DT/NT:NT

LESSON: DATA VISUALIZATION

SUBJECT: MATPLOTLIB & SEBORN

BATCH:B168 07.09.2023

















TECHPRO

EDUCATION

- Data Visualization Intro
- Matplotlib
- Seaborn
- Plotly
- Visualization project



EDUCATION

## KURSUN KAPSAMI

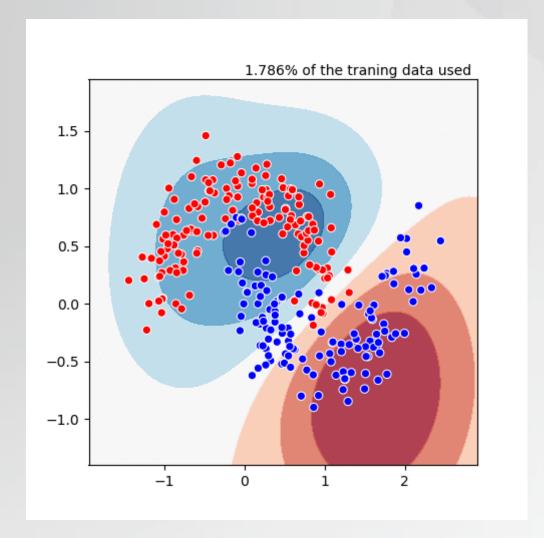






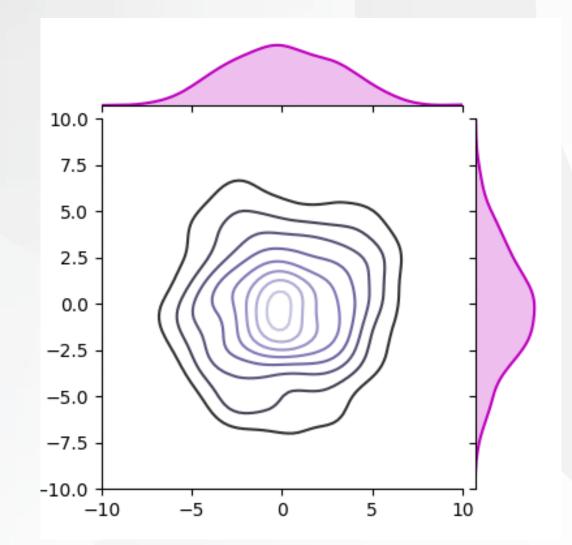
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

Create figüre, axes, subplots



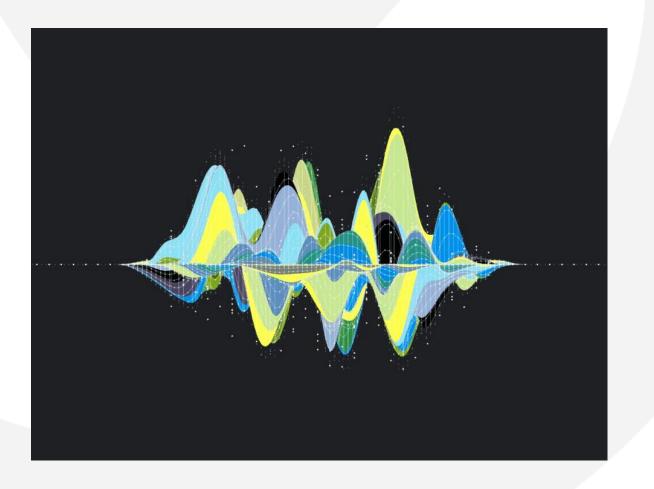
import seaborn as sns

Built on matplotlib and can be used together with it



import plotly as py

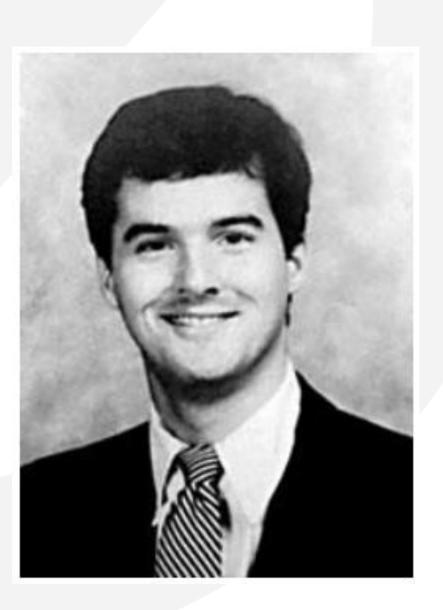
No need to import matplotlib or seaborn





## MATPLOTLIB & SEABORN

- Python'da veriyi görselleştirmek için kullanılır.
- 2002 yılında John Hunter tarafından matlap tarzında bir arayüz oluşturmak amacıyla bir proje olarak başlatıldı.
- İlk sürümü 2003 yılında yayınlandı.
- Geliştirilerek seaborn kütüphanesi ortaya çıkmıştır.





## MATPLOTLIB & SEABORN



FEATURES	MATPLOTLIB	SEABORN
Functionality	It is utilized for making basic graphs. Datasets are visualised with graphs styles.  Bar graphs, Histograms, Pie charts, Scatter plots, Lines and so on.	Seaborn contains a number of patterns and plots for data visualization. It uses fascinating themes. It helps in compiling whole data into a single plot.
Syntax	It uses comparatively complex and lengthy syntax.	It uses comparatively simple syntax which is easier to learn and understand.



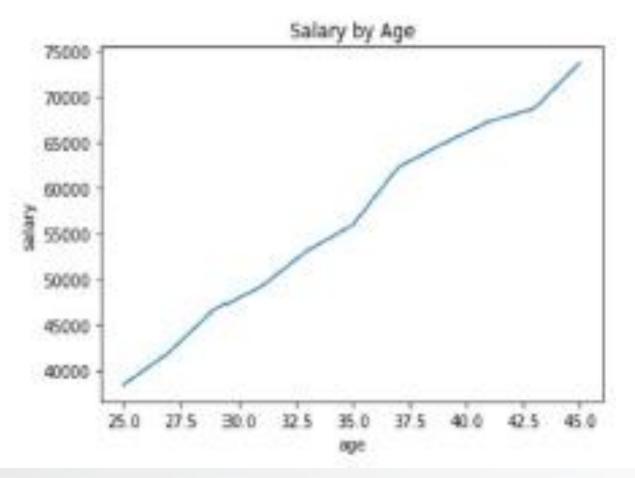
EDUCATION

#### TWO METHODS

#### **Functional Method**

```
plt.plot(age, salary)
plt.xlabel("age")
plt.ylabel("salary")
plt.title("Salary by Age")

plt.show()
```



#### **Object Oriented**

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()

