to_des_obj(results_NSGA2)
```

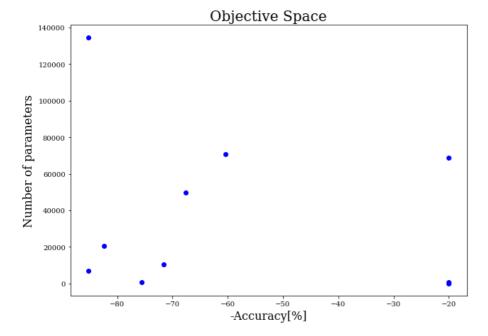
Design Space

```
# Create the figure and axes for the 3D plot
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
ax = fig.add_subplot(111,projection='3d')
ax.scatter(des_1, des_2, des_3,color=['blue'], marker="s")
ax.set_xlabel('Size first layer',fontsize=16)
ax.set_ylabel('Number hidden layers',fontsize=16)
ax.set_zlabel('Size hidden layers',fontsize=16)
ax.set_title('Design Space',fontsize=20) #NSGA2\n
plt.savefig('nsga_des.png')
plt.show()
```



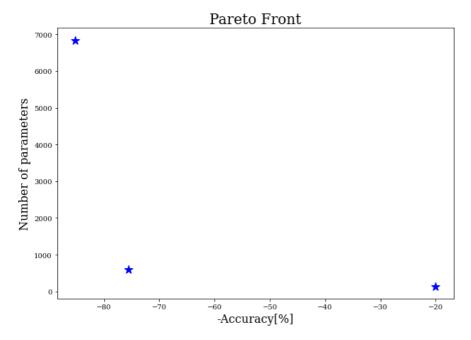
Objective Space

```
# Create the figure and axes for the 3D plot
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
ax.scatter(obj_1,obj_2, color=['blue'])
ax.set_xlabel('-Accuracy[%]',fontsize=16)
ax.set_ylabel('Number of parameters',fontsize=16)
ax.set_title('Objective Space',fontsize=20)
plt.savefig('nsga_obj.png')
plt.show()
```



Pareto Front

```
# Create the figure and axes for the 3D plot
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
ax.scatter(results_NSGA2.F[:,0],results_NSGA2.F[:,1], color=['blue'], marker="*", s=150)
ax.set_xlabel('-Accuracy[%]',fontsize=16)
ax.set_ylabel('Number of parameters',fontsize=16)
ax.set_title('Pareto Front',fontsize=20)
plt.savefig('nsga_pareto.png')
plt.show()
```



Check another algorithm MOEAD (1 gen)

```
M
In [ ]:
problem = Net_Struct_Problem()
ref_dirs = get_reference_directions("uniform", 2, n_partitions=9)
algorithm_m = MOEAD(
    ref_dirs,
    n_neighbors=15,
    prob_neighbor_mating=0.7,
results_MOEAD = minimize(problem,
               algorithm_m,
               termination=stop_criteria,
               # seed=1,
               callback=MyCallback(),
               save_history=True,
               verbose=True)
Scatter().add(results_MOEAD.F).show()
# Scatter().add(ref_dirs).show()
```

Data

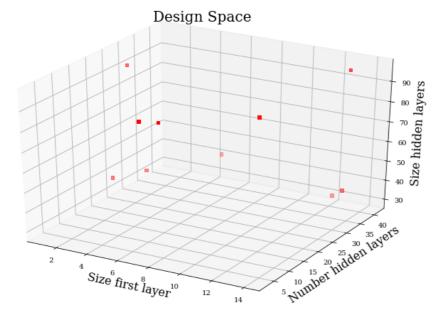
```
In [ ]:

des_1,des_2,des_3,obj_1,obj_2 = from_pymoo_to_des_obj(results_MOEAD)
```

Design Space

```
In []:

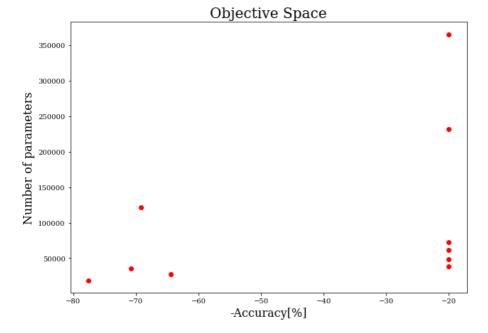
# Create the figure and axes for the 3D plot
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
ax = fig.add_subplot(111,projection='3d')
ax.scatter(des_1, des_2, des_3,color=['red'], marker="s")
ax.set_xlabel('Size first layer',fontsize=16)
ax.set_ylabel('Number hidden layers',fontsize=16)
ax.set_zlabel('Size hidden layers',fontsize=16)
ax.set_title('Design Space',fontsize=20)
plt.savefig('moead_des.png')
plt.show()
```



Objective Space

```
In []:

