CS 202 - Spring 2022

Homework 2

Trees

Alperen CAN - 21601740

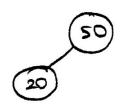
Question 1

- a) Preorder -> XUABONCDE

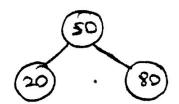
 Inorder -> AUBXC > DOE

 Postorder -> ABUCD \ EOX
 - b) * Insert \$ 0

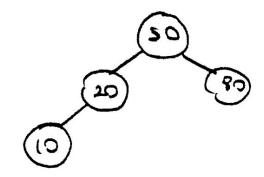
* Insert 20



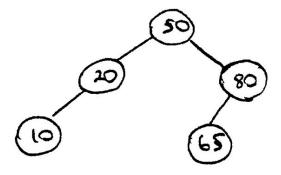
* Insert 80



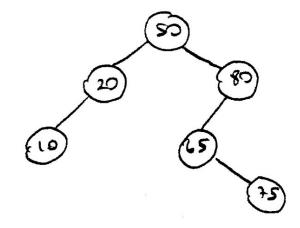
* Invert 10



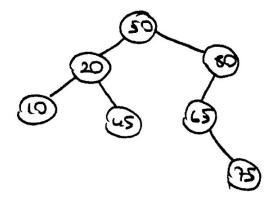
laver 65



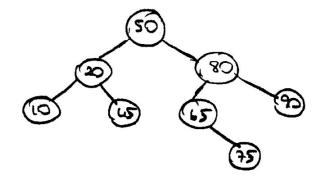
* Insere 75



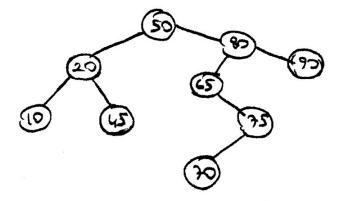
* Insert 45



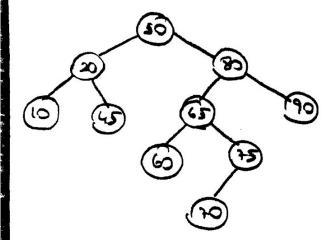
* Insert 90



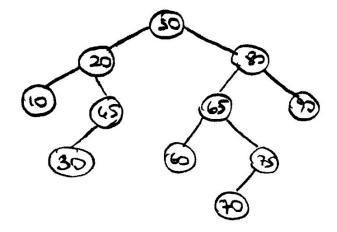
* Losert 70



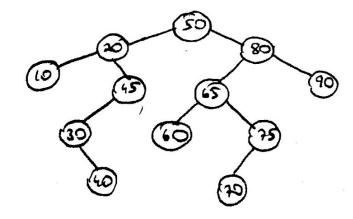
* Insert 60



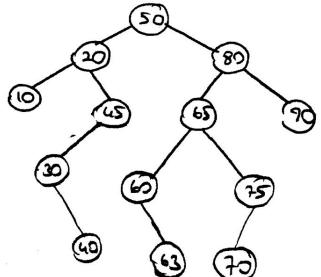
* Insert 30



* Insert 40

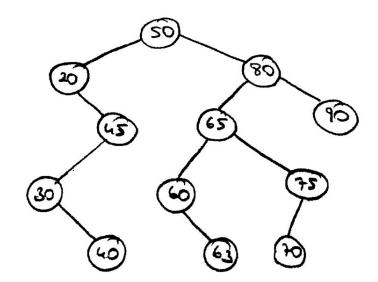


* Insert 63

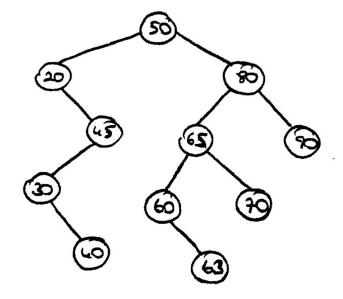


(Lesulting cree after lest mereron)

* Delete 10

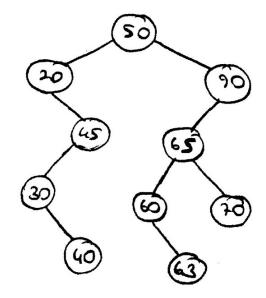


* Delete 75

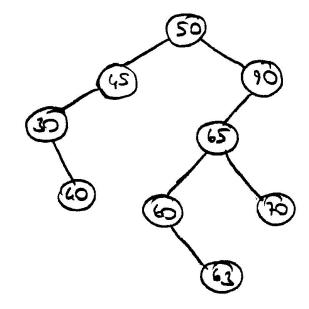


65

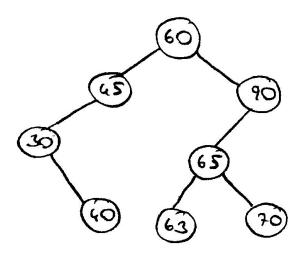
* Delete 80



* Delete 20

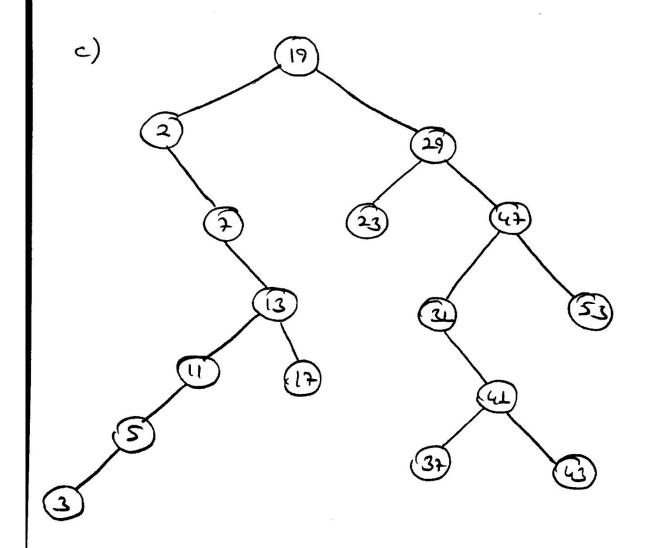


* Delete 50



(Resulting tree after deletions)



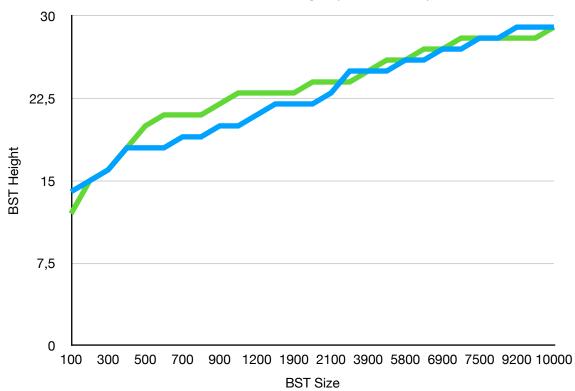


Preorder Traversel

Question 3

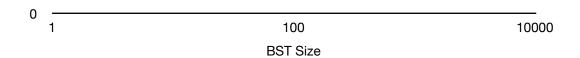
BST Size vs Height (INSERTION)
 BST Size vs Height (DELETION)











Comments:

- For the change of binary tree height with tree size, the expectation is that the height of the tree changes proportionally to the logarithm of tree size.
- Graphs demonstrate that the tree height changes proportionally to the logarithm of tree size.

 However, there are some deflections, too. The reason is that binary search tree cannot be always a full binary tree. So, some levels on the tree may not be full.
- For the insertion and deletion results, since we shuffled the array and changed the insertion and deletion order of the items, we cannot expect to get same graph. That is why, insertion and deletion charts somehow differs from each other. It is also the result of that binary search tree is not always full and height of the binary tree is affected by deletion and insertion order.