

CS 202, Spring  
2022  
Homework 1  
-  
Algorithm Efficiency

## Question 1

- a) Show that  $f(n) = 8n^4 + 5n^3 + 7$  is  $O(n^5)$  by specifying appropriate  $c$  and  $n_0$  values in Big-O definition.

We need to show that  $f(n) = O(n^5)$  if  $\exists$  positive constants  $c, n_0$  such that

$$(Eq\ 1) \quad 0 \leq f(n) \leq cn^5, \forall n \geq n_0.$$

If we choose  $c$  and  $n_0$  such that  $c = 20$  and  $n_0 = 1$ , then our equation becomes

$$(Eq\ 2) \quad 0 \leq f(n) = 8n^4 + 5n^3 + 7 \leq 20n^5, \forall n \geq 1$$

$$(Eq\ 3) \quad 0 \leq f(n) = 8n^4 \leq 8n^5, \forall n \geq 1$$

$$(Eq\ 4) \quad 0 \leq f(n) = 5n^3 \leq 5n^5, \forall n \geq 1$$

$$(Eq\ 5) \quad 0 \leq f(n) = 7 \leq 7n^5, \forall n \geq 1$$

If we add Eq (3-5), we get our equation Eq 2. Therefore, Eq 2 is correct and  $f(n) = 8n^4 + 5n^3 + 7$  is  $O(n^5)$ .

- b) Trace the following sorting algorithms to sort the array [ 22, 8, 49, 25, 18, 30, 20, 15, 35, 27 ] in ascending order. Use the array implementation of the algorithms as described in the textbook and show all major steps.

- Selection sort
- Bubble sort

## 1) Selection Sort

- Initial: All Unsorted

22	8	49	25	18	30	20	15	35	27
----	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Largest -> 49: (49 - 27 swap)

| Sorted

22	8	27	25	18	30	20	15	35	49
----	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Largest -> 35

| Sorted

22	8	27	25	18	30	20	15	35	49
----	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Largest -> 30: (30 - 15 swap)

| Sorted

22	8	27	25	18	15	20	30	35	49
----	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Largest -> 27: (27 - 20 swap)

| Sorted

22	8	20	25	18	15	27	30	35	49
----	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Largest -> 25: (25 - 15 swap)

| Sorted

22	8	20	15	18	25	27	30	35	49
----	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Largest -> 22: (22 - 18 swap)

| Sorted

18	8	20	15	22	25	27	30	35	49
----	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Largest -> 20: (20 - 15 swap)

| Sorted

18	8	15	20	22	25	27	30	35	49
----	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Largest -> 20: (18 - 15 swap)

| Sorted

15	8	18	20	22	25	27	30	35	49
----	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Largest -> 15: (15 - 8 swap)

| Sorted

8	15	18	20	22	25	27	30	35	49
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

## 2) Bubble Sort

- Initial: All Unsorted

22	8	49	25	18	30	20	15	35	27
----	---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 1: 22 > 8: swap

8	22	49	25	18	30	20	15	35	27
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 1: 49 > 25: swap

8	22	25	49	18	30	20	15	35	27
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 1:  $49 > 18$ : swap

8	22	25	18	49	30	20	15	35	27
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 1:  $49 > 30$ : swap

8	22	25	18	30	49	20	15	35	27
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 1:  $49 > 20$ : swap

8	22	25	18	30	20	49	15	35	27
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 1:  $49 > 15$ : swap

8	22	25	18	30	20	15	49	35	27
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 1:  $49 > 35$ : swap

8	22	25	18	30	20	15	35	49	27
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 1:  $49 > 27$ : swap

8	22	25	18	30	20	15	35	27	49
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

| Sorted

- Pass 2:  $25 > 18$ : swap

8	22	18	25	30	20	15	35	27	49
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 2:  $30 > 20$ : swap

8	22	18	25	20	30	15	35	27	49
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 2:  $30 > 15$ : swap

8	22	18	25	20	15	30	35	27	49
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 2: 35 > 27: swap

| Sorted

8	22	18	25	20	15	30	27	35	49
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 3: 22 > 18: swap