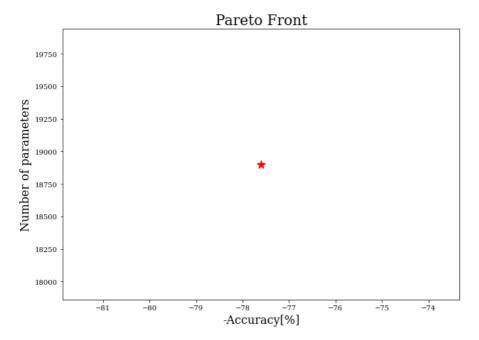
# Create the figure and axes for the 3D plot
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
ax.scatter(obj_1,obj_2, color=['red'])
ax.set_xlabel('-Accuracy[%]',fontsize=16)
ax.set_ylabel('Number of parameters',fontsize=16)
ax.set_title('Objective Space',fontsize=20)
plt.savefig('moead_obj.png')
plt.show()
```



Pareto Front

```
In []:

# Create the figure and axes for the 3D plot
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
ax.scatter(results_MOEAD.F[:,0],results_MOEAD.F[:,1], color=['red'], marker="*", s=150)
ax.set_xlabel('-Accuracy[%]',fontsize=16)
ax.set_ylabel('Number of parameters',fontsize=16)
ax.set_title('Pareto Front',fontsize=20)
plt.savefig('moead_pareto.png')
plt.show()
```



Load all the runs data

```
In [ ]:

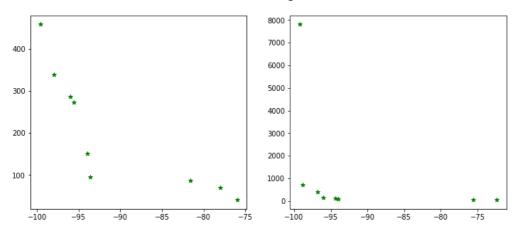
def open_res(run_number):
    # Load the object from the file using pickle
    with open(f'res_moead_{run_number}.pkl', 'rb') as f:
        moead_data = pickle.load(f)
    # Load the object from the file using pickle
    with open(f'res_nsga_{run_number}.pkl', 'rb') as 1:
        nsga_data = pickle.load(1)
    return nsga_data, moead_data
```

```
with open('/content/res_nsga_long_run.pkl', 'rb') as f:
   long_data = pickle.load(f)
with open('res_nsga_long_run_2.pkl', 'rb') as f:
   long_data_2 = pickle.load(f)
with open('/content/res_nsga_3_obj.pkl', 'rb') as f:
   long_3_obj = pickle.load(f)
```

M

```
In [ ]:
fig, axs = plt.subplots(1,2, figsize=(12,5))
axs[0].scatter(long_data.F[:,0],long_data.F[:,1], color=['green'], marker="*")
axs[1].scatter(long_data_2.F[:,0],long_data_2.F[:,1], color=['green'], marker="*")
fig.suptitle('Pareto Front longs run', fontsize=16)
plt.show()
```

Pareto Front longs run

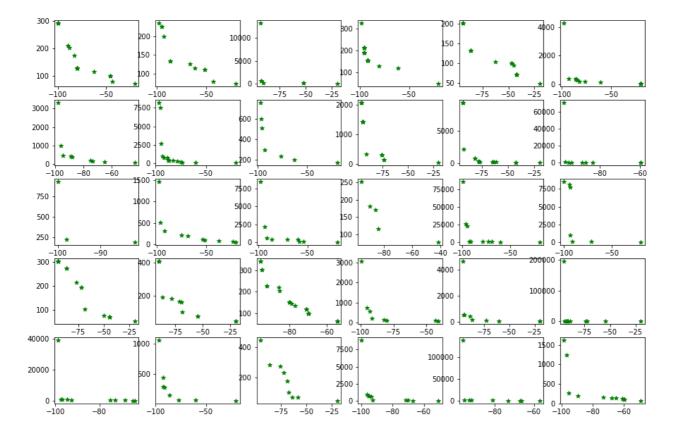


Pareto Front

```
In []:

fig, axs = plt.subplots(5,6, figsize=(15,10))
k = 0
for i in range(5):
    for j in range(6):
        nsga_data,moead_data = open_res(k)
        axs[i,j].scatter(nsga_data.F[:,0],nsga_data.F[:,1], color=['green'], marker="*")
        k += 1
fig.suptitle('Pareto Front NSGA2', fontsize=16)
plt.show()
```

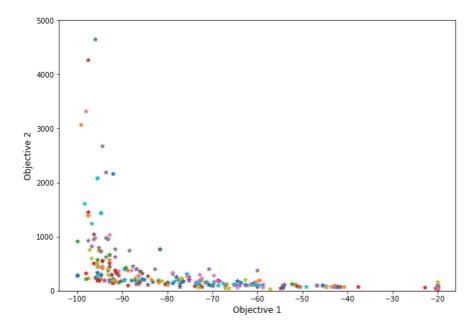
Pareto Front NSGA2



