Procedure GRAPHSEARCH (Nils Nilsson)

- 1. Create a search graph, G, which consists only of the start node, s. s is placed on a list called OPEN.
- 2. Create a list called CLOSED. This list is initially empty.
- 3. LOOP: if Empty(OPEN), then exit with failure.
 - 4. n <-- First(OPEN)OPEN = OPEN {n}CLOSED = CLOSED + {n}
 - 5. If Goal(n), exit successfully with the solution obtained by tracing a path along the pointers from n to s in G (pointers are established in step 7).
 - 6. Expand node n, generating the set, M, of its successors and install them as successors of n in G
 - 7. Establish a pointer to n from those members of M that were not already in G, i.e., on either CLOSED or OPEN. Add these members of M to OPEN.
 - For each member of M that was already on OPEN or CLOSED, decide whether or not to redirect its pointer to n.
 - For each member of M already on CLOSED, decide for each of its descendants in G whether or not to redirect its pointer.
 - 8. Reorder the list OPEN, either according to an arbitrary scheme or according to heuristic merit.
 - 9. End LOOP