

### 2.3.3.

We want to send a ~~256 kbps~~ <sup>256 kbps</sup> flow on a 20 kHz noiseless digital channel. How many signal levels are needed?

$$C = 2B \log_2 L \Rightarrow L = \left\lceil 2^{\frac{C}{2B}} \right\rceil = \left\lceil 2^{\frac{256 \cdot 10^3}{20 \cdot 10^3}} \right\rceil = \left\lceil 2^{6.4} \right\rceil = \left\lceil 184.45 \right\rceil = \boxed{185}$$

taking 1 kbps = 1000 bps

### 2.3.5.

We want to send video signal with  $480 \times 500$  px, with 32-value pixels, at 30 fps

a) Compute the needed transmission rate.

b) Is it possible to use a 4.5 MHz channel with 35 dB SNR? If not, what changes to the signal coding can be done to fix this?

a) 32 values  $\Rightarrow \log_2 32 \text{ bits/px} = 5 \text{ b/px}$

$$480 \cdot 500 \frac{\text{px}}{\text{frame}} = 240 \cdot 10^3 \frac{\text{px}}{\text{img}}$$

$$R = 5 \frac{\text{b}}{\text{px}} \cdot 240 \cdot 10^3 \frac{\text{px}}{\text{img}} \cdot 30 \frac{\text{img}}{\text{s}} = 36 \cdot 10^6 \frac{\text{b}}{\text{s}} = 36 \text{ Mbps} = \boxed{36.33 \text{ Mbps}}$$

b)  $R_{\text{channel}} \leq B \cdot \log_2 \left( 1 + \frac{S}{N} \right) = 4.5 \text{ MHz} \cdot \log_2 (1 + 10^{3.5}) = 52.32 \text{ Mbps}$

Yes, it's possible.

### 2.3.6.

TV channels are 6 MHz wide. Assuming a noiseless channels, how many bits per second can we send with four-level digital signals?

$$R = 2B \log_2 L = 2 \cdot 6 \text{ MHz} \cdot \log_2 4 = \boxed{24 \text{ Mbps}}$$

### 2.3.7.

We want to use a 4 kHz channel to transmit 100 kbps. What is the minimum SNR?

$$R = B \log_2 \left( 1 + \frac{S}{N} \right) \leq B \log_2 \left( 1 + 10^{\frac{\text{SNR}_{\text{dB}}}{10}} \right) \Rightarrow 1 + 10^{\frac{\text{SNR}_{\text{dB}}}{10}} \geq 2^{\frac{R}{B}} \Rightarrow \text{SNR}_{\text{dB}} \geq 10 \log_{10} (2^{\frac{R}{B}} - 1) = \boxed{75.26 \text{ dB}}$$