## C to MSP430 Assembler Program

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## 1 All the Parts of The Program

Here the program can be seen and execute part by part (even all functions separately).

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[]: # All functions control some special characters and prints the respective
      →assembly code to the *.asm file
     # These lists are defined for memory the character that we want to keep
     list_for_loop = []
     else_list = []
     print("Please enter the name of your C program with extension (YourProgram.c):")
[]: ''' Here a file name is requested as a string from the user, remember that the *.
     \rightarrow c file must be
     in the same directory with this *.py file
     my_c_program = input()
     # First, we must open the C file that entered by the user
     c_file = open(my_c_program, "r")
     # After having C file we need to open an empty Assembly file
     asm_file = open("assembly-converted.asm","w")
[]: '''function_detector function gives the name of defined all int functions, and
      \rightarrow every time
     the name of the function is kept in the memory'''
     def function_detector(text):
         a = text.find("int")
         b = text.find("(")
         if a != -1 and b != -1 and text.find("main") == -1:
             text = text.replace("int", "").replace("\n", "").replace(" ", "")
             list1 = list(text)
             index1 = list1.index("(")
             del list1[index1:]
             new_String = "".join(map(str, list1))
             asm_file.write(new_String)
             asm_file.write(": \n\t")
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asm_file.write("SUB.W #4, R1\n\tMOV.W R12, 2(R1)\n\tMOV.W
                                                                               R13,...
      \rightarrow QR1\n")
         if text.find("main") != -1:
             asm_file.write("main:\n\tSUB.W #6, R1\n")
[]: | # sum function is looking for if any "+" character exists.
     def sum(text):
         a = text.find("+")
         if a != -1 and text.find("if") == -1 and text.find("for") == -1 and text.
      \rightarrowfind("else") == -1:
             if text.find("return"):
                 asm_file.write("\tMOV.W 2(R1), R12\n\tADD.W @R1, R12\n\tADD.W |
      \rightarrow#4, R1\n\tRET\n")
[]: #substract function is just like sum function, is looking for "-" character
     def substract(text):
         a = text.find("-")
         if a != -1 and text.find("if") == -1 and text.find("for") == -1 and text.
      \rightarrowfind("else") == -1:
             if text.find("return"):
                 asm_file.write("\tMOV.W 2(R1), R12\n\tSUB.W @R1, R12\n\tADD.W ___
      \rightarrow#4, R1\n\tRET\n")
[]: #multiply function is looking for "-" character
     def multiply(text):
         a = text.find("*")
         if a != -1 and text.find("if") == -1 and text.find("for") == -1 and text.
      \rightarrowfind("else") == -1:
             if text.find("return"):
                 asm_file.write("\tMOV.W @(R1), R13\n\tCALL
      →#__mspabi_mpyi\n\tADD.W #4, R1\n\tRET\n")
[]: # find_forloop function search the string "for" and if for exists, splits the
     →string by ";" character
     def find_forloop(text):
         if text.find("for") != -1 and text.find("(") != -1 and text.find(")") != -1 :
             text = text.replace("for","").replace("\t","").replace("\n","").
      →replace(" ","").replace("{","").replace("(","").replace(")","")
             text = text.split(";")
             list_for_loop = text
[]: # Here find_ifcommand function looks whether there is "if" string and function
     → is not called if there is "else" character
     def find_ifcommand(text):
         if text.find("if") !=-1 and text.find("(") !=-1 and text.find(")") !=-1
      →and text.find("else") == -1:
```

```
asm_file.write("\n\tMOV.W 4(R1),R12\n\tSUB.W 2(R1), R12")

text = text.replace("if", "").replace(" ", "").replace("\n", "").

→replace("{", "").replace(" ","").replace("\t","").replace("(","").

→replace(")","")

list1 = list(text)

if text.find(";") == -1:

if text.find("==") != -1:

index_for_number = text.index("==")

number_in_if = text[index_for_number+2:]

asm_file.write("\n\tCMP.W #")

asm_file.write(number_in_if)

