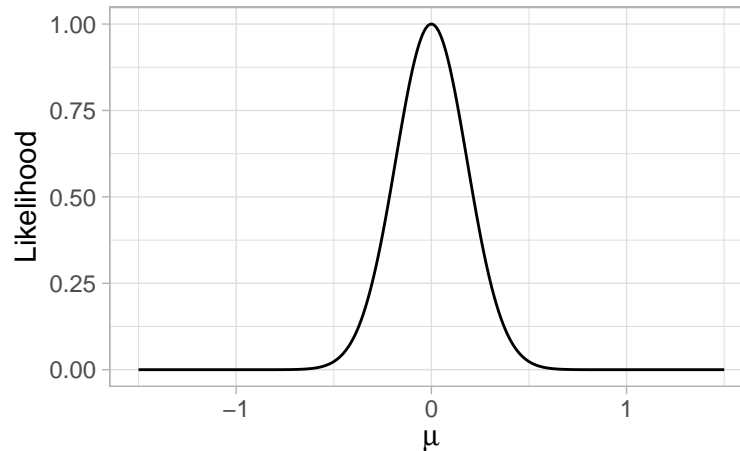


# Exam 1 Practice Problems

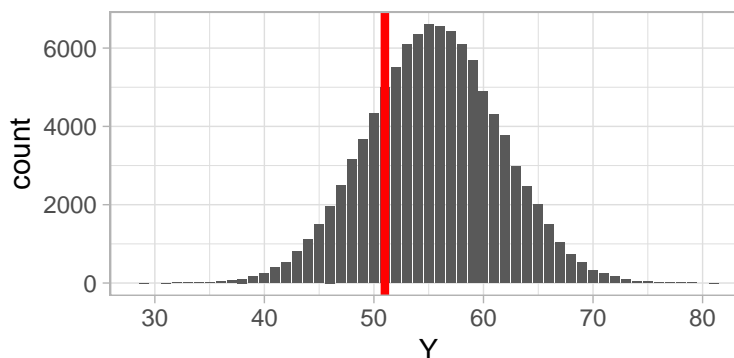
Math 315, Fall 2019

1. **Priors.** The plot below is the likelihood function for the mean of a  $\mathcal{N}(\mu, 1)$  distribution evaluated using 30 observations.



- (a) Sketch (and clearly label) a *uninformative/diffuse* prior on the plot above. Write a short definition of a uninformative/diffuse prior.
- (b) Sketch (and clearly label) an *informative* prior on the plot above. Write a short definition of an informative prior.
2. **Bayesian updating and prediction.** Suppose that  $Y_1, \dots, Y_n | \theta \sim \text{Gamma}(1, \theta)$  and that  $\theta \sim \text{InvGamma}(a, b)$ .
- (a) Find the posterior distribution of  $\theta$ . If it is a member of a named family of distributions, be sure to specify this, along with its parameter values.
- (b) Is the inverse-gamma prior a conjugate family to the gamma likelihood?
- (c) Write down two integrals (but do not evaluate them) that could be solved to find the 97% percentile interval for  $\theta$ .
- (d) Outline (describe) the steps necessary to draw a sample from the posterior predictive distribution of  $\tilde{Y}$ , assuming that you have a sample  $\theta^{(1)}, \theta^{(2)}, \dots, \theta^{(m)}$  from the posterior distribution of  $\theta$ .
3. **Sampling.**
- (a) Suppose that you are interested in a posterior distribution,  $p(\theta | x_1, \dots, x_n)$ , with support on  $(0, 1)$ . Describe how you would use grid approximation to draw a random sample from  $p(\theta | x_1, \dots, x_n)$ .
- (b) Suppose that we have a sample of size  $m$  drawn from  $p(\theta | x_1, \dots, x_n)$ —that is, we have  $\theta^{(1)}, \theta^{(2)}, \dots, \theta^{(m)}$  in hand. How could we use this sample to evaluate the posterior probability that  $\theta > 0.8$ ?

4. **Model checking.** Below is the posterior predictive distribution for the following model:  $Y_i|p \sim \text{Binom}(n, p)$ , where  $p \sim \text{Beta}(0.5, 0.5)$ . The observed value of  $Y$  is displayed as a vertical line.



What does this plot reveal about the model's fit?

5. **Conditional posteriors.** Suppose  $y_1, \dots, y_n$  form a random sample from  $\mathcal{N}(\mu, \sigma^2)$ . The joint posterior distribution that results from the reference prior is

$$p(\mu, \sigma^2 | y_1, \dots, y_n) \propto (\sigma^2)^{-n/2-1} \exp \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^n -\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} (y_i - \mu)^2 \right\}$$

Find  $p(\sigma^2 | \mu, y_1, \dots, y_n)$ , the conditional posterior of  $\sigma^2$  given  $\mu$  and the data. If it is a member of a named family of distributions, be sure to specify this, along with its parameter values.

6. BSM exercise 3.1 a-c  
7. BSM exercise 3.3