ax.plot(age, salary, "r")
ax.set_xlabel("Age")
ax.set_ylabel("Salary")
ax.set_title("Salary by Age")
```

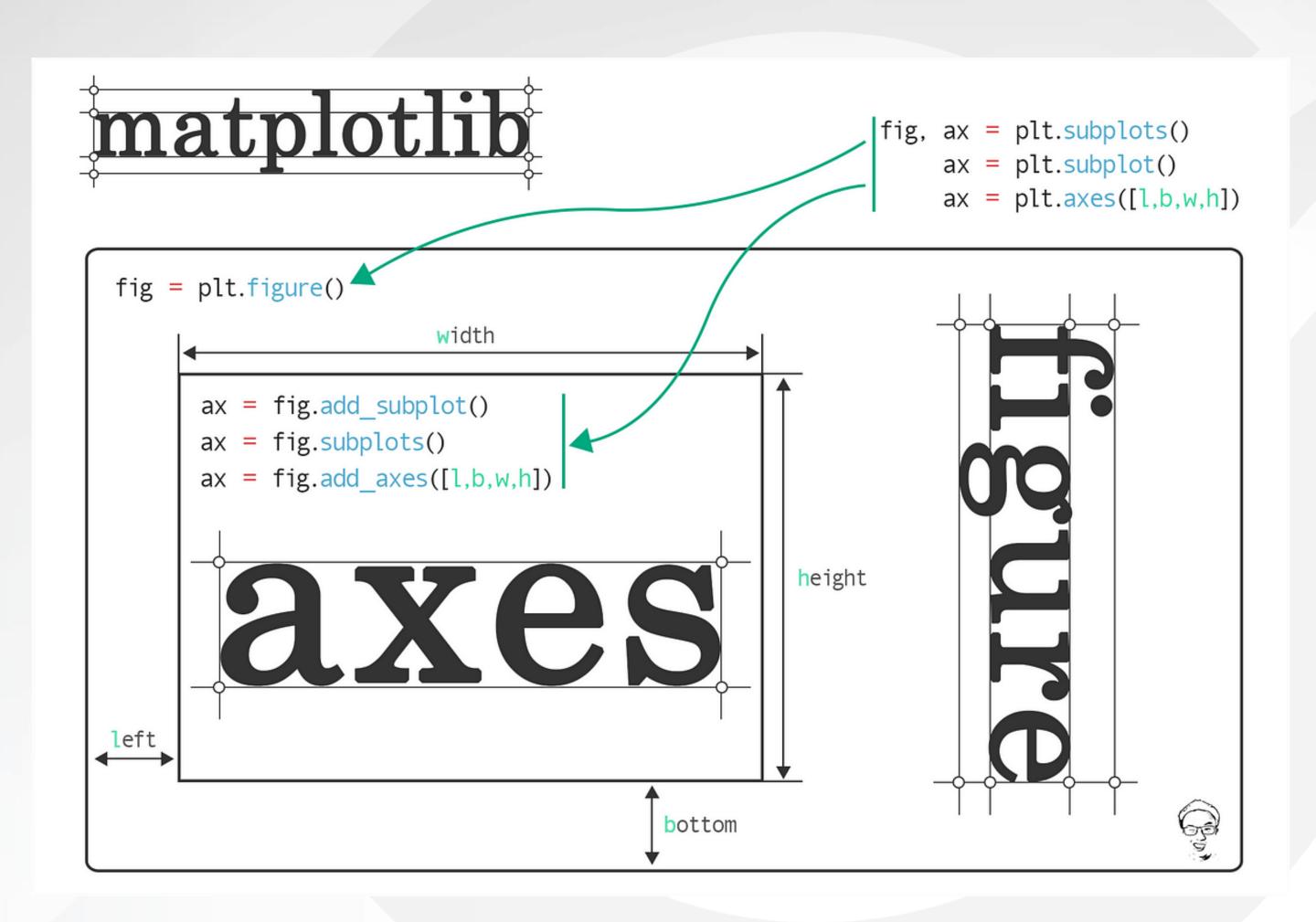




### AXIS - AXES - FIGURE?

TECHPRO EDUCATION

Figure, Axes, Axis nasıl anlaşılmalıdır?

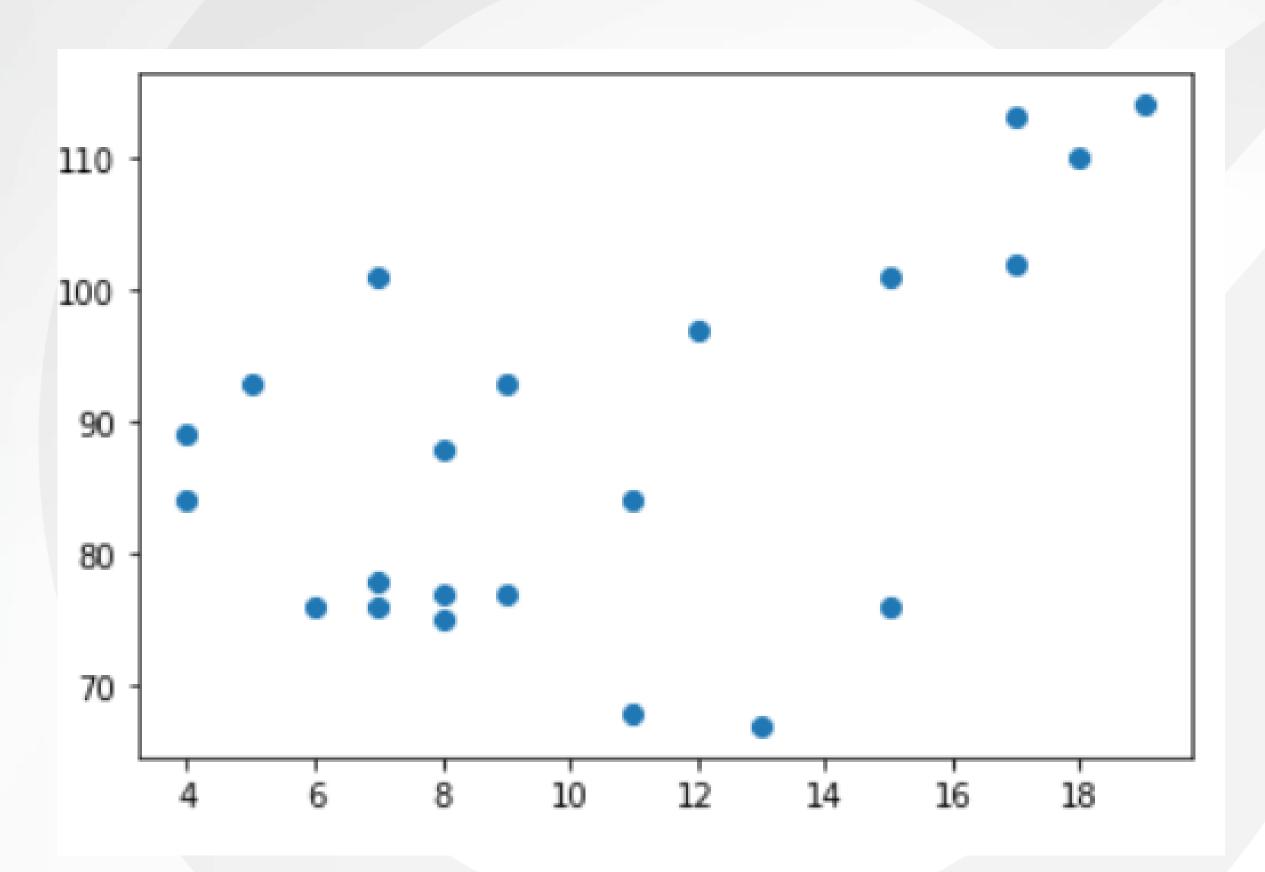


# SCATTER SCATTER

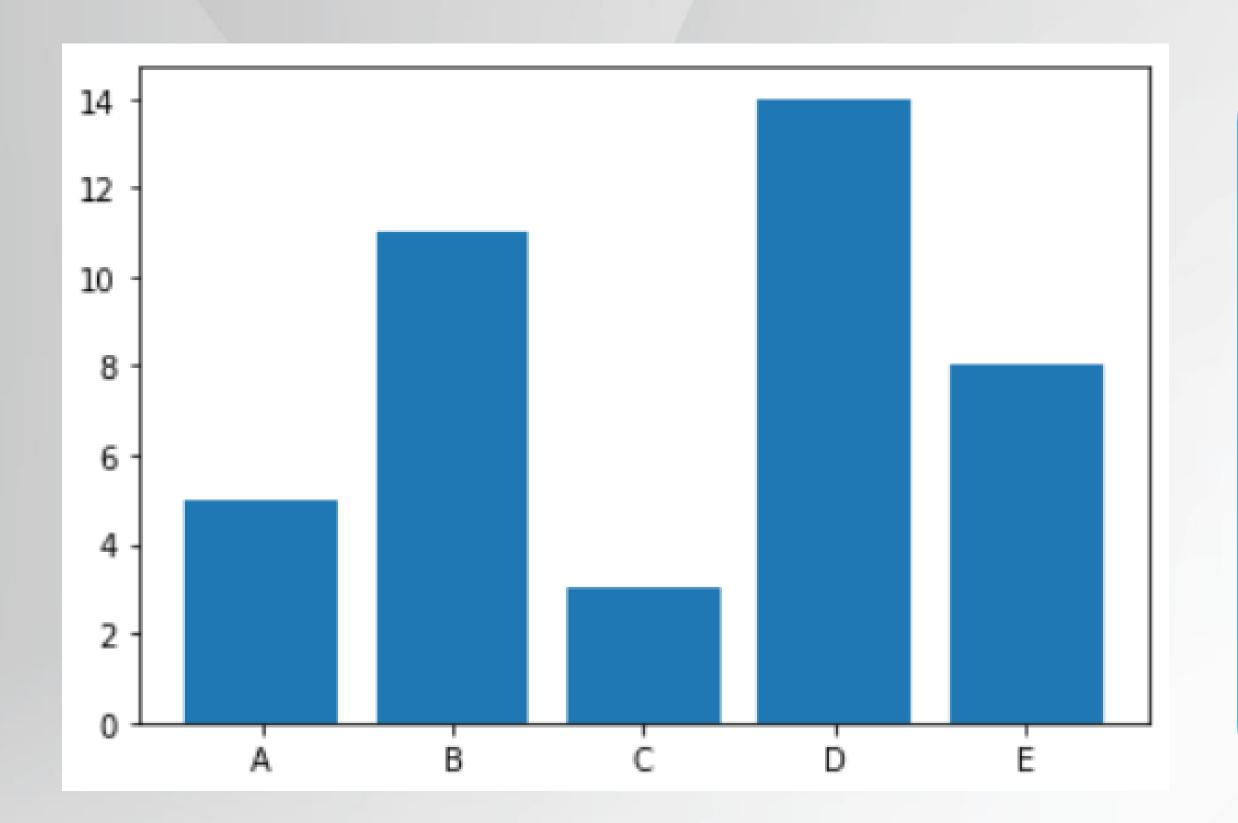
TECHPRO EDUCATION

Data seti oluşturma

```
plt.scatter(x, y)
plt.show()
```



#### TECHPRO EDUCATION



Data seti oluşturma

```
1 x = np.array(["A", "B", "C", "D", "E"])
2 y = np.array([5, 11, 3, 14, 8])
```

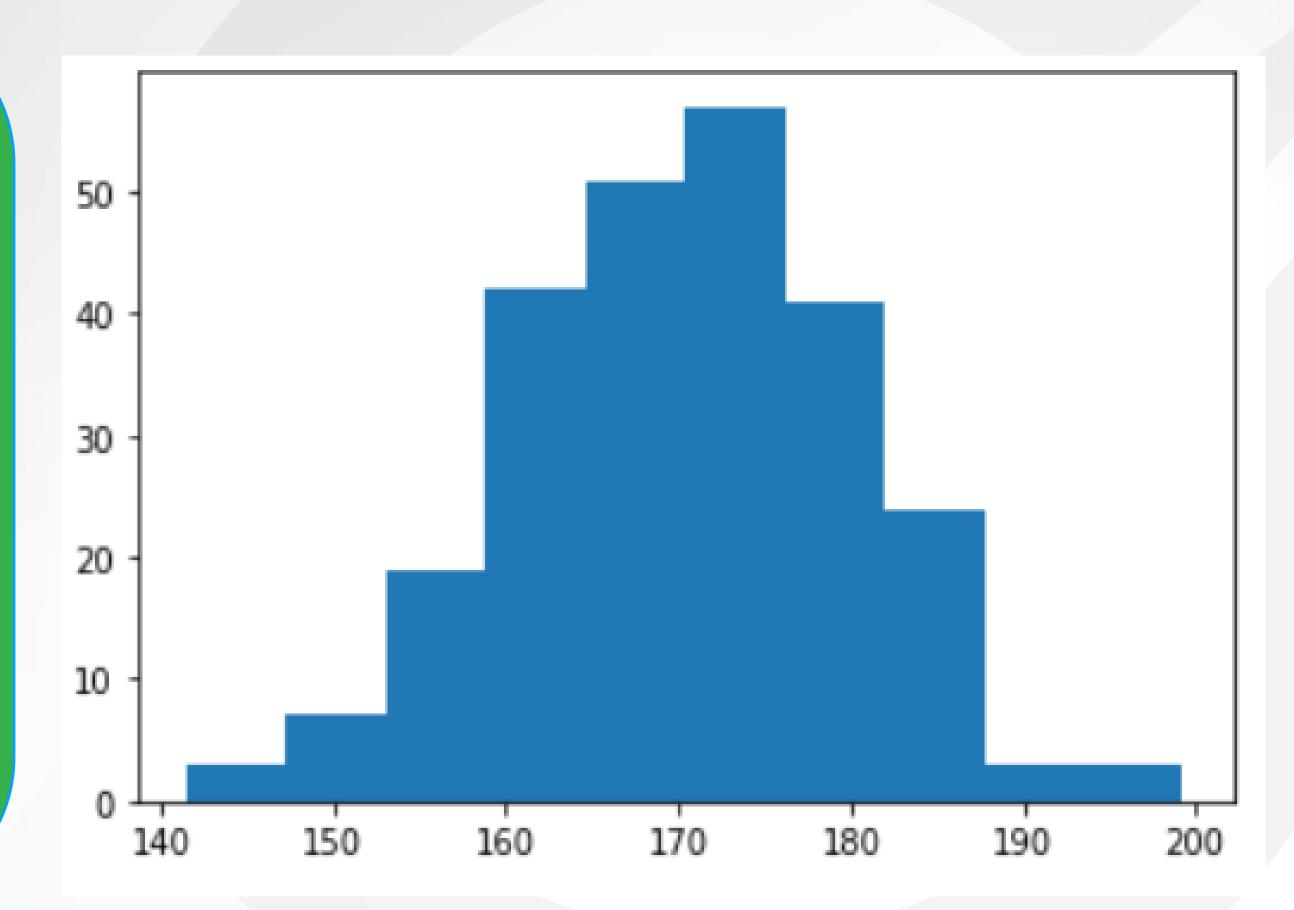
```
1 plt.bar(x, y)
2 plt.show()
```

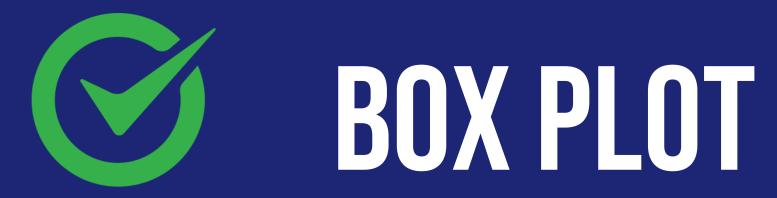


Data seti oluşturma

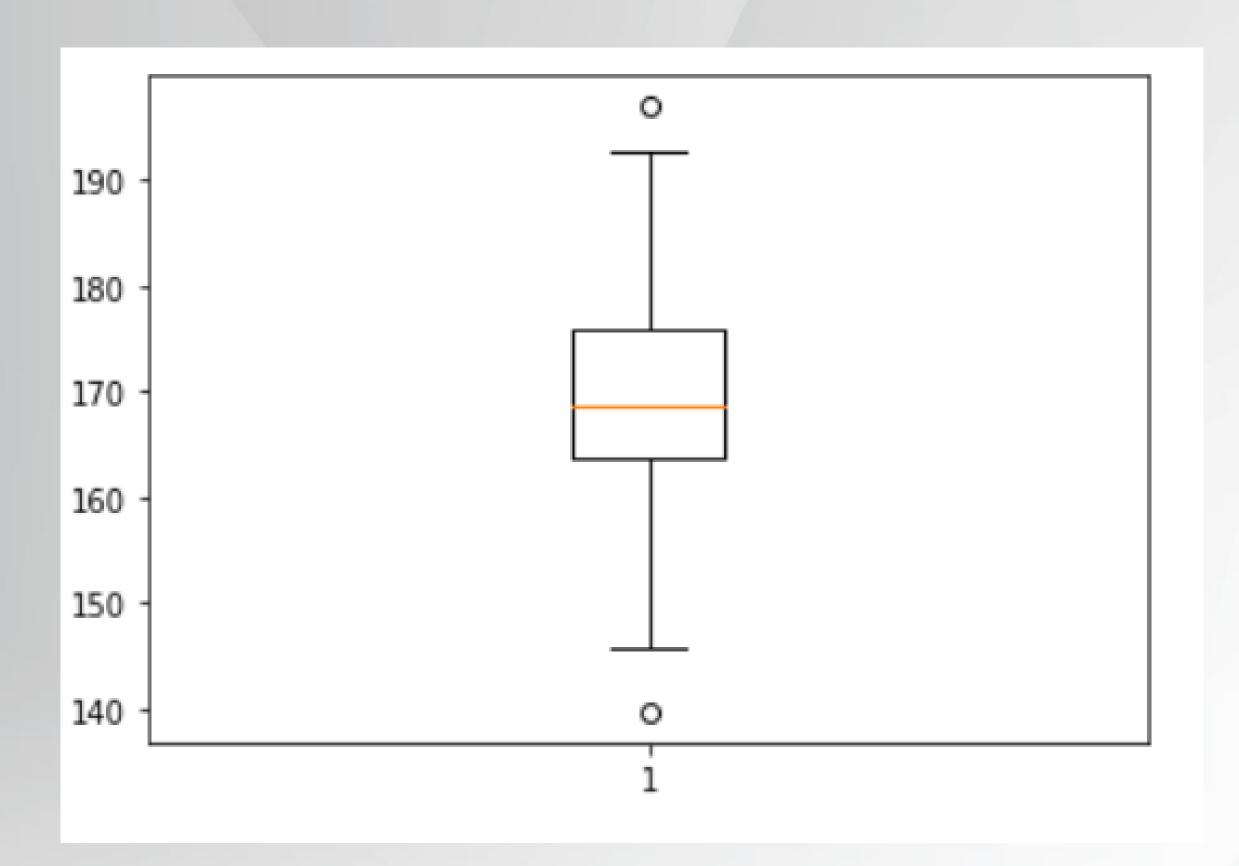
```
1 x = np.random.normal(170, 10, 250)
```