8	18	22	25	20	15	30	27	35	49
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 3: 25 > 20: swap

8	18	22	20	25	15	30	27	35	49
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 3: 25 > 15: swap

8	18	22	20	15	25	30	27	35	49
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 3: 30 > 27: swap

| Sorted

8	18	22	20	15	25	27	30	35	49
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 4: 22 > 20: swap

8	18	20	22	15	25	27	30	35	49
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 4: 22 > 15: swap

| Sorted

8	18	20	15	22	25	27	30	35	49
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 5:  $20 > 15$ : swap

| Sorted

8	18	15	20	22	25	27	30	35	49
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 6:  $18 > 15$ : swap

| Sorted

8	15	18	20	22	25	27	30	35	49
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

- Pass 7: No swap: Finish

| Sorted

8	15	18	20	22	25	27	30	35	49
---	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

## Question 2

Screenshots for the requested outputs of the program are listed below.

```
-----Insertion Sort-----
Comparison Count: 69
Move Count: 88
[1,2,4,5,6,7,8,9,11,12,13,16,16,17,18,20]
-----Bubble Sort-----
Comparison Count: 110
Move Count: 174
[1,2,4,5,6,7,8,9,11,12,13,16,16,17,18,20]
-----Merge Sort-----
Comparison Count: 47
Move Count: 128
[1,2,4,5,6,7,8,9,11,12,13,16,16,17,18,20]
-----Quick Sort-----
Comparison Count: 50
Move Count: 116
[1,2,4,5,6,7,8,9,11,12,13,16,16,17,18,20]
-----
```

Output 1. Array Sorting Results

Analysis of Random Array Scenario				
Analysis of Insertion Sort				
Array Size	Elapsed time	compCount		moveCount
5000	15263 ms	6198993	6203997	
10000	60343 ms	24984764		24994770
15000	132682 ms	56059223		56074233
20000	236596 ms	99610742		99630752
25000	368020 ms	156813750		156838753
30000	528064 ms	224861836		224891844
35000	724337 ms	307993705		308028712
40000	941167 ms	399617471		399657477
Analysis of Bubble Sort				
Array Size	Elapsed time	compCount		moveCount
5000	44602 ms	12495154		18581997
10000	207984 ms	49984269		74924316
15000	529845 ms	112468629		168132705
20000	996093 ms	199982374		298772262
25000	1613127 ms	312472794		470366265
30000	2368750 ms	449946219		674495538
35000	3297113 ms	612465664		923876142
40000	4335733 ms	799933640		1198732437
Analysis of Merge Sort				
Array Size	Elapsed time	compCount		moveCount
5000	732 ms	55250		123616
10000	1476 ms	120511		267232
15000	2341 ms	189259		417232
20000	3141 ms	260865		574464
25000	3821 ms	334163		734464
30000	4747 ms	408755		894464
35000	5528 ms	484664		1058928
40000	6453 ms	561905		1228928
Analysis of Quick Sort				
Array Size	Elapsed time	compCount		moveCount
5000	449 ms	66435		113918
10000	971 ms	171886		277808
15000	1469 ms	239528		386254
20000	2036 ms	346591		568652
25000	2612 ms	441529		666306
30000	3101 ms	514365		858243
35000	3726 ms	623024		1031365
40000	4347 ms	727982		1239837

Output 2. Performance Analysis for Random Array Scenario



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### Analysis of Almost Sorted Array Scenario

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#### Analysis of Insertion Sort

Array Size	Elapsed time	compCount	moveCount
5000	1964 ms	805951	810950
10000	7593 ms	3142005	3152004
15000	16214 ms	6882767	6897766
20000	28590 ms	12077141	12097140
25000	44673 ms	18932441	18957440
30000	67480 ms	28582649	28612648
35000	91439 ms	38713069	38748068
40000	115543 ms	49134849	49174848

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#### Analysis of Bubble Sort

