Problema1

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1 Problema 1

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```
\{\phi\} \mathrm{skip}\{\theta\} \quad \{\theta \wedge b\} C\{\theta\} \quad \{\theta \wedge \neg b\} \mathrm{skip}\{\psi\}
                                                                                          \{\phi\} while b do C\{\psi\}
         assume m \ge 0 and n \ge 0 and r == 0 and x == m and y == n
         while y > 0:
               if y & 1 == 1:
                    y , r = y-1 , r+x
               x , y = x << 1 , y >> 1
           assert r == m * n
     inv = And(x*y+r==m*n,m>=0,n>=0,n>=y,y>=0)
1.0.1 a.
\{ m >= 0 \text{ and } n >= 0 \text{ and } r == 0 \text{ and } x == m \text{ and } y == n \}
0: while y > 0:
1:
        if y & 1 == 1:
2:
           y , r = y-1 , r+x
3:
        x , y = x << 1 , y >> 1
4: stop
```

O estado inicial é caracterizado pelo seguinte predicado:

$$pc = 0 \land r = 0 \land m \ge 0 \land n \ge 0 \land x = m \land y = n$$

As transições possíveis no FOTS são caracterizadas pelo seguinte predicado:

$$(pc = 0 \land y > 0 \land pc' = 1 \land x' = x \land y' = y \land r' = r)$$

$$(pc = 0 \land y <= 0 \land pc' = 4 \land x' = x \land y' = y \land r' = r)$$

$$(pc = 1 \land y \& 1 = 1 \land pc' = 2 \land x' = x \land y' = y \land r' = r)$$

$$(pc = 1 \land y \& 1 \neq 1 \land pc' = 3 \land x' = x \land y' = y \land r' = r)$$

$$(pc = 2 \land pc' = 3 \land x' = x \land y' = y - 1 \land r' = r + x)$$

$$(pc = 3 \land pc' = 0 \land x' = x << 1 \land y' = y >> 1 \land r' = r)$$

$$(pc = 4 \land pc' = 4 \land x' = x \land y' = y \land r' = r)$$

```
def bmc_always(declare,init,trans,inv,K):
    for k in range(1,K+1):
        s = Solver()
        state = [declare(i) for i in range(k)]
        s.add(init(state[0]))

    for i in range(k-1):
            s.add(trans(state[i],state[i+1]))

        s.add(Not(inv(state[k-1])))
```

```
if s.check() == sat:
             m = s.model()
            for i in range(k):
                 print(i)
                 for x in state[i]:
                     print(x,'=',m[state[i][x]])
             return
    print ("Property is valid up to traces of length "+str(K))
def declare(i):
    state = {}
    s = BitVecSort(16)
    state['pc'] = Int('pc'+str(i))
    state['x'] = Const('x'+str(i),s)
    state['y'] = Const('y'+str(i),s)
    state['r'] = Const('r'+str(i),s)
    state['m'] = Const('m'+str(i),s)
    state['n'] = Const('n'+str(i),s)
    return state
def init(s):
    return And(s['pc'] == 0, s['m'] >= 0, s['n'] >= 0, s['r'] == 0, s['x'] == s['m'], s['y'] == s['n'])
def trans(c,p):
    t01 = And(c['pc'] == 0, c['y'] > 0, p['pc'] == 1, p['x'] == c['x'], p['y'] == c['y'], p['r'] == c['r'])
    t04 = And(c['pc'] == 0, c['y'] <= 0, p['pc'] == 4, p['x'] == c['x'], p['y'] == c['y'], p['r'] == c['r'])
    t12 = And(c['pc'] == 1, c['y'] & 1 == 1, p['pc'] == 2, p['x'] == c['x'], p['y'] == c['y'], p['r'] == c['r'])
    t13 = And(c['pc'] == 1, c['y'] & 1 != 1, p['pc'] == 3, p['x'] == c['x'], p['y'] == c['y'], p['r'] == c['r'])
    t23 = And(c['pc'] == 2,p['pc'] == 3,p['x'] == c['x'],p['y'] == c['y'] -1,p['r'] == c['r'] + c['x'])
    t30 = And(c['pc'] == 3,p['pc'] == 0,p['x'] == c['x'] << 1,p['y'] == c['y'] >> 1,p['r'] == c['r'])
    t44 = And(c['pc'] == 4,p['pc'] == 4,p['x'] == c['x'],p['y'] == c['y'],p['r'] == c['r'])
```

```
return And(Or(t01,t04,t12,t13,t23,t30,t44),p['m']==c['m'],p['n']==c['n'])

def inv(s):
    return Implies(s['pc']==1,And(s['x']*s['y']+s['r']==s['m']*s['n'],s['m']>=0,s['n']>=s['y'],s['y']>=0))

def termina(s):
    return s['pc']==4

bmc_always(declare,init,trans,inv,4)
```

Property is valid up to traces of length 4

0 pc = 0 x = 2050

