Stat 341 - Spring 2017

Problem Sets Prior to Test 1

Only turn in problems that are **not** bracketed. Bracketed problems are additional problems you can look at. Round brackets indicate problems that may help you with problems that are assigned; square brackets are additional problems on material that you should know, but you are not required to write up solutions; curly brackets are truly optional and may contain extra nuggets that you will not be required to know but may be interested in.

Additional assignments will be filled in over time.

notation	meaning	
unbracketed	unbracketed assigned problem – turn these in for grading	
()	helper/warm-up problem	
	additional problems (you are responsible for content, but don't turn them in)	
{}	covers optional material	

PS	Due	Source	Problems
0	Wed 2/1	handout	 Fill out personal information form. Visit the course web page http://www.calvin.edu/~rpruim/courses/s341/S17/ Login to RStudio at http://rstudio.calvin.edu You should have recieved an email letting you know how to login and how to change your password.
1	Wed 2/1	Rethinking 2	$(2\mathrm{M}4)$ cards $\mathbf{2M5}$ cards $\mathbf{2M7}$ cards
2	Mon 2/6	Rethinking 2	2E1-2E3 conditional probability 2H1-2H4 pandas
3	Wed 2/8	Rethinking 2	$(2\mathrm{M1})$ grid $\mathbf{2M2}$ grid $\mathbf{2M3}$ earth or moon
		Rethinking 3	(3E1-3E7) posterior samples $3M1-3M3$ globe $[3M5]$

PS	Due	Source	Problems
4	Mon 2/13	Rethinking 3	3H1-3H5 births
	Wed $2/15$	Rethinking 4	$4\mathrm{E}1 ext{-}4\mathrm{E}2$ describing models $4\mathrm{M}1$ simulating prior $4\mathrm{M}2$ map
			I'm not particulary fond of how the author sets things up in 3H1–3H5. Here's a better way:
			<pre># load the birth1 and birth2 data vectors data(homeworkch3, package = "rethinking")</pre>
			<pre># put them into a data frame Birth <- data_frame(</pre>
			first = birth1,
			second = birth2
			# tally up the counts
			tally(~ first + second, data = Birth, margins = TRUE)
			## second
			## first 0 1 Total
			## 0 10 39 49 ## 1 30 21 51
			## Total 40 60 100
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
			# another way to summarize: Birth %>%
			# group by family type
			<pre>group_by(first, second) %>%</pre>
			summarise(
			# how many families of this type families = $n()$,
			# total boys in such families
			boys = sum(first + second),
			# total girls in such families
			girls = sum(2 - first - second)
			57
			<pre>## Source: local data frame [4 x 5] ## Groups: first [?]</pre>
			##
			## first second families boys girls
			## <dbl> <dbl> <int> <dbl> <0</dbl></int></dbl></dbl>
			## 1 0 0 10 0 20 ## 2 0 1 39 39 39
			## 3 1 0 30 30 30
			## 4 1 1 21 42 0
			Take a look at the code I've posted online for a way to use something other than 0's and 1's. In any case, this summaries above
			are all you need to do the problems.
5	Fri 2/17	Rethinking 4	4E4-4E5 4M3-4M6

PS	Due	Source	Problems
6	Mon 2/20	Rethinking 4	4H1 4H2 Howell kids 4H3 log-kg