Array Size	Elapsed time	compCount	moveCount
5000	33199 ms	12475345	2402856
10000	130333 ms	49928570	9396018
15000	290717 ms	112335980	20603304
20000	522758 ms	199730440	36171426
25000	824692 ms	312294369	56722326
30000	1192574 ms	449743835	85657950
35000	1627187 ms	611942220	116034210
40000	2118706 ms	798912009	147284550

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#### Analysis of Merge Sort

Array Size	Elapsed time	compCount	moveCount
5000	494 ms	50728	123616
10000	1030 ms	111862	267232
15000	1554 ms	174810	417232
20000	2142 ms	244943	574464
25000	2757 ms	310343	734464
30000	3260 ms	379756	894464
35000	3904 ms	451400	1058928
40000	4462 ms	526799	1228928

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#### Analysis of Quick Sort

Array Size	Elapsed time	compCount	moveCount
5000	720 ms	219085	244765
10000	1345 ms	428898	409271
15000	2229 ms	681569	805633
20000	3481 ms	1122294	1068541
25000	3436 ms	1027109	1294360
30000	7155 ms	2515687	1846758
35000	7673 ms	2716333	1747525
40000	8943 ms	3161653	2149333

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Output 3. Performance Analysis for Almost Sorted Array Scenario

#### Analysis of Almost Unsorted Array Scenario

##### Analysis of Insertion Sort

Array Size	Elapsed time	compCount	moveCount
5000	28305 ms	11749486	11754526
10000	111034 ms	46965684	46975720
15000	251008 ms	105823860	105838912
20000	447707 ms	187548589	187568608
25000	684111 ms	292448938	292473952
30000	991281 ms	421061959	421091966
35000	1368525 ms	574801767	574836776
40000	1791252 ms	750541408	750581434

##### Analysis of Bubble Sort

Array Size	Elapsed time	compCount	moveCount
5000	57362 ms	12497500	35233584
10000	229604 ms	49995000	140867166
15000	516003 ms	112492500	317426742
20000	930673 ms	199990000	562585830
25000	1452823 ms	312487500	877271862
30000	2077711 ms	449985000	1263095904
35000	2842616 ms	612482500	1724300334
40000	3748185 ms	799979999	-2043462988

##### Analysis of Merge Sort

Array Size	Elapsed time	compCount	moveCount
5000	490 ms	49075	123616
10000	1071 ms	107353	267232
15000	1569 ms	172032	417232
20000	2179 ms	236660	574464
25000	2694 ms	303203	734464
30000	3273 ms	372575	894464
35000	4110 ms	444875	1058928
40000	4563 ms	510406	1228928