```
In [ ]:

fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,7))
k = 0
for i in range(5):
    for j in range(6):
        nsga_data,moead_data = open_res(k)
        axs.scatter(nsga_data.F[:,0],nsga_data.F[:,1], marker="*")
        k += 1
fig.suptitle('Pareto Front NSGA2', fontsize=16)
axs.set_ylim([0,5000])
axs.set_ylim([0,5000])
axs.set_ylabel("Objective 1", fontsize = 12)
axs.set_ylabel("Objective 2", fontsize = 12)
```

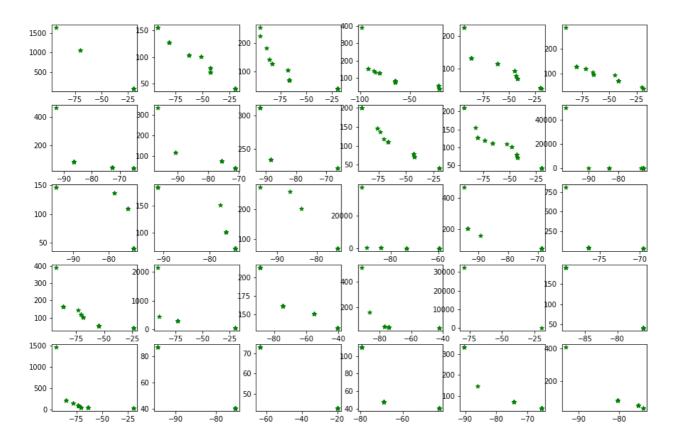
Pareto Front NSGA2



```
In []:

fig, axs = plt.subplots(5,6, figsize=(15,10))
k = 0
for i in range(5):
    for j in range(6):
        nsga_data,moead_data = open_res(k)
        axs[i,j].scatter(moead_data.F[:,0],moead_data.F[:,1], color=['green'], marker="*")
        k += 1
fig.suptitle('Pareto Front MOEAD', fontsize=16)
plt.show()
```

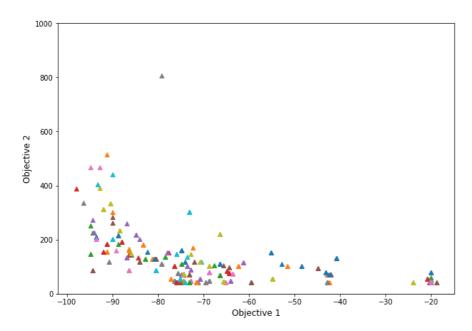
Pareto Front MOEAD



```
In []:

fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,7))
k = 0
for i in range(5):
    for j in range(6):
        nsga_data,moead_data = open_res(k)
        axs.scatter(moead_data.F[:,0],moead_data.F[:,1], marker="^")
        k += 1
fig.suptitle('Pareto Front MOEAD', fontsize=16)
axs.set_ylim([0,1000])
axs.set_xlabel("Objective 1", fontsize = 12)
axs.set_ylabel("Objective 2", fontsize = 12)
plt.show()
```

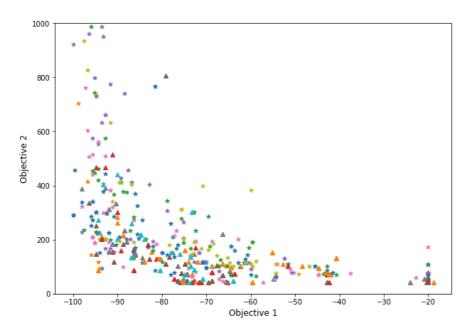
Pareto Front MOEAD



United Pareto Front

```
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In [ ]:
# show united pareto
fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,7))
k = 0
all_points = pd.DataFrame(columns=['Acc' ,'Params', 'des_1', 'des_2', 'des_3'])
for i in range(5):
  for j in range(6):
    nsga_data,moead_data = open_res(k)
    axs.scatter(nsga_data.F[:,0],nsga_data.F[:,1], marker="*")
    axs.scatter(moead_data.F[:,0],moead_data.F[:,1], marker="^")
    for 1 in range(len(nsga_data.F[:,0])):
      all_points = all_points.append({'Acc': nsga_data.F[1,0], 'Params': nsga_data.F[1,1],
                                        'des_1': np.round(nsga_data.X[1,0],0), 'des_2': np.round(nsga_data.X[1,1],0),
                                       'des_3': np.round(nsga_data.X[1,2],0)}, ignore_index=True)
    for p in range(len(moead_data.F[:,0])):
      all_points = all_points.append({'Acc': moead_data.F[p,0], 'Params': moead_data.F[p,1],
                                        'des_1': np.round(moead_data.X[p,0],0), 'des_2': np.round(moead_data.X[p,1],0),
                                       'des_3': np.round(moead_data.X[p,2],0)}, ignore_index=True)
    k += 1
for 1 in range(len(long data.F[:,0])):
  all_points = all_points.append({'Acc': long_data.F[1,0], 'Params': long_data.F[1,1],
                                   'des_1': np.round(long_data.X[1,0],0), 'des_2': np.round(long_data.X[1,1],0),
                                   'des_3': np.round(long_data.X[1,2],0)}, ignore_index=True)
for p in range(len(long_data_2.F[:,0])):
  all_points = all_points.append({'Acc': long_data_2.F[p,0], 'Params': long_data_2.F[p,1],
                                   'des_1': np.round(long_data_2.X[p,0],0), 'des_2': np.round(long_data_2.X[p,1],0),
                                   'des_3': np.round(long_data_2.X[p,2],0)}, ignore_index=True)
axs.scatter(long_data.F[:,0],long_data.F[:,1], marker="*")
axs.scatter(long_data_2.F[:,0],long_data_2.F[:,1], marker="*")
fig.suptitle('All Pareto', fontsize=16)
axs.set_xlabel("Objective 1", fontsize = 12)
axs.set_ylabel("Objective 2", fontsize = 12)
axs.set_ylim([0,1000])
plt.show()
```

All Pareto



In []:

all_points

Out[29]:

	Acc	Params	des_1	des_2	des_3
0	-100.0	290.0	3.0	1.0	22.0
1	-100.0	290.0	3.0	1.0	22.0
2	-80.4	128.0	3.0	1.0	4.0
3	-80.4	128.0	3.0	1.0	4.0
4	-88.0	201.0	4.0	1.0	8.0
985	-94.4	119.0	3.0	1.0	3.0
986	-96.0	143.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
987	-96.8	415.0	7.0	2.0	9.0
988	-99.2	7812.0	11.0	2.0	78.0
989	-72.4	41.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

990 rows × 5 columns

In []:

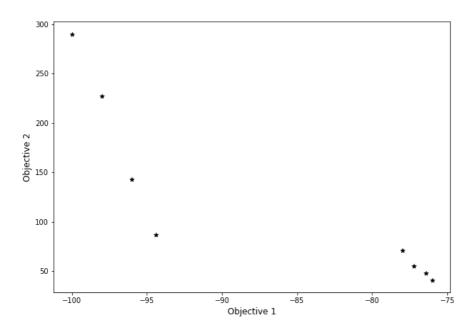
```
def pareto_front(points):
    pareto_points = []