```
1 plt.hist(x)
2 plt.show()
```









Data seti oluşturma

```
1 \times = np.random.normal(170, 10, 250)
```

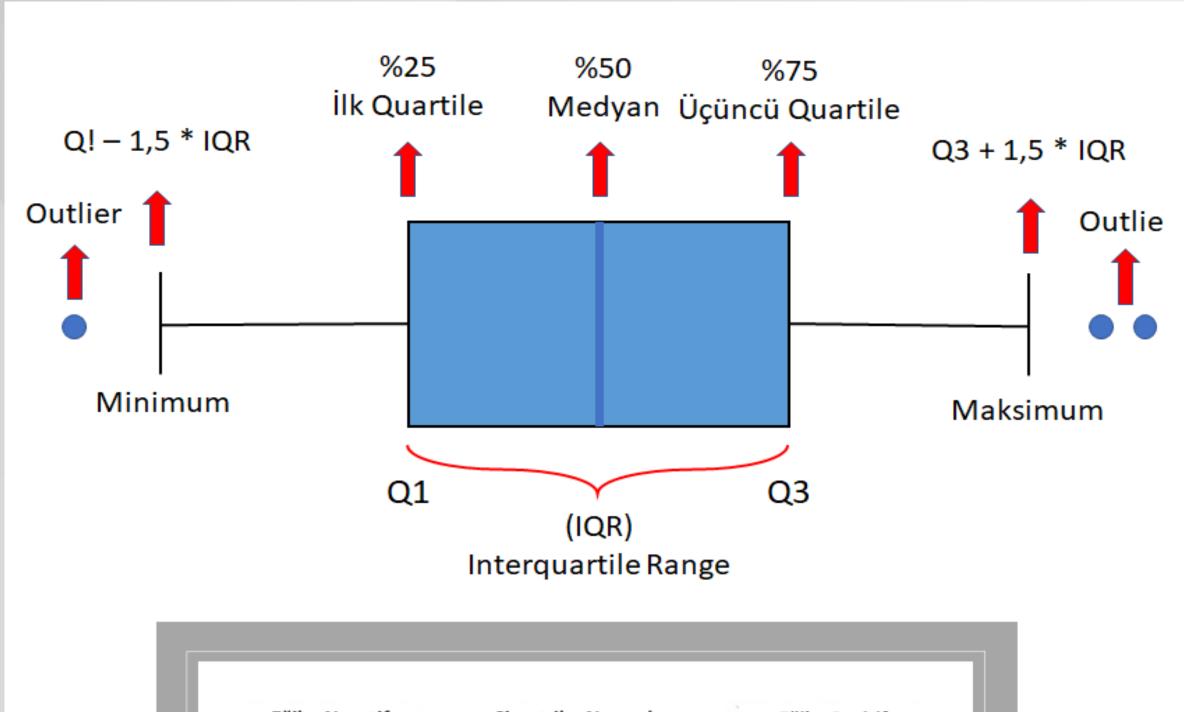
Grafik oluşturma

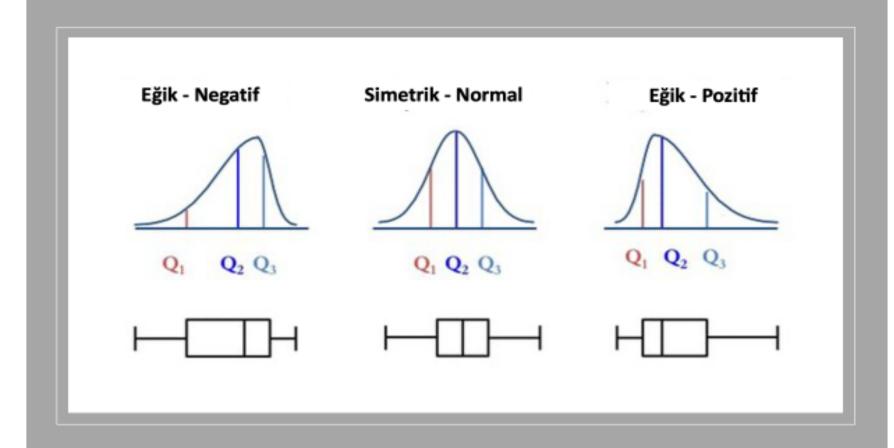
```
1 plt.boxplot(x)
```

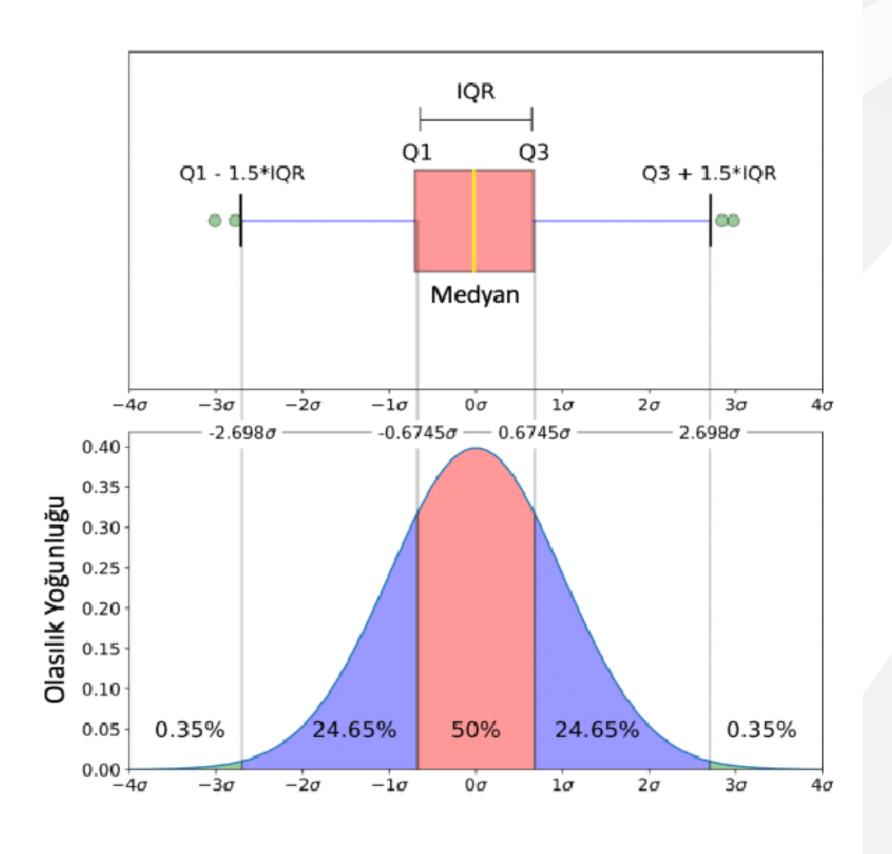
2 plt.show()

# BOX PLOT

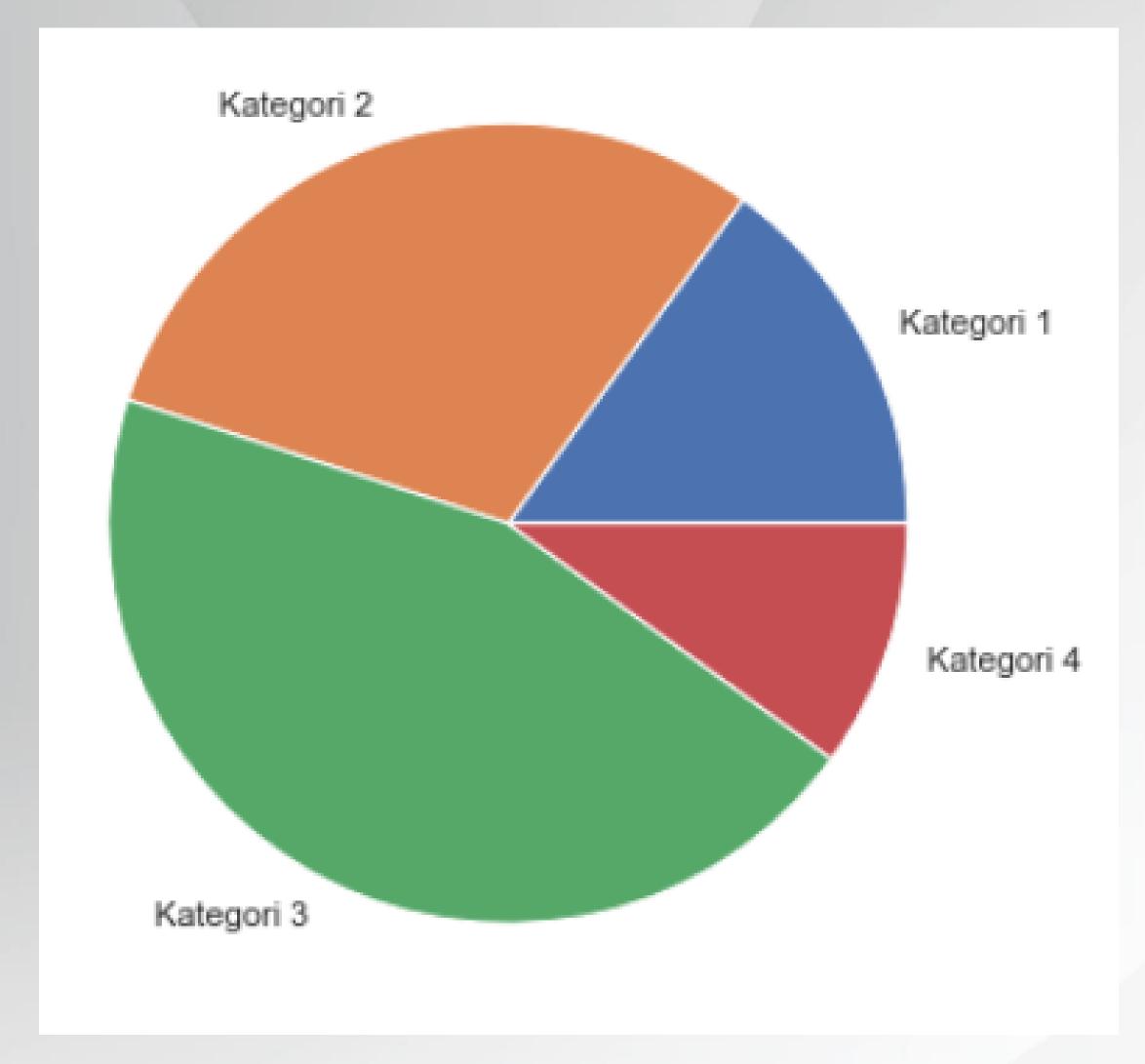












Data seti oluşturma