asm_file.write(", R12 { JNE .L10\n")
```

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[]: # Looks if there is any "else" string basically

def else_command(text):

    if text.find("else") != -1 and text.find("if") == -1:

        text = text.replace("else", "").replace(" ", "").replace("\n", "").

→replace("{", "").replace(" ", "").replace("\t", "")

        else_list.append("else")
```

```
[]: # assignments_func looks the assigned values and prints the respective *.asm code
     def assignments_func(text):
         if text.find("=") != -1 and text.find("int") != -1 and text.find(";") != -1 :
             text = text.replace("int", "").replace("\n", "").replace(";", "").
      →replace("\t", "")
             new_list =text.split(",")
             list2 = []
             for a in new_list:
                 if a.find("=") != -1:
                     index1 = a.index("=")
                     list1 = list(a)
                     del list1[0:index1+1]
                     new_String = "".join(map(str, list1))
                     list2.append(new_String)
             asm_file.write("\tMOV.W #")
             asm_file.write(list2[0])
             asm_file.write(", 4(R1)\n\t")
             asm_file.write("MOV.W #")
             asm_file.write(list2[1])
             asm_file.write(", 2(R1)\n")
         if text.find("int") == -1 and text.find("=") != -1 and text.find(";")!= -1
      \rightarrow and text.find("\cdot") == -1 and text.find("(") == -1:
             text = text.replace(" ", "").replace(";", "").replace("}","").
      →replace("\n","")
             index_num = text.index("=")
             list_new = list(text)
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del list_new[0:index_num+1]
             asm_file.write("\tMOV.W #")
             asm file.write(list new[0])
             asm_file.write(", 4(R1)\n\tBR
                                               #.L11\n")
[]: \# xor_function looks if there is any XOR operation , if exists prints XOR.\mathbb{W}_{\sqcup}
      \rightarrow operation
     def xor function(text):
         if text.find("\") != -1 and text.find("\=") != -1 and text.find("\",") != -1:
             asm_file.write("\tMOV.W 4(R1), R12\n\tXOR.W 2(R1), R12\n\tMOV.W 
      \rightarrowR12, @R1")
[]: | # or_function detector basically looks for the character "//"
     def or_function(text):
         if text.find("||") != -1:
             temp or =2
             temp1 = text[:text.find("||")]
             text = text.replace(text[:text.find("||")], "")
             text = text.replace("||", "")
             temp2 = text
             # TO DO
             asm_file.write("\tCMP.W #0, -2(R4) { JNE
                                                              .L'' + str(temp_or) + ...
      \rightarrow"\n")
             asm_file.write("\tCMP.W #0, -4(R4) { JEQ
                                                              L'' + str(temp_or + 1) +
      \hookrightarrow"\n")
             asm_file.write(".L" + str(temp_or) + ":\n")
             asm_file.write("\tMOV.B #1, R12\n")
             asm_file.write("\tBR # .L" + str(temp_or + 2) + "\n")
             asm_file.write(".L" + str(temp_or + 1) + ":\n")
             asm_file.write("\tMOV.B #0, R12\n")
             asm_file.write(".L" + str(temp_or + 2) + ":\n")
             asm_file.write("\tADD.W #4, R1\n\tPOPM.W #1, r4\n\tRET\n")
             temp or += 5
[]: #pretty same like the or function, finds if there exists any "GG" character
     def and_function(text):
         if text.find("&&") != -1:
             temp_and = 1
             temp1 = text[:text.find("&&")]
             text = text.replace(text[:text.find("&&")], "")
             text = text.replace("&&", "")
             temp2 = text
             asm file.write("\tCMP.W #0, -2(R4) { JEQ
                                                              .L" + str(temp_and) +
      \rightarrow"\n")
             asm_file.write("\tCMP.W #0, -4(R4) { JEQ
                                                              .L" + str(temp_and) +
```

 $\hookrightarrow$ "\n")

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asm_file.write("\tMOV.B #1, R12\n")
asm_file.write("\tBR # .L" + str(temp_and + 1) + "\n")
asm_file.write(".L" + str(temp_and) + ":\n")
asm_file.write("\tMOV.B #0, R12\n")
asm_file.write(".L" + str(temp_and + 1) + ":\n")
asm_file.write(".L" + str(temp_and + 1) + ":\n")
temp_and += 1
```

```
[]: '''
     In the main function firstly , we read the C file line by line and for every \Box
     \rightarrow line we call the functions defined above.
     The program controls every line with the respective functions and if there is_{\sqcup}
      →any character we looked for program writes
     it to the *asm file .
     def main():
         for x in c_file:
             if x != "{n":}
                  function detector(x)
                  sum(x)
                  substract(x)
                  multiply(x)
                  find_ifcommand(x)
                 find_forloop(x)
                  else_command(x)
                  assignments_func(x)
                  xor_function(x)
                  or_function(x)
                  and_function(x)
```

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After calling main function , we need to close C file first because we don't \sqcup
      \hookrightarrowneed C file anymore
     Since it is hard to view *.asm file , the code in the *.asm file is copied to a_{\sqcup}
      \rightarrow*.txt file
     Finally *asm file is closed to view our new file well.
      I \cap I \cap I
     main()
     c_file.close()
     asm_file.close()
     asm_file = open("assembly-converted.asm", "r")
     x = asm_file.read()
     asm_file.close()
     asm2_file = open("assembly-converted.txt", "w")
     asm2_file.write(x)
     asm2_file.close()
```