for point in points:
    is_pareto = True
    for other in points:
        if((point[0] != other[0] or point[1] != other[1]) and (point[0] >= other[0] and point[1] >= other[1])):
            is_pareto = False
            break
    if is_pareto:
        pareto_points.append(point)
    pareto_points = np.unique(np.array(pareto_points), axis=0)
    return pareto_points
```

```
In []:

poi = np.array(all_points)
pareto_points = pareto_front(poi)
fig, axs = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,7))
axs.scatter(pareto_points[:,0],pareto_points[:,1], color=['black'], marker="*")
fig.suptitle('United Pareto Front', fontsize=16)
axs.set_xlabel("Objective 1", fontsize = 12)
axs.set_ylabel("Objective 2", fontsize = 12)
plt.show()
```

United Pareto Front



```
In []:

pareto_points
```

Out[32]:

```
290.,
array([[-100. ,
        -98.,
                                          3. ],
3. ],
                227.,
                          6.,
                                  2.,
        -96.,
                143.,
                                  3.,
                          3.,
                 87.,
        -94.4,
                          2.,
                                  1.,
                                          3.],
                          2.,
                                  1.,
       [ -78. ,
                 71.,
                                          1. ],
                 55.,
      [ -77.2,
                          1.,
                                  1.,
                                          3.],
      [ -76.4,
[ -76. ,
                 48.,
                          1.,
                                  1.,
                                          2. ],
                 41.,
                          1.,
                                  1.,
```

Metrics

```
In []:

def pareto_front_spread(points):

    # Calculate the distance between all pairs of points
    distances = []
    for i in range(len(points)):
        for j in range(i+1, len(points)):
            d = np.linalg.norm(np.array(points[i]) - np.array(points[j]))
            distances.append(d)

# Calculate the spread metric as the average distance between points
spread = np.mean(distances)

return spread
```

```
In [ ]:

def get_metrics(results, united_fornt, ref_point = np.array([-20, 1000])):
    ind_1 = IGD(results.F) # pf - single pareto front
    igd = ind_1(united_fornt)

    ind_2 = HV(ref_point=ref_point)
    hv = ind_2(results.F)

