Problem 1 Fourier Series Coefficients

(a)
$$N = 8$$
.

$$a_k = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2j} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}k}, & k = \dots, -7, 1, 9, \dots \\ -\frac{1}{2j} e^{-j\frac{\pi}{4}k}, & k = \dots, -9, -1, 7, \dots \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

(b)
$$N = 8$$
.

$$a_k = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}e^{-j\frac{\pi}{3}}, & k = \dots, -5, 3, 11, \dots \\ \frac{1}{2}e^{j\frac{\pi}{3}}, & k = \dots, -3, 5, 13, \dots \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

(c)
$$N = 6$$
.

$$a_k = \frac{3 - \frac{5}{8}(-1)^k}{5 - 4\cos(\frac{\pi}{2}k)}, k \in \mathbb{Z}.$$

$$(\mathrm{d}) \ \ a_k = \sum_{\ell = -\infty}^{\infty} \delta[k + 4\ell] + \frac{j}{4} \frac{1}{1 - e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}(k - 1/2)}} - \frac{j}{4} \frac{1}{1 - e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}(k + 1/2)}}, \ k \in \mathbb{Z}.$$

(e)
$$a_k = \begin{cases} \frac{4}{7}, & k = \dots, -7, 0, 7, \dots \\ \frac{1}{7} e^{-j\frac{4\pi}{7}k} \frac{\sin(\frac{5\pi}{7}k)}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{7}k)}, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

(e)
$$a_k = \begin{cases} \frac{4}{7}, & k = \dots, -7, 0, 7, \dots \\ \frac{1}{7}e^{-j\frac{4\pi}{7}k}\frac{\sin(\frac{5\pi}{7}k)}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{7}k)}, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$
(f) $a_k = \begin{cases} \frac{5}{6}, & k = \dots, -6, 0, 6, \dots \\ \frac{1}{6}\frac{e^{-j\frac{\pi}{3}k}\sin(\frac{\pi}{2}) + e^{-j\frac{\pi}{2}k}\sin(\frac{\pi}{3}k)}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{6}k)}, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$

Problem 2 Properties of the Fourier Series

(a)
$$b_k = a_k e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{N}kn_0}, k \in \mathbb{Z}.$$

(b)
$$b_k = a_k \left(1 - e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{N}k} \right), k \in \mathbb{Z}.$$

(c)
$$b_k = a_k + a_k^*, k \in \mathbb{Z}.$$

(d)
$$b_k = a_{k-N/2}, k \in \mathbb{Z}$$
.

(e)
$$b_k = \frac{a_k}{m}$$
, $k \in \mathbb{Z}$ and period changes to mN .

Problem 3 The Fourier Series of Real Periodic Signals

- (a) ...
- (b) ...
- (c) ...

Problem 4 Modulation Property of Fourier Series

(a) ...

(b)
$$c_k = \begin{cases} \frac{7}{24} + \frac{1}{24} \frac{\sin(\frac{14\pi}{3})}{\sin(\frac{2\pi}{3})}, & k = \pm 2\\ \frac{1}{24} \frac{\sin(\frac{7\pi}{12}(k-2))}{\frac{\pi}{12}(k-2)} + \frac{1}{24} \frac{\sin(\frac{7\pi}{12}(k+2))}{\frac{\pi}{12}(k+2)}, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Problem 5 Fourier Transforms I

(a)
$$\hat{x}(f) = \frac{3}{5 - 4\cos(2\pi f)}, -1/2 \le f \le 1/2.$$

(b)
$$\hat{x}(f) = \frac{\sin^2(4\pi f)}{\sin^2(\pi f)}, -1/2 \le f \le 1/2.$$

(c)
$$\hat{x}(f) = e^{-j3\pi f} \frac{\sin(4\pi f)}{\sin(\pi f)}, -1/2 \le f \le 1/2.$$

(d)
$$\hat{x}(f) = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{j2\pi f}}{\frac{5}{4} - \cos(2\pi f)}, -1/2 \le f \le 1/2.$$

(e)
$$\hat{x}(f) = j \left[\left(N + \frac{1}{2} \right) \frac{\cos(\pi f(2N+1))}{\sin(\pi f)} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{\sin(\pi f(2N+1))}{\sin(\pi f)} \frac{\cos(\pi f)}{\sin(\pi f)} \right], -1/2 \le f \le 1/2.$$

(f)
$$\hat{x}(f) = 2 - 4|f|, -1/2 \le f \le 1/2.$$

Problem 6 Fourier Transforms II

(a)
$$\hat{y}(f) = \frac{1}{2}\hat{x}(f) + \frac{1}{2}\hat{x}^*(-f), -1/2 \le f \le 1/2.$$

(b)
$$\hat{y}(f) = \hat{x}^*(f), -1/2 \le f \le 1/2.$$

(c)
$$\hat{y}(f) = \hat{x}(f) - \hat{x}(-f), -1/2 \le f \le 1/2.$$

(d)
$$\hat{y}(f) = 2 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{x}(\nu) \hat{x}(f-\nu) e^{-j10\pi(f-\nu)} d\nu, -1/2 \le f \le 1/2.$$

Problem 7 A Discrete-Time System

- (a) Yes.
- (b) No.

(c)
$$y[n] = \begin{cases} 2, & n = 0 \\ 1, & n = 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Problem 8 LTI System 1

•
$$\hat{y}(f) = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j2\pi f}} \frac{1}{1 - \frac{3}{4}e^{-j2\pi f}}, -1/2 \le f \le 1/2.$$

$$y[n] = \begin{cases} 3\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^n - 2\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n, & n = 0, 1, \dots \\ 0, & n = -1, -2, \dots \end{cases}$$

•
$$\hat{y}(f) = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j2\pi f}} \frac{1}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{4}e^{-j2\pi f}\right)^2}, -1/2 \le f \le 1/2.$$

$$y[n] = \begin{cases} 4\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n - 2\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n - (n+1)\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n, & n = 0, 1, \dots \\ 0, & n = -1, -2, \dots \end{cases}$$

Problem 9 LTI System 2

(a)
$$\hat{h}(f) = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2}e^{-j2\pi f}}, -1/2 \le f \le 1/2.$$

(b) (i)
$$\hat{y}(f) = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{4}e^{-j4\pi f}}, -1/2 \le f \le 1/2.$$

$$y[n] = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n, & n \text{ is even} \\ 0, & n \text{ is odd.} \end{cases}$$

(ii)
$$\hat{y}(f) = \frac{1}{(1 + \frac{1}{2}e^{-j2\pi f})^2}, -1/2 \le f \le 1/2.$$

$$y[n] = \begin{cases} (n+1)\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n, & n = 0, 1, \dots \\ 0, & n = -1, -2, \dots \end{cases}$$

(iii)
$$\hat{y}(f) = 1, -1/2 \le f \le 1/2.$$

$$y[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & n = 0 \\ 0, & n \ne 0. \end{cases}$$
(iv) $\hat{y}(f) = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{2}e^{-j2\pi f}}{1 + \frac{1}{2}e^{-j2\pi f}}, -1/2 \le f \le 1/2.$

$$y[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & n = 0 \\ 2\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^n, & n \ge 1. \end{cases}$$

Problem 10 Minimum Phase System

- (a) ...
- (b) ...