```
y = 255
r = 0
m = 2050
n = 255
1
pc = 1
x = 2050
y = 255
r = 0
m = 2050
n = 255
2
pc = 2
x = 2050
y = 255
r = 0
m = 2050
n = 255
3
pc = 3
x = 2050
y = 254
r = 2050
m = 2050
n = 255
4
pc = 0
x = 4100
y = 127
r = 2050
m = 2050
n = 255
5
```

pc = 1

```
x = 4100
y = 127
r = 2050
m = 2050
n = 255
6
pc = 2
x = 4100
y = 127
r = 2050
m = 2050
n = 255
7
pc = 3
x = 4100
y = 126
r = 6150
m = 2050
n = 255
8
pc = 0
x = 8200
y = 63
r = 6150
m = 2050
n = 255
9
pc = 1
x = 8200
y = 63
r = 6150
m = 2050
n = 255
```

10

pc = 2

x = 8200

y = 63

r = 6150

m = 2050

n = 255

11

pc = 3

x = 8200

y = 62

r = 14350

m = 2050

n = 255

12

pc = 0

x = 16400

y = 31

r = 14350

m = 2050

n = 255

13

pc = 1

x = 16400

y = 31

r = 14350

m = 2050

n = 255

14

pc = 2

x = 16400

y = 31

r = 14350

m = 2050

n = 255

15 pc = 3 x = 16400 y = 30 r = 30750 m = 2050

n = 255

16

pc = 0

x = 32800

y = 15

r = 30750

m = 2050

n = 255

17

pc = 1

x = 32800

y = 15

r = 30750

m = 2050

n = 255

18

pc = 2

x = 32800

y = 15

r = 30750

m = 2050

n = 255

19

pc = 3

x = 32800

y = 14

r = 63550

m = 2050

n = 255

20

pc = 0

x = 64

y = 7

r = 63550

m = 2050

n = 255

21

pc = 1

x = 64

y = 7

r = 63550

m = 2050

n = 255

22

pc = 2

x = 64

y = 7

r = 63550

m = 2050

n = 255

23

pc = 3

x = 64

y = 6

r = 63614

m = 2050n = 255

24

pc = 0

x = 128

y = 3

r = 63614

m = 2050

n = 255

25

pc = 1

x = 128

y = 3

r = 63614

m = 2050

n = 255

26

pc = 2

x = 128

y = 3

r = 63614

m = 2050

n = 255

27

pc = 3

x = 128

y = 2

r = 63742

m = 2050

n = 255

28

pc = 0

x = 256

y = 1

r = 63742

m = 2050

n = 255

29

pc = 1

x = 256

y = 1

```
r = 63742
      m = 2050
      n = 255
      30
      pc = 2
      x = 256
      y = 1
      r = 63742
      m = 2050
      n = 255
      31
      pc = 3
      x = 256
      y = 0
      r = 63998
      m = 2050
      n = 255
      32
      pc = 0
      x = 512
      y = 0
      r = 63998
      m = 2050
      n = 255
      1.0.2 b.
[227]: def prove(f):
          s = Solver()
          s.add(Not(f))
          r = s.check()
          if r == unsat:
              print("Proved")
          else:
```

```
print("Failed to prove")
              m = s.model()
              for v in m:
                   print(v,'=', m[v])
     WPC
     1<sup>a</sup> regra
     [assume m >= 0 and n >= 0 and r == 0 and x == m and y == n; skip; assert inv]
     (m \ge 0) and n \ge 0 and r = 0 and x = m and y = n) \rightarrow [assert inv]
     (m >= 0 \text{ and } n >= 0 \text{ and } r == 0 \text{ and } x == m \text{ and } y == n) \rightarrow (inv)
     2<sup>a</sup> regra
     pre = inv and y>0
     [assume pre; if y \& 1 == 1 then (y = y-1; r = r + x;) x = x << 1; y = y >> 1; assert inv]
     pre -> [if y \& 1 == 1 then (y = y-1; r = r + x;) x = x << 1; y = y >> 1; assert inv]
     pre -> [((assume y & 1 == 1; y = y-1; r = r + x; assert inv) || (assume y & 1 != 1;)) x = x << 1; y = y >> 1; assert inv]
     pre -> [(assume y & 1 == 1; y = y-1; r = r + x; x = x << 1; y = y >> 1; assert inv) || (assume y & 1 != 1; x = x << 1; y = y >> 1; assert inv)]
     pre -> [(assume y & 1 == 1; y = y-1; r = r + x; x = x << 1; y = y >> 1; assert inv) || (assume y & 1 != 1; x = x << 1; y = y >> 1; assert inv)]
     pre -> [(assume y & 1 == 1; y = y-1; r = r + x; x = x << 1; y = y >> 1; assert inv)] and [(assume y & 1 != 1; x = x << 1; y = y >> 1; assert inv)]
     pre -> (y \& 1 == 1 -> [y = y-1; r = r + x; x = x << 1; y = y >> 1; assert inv]) and (y \& 1 != 1 -> [x = x << 1; y = y >> 1; assert inv])
     pre -> (y \& 1 == 1 -> [assert inv][y-1/y][r+x/r][x<<1/x][y>>1/y]) and (y \& 1 != 1 -> [assert inv][x<<1/x][y>>1/y])
     pre -> (y \& 1 == 1 -> inv[y-1/y][r+x/r][x<<1/x][y>>1/y]) and (y \& 1 != 1 -> inv[x<<1/x][y>>1/y])
     3ª regra
     [inv and y<=0; skip; assert r == m*n]
     (inv and y \le 0) -> [assert r == m*n]
     (inv and y \le 0) \rightarrow (r == m*n)
[28]: # WPC
      N = 16
      s = BitVecSort(N)
      m,n,r,x,y = Consts("m n r x y",s)
```