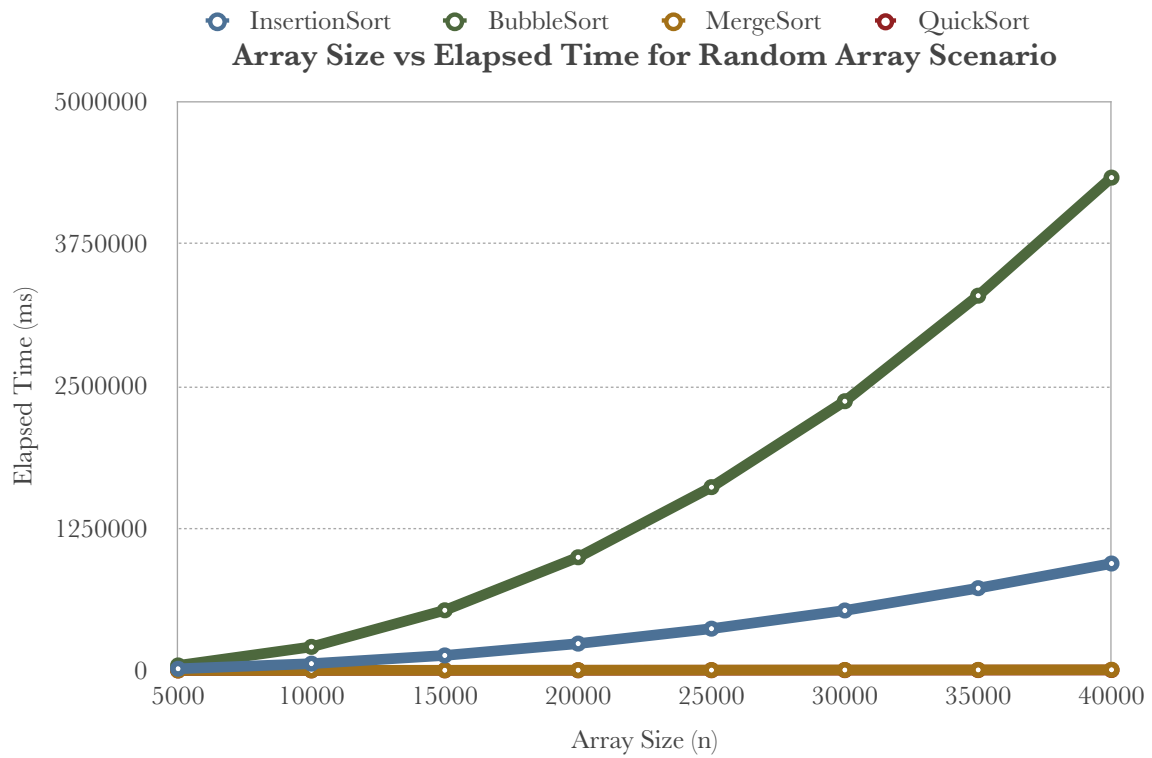
##### Analysis of Quick Sort

Array Size	Elapsed time	compCount	moveCount
5000	963 ms	285230	447106
10000	1823 ms	547183	846278
15000	3672 ms	1129081	1732508
20000	2325 ms	640509	1024558
25000	2807 ms	776297	1243358
30000	3299 ms	918893	1411658
35000	3772 ms	1036778	1639937
40000	4946 ms	1390056	2179591

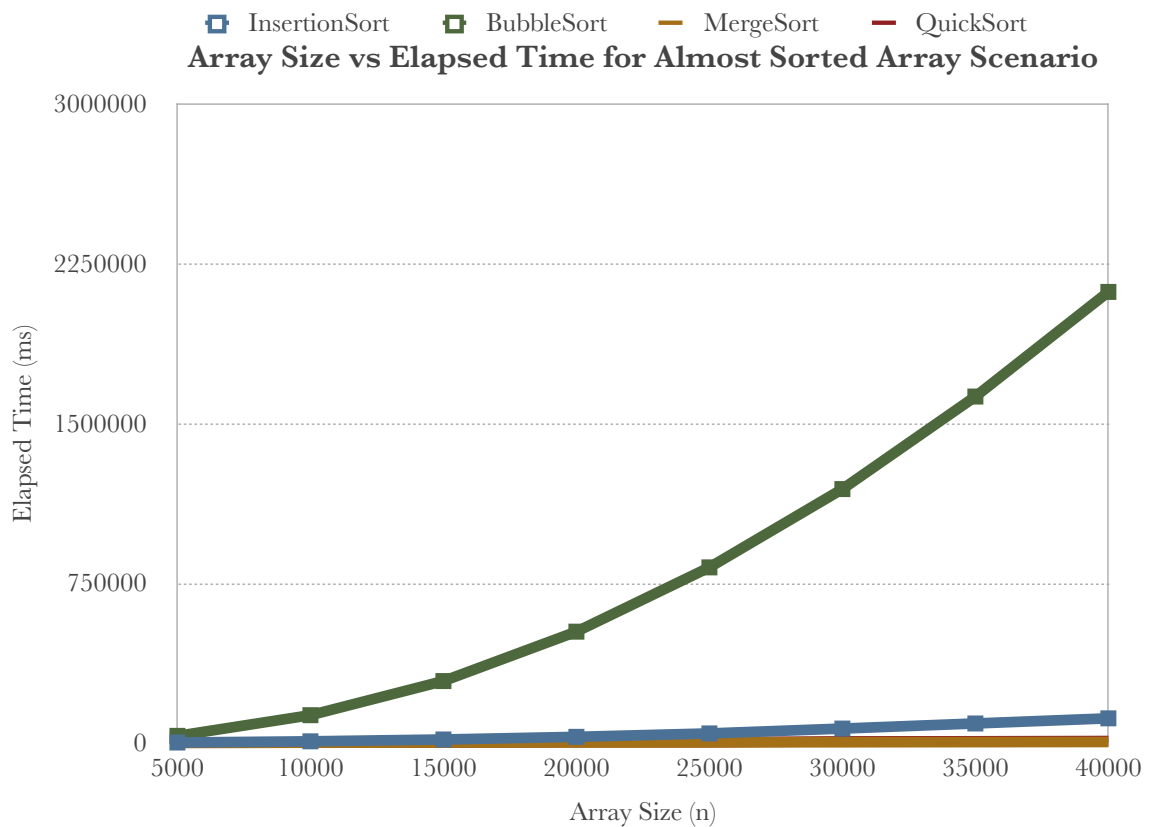
Output 4. Performance Analysis for Almost Unsorted Array Scenario