# calculate spread
sp = pareto_front_spread(results.F)# /np.shape(results.F)

# time
time = results.exec_time/60 # min
return igd, hv, sp ,time
```

```
metrics_nsga = pd.DataFrame(columns=['IGD' ,'HV', 'SPREAD', 'TIME'])
metrics_moead = pd.DataFrame(columns=['IGD' ,'HV', 'SPREAD', 'TIME'])
united_fornt = pareto_points
for i in range(30):
    nsga_data,moead_data = open_res(i)
    igd, hv, sp ,time = get_metrics(nsga_data, united_fornt, ref_point = np.array([-20, 1000]))
    metrics_nsga = metrics_nsga.append({'IGD': igd, 'HV': hv, 'SPREAD': sp, 'TIME': time}, ignore_index=True)
    igd, hv, sp ,time = get_metrics(moead_data, united_fornt, ref_point = np.array([-20, 1000]))
    metrics_moead = metrics_moead.append({'IGD': igd, 'HV': hv, 'SPREAD': sp, 'TIME': time}, ignore_index=True)
```

Metrics Statistic

In []:

metrics_nsga

Out[51]:

	IGD	HV	SPREAD	TIME
0	25.190392	68894.4	89.663660	41.813838
1	27.917401	68035.2	75.838859	38.387946
2	1980.744445	61281.6	3919.834991	49.173865
3	23.308062	67408.8	52.442044	38.401822
4	33.088666	65670.8	61.746820	47.484846
5	313.344441	59876.8	676.723379	45.996864
6	472.213766	61060.4	914.195887	36.938655
7	1322.339576	56896.4	2258.312833	31.556316
8	167.088807	58065.2	276.625040	30.525996
9	841.952642	57913.2	890.416000	29.372219
10	1925.435441	51786.8	3277.380938	34.100406
11	8064.003311	58815.2	16027.493057	37.187526
12	222.925696	62432.0	486.667485	31.296801
13	170.377288	62127.2	389.009893	34.713414
14	1207.557435	53032.0	2266.303810	34.778916
15	31.776177	66853.2	86.976856	25.407296
16	13515.810995	53826.0	23786.635311	34.575162
17	3477.831695	60369.2	4652.936897	29.929511
18	27.591297	63909.6	121.993818	26.233144
19	58.532720	60958.4	163.205275	25.606549
20	24.049467	66868.4	96.111025	20.327375
21	460.910496	64375.2	918.905746	36.402756
22	582.914581	63118.8	1172.449446	34.003160
23	17925.640710	66990.4	35899.322388	31.971061
24	4064.455023	63499.2	8031.796927	29.379196
25	129.679735	65266.0	347.120290	30.937805
26		63000.4	159.543161	32.286144
	43.354438	03000.4		
27	43.354438 1061.958492	65630.4	2009.739277	31.629486
				31.629486 32.148323

metrics_moead

Out[52]:

	IGD	HV	SPREAD	TIME
0	399.361607	0.0	673.012361	49.484956
1	37.279385	63632.4	53.548910	30.556569
2	26.787605	67196.8	65.833392	29.727450
3	32.226065	68598.0	69.153706	30.960574
4	33.112744	65280.4	61.058756	33.810084
5	33.862540	61592.4	55.440702	32.541557
6	13.981099	66410.0	55.869667	21.632449
7	9.716963	70281.6	57.927470	21.921216
8	20.794726	55474.4	46.656917	26.746250
9	36.414934	61692.4	61.511847	20.337495
10	39.179520	65041.6	59.932583	22.570903
11	2395.410745	63735.2	4848.515981	25.416795
12	8.262241	69555.2	43.226860	25.346910
13	14.401222	64465.6	42.113678	22.149386
14	11.807386	65838.8	98.790817	25.481356
15	1611.016306	64559.6	3251.849240	21.514183
16	22.619750	66206.8	73.767364	23.950881
17	26.372375	54586.0	76.200946	29.946124
18	31.952182	64237.2	69.601681	18.093724
19	216.647154	46578.0	486.675856	20.239724
20	35.375802	57749.2	38.042321	19.573843
21	21.374870	64643.2	77.241655	24.923297
22	16133.173203	0.0	32440.054017	48.041584
23	7.865912	63412.0	52.799731	20.599054
24	70.893530	59906.4	183.897422	20.865532
25	0.640000	70466.4	17.090113	23.027772
26	41.215175	40417.2	26.171257	36.748941
27	20.619664	55873.2	36.012802	31.788794
28	13.076963	64614.8	77.384020	30.201269
29	13.010572	65283.6	54.491426	20.521172

In []:

statistic of the metrics
metrics_nsga.describe()

Out[53]:

	IGD	HV	SPREAD	TIME
count	30.000000	30.000000	30.000000	30.000000
mean	2464.460824	62393.680000	4688.673907	33.763610
std	4804.346481	4597.911927	9376.198224	6.419642
min	23.308062	51786.800000	52.442044	20.327375
25%	47.149009	59999.900000	160.458690	30.387926
50%	387.127469	63059.600000	783.569690	32.217234
75%	1774.661474	65696.900000	3024.611656	36.804680
may	17025 640710	68894 400000	35800 322388	49 173865

M

```
metrics_moead.describe()
```

Out[54]:

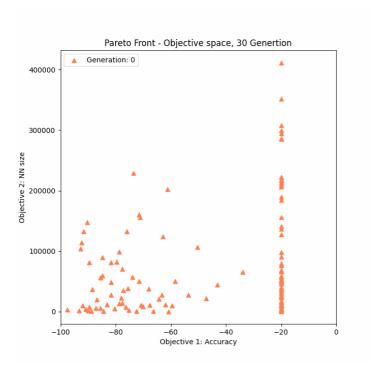
	IGD	HV	SPREAD	TIME
count	30.000000	30.000000	30.000000	30.000000
mean	712.615075	58244.280000	1441.795783	26.957328
std	2957.196589	17136.355009	5944.820529	7.674433
min	0.640000	0.000000	17.090113	18.093724
25%	14.086130	58288.500000	52.987026	21.543749
50%	29.369893	64351.400000	61.285302	25.135103
75%	38.704486	65700.000000	77.348429	30.467744
max	16133.173203	70466.400000	32440.054017	49.484956

Video

```
In []:
```

```
Image(filename = f'/content/Pareto Video, long data.gif', width = 500, height = 500)
```

Out[5]:



```
In []:

# fig, axs = plt.subplots( figsize=(10,7))

# res_nsga_long_run,res_nsga_long_run_2 = open_res(1)
# axs.scatter(res_nsga_long_run_2.F[:,0],res_nsga_long_run_2.F[:,1], color=['green'], marker="*")

# fig.suptitle('Pareto Front NSGA2 30 generations', fontsize=16)
# plt.show()
```

```
M
In [ ]:
#download data from colab to computer
# df_vid = long_3_obj.algorithm.callback.data_history
# df_vid
<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>
<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>
                                                                                                                                        M
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
                                                                                                                                        Ы
# import matplotlib.animation as animation
# obj_1 = df_vid['Objective_1']
# obj_2 = df_vid['Objective_2']
# #Clean data from space and get a list of values
# def obj_2_lst(obj):
      obj_lst = []
      for epoch in obj:
          help_lst = []
curr_obj = epoch[1:-1].split(' ')
#
#
          for word in curr_obj:
#
#
               try:
                  help_lst.append(float(word))
#
               except:
#
                   continue
          obj_lst.append(help_lst)
      obj_lst = np.array(obj_lst)
      return(obj lst)
# obj_lst_1 = obj_2_lst(obj_1)
# obj_lst_2 = obj_2_lst(obj_2)
# #Define the Video parameters
# frames = len(obj_lst_1)
# points = len(obj_lst_1[0])
# # init the figure & size
# fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(7,7))
# #Main function, plots a new plot for every itteration
# def update(i):
      ax.clear()
      ax.scatter(obj\_lst\_1[i], \ obj\_lst\_2[i], \ label = "Generation: \{\}".format(i), \ c = 'coral', \ marker = '^' )
      ax.Legend()
      ax.set_xlabel('Objective 1: Accuracy')
      ax.set_ylabel('Objective 2: NN size')
      ax.set_title('Pareto Front - Objective space, 30 Genertion')
#
      ax.set_xlim(-100, 0)
```

Build the best model and try it on all the data

ani.save('Pareto Video, long data 2.gif', writer='pillow')

ani = animation.FuncAnimation(fig, update, frames=frames, interval=400)

• Design Parameters:

plt.show()

- Size of first layer: 3
- Number of hidden layers: 1

#ax.set_ylim(0, 250000)

- Size of hidden layers: 22
- · Objectives on all the data:
 - Number of parameters: 290
 - Test Accuracy: 97.7%

```
M
In [ ]:
# build the optimal model after the optimization
def build_model(n_first_layer ,n_hidden ,s_hidden):
  set_seed(5)
  # define model
 model = Sequential()
 model.add(Dense(n_first_layer, input_dim=28, activation='relu', input_shape=(28,))) #,kernel_initializer=initializers.Zeros
  for i in range(n_hidden):
    model.add(Dense(s_hidden, activation='relu'))
  model.add(Dense(5, activation='softmax'))
  # model.summary()
 trainableParams = np.sum([np.prod(v.get_shape()) for v in model.trainable_weights])
 nonTrainableParams = np.sum([np.prod(v.get_shape()) for v in model.non_trainable_weights])
  totalParams = trainableParams + nonTrainableParams
 # compile the model
 model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
  # fit the model
  model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=50, batch_size=20, verbose=0)
  # evaluate the model
 loss, acc = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test, verbose=0)
 return model, totalParams, round(acc*100,2)
In [ ]:
model, params, acc = build_model(3,1,22)
print(f'Number of parameterss: {params}')
# print(f'Accuracy: {acc}%')
Number of parameterss: 290.0
In [ ]:
                                                                                                                               M
all_X_test = test_df.iloc[:, :-1].values
all_y_test = test_df.iloc[:, -1].values
print(all_X_test.shape, all_y_test.shape)
(7498, 28) (7498,)
                                                                                                                               M
In [ ]:
loss, acc = model.evaluate(all_X_test, all_y_test)
235/235 [============= ] - 1s 2ms/step - loss: 0.1075 - accuracy: 0.9768
In [ ]:
# check the final model
class_names = ['class_0','class_1','class_2','class_3','class_4']
class estimator:
  _estimator_type = ''
  classes_=[]
 def _
       _init__(self, model, classes):
    self.model = model
    self._estimator_type = 'classifier'
    self.classes_ = classes
  def predict(self, X):
   y_prob= self.model.predict(X)
   y_pred = y_prob.argmax(axis=1)
    return y pred
classifier = estimator(model, class_names)
```

from sklearn.metrics import plot_confusion_matrix
figsize = (12,12)
plot_confusion_matrix(estimator=classifier, X=all_X_test, y_true=all_y_test, cmap='Blues', normalize=None, ax=plt.subplots(figsiz

25/235 [==>....] - ETA: 0s

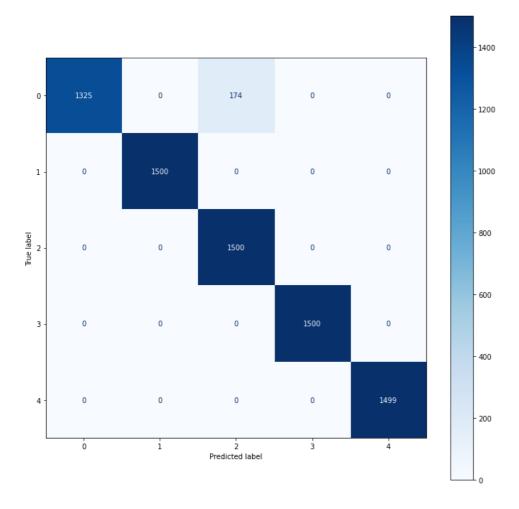
/usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages/sklearn/utils/deprecation.py:87: FutureWarning: Function plot_confusion_matrix is deprecated; Function `plot_confusion_matrix` is deprecated in 1.0 and will be removed in 1.2. Use one of the class methods: ConfusionMatrixDisplay.from_predictions or ConfusionMatrixDisplay.from_estimator.

warnings.warn(msg, category=FutureWarning)

235/235 [===========] - 0s 2ms/step

Out[47]:

<sklearn.metrics._plot.confusion_matrix.ConfusionMatrixDisplay at 0x7f1af0957100>



Run algo with 4 des and 3 obj

Define The Problem

- design parameters = n_epochs[3,50], s_first_layer [1,14], n_hidden [1,50], s_hidden[1,100]
- objective = total parameters[41,<500K] , accuracy[0,100], n_epochs[3,50]