```
inv= And(x*y+r==m*n,m>=0,n>=0,n>=y,y>=0)
# 1 regra
prove(Implies(And(m>=0,n>=0,r==0,x==m,y==n),inv))
# 2 regra
pre = And(y>0,inv)
left = Implies(y & 1 == 1,substitute(substitute(substitute(substitute(inv,(y,y>>1)),(x,x<<1)),(r,r+x)),(y,y-1)))</pre>
right = Implies(y & 1 != 1, substitute(substitute(inv,(y,y>>1)),(x,x<<1)))
f2 = Implies(pre,And(left,right))
#prove(f2) #nao acaba
f3 = Implies(And(inv,y<=0),r==m*n)
prove(f3)
proved
proved
Usando havoc e WPC
assume m \ge 0 and n \ge 0 and r == 0 and x == m and y == n;
assert inv;
havoc y; havoc r; havoc x;
((assume y>0 and inv; if y \& 1 == 1 then (y = y-1; r = r + x;) x = x<<1; y = y>>1;) || (assume <math>y<=0 and inv));
assert r == m * n;
pre = m \ge 0 and n \ge 0 and r == 0 and x == m and y == n
inv = x*y+r==m*n and m>=0 and n>=0 and n>=y and y>=0
pos = r == m * n
```

```
\mathsf{pre} \to (\mathsf{inv} \land [\mathsf{Ciclo}])
                   \mathsf{pre} \to (\mathsf{inv} \land \forall y. \forall r. \forall x. [\mathsf{Corpo}])
                   \mathsf{pre} \to (\mathsf{inv} \land \forall y. \forall r. \forall x. (y > 0 \land inv \to (y \& 1 = 1 \to inv[y - 1/y][r + x/r][x << 1/x][y >> 1/y]) \land (y \& 1 \neq 1 \to inv[x << 1/x][y >> 1/y]))) \land (y \leq 0 \land inv \to pos)
[16]: pre = And(m \ge 0, n \ge 0, r = 0, x = m, y = n)
       pos = r == m * n
       inv= And(x*y+r==m*n,m>=0,n>=0,n>=y,y>=0)
       f1 = Implies(y & 1 == 1, substitute(substitute(substitute(substitute(inv,(y,y>>1)),(x,x<<1)),(r,r+x)),(y,y-1)))
       f2 = Implies(y & 1 != 1, substitute(substitute(inv,(y,y>>1)),(x,x<<1)))
       f3 = Implies(And(y>0,inv),And(f1,f2))
       f4 = Implies(And(y<=0,inv),pos)
       prove(Implies(pre,And(inv,f3,f4)))
       proved
       Usando SPC e unfold
       assume m \ge 0 and n \ge 0 and r = 0 and x = m and y = n;
       assume y \le 0;
       assert y*x+r == n*m;
      assume y>0;
```

assume y&1==1; y0 = y - 1; r0 = r + x; x0 = x;

y1 = y0 >> 1;x1 = x0 << 1;

```
r1 = r0;
         assume y&1!=1;
     y1 = y >> 1;
     x1 = x << 1;
     r1 = r;
     assume y1 \le 0;
     assert y1*x1+r1 = n*m;
     . . .
[38]: def unfold(N):
         pre = (And(m>=0,n>=0,r==0,x==m,y==n))
         11 = []
         v = {}
         for i in range(2*N+1):
             v['x'+str(i)] = Const('x'+str(i),s)
             v['y'+str(i)] = Const('y'+str(i),s)
             v['r'+str(i)] = Const('r'+str(i),s)
         l1.append(And(v['y0'] == y, v['x0'] == x, v['r0'] == r))
         for i in range(1,2*N+1,2):
             y0 = v['y'+str(i-1)]
             y1 = v['y'+str(i)]
             y2 = v['y'+str(i+1)]
             x0 = v['x'+str(i-1)]
             x1 = v['x'+str(i)]
             x2 = v['x'+str(i+1)]
             r0 = v['r'+str(i-1)]
             r1 = v['r'+str(i)]
             r2 = v['r'+str(i+1)]
```

```
k = And(y0>0,0r(And(y0&1==1,y1==y0-1,r1==r0+x0,x1==x0,y2==y1>>1,x2==x1<<1,r2==r1),And(y0&1!=1,y2==y0>>1,x2==x0<<1,r0==r2)))
l1.append(k)

r0 = v['r'+str(2*N)]

return Implies(And(pre,And(l1)),r0==m*n)

prove(unfold(N))</pre>
```

proved