### Question 3

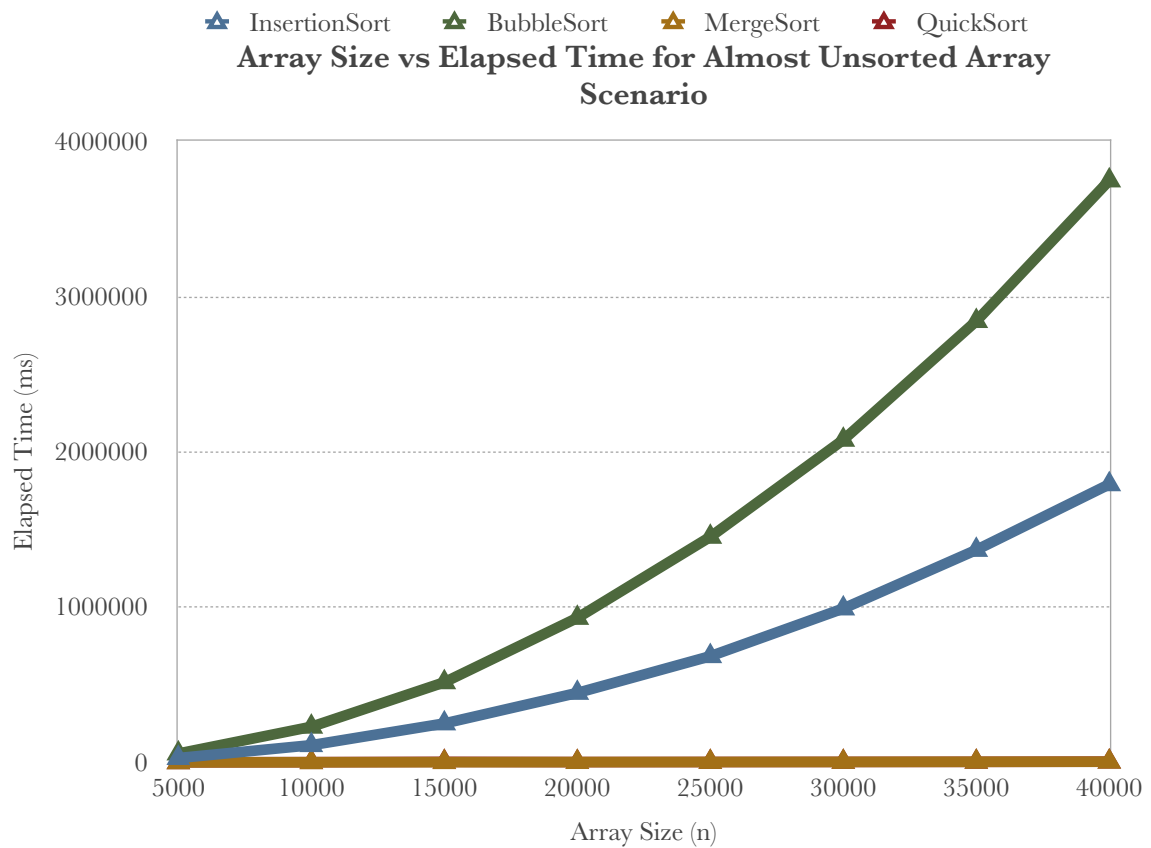
Graphs requested for this part of the homework for random, almost sorted and almost unsorted array scenarios are given below.