```
1 x = ['Kategori 1', 'Kategori 2', 'Kategori 3', 'Kategori 4']
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Veri
sizes = [15, 30, 45, 10]

# Pasta grafiğini oluştur
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
plt.pie(sizes, labels=x)

# Göster
plt.show()
```



#### SEABORN PLOT TYPES

Distributions Plots (Dağılım Grafikleri)

- displot
- histplot
- kdeplot
- rugplot

Categorical Plots (Kategorik Grafikler)

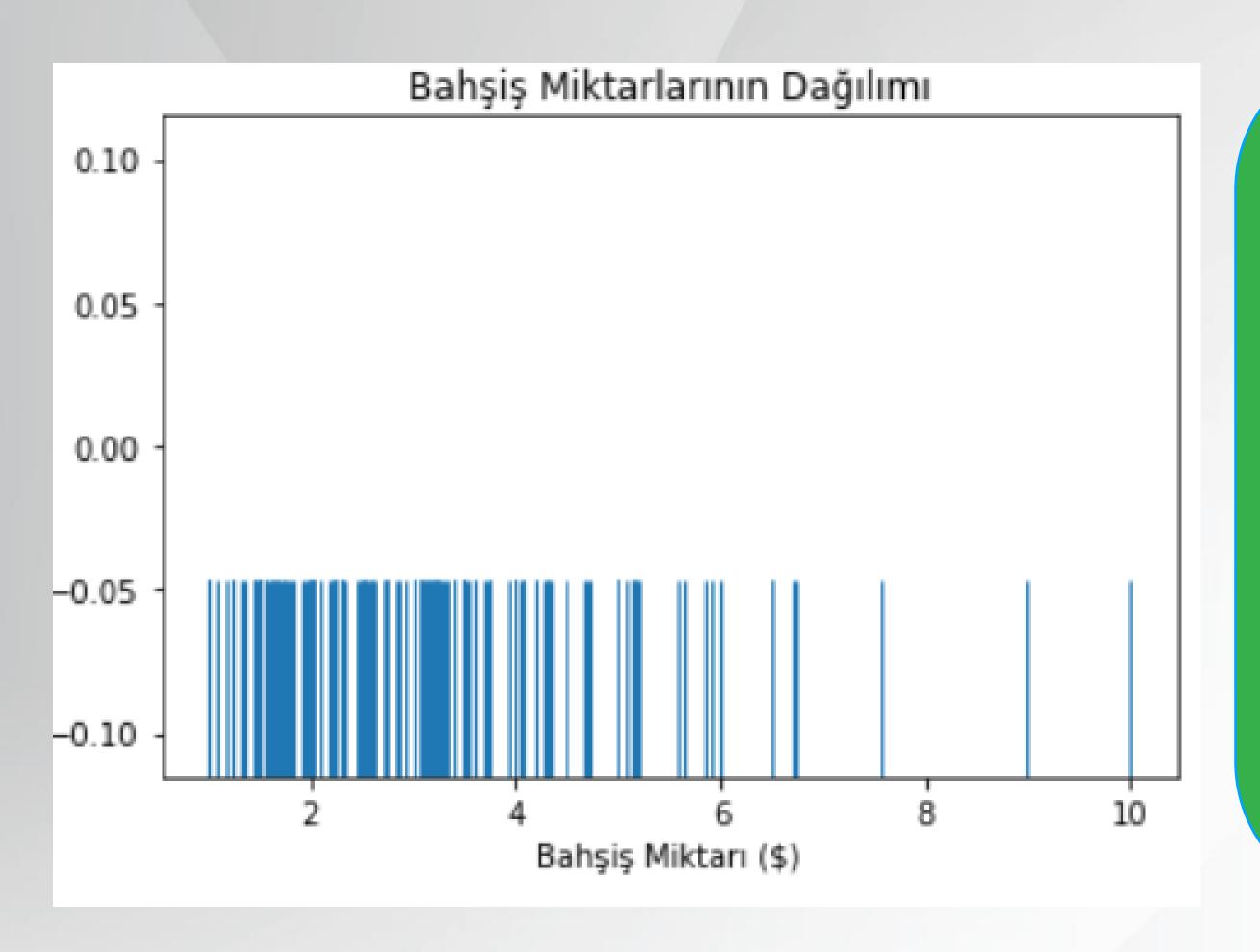
- barplot
- countplot
- boxplot
- swarmplot
- violinplot

Comparison Plots (Karşılaştırma Grafikleri)

- jointplot
- pairplot
- catplot
- matrixplot
- gridplot



### DISTRUBITION PLOT - RUG PLOT



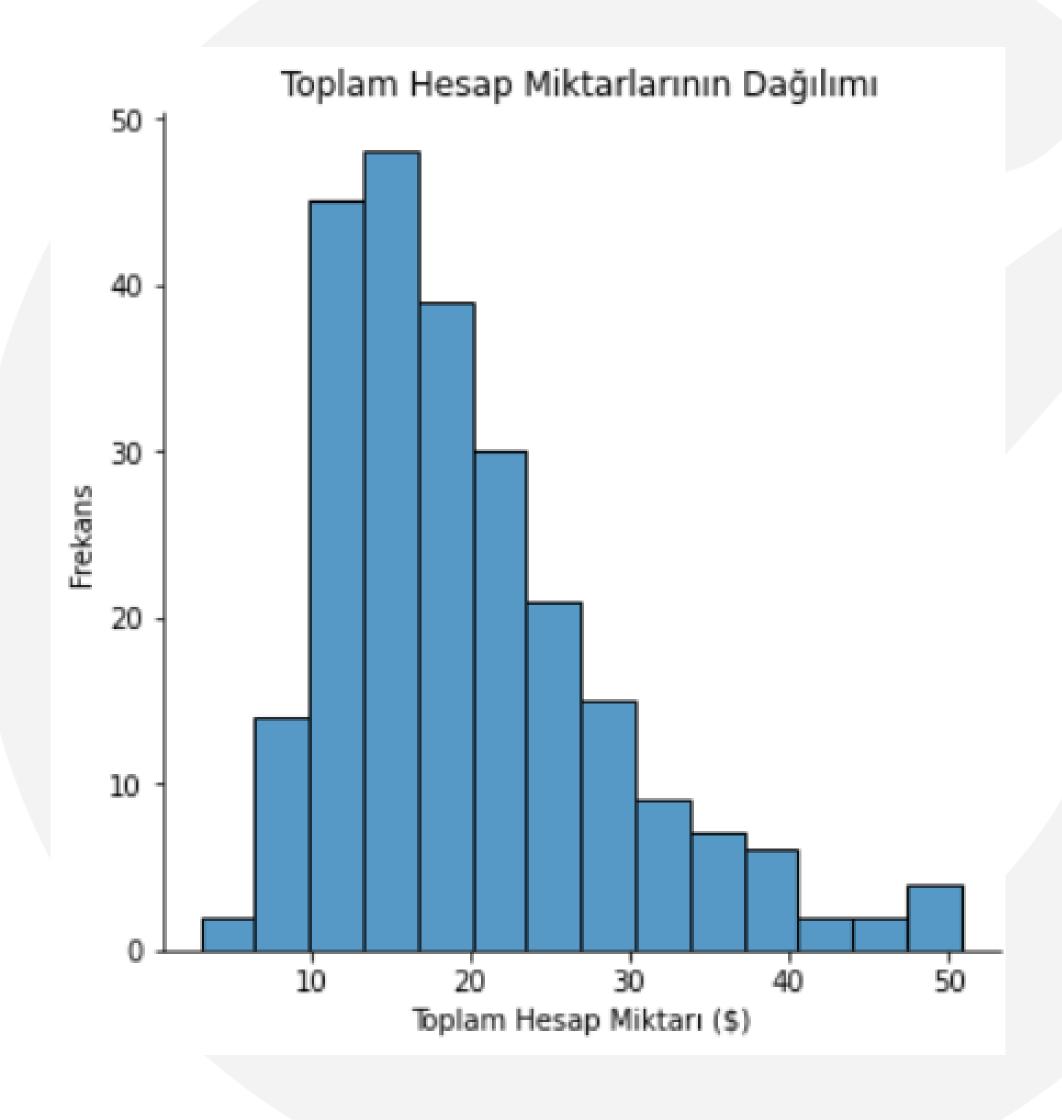
```
import seaborn as sns
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  # Tips veri setini yükle
  tips = sns.load dataset("tips")
   # Rugplot oluşturma
   sns.rugplot(x="tip", data = tips, height = 0.3)
  # Eksen etiketleri ve başlık
   plt.xlabel('Bahşiş Miktarı ($)')
   plt.title('Bahşiş Miktarlarının Dağılımı')
13
   # Grafiki göster
   plt.show()
```



### DISTRUBITION PLOT - DISPLOT