```
# Objective Function - build neural network, fit the net, and check accuracy on test data
def obj_func_2(n_first_layer ,n_hidden ,s_hidden, n_epochs):
  set_seed(5)
  # define model
  model = Sequential()
 model.add(Dense(n_first_layer, input_dim=28, activation='relu', input_shape=(28,)))
  for i in range(n_hidden):
    model.add(Dense(s_hidden, activation='relu'))
  model.add(Dense(5, activation='softmax'))
  # model.summary()
 trainableParams = np.sum([np.prod(v.get_shape()) for v in model.trainable_weights])
 nonTrainableParams = np.sum([np.prod(v.get_shape()) for v in model.non_trainable_weights])
  totalParams = trainableParams + nonTrainableParams
 # compile the model
 model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
  # fit the model
  model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=n_epochs, batch_size=20, verbose=0)
  # evaluate the model
 loss, acc = model.evaluate(X_test, y_test, verbose=0)
  return(totalParams, round(acc*100,2), n_epochs)
```

In []:

```
# print in every iteration at the minimize
class MyOutput_2(Output):
    def __init__(self):
    super().__init__()
    self.acc_ = Column("best acc", width=10)
         self.acc_w = Column("worst acc", width=10)
self.par_ = Column("best params", width=10)
         self.par_w = Column("worst params", width=10)
         self.ep_ = Column("best epochs", width=10)
         self.ep w = Column("worst epochs", width=10)
         self.columns += [self.acc_, self.acc_w, self.par_, self.par_w, self.ep_, self.ep_w]
    def update(self, algorithm):
         super().update(algorithm)
         res = algorithm.pop.get("F")
         res = np.round(res, 2)
         self.acc_.set(f'{np.min(res[:,0]):.2f}')
         self.acc_w.set(f'{np.max(res[:,0]):.2f}')
         self.par_.set(f'{np.min(res[:,1]):.0f}')
self.par_w.set(f'{np.max(res[:,1]):.0f}')
         self.ep_.set(f'{np.min(res[:,2]):.0f}')
         self.ep_w.set(f'{np.max(res[:,2]):.0f}')
         # plt.scatter(res[:,0],res[:,1])
         # plt.draw() # show()
```

```
M
In [ ]:
# save data for plots after the minimize
class MyCallback_2(Callback):
     def __init__(self) -> None:
         super().__init__()
         self.data["best"] = []
         self.index = 1
         self.data_history = pd.DataFrame(columns=['Gen' ,'Design_1', 'Design_2', 'Design_3', 'Design_4', 'Objective_1', 'Objective_1'
    def notify(self, algorithm):
         self.data["best"].append(algorithm.pop.get("F").min())
         self.data_history = self.data_history.append({'Gen': self.index, 'Design_1': np.round(algorithm.pop.get("X")[:,0],0),
                                                                 'Design_2': np.round(algorithm.pop.get("X")[:,1],0),
                                                                 'Design_3': np.round(algorithm.pop.get("X")[:,2],0),
                                                                Design_3: np.round(algorithm.pop.get("X")[:,2],0),
'Design_4': np.round(algorithm.pop.get("X")[:,3],0),
'Objective_1': algorithm.pop.get("F")[:,0],
'Objective_2': algorithm.pop.get("F")[:,1],
                                                                'Objective_3': algorithm.pop.get("F")[:,2]}, ignore_index=True)
         self.index = self.index + 1
```

