

... E1. Problem 5.

e) $x(t) = e^{-t} I\{t \geq 0\}$, $t \in \mathbb{R}$, where $I\{\cdot\}$ is the indicator function: $I\{\text{statement}\} = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if statement} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

$$\hat{x}(f) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j2\pi ft} dt = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-t} I\{t \geq 0\} e^{-j2\pi ft} dt = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-t-j2\pi ft} dt = \left(\frac{e^{-t(1+j2\pi f)}}{-(1+j2\pi f)} \right) \bigg|_{t=0}^{\infty} = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{e^{-\infty} - e^0}{1+j2\pi f} =$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{1}{1+j2\pi f}}$$

f) $x(t) = \begin{cases} 2(1 - \frac{|t|}{2}) & \text{if } |t| \leq 2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

$$\int t e^{j2\pi ft} dt = \left[u=t \Rightarrow du=dt \atop dv=e^{j2\pi ft} dt \Rightarrow v=\frac{e^{j2\pi ft}}{j2\pi f} \right] =$$

$$= t \frac{e^{j2\pi ft}}{j2\pi f} - \int \frac{e^{j2\pi ft}}{j2\pi f} dt = t \frac{e^{j2\pi ft}}{j2\pi f} - \frac{e^{j2\pi ft}}{(j2\pi f)^2}$$

$$\hat{x}(f) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(t) e^{-j2\pi ft} dt = \int_{-2}^2 2(1 - \frac{|t|}{2}) e^{-j2\pi ft} dt = \int_{-2}^0 2(1 + \frac{t}{2}) e^{-j2\pi ft} dt + \int_0^2 2(1 - \frac{t}{2}) e^{-j2\pi ft} dt =$$

$$= 2 \int_{-2}^0 e^{-j2\pi ft} dt + \int_{-2}^0 t e^{-j2\pi ft} dt + 2 \int_0^2 e^{-j2\pi ft} dt - \int_0^2 t e^{-j2\pi ft} dt =$$

$$= 2 \left(\frac{e^{-j2\pi ft}}{-j2\pi f} \right) \bigg|_{t=-2}^0 + \left(t \frac{e^{-j2\pi ft}}{-j2\pi f} - \frac{e^{-j2\pi ft}}{(j2\pi f)^2} \right) \bigg|_{t=-2}^0 + 2 \left(\frac{e^{-j2\pi ft}}{-j2\pi f} \right) \bigg|_0^2 - \left(t \frac{e^{-j2\pi ft}}{-j2\pi f} - \frac{e^{-j2\pi ft}}{(j2\pi f)^2} \right) \bigg|_0^2 =$$

$$= 2 \frac{e^0 - e^{j4\pi f}}{-j2\pi f} + \left(-(-2) \cdot \frac{e^{j4\pi f}}{-j2\pi f} - \frac{e^0 - e^{j4\pi f}}{-2\pi^2 f^2} \right) + 2 \frac{e^{-j4\pi f} - e^0}{-j2\pi f} - \left(2 \frac{e^{j4\pi f}}{-j2\pi f} - \frac{e^{-j4\pi f} - e^0}{-(2\pi f)^2} \right) =$$

$$= 2 \frac{1 - e^{j4\pi f} + e^{j4\pi f} + e^{j4\pi f} - 1 - e^{j4\pi f}}{-j2\pi f} + \frac{1 - e^{j4\pi f} - e^{j4\pi f} + 1}{4\pi^2 f^2} = \boxed{\frac{1 - \cos(4\pi f)}{2\pi^2 f^2}} =$$

$$= \frac{2 \sin^2(2\pi f)}{2\pi^2 f^2} = \boxed{4 \text{sinc}^2(2f)}$$

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