```
TECHPRO
EDUCATION
```

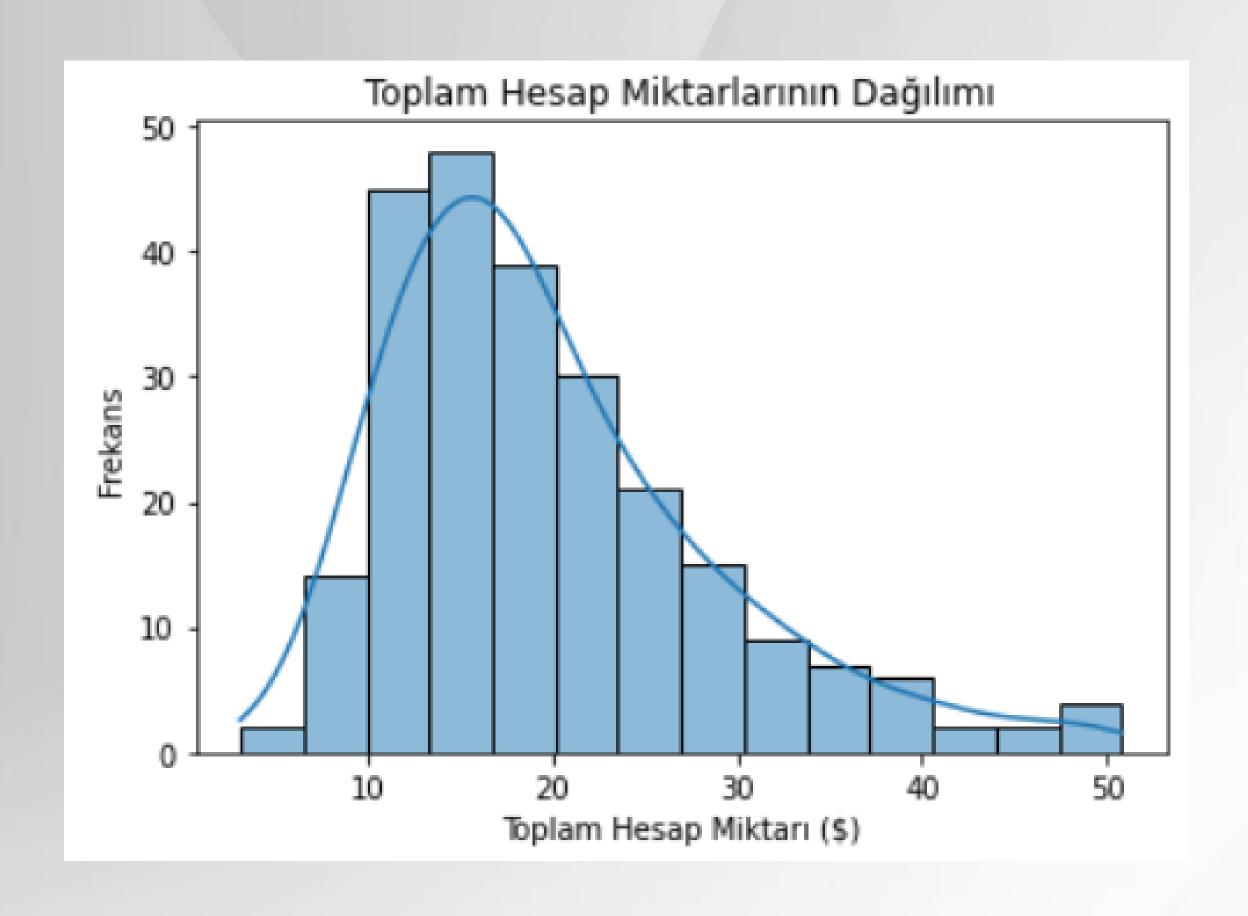
```
import seaborn as sns
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   # Tips veri setini yükle
   tips = sns.load_dataset("tips")
   # Displot oluşturma
   sns.displot(tips['total_bill'])
   # Eksen etiketleri ve başlık
   plt.xlabel('Toplam Hesap Miktarı ($)')
   plt.ylabel('Frekans')
   plt.title('Toplam Hesap Miktarlarının Dağılımı')
14
   # Grafiki göster
   plt.show()
```





## DISTRUBITION PLOT - HISTPLOT





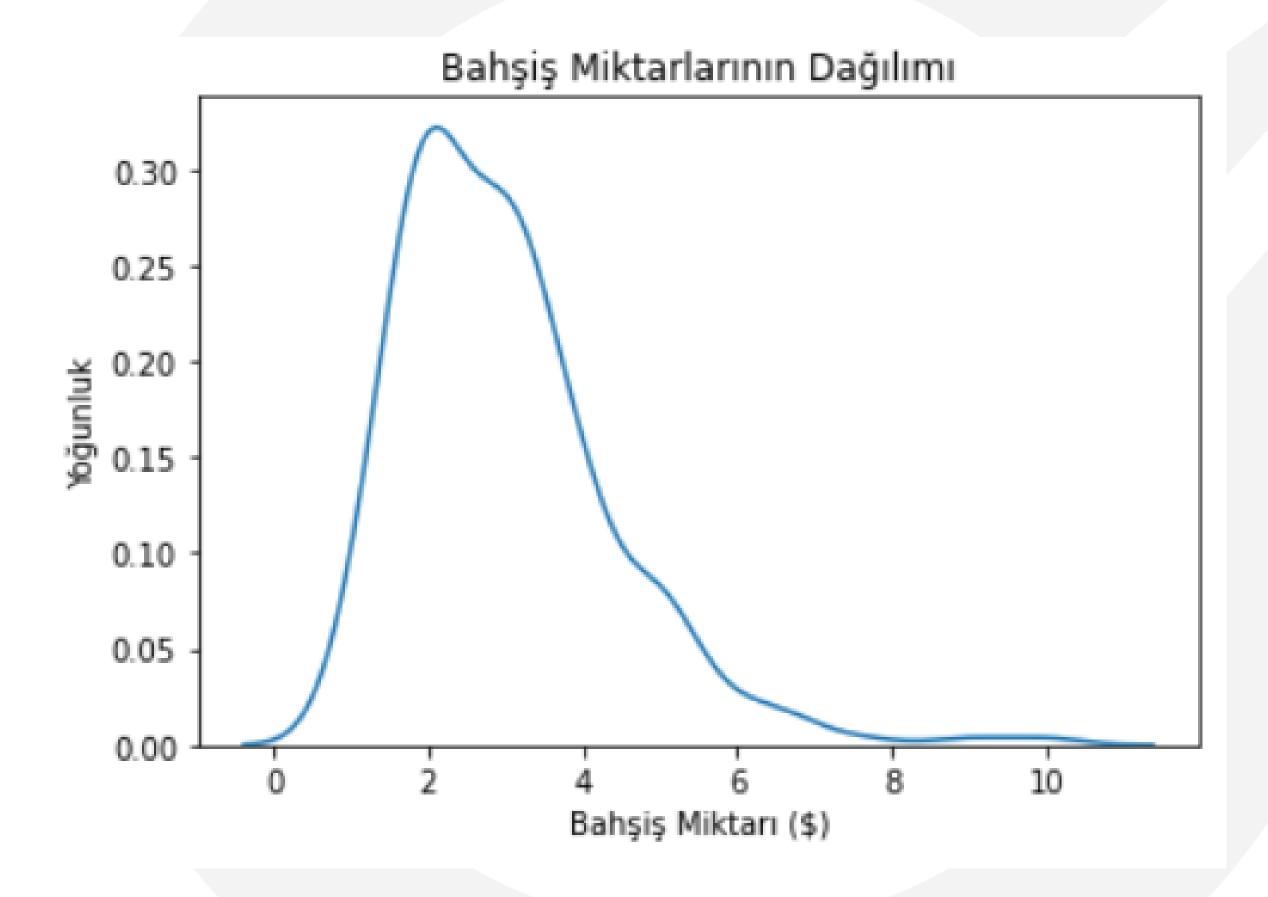
```
import seaborn as sns
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   # Tips veri setini yükle
   tips = sns.load dataset("tips")
   # Histplot oluşturma
   sns.histplot(tips['total bill'], kde=True)
   # Eksen etiketleri ve başlık
   plt.xlabel('Toplam Hesap Miktarı ($)')
   plt.ylabel('Frekans')
   plt.title('Toplam Hesap Miktarlarının Dağılımı')
14
   # Grafiki göster
   plt.show()
```



### DISTRUBITION PLOT - KDEPLOT