```
In [ ]:
# problem class
class Net_Struct_Problem_2(Problem):
     def __init__(self, **kwargs):
          super().__init__(n_var=4, n_obj=3, n_ieq_constr=0,xl=[3, 1, 1, 1], xu=[50, 14,50,100], vtype=int)
      def _evaluate(self, X, out, *args, **kwargs):
          num_params = []
          acc_ = []
          ep_ = []
          X = np.round(X)
          for x in X:
            e, f, n, s = int(x[0]), int(x[1]), int(x[2]), int(x[3])
            t_param, acc, ep = obj_func_2(f, n, s, e)
            acc_.append(acc)
            num_params.append(t_param)
            ep_.append(ep)
          acc_ = np.array(acc_)
          num_params = np.array(num_params)
          ep_ = np.array(ep_)
          out['F'] = [-acc_, num_params, ep_]
```

```
In []:

problem_2 = Net_Struct_Problem_2()

algorithm_n_2 = NSGA2(pop_size=60) # 60*5 = 50min

stop_criteria_2 = ('n_gen', 5)

results_NSGA2_3_obj = minimize(
    problem=problem_2,
    algorithm=algorithm_n_2,
    callback=MyCallback_2(),
    output=MyOutput_2(),
    termination=stop_criteria_2,
    save_history=True,
    verbose=True
)
```

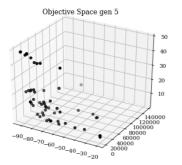
=======							
n_gen	n_eval	best acc	worst acc	best params	worst params	best epochs	worst epochs
=======	========	========					
1	60	-92.80	-20.00	1801	457253	5	50
2	120	-92.80	-20.00	1399	230073	5	49
3	180	-92.80	-20.00	507	154111	5	49
4	240	-92.80	-20.00	289	154111	3	49
5	300	-92.80	-20.00	289	136422	3	48

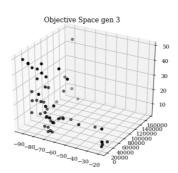
```
def get_obj(res, i):
  ddes_1 = res.algorithm.callback.data_history['Design_1']
  ddes_1 = ddes_1[i][:]
  ddes_2 = res.algorithm.callback.data_history['Design_2']
  ddes_2 = ddes_2[i][:]
  ddes_3 = res.algorithm.callback.data_history['Design_3']
 ddes_3 = ddes_3[i][:]
  ddes_4 = res.algorithm.callback.data_history['Design_4']
  ddes_4 = ddes_4[i][:]
 oobj_1 = res.algorithm.callback.data_history['Objective_1']
 oobj_1 = oobj_1[i][:]
  oobj_2 = res.algorithm.callback.data_history['Objective_2']
  oobj_2 = oobj_2[i][:]
  oobj_3 = res.algorithm.callback.data_history['Objective_3']
 oobj_3 = oobj_3[i][:]
  return oobj_1, oobj_2, oobj_3
```

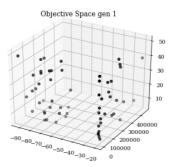
In []:

```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(20,5))
ax = fig.add_subplot(131,projection='3d')
oobj_1, oobj_2, oobj_3 = get_obj(results_NSGA2_3_obj, 4)
ax.scatter(oobj_1, oobj_2, oobj_3,color=['black'])
# ax.set_xlabet('-Accuracy[%]', fontsize=4)
# ax.set_xlabet('Number of parameters', fontsize=4)
# ax.set_zlabet('Number of epochs', fontsize=4)
ax.set_zlabet('Number of epochs', fontsize=12)
ax2 = fig.add_subplot(132,projection='3d')
oobj_1, oobj_2, oobj_3 = get_obj(results_NSGA2_3_obj, 2)
ax2.scatter(oobj_1, oobj_2, oobj_3, color=['black'])
ax3.set_title('Objective Space gen 3', fontsize=12)
ax3 = fig.add_subplot(133,projection='3d')
oobj_1, oobj_2, oobj_3 = get_obj(results_NSGA2_3_obj, 0)
ax3.scatter(oobj_1, oobj_2, oobj_3, color=['black'])
ax3.set_title('Objective Space gen 1', fontsize=12)

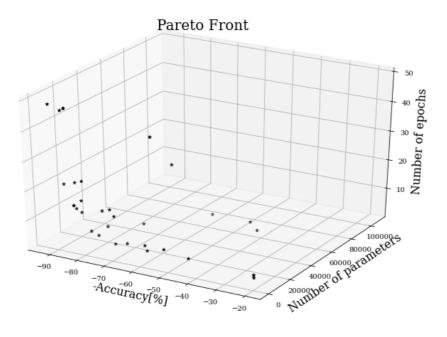
plt.show()
```







```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
ax = fig.add_subplot(111,projection='3d')
ax.scatter(results_NSGA2_3_obj.F[:,0],results_NSGA2_3_obj.F[:,1], results_NSGA2_3_obj.F[:,2],color=['black'], marker="*")
ax.set_xlabel('-ccuracy[%]',fontsize=16)
ax.set_ylabel('Number of parameters',fontsize=16)
ax.set_zlabel('Number of epochs',fontsize=16)
ax.set_title('Pareto Front',fontsize=20)
plt.show()
```



Video from long and big run

```
In []:
Image(filename = f'/content/3 Objectives.gif', width = 600, height = 500)
```

Out[7]:

