Et. Problem 5, Power-Series Exponsion

By using the $\log(1-\omega) = -\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{\omega^i}{i}$, $|\omega| < 1$, determine the inverse z-transform.

a) \$(2) = log(1-2z), |z|< 2

$$|z| < \frac{1}{2} = x |z| < 3 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 1 = x = x(z) = -\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{(z_i)^i}{(z_i)^i} = -\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^i} z_i = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2^{-j}} z_{-j}$$

$$\hat{x}(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x [n] z^{-n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty-1} x [n] z^{-n} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} x [n] z^{-n} = \sum_{n=$$

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$$\Rightarrow \hat{\chi}(z) = -\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2z}\right)^i}{i} = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{-ii} z^{-i}$$

$$\hat{\chi}(z) = \sum_{N=20}^{\infty} x \ln J z^{-N} = \sum_{N=20}^{\infty} x \ln J z^{-N} + \sum_{N=1}^{\infty} x \ln J z^{-N} = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} x \ln J z^{-N} = \sum_{i=1}$$