```
TECHPRO
EDUCATION
```

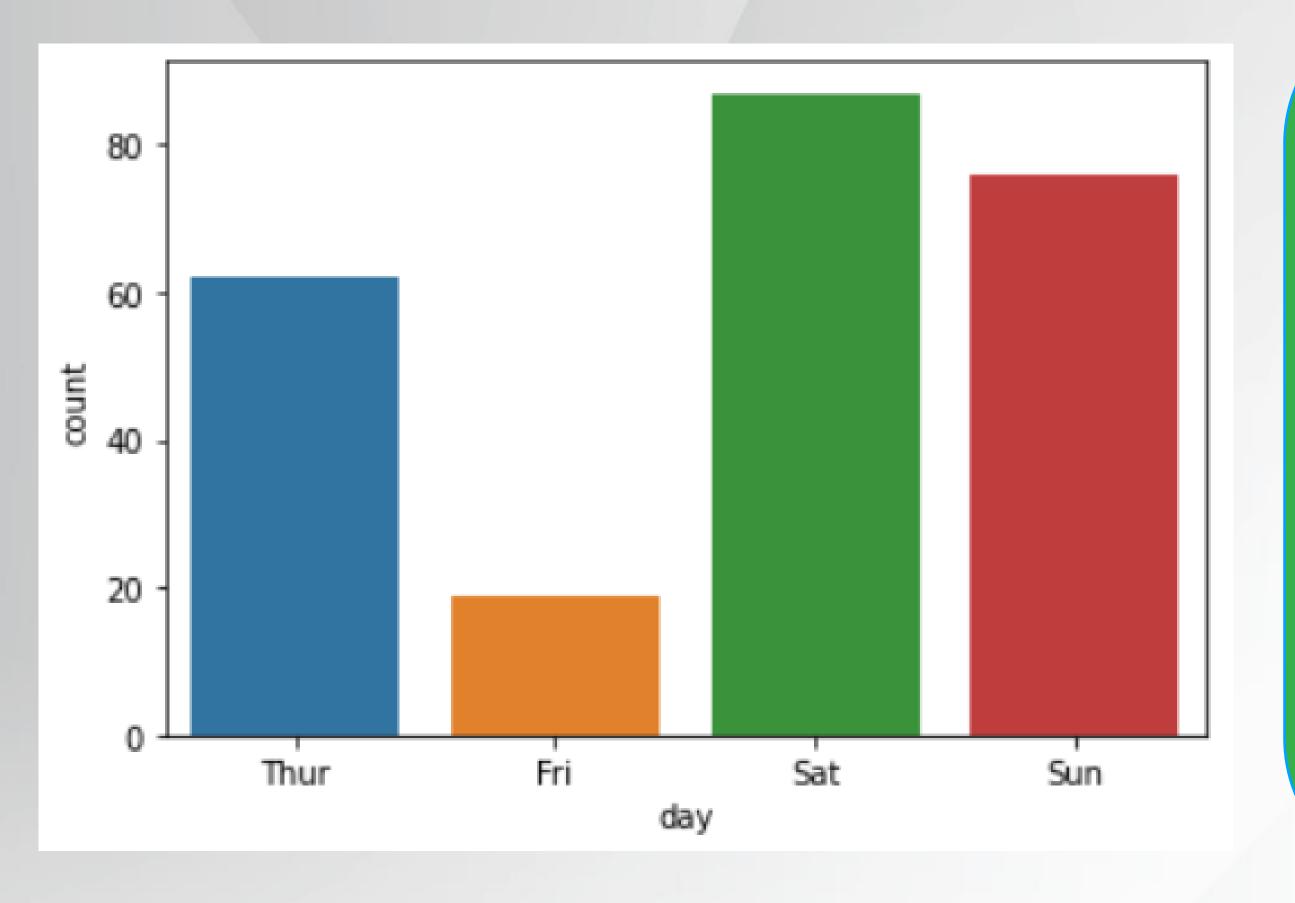
```
import seaborn as sns
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   # Tips veri setini yükle
   tips = sns.load dataset("tips")
 6
   # KDE plot oluşturma
   sns.kdeplot(tips['tip'])
 9
   # Eksen etiketleri ve başlık
   plt.xlabel('Bahşiş Miktarı ($)')
   plt.ylabel('Yoğunluk')
   plt.title('Bahşiş Miktarlarının Dağılımı')
14
   # Grafiki göster
   plt.show()
16
```





## CATEGORICAL PLOT - COUNTPLOT





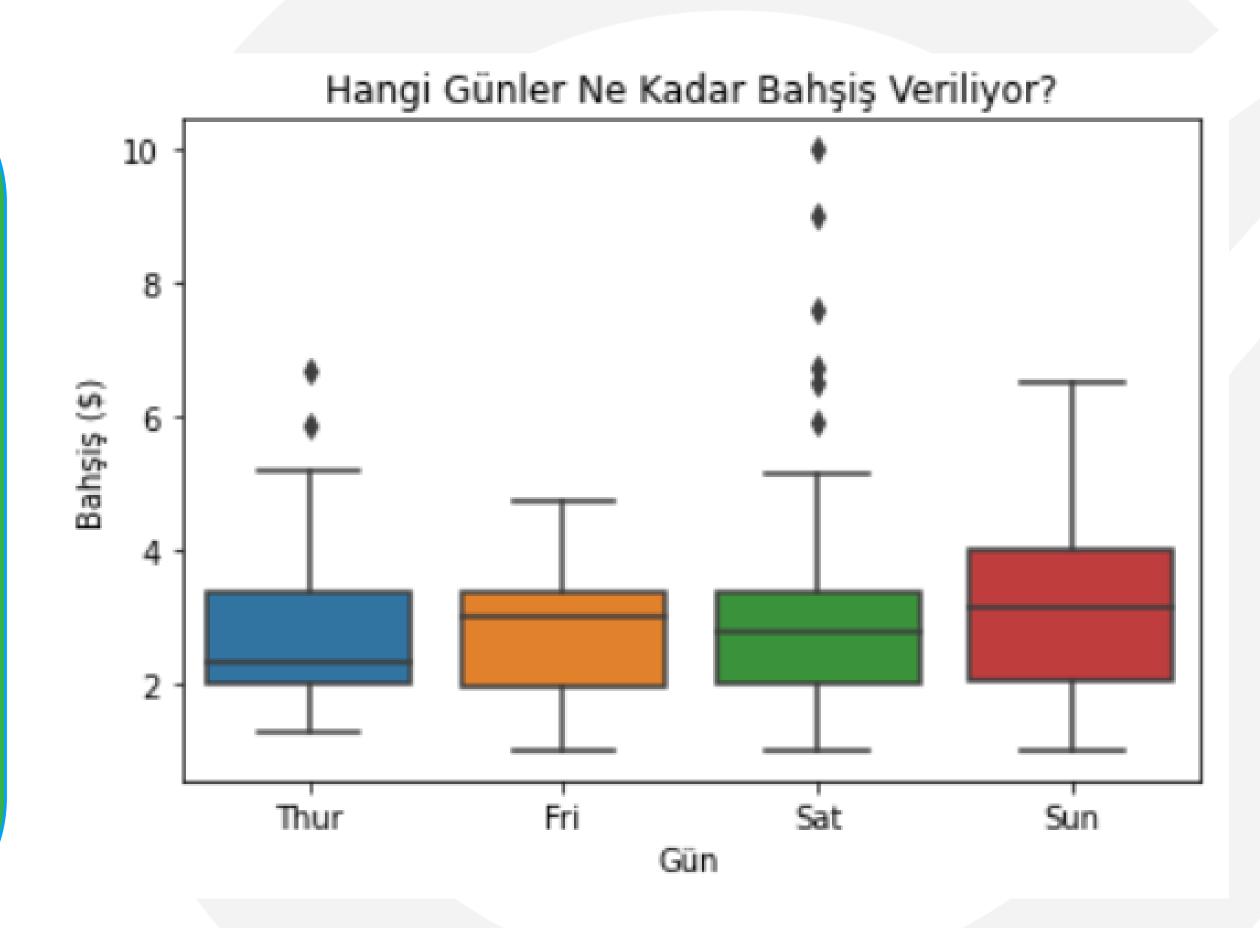
```
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Tips veri setini yükle
tips = sns.load dataset("tips")
# Countplot oluşturma
sns.countplot(x="day", data=tips)
# Grafiki göster
plt.show()
```



### CATEGORICAL PLOT - BOXPLOT

```
TECHPRO
EDUCATION
```

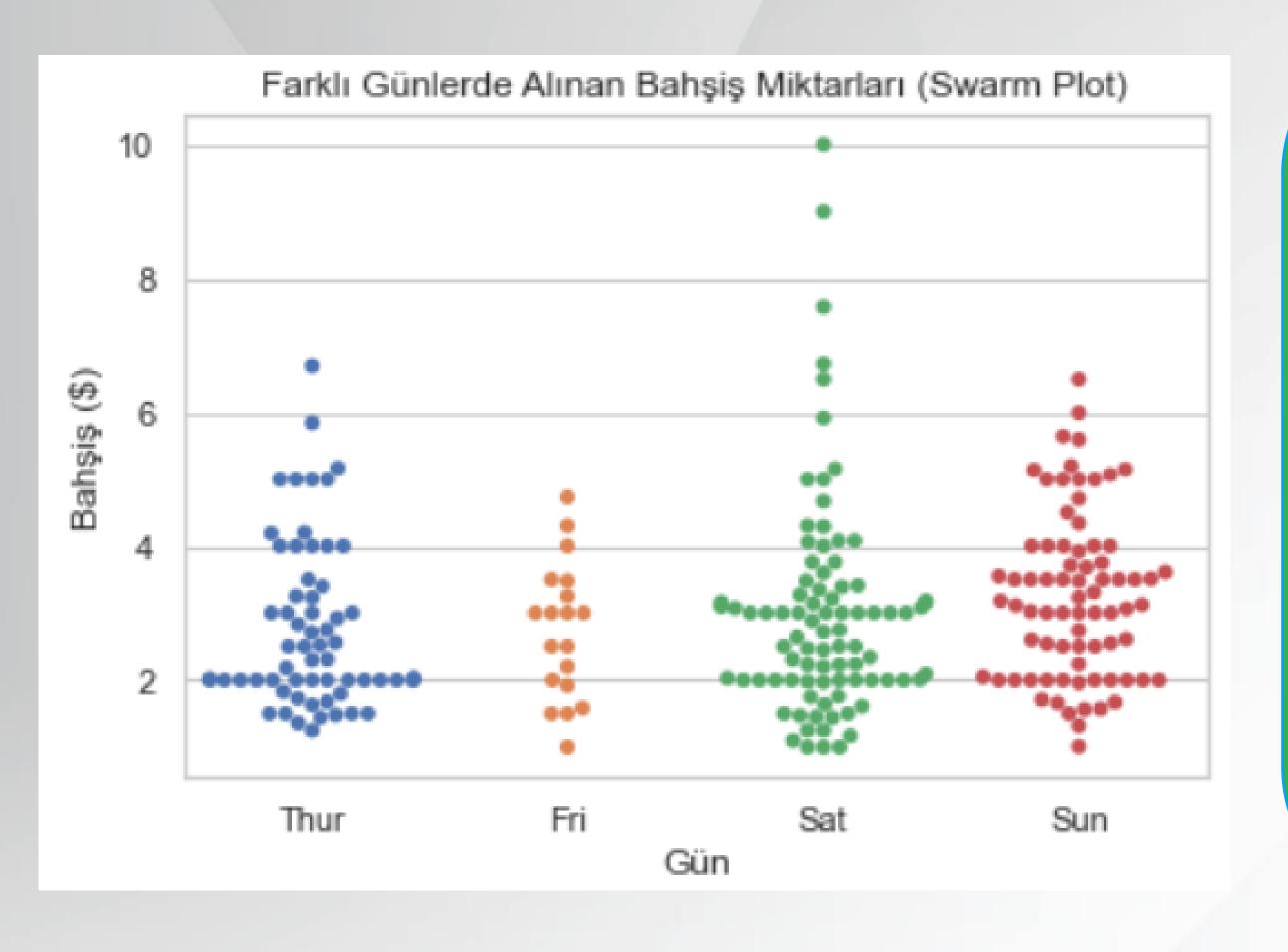
```
import seaborn as sns
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   # Tips veri setini yükle
   tips = sns.load_dataset("tips")
   # Boxplot oluşturma
   sns.boxplot(x='day', y='tip', data=tips)
   # Eksen etiketleri ve başlık
   plt.xlabel('Gün')
   plt.ylabel('Bahşiş ($)')
   plt.title('Hangi Günler Ne Kadar Bahşiş Veriliyor?')
14
   # Grafiki göster
16 plt.show()
```





### CATEGORICAL PLOT - SWARMPLOT



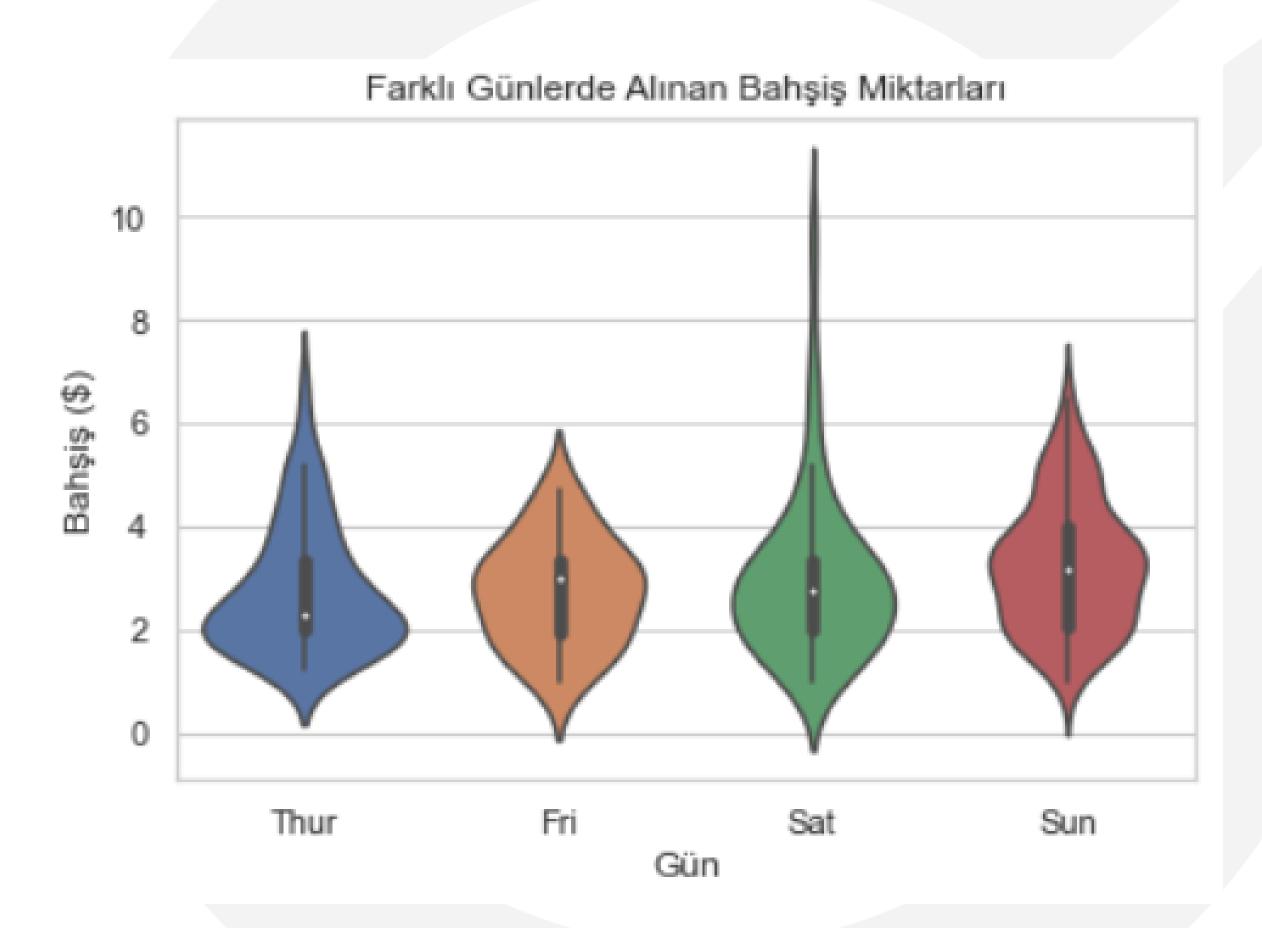