Graph 1



Graph 2



Graph 3

While comparing these graphs and sorting algorithms, we need to keep in mind the following time complexities for these algorithms:

- Insertion Sort:
  - Best Case:  $O(n)$
  - Worst Case:  $O(n^2)$
  - Average Case:  $O(n^2)$
- Bubble Sort:
  - Best Case:  $O(n)$
  - Worst Case:  $O(n^2)$
  - Average Case:  $O(n^2)$
- Merge Sort:
  - Best Case:  $O(n \log n)$
  - Worst Case:  $O(n \log n)$
  - Average Case:  $O(n \log n)$

- Quick Sort:
  - Best Case:  $O(n \log n)$
  - Worst Case:  $O(n^2)$
  - Average Case:  $O(n \log n)$

### **Comments:**

- ✓ For the results of insertion sort algorithm, we expect approximately  $O(n)$  time complexity for almost sorted array,  $O(n^2)$  time complexity for other scenarios (worst and average cases). If we observe the graphs, we can see the dramatic increase with array size for almost unsorted and random array scenarios. It supports theoretical expectations for worst and average cases. If we look at the graph for random array, we can see that the increase with array size in the elapsed time is more passive compared to the other graphs. However, its elapsed time is still larger than the merge sort and quick sort algorithms. This can be due to the fact that even though the array is almost sorted, it is not completely sorted. Therefore, this condition is not sufficient for the best case of insertion sort algorithm, and when we look at the comparison and move counts for this scenario, we can see that its counts are larger than merge sort and quick sort algorithm's.
- ✓ For the results of the bubble sort algorithm, we expect  $O(n)$  time complexity for the best case,  $O(n^2)$  time complexity for the worst and average case. When we look at the results bubble sort algorithm is the worst algorithm in terms of runtime. Its comparison and move counts are very large compared to other sorting algorithms, and its time increases dramatically by array size. Even almost sorted array scenario has the same results. Therefore, it can be observed that even if array is slightly unsorted, bubble sort algorithm is badly affected by this and its time complexity increases. Therefore, we cannot observe  $O(n)$  time complexity.
- ✓ For the results of merge sort algorithm, we expect similar results, because theoretical expectation is  $O(n \log n)$  for the best, worst, and average cases. When we look at the results, move counts of merge sort algorithm remains same for all algorithms. It is normal because merge sort basically moves all array elements to other small arrays and moves them back into original array in order. Comparison counts change slightly, but it does not cause a dramatic change. Therefore, merge sort has similar appearance on all three graphs. Also, its cost is smaller than insertion and bubble sort, which are  $O(n^2)$  sorting algorithms and similar to the quick sort ( $O(n \log n)$ ) algorithm.
- ✓ For the results of quick sort algorithm, actually, we expect worst case  $O(n^2)$  for almost sorted and almost unsorted array scenarios. Because in these scenarios pivot divides the array into two arrays sized 0 and  $n-1$ . However, its behavior is not what we expected. It is still very performant compared to bubble sort and insertion sort algorithms and its

performance does not dramatically change with array size. This may show that even if the array is slightly sorted or unsorted, quick sort algorithm still has a good performance. If we compare quick sort algorithm results with merge sort algorithm, we can see that its performance is worse than, even if they have close results, merge sort when array is almost sorted or unsorted. However, its performance is better than merge sort when a random array is used. This behavior is what we expected, because quick sort runs with  $O(n \log n)$  in average case like merge sort algorithm and it does not require as much moves or memory allocation as merge sort algorithm.