```
import seaborn as sns
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   # Tips veri setini yükle
  tips = sns.load_dataset("tips")
   # Swarm plot oluşturma
   sns.swarmplot(x="day", y="tip", data=tips)
   # Başlık ve etiketler
   plt.title('Farklı Günlerde Alınan Bahşiş Miktarları (Swarm Plot)')
   plt.xlabel('Gün')
   plt.ylabel('Bahşiş ($)')
14
   # Grafiki göster
16
   plt.show()
```



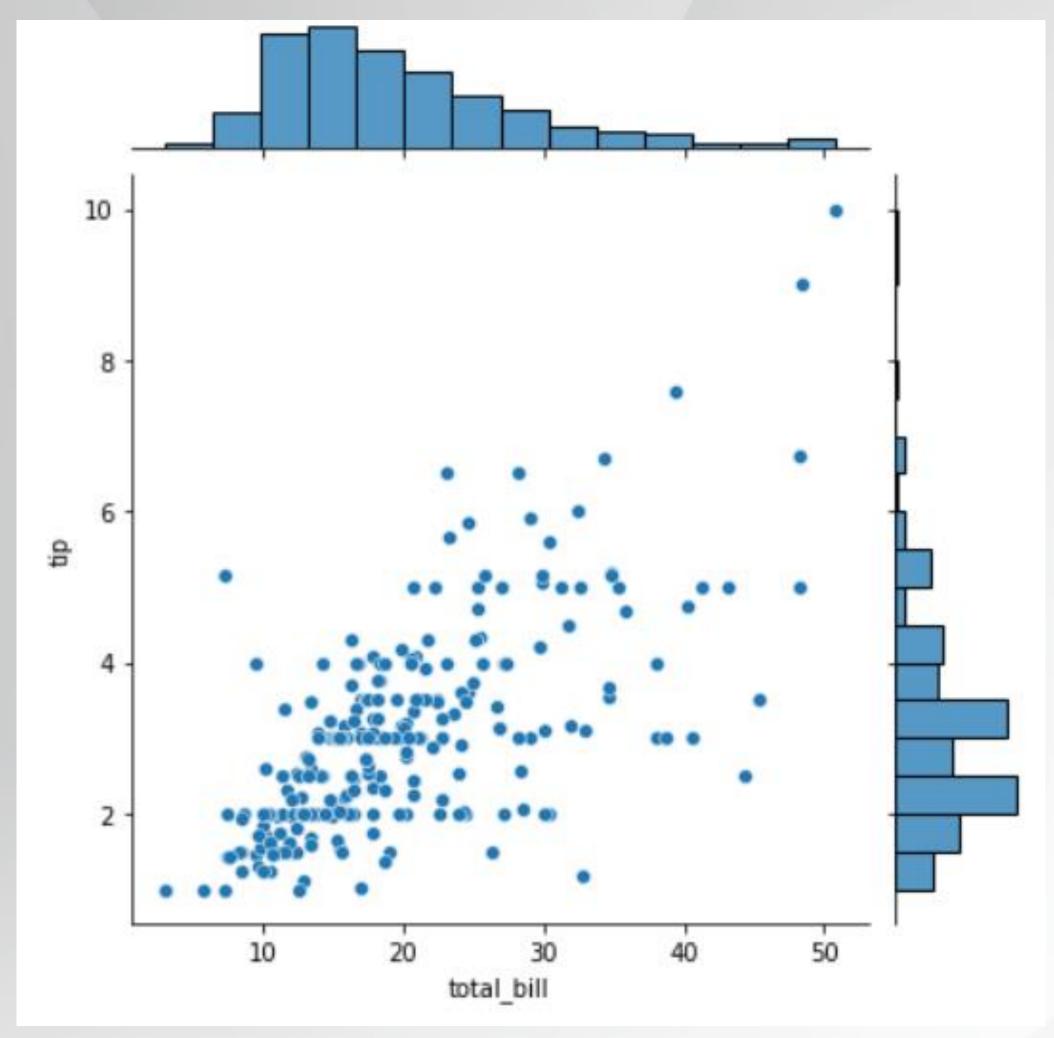
### CATEGORICAL PLOT - VIOLINPLOT

```
import seaborn as sns
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   # Tips veri setini yükle
   tips = sns.load_dataset("tips")
   # Violin plot oluşturma
   sns.violinplot(x="day", y="tip", data=tips)
   # Başlık ve etiketler
   plt.title('Farklı Günlerde Alınan Bahşiş Miktarları')
   plt.xlabel('Gün')
   plt.ylabel('Bahşiş ($)')
   # Grafiki göster
16 plt.show()
```





### COMPARISON PLOTS – JOINTPLOT

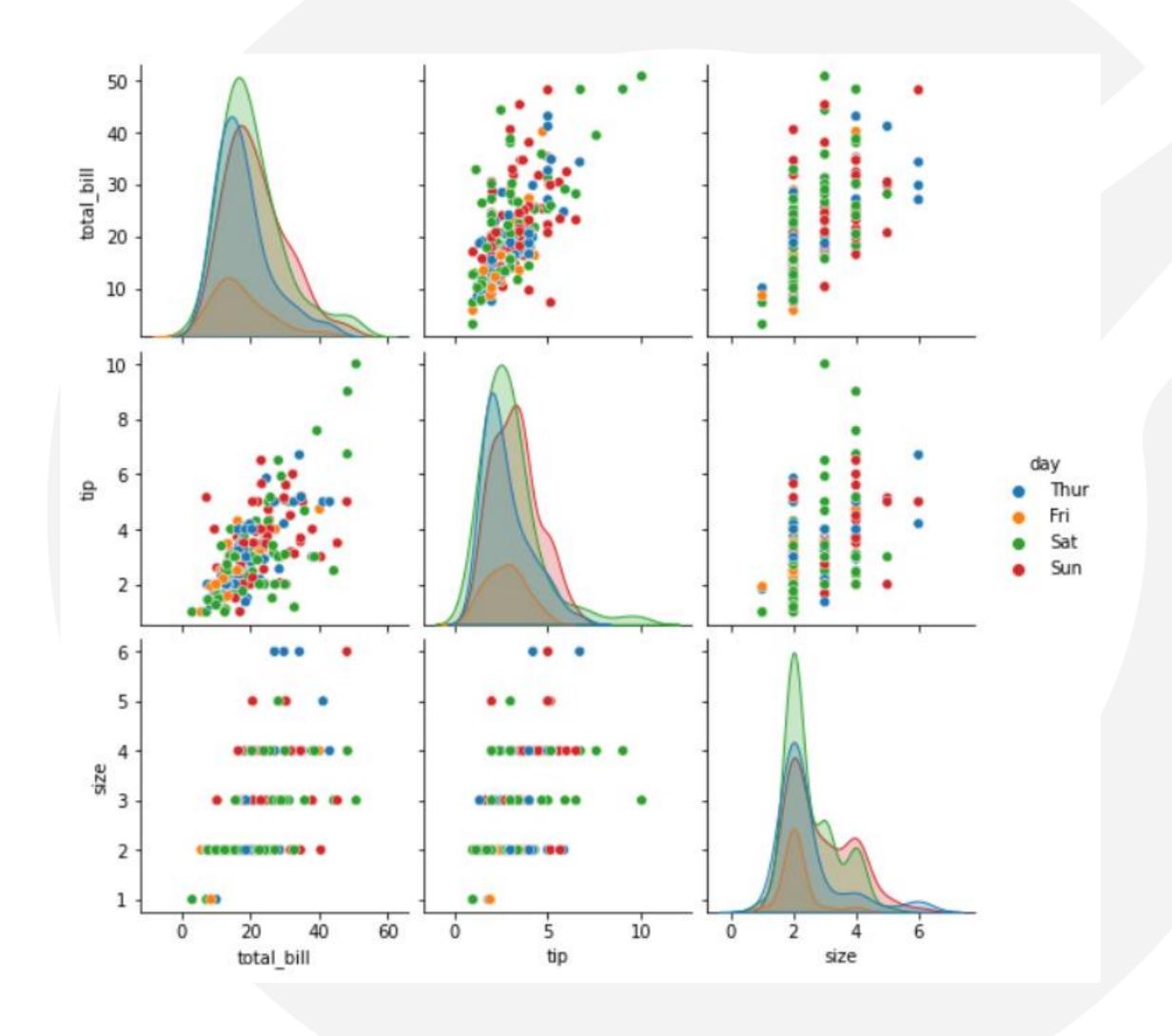


```
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Tips veri setini yükle
tips = sns.load_dataset("tips")
# Jointplot oluşturma
sns.jointplot(x='total_bill', y='tip', data=tips)
# Grafiki göster
plt.show()
```



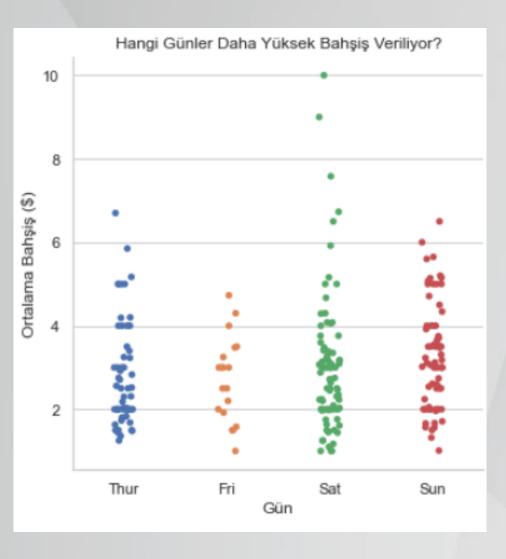
#### COMPARISON PLOTS - PAIRPLOT

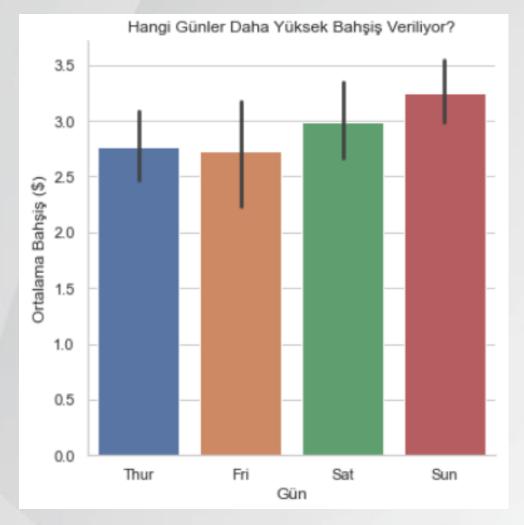
```
import seaborn as sns
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  # Tips veri setini yükle
  tips = sns.load dataset("tips")
6
  # Pairplot oluşturma
  sns.pairplot(tips, hue = "day")
9
  # Grafiki göster
  plt.show()
```

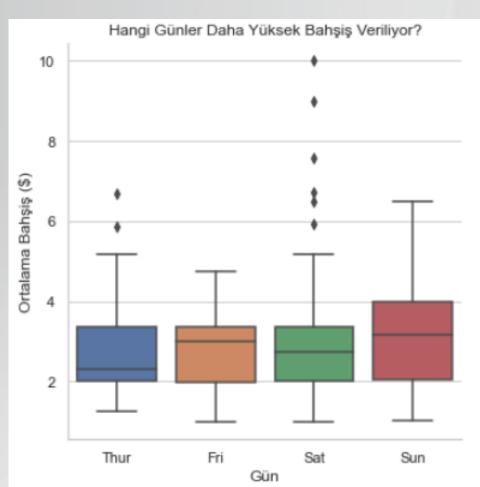


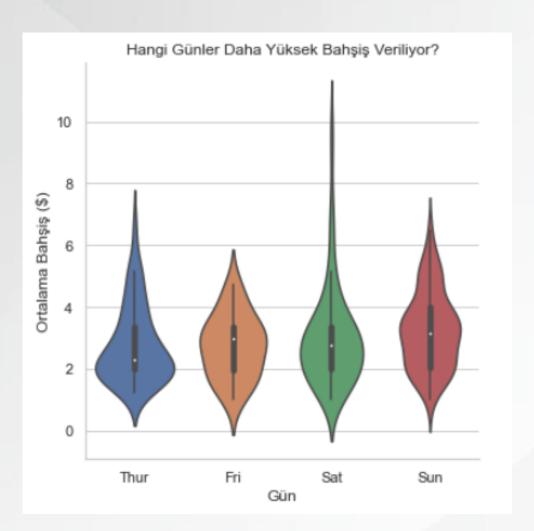


#### COMPARISON PLOTS - CATPLOT





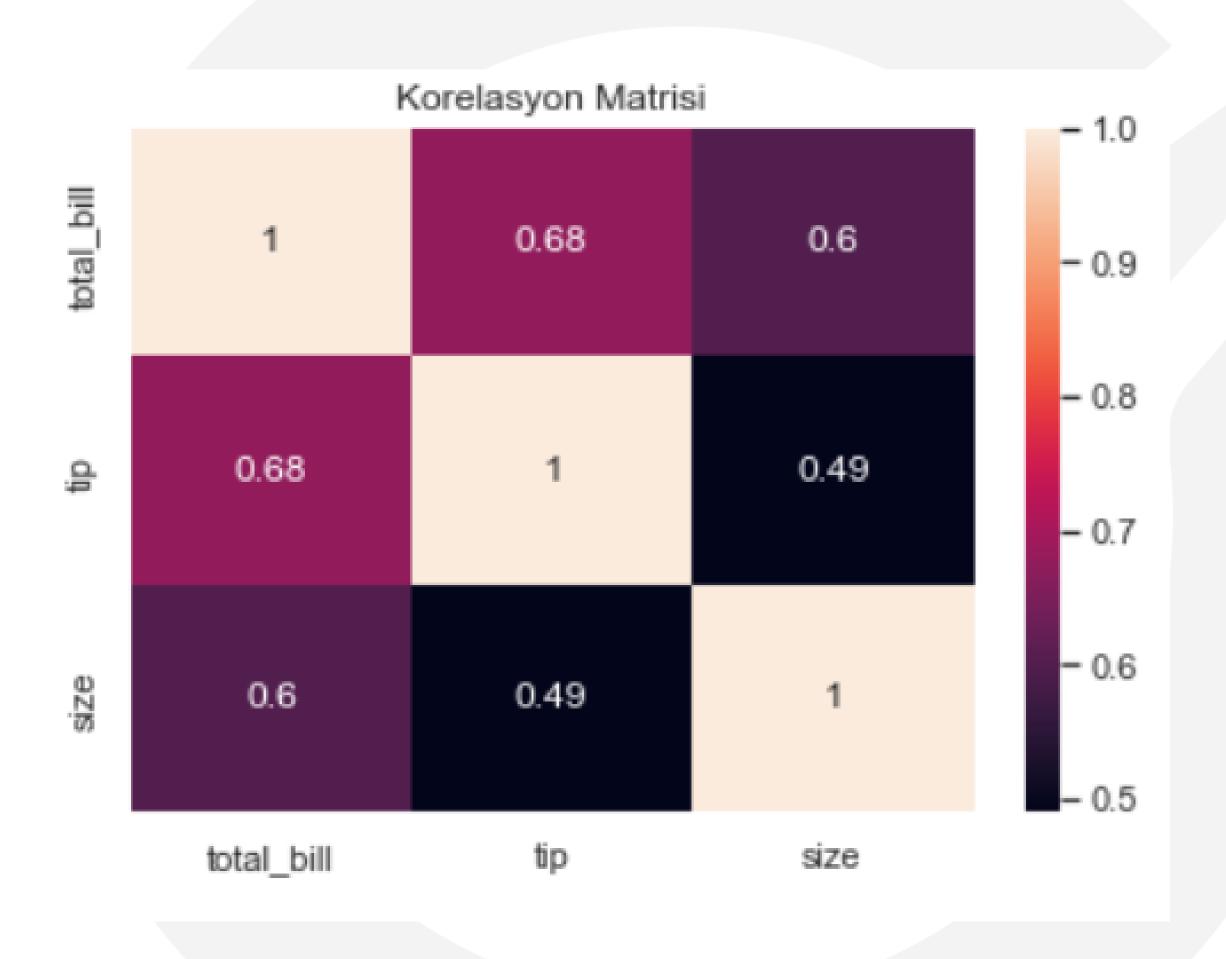




```
import seaborn as sns
 2 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   # Tips veri setini yükle
 5 tips = sns.load_dataset("tips")
   # Catplot oluşturma (bar plot türünde)
 8 | sns.catplot(x='day', y='tip', data=tips) ##kind="bar", kind="box", kind="violin"
10 # Eksen etiketleri ve başlık
11 plt.xlabel('Gün')
   plt.ylabel('Ortalama Bahşiş ($)')
13 plt.title('Hangi Günler Daha Yüksek Bahşiş Veriliyor?')
15 # Grafiki göster
16 plt.show()
```

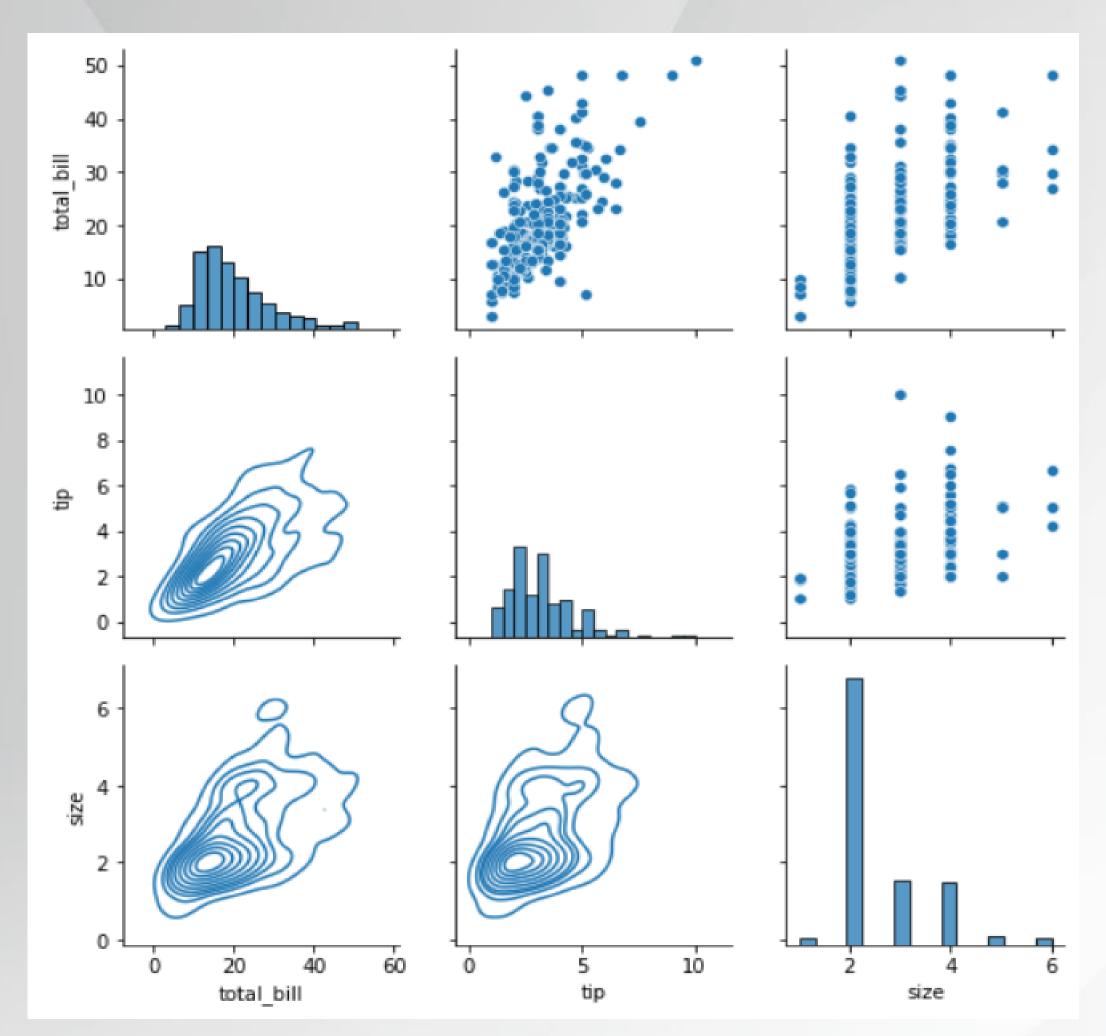
## COMPARISON PLOTS - MATRIXPLOT

```
import seaborn as sns
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   # Tips veri setini yükle
   tips = sns.load_dataset("tips")
   # Korelasyon matrisini hesapla
   correlation_matrix = tips.corr()
   # Isı haritası oluşturma
   sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True)
12
   # Eksen etiketleri ve başlık
   plt.title('Korelasyon Matrisi')
15
   # Grafiki göster
   plt.show()
```





### GRIDS-PAIRGRID



```
import seaborn as sns
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   # Tips veri setini yükle
   tips = sns.load_dataset("tips")
   # PairGrid oluşturma
   g = sns.PairGrid(tips)
   # Üst üçgen matrise scatter plot ekleyelim
   g.map_upper(sns.scatterplot)
12
   # Köşegen matrise histogram ekleyelim
   g.map_diag(sns.histplot)
15
   # Alt üçgen matrise korelasyon katsayısı ekleyelim
   g.map_lower(sns.kdeplot)
18
   # Grafiki göster
20 plt.show()
```

# GRIDS- FACETGRID

```
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Tips veri setini yükle
tips = sns.load_dataset("tips")
# FacetGrid oluşturma
g = sns.FacetGrid(tips, col="day", row="sex")
# Her bir alt grafiğe bir scatter plot ekleyelim
g.map(sns.scatterplot, "total_bill", "tip")
# Grafiki göster
plt.show()
```

